"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy and warmer today; Sunday fair; fresh southwest winds.
For the full weather report see Part 2.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,582. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1919. TWENTY-EIGHT PAGES. TWO CENTS

FORCE TO BE USED IF MEXICO FAILS TO FREE JENKINS

Mexican Relations Brought to a Crisis by Treatment of American Agent.

INTERVENTION PLANS READY

War Department Estimate of 450,000 Men and Three Years for Pacification Given Out.

HOPE NOTE WILL BE HEEDED

Use of Armed Strength Considered Only as Last Resort—Jenkins's Report to State Department.

Jenkins Still Held in Jail; Governor Promises Statement

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 21.—After an examination today, Jenkins tonight was returned to the jail.

Governor Cabrera will make a public statement on Saturday, giving the official side of the case. He said he had no desire to molest Jenkins, but must see the case through.

Secretary of Foreign Relations Medina refuses to make a statement, saying that as the case is in the hands of the authorities he could not express an opinion.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 21. (Associated Press.)—Hilario Medina, Under Secretary of Foreign Relations, stated tonight that no American note relative to the Jenkins case had been received.

Excelsior says: "The immediate release of Jenkins, as requested by the United States note, rests solely with Jenkins, as his refusal to give bail is the only bar between him and freedom."

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The kidnapping and subsequent arrest and rearrest of William O. Jenkins, the American Consular Agent at Puebla, promises to bring the whole Mexican situation to a head unless the Carranza Government complies with the demand of the American Government for the immediate release of Jenkins and adopts a safe and sane attitude in the matter.

It was learned today that the Administration had very carefully weighed every element in the situation before sending this, the stiffest of a series of notes to the Carranza Government, and that if the attitude of the Carranza Government should force the hands of the United States the Government at Washington was prepared to go the full limit necessary properly and adequately to deal with the situation.

When the Carranza Government was informed that the Washington Government was "surprised and incensed" over the rearrest of Mr. Jenkins, especially in view of the suffering and losses that Jenkins had already sustained in connection with his kidnapping "through lack of protection by the Mexican authorities," and that "further molestation of the Consular Agent will seriously affect the relations between the United States and Mexico, for which the Government of Mexico will assume sole responsibility," the American Government meant exactly what these words imply.

These statements in the note of Secretary Lansing to the Carranza Government were intended as a solemn warning to the Carranza Government that it would be precipitating a serious breach in the relations between this country and Mexico if it persisted in the molestation of the American official and failed to yield to the demand for his "immediate release."

The note to the Carranza Government was not, technically speaking, an ultimatum, because it contained no time limit, but it was in such form that it could not be regarded, when read by Carranza, as being anything less than a semi-ultimatum calling for immediate and prompt action of a satisfactory character. The note contained every element of an ultimatum except a time limit, and the demand for the "immediate release" of Jenkins gave the note the color of being an ultimatum.

Armed Force a Last Resort.

Before dispatching the note the Administration considered what action it might be called upon to take in the event that the Carranza Government should flatly refuse to comply with the demand for the release of Jenkins. If a situation should be precipitated making it necessary, it is believed that the Administration would consider itself prepared to send a military expedition to effect the release of Jenkins. It would be much regretted by officials if the attitude of the Carranza Government would be such as to force this Government, in order to afford full protection to the rights and lives of its officials in Mexico, to take drastic action, but it was made plain to the Carranza Government in Secretary Lansing's note that the rearrest of Consular Agent Jenkins was considered as being absolutely unwarranted as well as arbitrary.

The rearrest of Jenkins took place after the Carranza Foreign Office had once before been urged to bring about the release of Jenkins and to give orders against his being further molested, and after the Government had reached the conclusion, on the basis of its offi-

Continued on Page Two.

Made Now on Sale for "APHRODITE" at Century Theatre.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieve Indigestion.—Advt.

Illinois Women May Sit In National Conventions

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Women may sit as delegates in the Republican and Democratic National Conventions and vote for the nomination of a candidate for President of the United States, according to an opinion given today by Attorney General Brundage.

The opinion reverses all practice in effect since Illinois became a suffrage State and may result in the election of some women delegates to the national conventions of both political parties next year.

SWANN ASKS SMITH FOR ANOTHER JURY

Wants City "Corruption" Hunt Taken Away from Justice Weeks and Foreman Almirall.

FAVORS SPECIAL COUNSEL

Willing That Existing Grand Jury Shall Go On with the Traction Inquiry.

Governor Alfred E. Smith was appealed to last night by District Attorney Edward Swann to name a Supreme Court Justice and another Grand Jury to replace the Extraordinary Grand Jury, who had requested the Governor on Thursday to designate the Attorney General to act as special counsel for an investigation of "municipal offices and the departments and of the office of the District Attorney of New York County," in a search for "corrupt misconduct in public office." Mr. Swann urged the Governor to ignore the request of the jurymen on the ground that they did not comply with the law by specifying "the charges" or "public officers" to be investigated.

Up to the time that Mr. Swann's letter was sent to Governor Smith the Governor had given no hint of what his attitude toward the Grand Jury's request would be. At 9 Middagh Street, Brooklyn, the home of the Governor's mother, it was said that the Governor was too much concerned over the illness of his mother to give due consideration to any other matter, but that he might issue a statement today.

The District Attorney further asserted in his letter to the Governor that Raymond F. Almirall, foreman of the Extraordinary Grand Jury, was "openly hostile to the Mayor and the District Attorney," and had "placed himself in the position of a complainant." The letter from the District Attorney reads:

Mr. Swann's Letter.

Nov. 21, 1919.

Hon. Alfred E. Smith, Governor of the State of New York, Executive Chamber, Albany, N. Y.

My Dear Governor Smith: My attention has been called through the public press to a letter written to you by Raymond F. Almirall, the foreman of the Extraordinary Grand Jury, which one of the morning papers states has not yet reached you; but on account of the importance of the matter involved I think it best to write you without delay.

There are many misstatements in Mr. Almirall's letter to you, but it is not my purpose in writing this letter to enter into a controversy with him, and I therefore pass them by for the present.

Mr. Almirall concludes his letter by suggesting that you designate the Attorney General to appear before the Extraordinary Grand Jury to act generally as their legal adviser and counsel, but without specifying what criminal action or proceeding he desires the Attorney General to conduct.

The Executive Law provides that the Governor may require the Attorney General to appear before a Grand Jury and conduct "such criminal actions or proceedings as shall be specified in such requirement," that is to say the Governor may designate the Attorney General to supersede the District Attorney in specified cases. The public officers Mr. Almirall desires to investigate are not specified, nor are the charges against them specified. He does not, in my opinion, give sufficient information to justify the Governor in acting under the Executive Law.

Mr. Almirall, who is openly hostile to the Mayor and the District Attorney, has obviously placed himself in the position of a complainant against unnamed public officers in unnamed offices, and has practically asked you to issue a roving commission to the Attorney General to investigate such matters as Mr. Almirall shall select. The real position of Mr. Almirall being that of a complainant, I take the liberty of suggesting to your Excellency that if, in your judgment, there are sufficient facts to justify it, you appoint another Extraordinary Term of the Supreme Court for the purpose of investigating any public office or officer in the City of New York against whom Mr. Almirall, as complainant, presents any evidence of willful and corrupt misconduct, and that you name a Justice to hold such term, at which a Grand Jury may be impaneled, in order that there may be an impartial body standing between Mr. Almirall and the persons against whom he makes complaint or accusations, if any.

So far as the office of District Attorney is concerned, I invite the full-

Continued on Page Four.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES On Your Library Table—Plain Ends.—Advt.

"ADAM AND EVA," Biggest Comedy Hit in New York—Longacre Theatre.—Advt.

PRESIDENT GIVES WAR FOOD CONTROL POWERS TO PALMER

Aims to Avert Sugar Famine and Stop Ever-Mounting High Prices.

HOOVER MACHINERY READY

Refiners to Enter Cuban Market and Consign All Purchases to This Country.

WHOLESALE PRICE 12 CENTS

Candy and Soft Drink Makers' Supply Will Be Reduced by 60 Per Cent. Immediately.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—President Wilson today in a proclamation placed the Government again in control of the nation's food supply by transferring the authority of the Food Administration to Attorney General Palmer.

The revival of the wartime functions of Administrator Hoover resulted directly from the Government's efforts to avert a famine in sugar, but the powers delegated to the head of the Department of Justice will be used also to help put down the ever-mounting cost of living.

For the present the Attorney General will not put into operation all of the machinery permitted under the executive order signed by the President, but should conditions arise to make it necessary the full pressure of all the broad power vested in him will be exerted to meet them.

Mr. Palmer's staff will begin immediately to build up a sugar-distributing system which will allocate all sugar stocks in the country. It will provide an equitable system of distributing supplies and will defeat any concentration or hoarding, officials said.

Plans tentatively decided on provide for increasing the price of all sugar excepting the Louisiana crop, for which a price of 17 cents already has been fixed, to 12 cents a pound wholesale.

Through this increase, new sources of supplies are expected to be opened. With assurances that a fair margin of profit, said to be about $1.54 a hundred pounds, would be allowed, sugar refiners are ready to enter the Cuban markets and purchase all available stocks, it was stated. Thus, officials believe, the increased price will avert a shortage which threatens to become a famine during the next sixty days.

Immediate action also is contemplated in curtailing the consumption of sugar by manufacturers whose products are not regarded as essential food. This will apply particularly to soft drink dealers and candy manufacturers. The abnormal increase in sales of these articles and the consequent heavy drain on the sugar supplies is traceable, officials declared, to the enforcement of prohibition.

Arrangements have been completed, subject to changing conditions of the sugar situation, whereby beet and cane sugar refiners will enter the Cuban markets immediately. The department, however, will exact a signed agreement with firms entering that trade to consign all of their purchases to this country. This will mean that American dealers will get a large proportion of the 4,000,000 tons of raw sugar yet available in Cuba, officials said.

Danger of a Sugar Famine.

Normal consumption of sugar in the United States is about 4,000,000 tons. In other years about 3,000,000 tons were imported from the Cuban fields, to which was added the average production of approximately 1,000,000 tons of the native product, but officials were alarmed lest European dealers should continue their heavy purchases, already in excess of 1,000,000 tons, in Cuban markets and deprive this country of the full supply it usually gets there. The refiners who have agreed to go into the Cuban trade have been urged, it was said, to use all haste that the stocks may not be exhausted before this nation is supplied.

The danger of a sugar famine will be greatest next month, it was said, as stocks are rapidly being depleted and in many sections are already exhausted, and the necessity for garnering all avail-

Continued on Page Three.

Britain Gives Formal Assent to French Protective Treaty

PARIS, Nov. 21.—Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, and Sir Eyre Crowe, Assistant Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs of Great Britain, last night exchanged ratifications of the treaty guaranteeing British aid to France if, without provocation, she is attacked by Germany. Sir Eyre is the representative of Great Britain in the Supreme Council in the absence of Premier Lloyd George.

The announcement of the exchange of ratifications caused considerable surprise, because it had been generally understood that Great Britain would not ratify the treaty before the United States did so. The treaty does not come into force until the similar treaty with the United States has been ratified.

OFFER NEW TERMS IN COAL DEADLOCK

Miners Drop 30-Hour-a-Week Demand, but No Basis of Settlement Is Reached.

CALL IN SECRETARY WILSON

Palmer, Hines, and Garfield Confer on Plans for Possible Government Action.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—With the threat of governmental intervention hanging over their heads the representatives of the operators and miners struggled for several hours today to reach an agreement which would bring about a peaceful settlement of the strike in the bituminous coal fields. Both sides have virtually been given to understand that the Government cannot delay action beyond the early part of next week.

After operators and miners had been in continuous conference from 2 o'clock this afternoon until 6 o'clock this evening without being able to approach an agreement, Secretary of Labor Wilson was called in and a stormy session followed, which ended at 8:20 o'clock tonight. The one hopeful note was then sounded by Secretary Wilson.

"I think I may say that progress has been made," he said. "I have held all along that a settlement would be reached."

As to the details of what had taken place while he was at the conference, Secretary Wilson was silent, but the Secretary of Labor is said to have formally presented a definite proposal to end the wage disputes and avert a coal famine. The nature of the proposal was not disclosed, but it is believed he suggested a flat increase of about 21 per cent.

For the miners, Acting President John L. Lewis of the United Mine Workers announced that he had promised to withhold comment pending the outcome of tomorrow's meeting. He said that no agreement had been reached. When asked about the statement made by Secretary Wilson that progress has been made, Mr. Lewis said:

"That's what Secretary Wilson says."

Operators Withdraw Offer.

T. T. Brewster, speaking for the operators, also said that no agreement had been reached, but that another attempt would be made tomorrow to arrive at common ground. The offers made by the operators of a general increase of 20 per cent. was rejected by the miners, said Mr. Brewster, and finally this had been withdrawn, leaving the slate clean so far as the operators were concerned.

Another important development today was a noontime conference between Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer, his assistant, Judge Ames, who acted for the Government in the injunction proceedings before Judge Anderson; Fuel Administrator Garfield, and Director General of Railroads Walker D. Hines.

At this conference the Government's position in the coal strike was discussed in detail and future procedure considered. It was decided that it would be safe to let matters hang fire, at least until Monday, to permit the miners and operators another chance to get together. The Government officials will meet again Monday.

The situation tonight was not regarded as hopeless by those who are working for an amicable agreement, and such a result may be accomplished before Gov-

Continued on Page Six.

Crisis In Italy Over Adriatic and Home Affairs; American Diplomats Show Great Concern

ROME, Nov. 21, (Associated Press.)—The American Embassy here is actively engaged in watching the situation in Italy, which, it is asserted, may develop seriously from one hour to another as regards both Italy and the Dalmatian coast.

Peter A. Jay, the American Chargé d'Affaires, with the entire personnel of the embassy, including Brig. Gen. Evan M. Johnson, was engaged throughout Thursday night sifting from reports received data from which to compile ciphers dispatches to the State Department at Washington and the American peace delegation in Paris.

On account of the pressing situation Mr. Jay has decided not to absent himself from Rome, even for a short time, and therefore he has abandoned his plan to go to Naples to meet Mrs. Jay, who is returning to Italy from the United States.

Mr. Jay is being aided in his task by personal and cordial intercourse with Premier Nitti and Count Carlo Sforza, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs. The American Chargé became intimately acquainted with Count Sforza when he was Italian Minister to China.

Mr. Jay said to The Associated Press today that he realized that the Italian Government was doing all that was humanly possible and straining every nerve to prevent trouble, both at home and on the Adriatic, but that complications might arise which it would find beyond its power to control and for which it could hardly be considered responsible.

The Chargé added that Premier Nitti was working most strenuously to insure order, which he certainly would be able to maintain up to the time of the reopening of Parliament.

The fact that King Victor Emmanuel has left Rome is taken in some quarters as confirmation that he may not be present at the reopening of Parliament on Dec. 1 to deliver the speech from the throne.

The Messaggero, however, says that Parliament will be inaugurated by the King. The newspaper adds that the Cabinet will remain unaltered, and that reports of a Ministerial crisis are unfounded.

The definite causes of the serious situation referred to above have not been revealed here. They may be connected with d'Annunzio's activities in Dalmatia and the strong political feelings aroused by the election last Sunday.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

McK & R CALOX, The Oxygen Dentifrice Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

DEERFOOT FARM SAUSAGES Back on the market. Same flavor and quality you used to get. Made at the Farm at Southborough, Mass. All Dealers.—Advt.

PRINCE RECEIVES FINAL GREETINGS FROM PILGRIMS

Guest at Farewell Dinner Given by a Thousand Distinguished Citizens.

VISITS ROOSEVELT'S GRAVE

Lays a Wreath of Laurel in the Cemetery at Oyster Bay, L. I.

MEETS 1,000 PUPILS ON SHIP

Gives a Party to High School Boys and Girls on the Renown—Sails Today.

To bid godspeed to the Prince of Wales, who sails for home today, a thousand distinguished Americans gathered last night at a great dinner at which the Prince was the guest of the Pilgrims of the United States. This, almost the last of the stately functions arranged to give expression to New York's hospitality for the royal guest, was the occasion for a mighty "hail" and a "farewell" in which the genuineness of mutual regret was plainly perceptible.

Edward Albert, looking almost childlike beside the venerable and stalwart Chauncey M. Depew, who presided, moved once more winningly and naturally into the affections of those who saw and heard him. They enjoyed the modesty with which he shrank behind a huge loving cup filled with roses when they roared their loudest approval at him; they enjoyed the heartiness with which he joined in the laugh when the thrusts of the proverbial Depew wit strayed in his direction, and they listened earnestly to every word of his graceful little speech of praise for America's war work and of his pride in the peace and good-will between his nation and ours.

The End of a Busy Day.

The Prince came to the dinner at the end of a program which had filled his daylight hours and he hurried away to fulfill still other engagements made for him in an effort to crowd the utmost into his brief stay.

In the morning he had come from the battle cruiser Renown to find a great crowd awaiting him, including a number of eager children who just would defy all police regulations and rush up to exchange a laughing handshake with him. He had been whirled to Central Park, where he planted on the Mall an English elm tree, which it is hoped will grow to be a fitting grandson to the one his grandfather planted there fifty-nine years ago.

That over, he had driven to Oyster Bay, where, without ceremony of any kind, but with his whole bearing expressive of solemn sadness, he had laid a wreath of laurel on the grave of Theodore Roosevelt, while the eldest son of the late ex-President looked on.

Turning once more to gayer functions, he had gone to the Piping Rock Club, where the Board of Governors entertained him at a luncheon of a purely social nature, at which many of the members with their families gathered.

In the afternoon he received a thousand school children aboard the Renown and showed himself as much at home among them—perhaps a little more so—as among the gray-haired dignitaries with whom he has held his own.

With that over, he stole an hour for exercise at the Racquet and Tennis Club, making himself "fit" for the dinner, a special gala performance at the Hippodrome at which he and his entourage were guests later in the evening, and a reception at the 7th Regiment Armory, to which Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Reception to Distinguished Guests, and Mrs. Wanamaker had bidden many to be presented to him.

Sails for Halifax Today.

On board the Renown today the Prince will participate in the closing ceremonies of his visit before the battleship weighs anchor and steams for Halifax at 2 o'clock this afternoon. He will decorate a large group of American soldiers whose war achievements have been specially recognized by Great Britain, and he will bid farewell to his official hosts. He will slip ashore a moment to greet an assemblage of Boy Scouts at the landing at 11:45 this morning.

Last night's dinner was staged at the Plaza, the dais and some of the tables being laid in the rose room, while the others were crowded into adjoining rooms, where most of the guests were unable to see the Prince. The rose room was decorated with tall vases of chrysanthemums and glowed in the mingled light of the crystal chandeliers overhead and the red-shaded candles on the table. Behind the dais were two big flags, one of the United States and one of Great Britain, and between them was hung an electric piece both proclaiming, and depicting, "hands across the sea."

The Prince and his staff entered to the tune of "Stars and Stripes Forever," and as soon as he was in his place the orchestra played the two national anthems. As the slim figure in conventional British naval mess jacket with the four broadstripes on the cuff proclaiming the Prince's rank as captain, passed among the diners through a beribboned lane they cheered him continuously.

With the coming of coffee and cigars Frederick Cunliffe Owen, a Vice President of the society, read cablegrams he had sent to the Prince's grandmother and father, Queen Alexandra and King George, and these replies:

London, Nov. 20, 1919.

I have received with much pleasure your gratifying message with regard

Continued on Page Three.

50c. to $3—"ZIEGFELD FOLLIES" No higher for Today and Wednesday Matinee. New Amsterdam Theatre. Worth $10.00. Seats can be purchased four weeks in advance.—Advt.

LODGE DECLARES FOR POLITICAL FIGHT ON PEACE TREATY IN COMING CAMPAIGN; HITCHCOCK URGES AN EARLY COMPROMISE

Text of the Statement Issued by Senator Lodge Proposing an Appeal at the Polls on the Treaty.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Senator Lodge's statement today declaring for carrying the Peace Treaty fight into the political campaign reads:

I have no especial comment to make. The case is very simple. After four months of careful consideration and discussion, the reservations were presented to the Senate. They were purely American in their character, designed solely to Americanize the treaty and make it safe for the United States.

Under the President's orders the followers of the Administration in the Senate voted down those reservations. It was also shown by a vote that there was a decisive majority against the treaty without the reservations.

These reservations as presented to the Senate will stand. There is no room for further compromise between Americanism and the super-government presented by the League. All I ask now is that we may have the opportunity to lay these reservations before the American people. To that great and final tribunal alone would I appeal.

I wish to carry these reservations into the campaign. I wish the American people to read and study them. They are not like the covenant of the League. They are simple.

I do not see that there is one of them to which any American can object. I want the people to see them, understand them, and think of them in every household, on every farm, in every shop and factory throughout the land. Then let them decide.

DEMOCRATS IN TILT FOR SENATE LEADER

Hitchcock, Acting Leader in Martin's Place, Has Underwood as Rival.

CONTEST IS LIVELY ONE

Nebraskan Likely to Continue to Handle Treaty, Regardless of Result.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—A lively contest to fill the position of Democratic leader in the Senate left vacant by the recent death of Senator Thomas S. Martin of Virginia is in sight.

Among those most frequently mentioned to head the Administration forces in the Senate are Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, now acting leader, and Senator Oscar Underwood of Alabama. Both are strong men on their side of the Senate and a sharp contest is indicated between the supporters of the two Senators.

Pending the election of a new leader at a Democratic caucus, Senator Hitchcock, ranking minority member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, is acting leader. He is Vice Chairman of the Democratic conference and acting Chairman since Senator Martin's death.

A meeting of Senator Hitchcock's friends took place today in the office of Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, and at the same hour Senator Underwood was at the White House in conference with Joseph P. Tumulty, the President's secretary. Whether White House indorsement of Mr. Underwood will be forthcoming is a question of speculation in political circles here tonight, but reports of friction between the White House and Senator Hitchcock have been circulated during the last few months. A rather general belief is that Mr. Underwood is regarded with favor at the White House, although President Wilson has placed great trust in Senator Hitchcock during the treaty fight which the Nebraska Senator has directed.

Fourteen Senators attended the Hitchcock meeting in Mr. Chamberlain's office, it was said. It was reported that Senator Culberson of Texas, who is the ranking Democratic member of the Senate and therefore in line for the leadership, favors Senator Hitchcock. Senator Culberson's poor health makes it impossible for him to consider the post. Senator Simmons of North Carolina also is said to favor Mr. Hitchcock, although he has made no public statement of his attitude.

As Senator Hitchcock has been in charge of the treaty fight throughout, it was assumed that no matter who is picked as leader of the Senate he will continue to handle the treaty. It was not learned when the Democratic caucus will be held, some believing that Senator Hitchcock's friends desire to wait until the treaty fight is out of the way.

It was recalled that shortly after the special session of Congress began a report arose that President Wilson desired Senator Swanson of Virginia to become the Democratic leader in place of Senator Hitchcock. But a statement was issued from the White House, following the sudden departure of Senator Hitchcock for his summer home in Massachusetts, in which the President's confidence in Senator Hitchcock was expressed. This ended for the time being all talk of friction between Mr. Hitchcock and President Wilson.

DELAY FAVORS WAR LORDS.

Men Hailed In Berlin Should Be on Trial, London Paper Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The Daily Mail, in an editorial article on the Hindenburg-Ludendorff demonstrations in Berlin, says:

"Had the treaty been ratified two months ago all these officers who are now creating turmoil in Berlin and plotting the return of the All Highest would be in the hands of the Allies undergoing trial as mere criminals. We betray no secrets when we say that both Hindenburg and Ludendorff are wanted, not only for their cruel devastation of France, but also for their part in carrying through the submarine campaign with its ruthless atrocities."

Hope you died of the Netherland heat? 212 12. 5TH AVE. AT 30TH ST.—Advt.

ALLIES TO RATIFY TREATY ON DEC. 1

Decide Not to Wait for Us, Although Expecting Our Eventual Co-operation.

GALICIAN MANDATE TO POLES

Norway to Have Suzerainty Over Spitzbergen—Sweden Will Sign Austrian Treaty.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—The Supreme Council today agreed upon Dec. 1 as the date for formal ratification of the German Peace Treaty.

Further informal discussions have been held with the German representatives now here in connection with the notification by the Allies that a protocol must be signed by Germany guaranteeing fulfillment of the armistice conditions. These discussions have been confined chiefly to the methods of procedure in considering the protocol. As yet the Germans have not stated whether they will sign the document.

The American delegation is still without instructions as to its participation in the Peace Conference after the failure of the Senate to ratify the treaty; but Henry White attended the meeting of the Supreme Council today as representative of the United States, Under-Secretary Polk being absent in London. The entire delegation is continuing its work in the belief that a compromise ratification resolution will be agreed to in the United States.

This view is apparently shared by most members of the council, who are anxious for the continuance of the United States in the deliberations of the peace-making body. The council, however, is working out plans so that the enforcement of the treaty will not be hindered, if the United States fails to ratify the treaty later.

The Council today approved the text of an agreement granting political suzerainty over the Spitzbergen Archipelago to Norway.

It considered the status of property in Slesvig belonging to inhabitants who intend to acquire Danish nationality. A note on the subject will be sent to the Danish Government by the Council.

Dispatches from Belgrade say that the Serbian Government has authorized its delegation at Paris to sign the treaty with Austria which Serbia did not sign at St. Germain on Sept. 10.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—The Supreme Council decided today to turn over Eastern Galicia to Poland for twenty-five years, at the end of which the League of Nations will decide what to do with this territory. Eastern Galicia, with its 16,000,000 inhabitants, will be federated with Poland under a mandate, the arrangements for which will give Poland practically the government of the region.

This decision comes after many weeks of discussion of the Galician problem. Poland asked for annexation outright, but this was opposed by England, which favored giving a mandate to Poland for five years, at the end of which time there would be a plebiscite. Paderewski opposed this solution, asserting that Galicia could not be reconstructed if for five years there was to be constant electioneering.

Today's solution is a compromise which is acceptable to Poland. The mandate is different from the mandate provided in the treaty as League of Nations mandates. It means that if Poland administers Galicia well for twenty-five years that area will become an integral part of Poland.

PROMPT START UNDER TREATY

Great Steps of Readjustment and Reparation to Begin.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Besides bringing the League of Nations formally into existence, the promulgation of the

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieve Indigestion.—Advt.

LODGE OPPOSES CONCESSION

Sees "No Room for Further Compromise" in Treaty Fight.

ASSAILED BY HITCHCOCK

Democratic Leader Says It Would Not Be Patriotic to Take Reservations Into Campaign.

HOPE FOR WILSON SOLUTION

President's Message to Congress, It is Said, May Open the Way to Agreement.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Indications that the Peace Treaty fight is likely to be thrown into politics were given today by Senator Lodge, the Republican leader in the Senate, in a statement which he made just before his departure for Boston. Senator Lodge declared that there was "no room for further compromise," and that he wished "to carry these reservations into the campaign."

Additional significance was seen in this attitude from the fact that Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, has been in Washington during the climax of the treaty fight in consultation with Mr. Lodge.

Although Senator Hitchcock, the Democratic leader, again expressed today an urgent desire for compromise, no definite steps to that end were disclosed. President Wilson, it was indicated at the White House, would issue no statement on the Senate's refusal to ratify the treaty until he sent his message to Congress shortly after the opening of the new session, Dec. 1.

Hitchcock Deprecates Politics.

Commenting on Senator Lodge's stand (which is printed in an adjoining column), Senator Hitchcock said:

"It would be entirely welcome to us if the reservations should be taken into the campaign, but I do not consider that it would be very patriotic. It appears to have become a question between patriotism and politics. The patriotic thing to do is to work out a compromise.

"The Democrats are not afraid of the issue. The vote would have been the same even if the President had not written his letter. I do not mean to say that the letter did not have some influence, but there would have been enough Democrats anyway to vote against the Lodge ratification resolution.

"Senator Lodge seems to have selected politics as the choice, and I think it is the duty of Senators to select patriotism. I do not think in this crisis that politics should be the issue when the interests of the country and the world are to be considered. The Democrats will work for a compromise. They will take the stand that the passage of the treaty is their supreme duty."

Senator Hitchcock took a fairly hopeful view of the treaty situation. He said that he looked to the country to exert strong pressure that would bring about a compromise on the disputed reservations, and that ratification of the treaty would result. Other Democratic Senators took the same view. Senator King of Utah predicted that the treaty would be ratified by Christmas.

"The country," Senator Hitchcock said, "is going to pound Democratic Senators, it is going to pound the President, and it is going to pound Republican Senators, because it wants some kind of a compromise at once. I believe all will have to give and take so that we can get this treaty ratified.

"There is one thing that the country wants and that is prompt ratification of the treaty. I don't think that we will find a compromise difficult to obtain. I have always predicted that we would first have to reach a deadlock before we began to compromise. That is exactly what we have done, except that I hadn't anticipated that the Senate would adjourn when it reached the deadlock. I had hoped that we would go right ahead and reach a compromise before we quit."

Senator Hitchcock said he was not working on any compromise resolutions at present. He hopes to see the President tomorrow and then take a flying trip to his home in Omaha.

To Send Out Flood of Speeches.

It was believed at the capitol that Democratic Senators were desirous of disposing of the treaty soon rather than dragging it into the Presidential campaign. But the indications were that a final fight before the country could scarcely be avoided if Senator Lodge and his supporters were determined upon that course.

Preparations are being made to distribute great numbers of speeches made by Republican Senators during the final hours of the treaty debate, as campaign documents. It was noted that the speeches picked for distribution include that of Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin, who declared that the Republican Party would welcome a campaign with the Lodge reservations as the issue. This course has been urged by many Republican Senators, who were grouped by President Wilson's attacks on treaty opponents during his tour in September.

Prospects of prompt action on the

treaty at the regular session beginning Dec. 1, appeared as somewhat remote in view of the procedure that has been outlined by Republican leaders. This was to refer the treaty to the Foreign Relations Committee, it is reaffirmed to the Senate, and fight the reservation battle there, rather than on the floor. The treaty would not be reported out of the committee until sixty-four or two-thirds of the Senators had given their approval to reservations. If this were accomplished, the treaty would be reported and ratified without further delay.

Considering the situation in the Senate committee, the fight there will probably be a long one, which may go on until the National campaign is well under way next Spring, if then. A majority of the Republican Senators on the committee, led by the Judicious Borah-Knox resolution of Desertion group, and they are in a position to delay action for a considerable length of time, if not indefinitely.

Senator Borah has repeatedly urged his party to make the treaty an issue in the next campaign, and Senator Hiram Johnson has already started his campaign for the Presidential nomination on the league issue.

These and other factors, such as the announced desire of Senator Moses of New Hampshire to reopen hearings on the treaty, and go into a thorough investigation of negotiations at Paris, give little hope of a speedy disposition of the treaty.

On the other hand, Senator Lodge's plan to carry the treaty into the campaign does not necessarily mean delay in acting on it, according to some Senators. The fight could come over the question of withdrawal of the treaty, they explained, although the general opinion appeared to be that the League and treaty would provide the issue rather than a proposal to withdraw.

The question was also raised by some Senators today as to whether the President can withdraw the treaty from the Senate without a majority vote by that body. A precedent was cited in the case of the Hawaiian treaty, which was withdrawn by the President in 1893 after the Senate had approved this step by a majority vote.

What new situation President Wilson's message to Congress will create is problematical tonight. Although the Republican forces appeared to be taking the aggressive, as the Lodge challenge to a finish fight indicated, the lineup may be shifted entirely by President Wilson's next move, and the result may be a prompt disposal of the treaty, according to many observers.

It is known that many Republicans want to keep the treaty out of the next campaign. It is also known that Senator Hitchcock is ready to compromise on reservations which correspond to those sponsored by Senator Lodge.

Might Lose Seized Property.

Meanwhile, officials of the Government confess that they are at sea as to American relations with Germany. They are uncertain as to the status of the property of German citizens seized by the United States, including the great German passenger liners. They are convinced, however, that should Congress find, as provided in the pending Senate resolution, and should this action be recognized as binding, the German property held by the United States would revert to German ownership.

This is only one of the complications that the Senate's action has produced. Should the war be declared at an end by any other course than ratification of the treaty, the status of the relations of the United States and Germany would be governed by the principles of international law. To accomplish the advantages which the United States obtains through the Versailles treaty, it would be necessary for this Government to enter into new treaty negotiations with the German Government. Here another complication is encountered, for the German Government cannot make arrangements with any other Government without submitting such arrangements to the League of Nations, of which the United States would not be a member. It is declared here to be a case of the vicious circle "over again."

The powers that have ratified the treaty may proceed to carry out its provisions and to organize the League of Nations. One complication in this connection is that the first meetings of the League Council and the League Assembly are to be called by the President of the United States under the terms of the covenant, which part of the treaty-making machinery the United States has in effect rejected. Whether President Wilson will feel free to act under the authority thus conferred is something that has not been disclosed.

The failure of the treaty prevents the United States from having a representative on the allied reparations commission, which will determine the compensation to be exacted from Germany in retribution for the losses she caused by the war.

It has been the intention of this Government to accept as its share of this reparation the German merchant ships seized by the United States and the German property taken over in this country. The right and title of the United States to these ships and other properties belonging to private citizens of Germany is now brought into question. According to the interpretation of authorities here they will revert to German ownership when the war between Germany and the United States is declared to be at an end, there being no treaty agreement between the United States and Germany for their disposition.

Cite Precedents on Resolution.

Considerable discussion was aroused today by the belief expressed at the White House that the concurrent resolution offered by Senator Lodge to declare the war at an end would require the President's signature. The general practice has been to require the President's signature to all bills and joint resolutions, but not to concurrent resolutions or simple resolutions requiring action by only one branch of Congress. Search of precedents discloses, however, that it is the substance and not the form of a resolution that determines whether it requires the Presidential signature.

An opinion written in August, 1864, by Caleb Cushing, then Attorney General, states that Congress cannot pass any law which in effect coerces the discretion of the President" except by the President's consent unless it should be passed over his veto by a two-thirds vote.

A similar view is taken in a report made by a Senate Committee on Judiciary some twenty years ago. The report states that Congress can take no action in the nature of legislation without the approval of the Executive unless by going over his veto. The substance, not the form, of a measure determined whether it required the signature of the President, the committee reported.

GIVES WARNING TO SENATE.

Chicago Tribune Man Quotes Alleged Allied Hint of Voiding Reservations.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Robert R. McCormick, one of the managers of the Chicago Tribune, sends this London dispatch of Thursday's date, which will be published tomorrow:

"The London papers widely display the suggestion of the Presse de Paris that if America does not require the acceptance of the reservations in the Peace Treaty, the Allies will allow the League to be formed and later refuse to recognize the validity of the reservations.

"Therefore, it is vital that the Senate does not omit a clause requiring their acceptance. The majority of the league, otherwise, would demand obedience to those sections reserved against under penalty of war."

TREATY SNARL HITS EXCHANGE

British Don't Expect Stable Money Market Until Ratification.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The condition of American exchange is causing anxiety in trade circles, as the prevailing rates mean that a tremendous premium has to be paid by British buyers for goods purchased in the United States. The rate this morning was called at $4.05, on easier money in New York, but opinion in Lombard Street is that there is no backbone in the market, while the recent uneasiness caused by the constant declining tendency has been accentuated by the non-ratification of the Peace Treaty. The rate, according to opinion here, is likely to be unstable until the treaty question is settled and official action is taken regarding the granting of credits.

The lower exchange rate is also a contributory cause to the high prices realized for arrivals of silver, while, on the other hand, America, Spain, and other countries, in view of the adverse exchange, are taking offerings of gold in the open market at 105 shillings per ounce, or 21 per cent. over the mint prices.

The money market is gradually tightening, daily loans which are badly wanted commanding 5 per cent., with the floating supplies insufficient. Borrowers are forced to pay the Bank of England 6 per cent. on weekly loans. The joint stock banks are not lending freely in the market because of the huge trade demands by customers for their expanding businesses and the financing of the large number of cotton bills now arriving.

Market opinion is that the year will pass without a high bank rate, but that money will be scarce.

WANT TO TRY KAISER FOR WAR LAW BREAK

British Authorities Proceed with Plans—Delicate Question of Approaching Holland.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Nov. 22.—The Daily Chronicle hears that the Government is steadily proceeding with its plans for bringing the ex-Kaiser to trial.

It is probable that the formal application to the Dutch Government for the surrender of the ex-Kaiser will be made when ratifications of the Peace Treaty by three of the great powers have been deposited.

There are alternative indictments on which William II. can be arraigned before an international tribunal. He can be tried on the charge of responsibility for the war or on charges of breach of the laws of war.

It is probable, The Chronicle says, that the Government will proceed with the latter course and so avoid the possibility of an interminable historical discussion with regard to the actual responsibility for opening hostilities.

Holland is at present de facto custodian of the ex-Kaiser. There is no doubt that the legal advisers of The Netherlands Government have been consulted on the delicate questions involved.

Chief among the many difficulties to be guarded against is any appearance of bullying a small and friendly power, which would naturally be the worst possible start for the League of Nations.

URGES 'REAL PEACE' WITH GERMANY

Harold Spender Argues for the Prompt Restoration of Trade Relations.

SEES MILITARIST MENACE

Predicts the Renewal of War if the Allies Hamper the Efforts of the Ebert Government.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Harold Spender in an article in The Daily Chronicle points out the seriousness of the present European situation and the danger of a fresh outbreak of war in the near future unless steps are taken to attain real and permanent peace with Germany.

"Although the Germans signed the peace treaty nearly five months ago," he says, "the treaty itself is not yet ratified, although we were assured in the House of Commons the other day that it would be ratified on Nov. 10. America hangs back, entangled in party squabbles, and still bemused with that old dream of detachment from Europe which was the inspiring force of the War of Independence."

Mr. Spender, while agreeing that there is "not the remotest possibility of Germany being able to resume war on a big scale in our generation," says that there are many invisible forces at work in Germany—"forces of hope and despair, flickers of energy which seem to survive even national destruction"—and he proceeds:

"If we leave to Germany no alternative but despair, then we may prepare ourselves for some wild spasms of resistance before the end comes. In other words, we must make our choice—peace or war, war or peace. If we refuse to consummate this peace both in deed and word, then there is but one logical alternative—we must remain armed; we must cease demobilizing; we must be careful how we retrench. For the worst possibility of all would be for us to disarm and yet to refuse real peace. Then would come Germany's chance. The embers of the military power which, as the Prime Minister has already pointed out, are sullenly smoking in eastern Russia, might suddenly flicker again into flame. If we fail to secure peace it will be necessary for this nation to keep under arms a full million of men in order to police disordered Europe. Conscription will be inevitable.

"The alternative is to make peace—real, actual peace, not merely camouflaged war—but to make peace with people you must be willing to trade with them. To refuse to trade with them is to carry on war with them in everything except actual killing, because a nation that cannot trade must perish.

"That is one element in the making of peace. What is it that at present threatens Germany with the fearful alternatives of annihilation or renewal of war? Is it not that the present Government in Germany—a peace Government, a Republican Government—is not being allowed a reasonable chance; that it is not being permitted to prove to its own people that there is a possibility for Germany to exist at peace with other nations? The result is that the credit of the present Government is gradually oozing out. Every observer from Germany tells us the same thing, that general German public opinion is gradually swinging against a republican form of government and drifting toward the desperate advices of the Militarist Party."

Mr. Spender concludes:

"As sure as night follows day there will be, unless peace be really secured, another Anglo-German war within five or six years, even if it only takes the form of prolonged guerrilla strife over the vast spaces of Central Europe; for history has clearly shown that no great people will perish without a second effort, and if men cannot live by peace, they will prefer to die on the battlefield than die of famine and despair."

Polk Family Guests in London.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Frank L. Polk, Under Secretary of State and head of the American peace delegation, and his family are guests in London at the home of Sir John Lane Harrington, on what is described as a purely personal visit. No arrangements have been made for Mr. Polk to meet members of the British Government. He will return to Paris Tuesday.

SOME BRITISH CRITICS ARE LENIENT TO US

Times Deprecates Caustic Comment—Nation Blames European Politicians for Treaty Failure.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The London Times, in an editorial on the American Senate's rejection of the German treaty, says:

"The disappointment to the democracies of Europe is a bitter blow to the whole system of international policy which America did so much to build up, and of which the League of Nations is the concrete expression. It is a very heavy prejudice to the prospects of European peace and of world peace. Any attempt to disguise these things from ourselves or from the Americans would be idle and unwise. We must face the facts—and they are serious facts—of the new situation which the unfortunate action of the Senate has created.

"It does not come as a surprise to anybody acquainted with American politics and American opinion, and we must presume that the statesmen of the alliance long since determined upon their course in the contingency which constantly became more probable.

"The rejection of the treaty and of the League of Nations incorporated in it may be expected to give rise to unfavorable feelings and to caustic comments in some quarters, particularly among nations who do not understand American traditions and American politics so well as Englishmen understand them.

"We deprecate any feeling of the kind as unmerited and unfair. We believe ex-President Taft expressed the real sentiments of his countrymen and his countrywomen at the New York banquet to the Prince of Wales when he said: 'The great body of American people realize that they must unite with other nations in saving the world from future catastrophe. The European nations,' Mr. Taft added, 'must be patient with us. That is the advice from the lips of a true friend. We trust it will everywhere be followed.

"We agree with Mr. Taft that they do see the necessity placed upon them of union with other democracies. Even if their eyes are not yet fully opened to the truth, America will sooner or later draw the conclusions. If she does not ratify the treaty and League, she will presently been a party to some very similar arrangements. Until she does, in her own time, we must 'have patience' with her."

The Chronicle Counsels Patience.

The Daily Chronicle says:

"Whatever happens next month, it would be idle to minimize the mischief caused by what has happened already. The Senate's action made it impossible for the other powers which signed the treaty at Versailles to expect from the United States the same leadership in the development of the League for which all their most democratic and peace-loving statesmen had hoped, but our only wise course is to be patient and make the best of what is left."

As regards the fear in America that the League may prove a mere partisan alliance of the powers victorious in the late war The Chronicle says:

"We respect this fear as far as it is genuine, and it would be affectation to treat it as already groundless; but we would earnestly ask Americans who are influenced by it to reconsider their view in the light of European facts. If the League were really a militarist plot, as some suggest, how do they account for the circumstance that throughout Western Europe it is not the militarists, but the anti-militarists, who are concerned to preserve and develop it, and that its European backing is democratic and pacific to the core?"

Spectator Praises American Ideals.

LONDON, Nov. 21 (Associated Press).—All the weeklies discuss the American Senate's decision on the treaty in a friendly way.

"We understand perfectly America's difficulties and the spirit in which the Senate has been in action, and how public opinion has been working," says The Spectator. "While America's voice is still uncertain, let it not be forgotten that America is always inclined to be like the man in the Gospel who said 'I go' and went.'

"The newspaper recalls that the President and people of the United States first said the war was not their concern. "When she did act," The Spectator adds, "it was with a self-abandonment and unselfishness and generosity to which the history of international relations affords no parallel. America threw herself into the contest without a reservation, without thought of what she was to gain as a nation. She played no huckster's part. With a magnificence of purpose which, if the world at large does not completely understand it, has always been understood here by her own flesh and blood, she nobly refused to make Europe's agony her opportunity. Even for reasonable demands the idea of making terms for the salvation of the world never crossed the mind of her people. They were too proud to bargain."

The Spectator recalls its expressed astonishment at the construction of the American peace delegation and says it thinks President Wilson should have invited ex-President Taft, Elihu Root, and Senator Lodge to go to Paris to share in his responsibilities.

The Nation says:

"Superficially Europe's loss is irremediable. Her idealists lose the participation of the greatest of the World States in the greatest of world ideals. Her liberals will miss the hoped-for American mandate for Armenia and Constantinople. Her philanthropists may have to lament her formal withdrawal from economic relief of millions of starving and unemployed workers. If Mr. Wilson might have gone home from Paris with a charter of a new Europe and have bound America to willing association in the work of reparation. But on the road to Utopia he fell among real politicians. The European powers had made their own arrangements, irrespective of the policy or sentiment of the ally whose intervention had made it possible for them to come to any arrangements. Mr. Wilson himself was treated in Paris with gross discourtesy, while leaf by leaf the book of promise of his earlier statesmanship was torn away."

The Saturday Review, commenting on the adjournment of the United States Senate, says:

"We are convinced that the binding, far-reaching and omnipresent obligations of the League of Nations would have created friction between Great Britain and the United States. After more than a century of ill-will and misunderstanding, the British and Americans have come to respect one another and recognize each other's strength. Why not leave it at that?"

The New Statesman says:

"What is really serious, we think, is not the Senate's behavior, but the fact that the Senate apparently represents the attitude of the American people."

The Evening Standard says:

"It is permissible to point out that America is not the first country that has struggled to preserve splendid isolation. Aloofness was long the essence of British foreign policy. Whatever decision the Senate reaches, it is clear that America will continue to be drawn into world affairs."

The Globe says:

"It is for the Government and people of the United States to decide whether they are meeting the moral responsibility the present situation places upon them. America never failed before, and it is inconceivable that she will fail now."

BONAR LAW HOPEFUL OF OUR AID LATER

But Meanwhile Our Delay Will Not Be Allowed to Hamper Peace Work.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—"The inability of the United States representative at Paris to deposit President Wilson's ratification of the German treaty at the same time those of other powers are filed will not prevent the remaining allied and associated powers from proceeding to carry the treaty into effect," said Andrew Bonar Law, Government leader in the House of Commons, today, in answer to numerous questions regarding the status of the treaty as a result of the American Senate's action.

Replying to a question from Sir Donald MacLean, Bonar Law said:

"Without doubt there will be no slackening in the determination of Great Britain to do all in her power to take the lead in seeing that the League of Nations becomes an effective instrument of human progress. I think it would be a mistake to assume that all possibility of help from the United States is gone."

Referring to the possibility of an alteration in the date of formal ratification of the treaty (which has been tentatively fixed for Dec. 1), Mr. Bonar Law said:

"That must depend upon whether there is a possibility of a change in the view of the Senate at its meeting in December."

Asked whether the action of the United States would affect the Anglo-French-American treaty, the Government leader declared:

"Our undertaking in that treaty, which so far has been unratified by the United States, was contingent upon its also being carried by the United States. Another situation might create a new condition of affairs."

PARIS STILL HOPES FOR RATIFICATION

Diplomats Look for Efforts at Treaty Compromise in the Senate.

FRENCH PRESS RETICENT

Only Clemenceau's Paper Comments, Expressing Confidence in American Friendship.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—There was a reaction today from the excitement of yesterday, caused by the receipt of the news that the American Senate had adjourned without ratifying the treaty. The opinion has spread in all diplomatic circles that the adjournment means only a recess, during which efforts can be made to reach a compromise, and this opinion is borne out by reports received by the European Governments today from their representatives in Washington.

The American delegation has as yet received no official word from Washington as to the latest developments and consequently finds itself powerless to comply with requests for information coming from their delegation. It has to rely on news dispatches for its own information, and such dispatches are meagre and lacking in details.

The French press this morning, with one exception, abstains from comment on the action of the Senate. This attitude of the editors is probably due to a request of the French Government. The sole comment on the situation comes from the editor of L'Homme Libre, Premier Clemenceau's newspaper. He says:

"The Supreme Council fixes Dec. 1 as the day to put the treaty into effect. There is no reason why this should not be so. The attitude of the American Senate does not permit us to wait for ratification by the United States, which is evidently only postponed, but perhaps postponed for a long time.

"One cannot deny the gravity of the situation which arises from the attitude of America. Besides questions of detail, which render difficult the constitution and functioning of the League of Nations in the absence of our friends from the other side of the Atlantic, one foresees what our enemies of yesterday can gain from the application of the Versailles treaty without the effective aid of the nation whose chief fixed its directing principles.

"This peril, we dare say, will be really disquieting only if the attitude of the plutocratic Senators remains uncompromising. Fortunately, all indications are that this will not be so. Another session of Congress will see accomplished the ratification which the late session was not able to accomplish. The practical spirit and friendship of the Americans for the European democracies will be able to triumph, we are sure, over party and personal quarrels. While waiting, it is our duty to see that the treaty is put into effect in the same spirit which guided the Peace Conference."

The American delegation awaits instructions from Washington as to what is to be done with regard to the American troops on the Rhine when the treaty is put into effect. It appears that the Allies will adhere to Dec. 1 as the date for ratification unless reassuring news comes from Washington.

The question to be settled by the American delegation is whether the putting of the treaty into effect terminates the armistice conditions between Germany and America, although America has not ratified the treaty. Information is also desired as to whether or not Washington wishes the American Ambassador to France to sit on the committee of Ambassadors which will take over the unfinished work of the Peace Conference, when it adjourns the first week in December. Answers to these questions are expected by Tuesday, when Frank L. Polk, head of the American delegation, will return from London and Premier Clemenceau will be back from his holiday.

SEES GERMAN SHIPPING KILLED BY THE TREATY

Chairman of Hamburg-American Line Says Restoration Is Impossible—Has Only Few Craft.

HAMBURG, Nov. 21 (Associated Press).—"Under the Peace Treaty the restoration of the German mercantile fleet is made an actual impossibility," said Herr von Schinkel, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Hamburg-American Line, in addressing a meeting of the officials of the line today.

"Except the remount of a few small steamers and other accessories, everything has been taken from the company which now has, instead of its former property, merely a claim on the Government for indemnification."

The meeting approved an issue of 5,000,000 marks in preferred shares and amended its rules with a view to permitting the company to engage in other branches of business and protecting the company against a majority of the shares of the capital stock being acquired by foreigners owing to the present low rate of exchange.

SWISS UPPER HOUSE VOTES TO JOIN LEAGUE

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Nov. 21.—This morning, while the Swiss Standerat, or upper house, was proceeding to discuss the ratification of the decision of the Nationalrat, or lower house, that Switzerland should join the League of Nations, a Berne newspaper called Der Bund circulated widely a bulletin that the American Senate had refused to ratify the Peace Treaty.

Nevertheless the Standerat ratified by 38 votes to 6 the lower house's decision that Switzerland should join the League.

ALLIES TO RATIFY TREATY ON DEC. 1

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Peace Treaty by the powers which have already ratified it will bring into force a prodigious list of obligations which must be performed by Germany. They touch upon great and small matters in many parts of the world, and are subject to time limits ranging from fifteen days to fifteen years.

For the establishment of the league no definite time is stipulated in the treaty, but the inference generally drawn is that it will be set up at once. There are many references in the treaty to subjects upon which the league must pass within a few weeks from the coming into force of the compact.

A number of commissions, including that which is to take charge of the Saare Basin and the one which is to delimit the Polish-German frontier, are to be set up within fifteen days of the establishment of peace.

Within three months the German Army must be reduced to 200,000 effectives, all unauthorized munitions plants must be closed. Germany must hand over all of her military and naval aeronautical equipment, including nine tenths of her once proud Zeppelin fleet, and must modify her laws to conform with various treaty provisions.

The time limit for the reduction of the German Navy personnel to its prescribed strength is two months, and by the same date the German warships named in the treaty must be delivered to the Allies. One month is the limit for the delivery of the last scrap of submarine equipment. The German forts which the treaty names must be disarmed within two months and dismantled within six.

In matters relating to finance and financial reparation, the dates for the most part are fixed on the calendar and the time of coming into force of the treaty does not affect them. The date of May 1, 1921, is stipulated as the limit for Germany's delivery to the Reparations Commission of her initial reparation payment of 20,000,000,000 marks, and the commission is required by May 1, 1919, to notify Germany of the total damage claims to be filed against her by her late enemies.

No date is fixed for the appointment of the reparations commission, but the presumption is that it will begin work immediately. In fact, dispatches have indicated that it has been doing business unofficially for some weeks in preparation for the task it must assume of rationing raw materials to Germany and taking over the vast work of financial rehabilitation throughout Europe. The clearing house system by which it is to operate must be set up in three months.

Other sweeping provisions are definitely set forth as becoming effective on the date of the exchange of ratifications. Germany immediately loses legal title to all her colonies and to all her surface warships not in home ports. Rights in Shantung pass formally to Japan and Great Britain's protectorate over Egypt is legalized.

Germany immediately accepts as binding upon her some fifty treaties relating to many subjects, and agrees to accept many other treaties yet to be negotiated by the Allies. Prisoners of war are to be repatriated, the treaty says, "as soon as possible" after the date of effective peace. German troops must be withdrawn from various sections, including portions of East Prussia and Poland, within fifteen days. Coal deliveries to Belgium and France must begin at once.

FORCE IN MEXICO IF JENKINS IS HELD

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

cial dispatches dealing with the case, that there was neither ground nor justification for the attempt that has been made by certain authorities in Mexico to make it appear that Consular Agent Jenkins had connived with the bandit Cordoba for his own kidnapping. On the contrary, the report of Consular Agent Jenkins to the State Department, given over his own signature as a sworn official of the American Government, shows that Mr. Jenkins states that he is indignant over the attempt to involve him in collusion with the bandit, that his consular agency did not receive proper police protection by any of the Mexican officials, and that in addition to sustaining considerable suffering and being in fear of his life he has officially reported that his entire loss in the matter will represent an outlay of about 397,541 pesos in Mexican gold, or about $146,670 in American gold.

The Jenkins report to the State Department officially giving the details of his kidnapping and what occurred in connection with his release after ransom of $150,000 American gold was demanded, tells in about 4,000 words a graphic story of the incident. Secretary Lansing was in possession of this and other reports on the case before the stiff note of last night was sent to the Carranza Government.

The Administration is not seeking to engage in armed intervention in Mexico, and has been doing everything within its power for some months to avoid that last resort. If armed intervention comes as a result of the attitude of the Carranza Government in this case it will be a contingency for which the Carranza Government itself must assume the sole responsibility.

Force Needed to Intervene.

It was admitted in high official circles today that the State Department had before it an estimate prepared by the War Department of just what would be involved should this Government be forced to armed intervention in Mexico. This estimate covers in detail the number of troops considered necessary and the time that would be necessary to handle the situation and restore order. This estimate was prepared more than three years ago, but it is not considered that the situation in Mexico has changed sufficiently in the meantime to necessitate any radical revision of plans or figures. The War Department placed the number of troops needed at 450,000 and estimated that it would probably take three years with such a force to bring about a complete pacification of the country.

It is not the expectation in official circles that President Carranza and his offical advisers will invite drastic action, or possible intervention, by the United States by refusing to release Jenkins, although the gravity of the situation was evident in the attitude of officials today.

Another significant feature of the situation today was the apparent decision of the Washington Government that Jenkins was kidnapped through lack of protection by the Mexican authorities, and it is now possible that the Washington Government will hold the Carranza Government responsible for the conditions which resulted in the kidnapping of an official of the Washington Government in Mexico.

The official report of Jenkins on his capture, which covering the same ground as that of the letter which Representative Davis sent out yesterday, goes considerably more into detail and sets forth facts of the case not dealt with in the letter to the Representative from Jenkins's Congressional district in Tennessee.

Jenkins says the amount stolen from his safes was 50,423.40 pesos, Mexican gold, and adds:

"It will be understood that in this city there are not banks where money can be deposited, as the Government confiscated all the banks long ago, and until the present time no private banks have been established here, and it is therefore necessary that every business man be his own banker, keeping in his own safe whatever money he may have on hand. It is also known that there is no paper money at present, and all money at present circulating is in coin. It is pertinent to mention that there was the sum of 100 pesos Mexican gold of consular funds in the money taken from my safes, and that the office of the consular agency is in the same room as my private office; therefore it may be properly stated that the safes were in the office of the consular agency."

Wanted to Get British Vice Consul, Too.

Jenkins's report also confirms the report that had reached Washington several days ago that it was likewise the purpose of the bandits who kidnapped him to kidnap also the British Vice Consul at Puebla. This part of the plot failed because The British Vice Consul was not in Puebla at the time.

"The leader of the bandits," Jenkins's report stated, "ordered my wife to call up the British Vice Consul here, Mr. William Hardaker, an intimate friend of ours, saying that he also wanted to carry him with me, but my wife replied that Mr. Hardaker was in Mexico, and the bandit said no more on the subject. But it is evident that it was his intention to carry Mr. Hardaker with me. It is probable that he intended making me call Mr. Hardaker, for it was certainly not his intention to allow my wife to come to the office, but after she had come he very likely considered it better that she call him and not that I do it. I have since learned that on that night there were several suspicious people immediately around Mr. Hardaker's house, and it is quite possible that it was their intention to capture him on his leaving his house, as he also lives in the extreme eastern limit of the city."

Jenkins gives a graphic description of his treatment while in the hands of the bandits, tells how, as a result of lack of protection from the rain, he began to suffer rheumatic pains in his right leg, how this rapidly grew worse until he reached "most deplorable state, being unable to rise from the ground, and suffering constantly the most excruciating pain from my leg," and how he developed fever.

While he resisted payment of the ransom, the consular agent reported, his "grave condition" led him to assent to five of his friends obligating themselves "with their lives" for the payment of the balance of the money. The sum of 54,000 pesos in cash was paid by these friends toward the ransom of 300,000 Mexican pesos demanded.

"Since my release," says the Jenkins report, "further payments have been made on account of the balance due and total payments now approximate 100,000 pesos. It is my intention to make arrangements as best I can for the immediate payment of the balance due that recover the documents that were extended to Cordova, thus releasing my friends from the great responsibility they have assumed. I feel absolutely certain that failure to comply with the obligations of that document would result in the immediate death of these friends and myself, as it is well known that the rebels can with all ease perpetrate most any crime that they desire."

Jenkins declares that his release was due wholly to the activity of his friends, and not any practical efforts put forward by the Mexican authorities.

Concerning the attitude of the Mexican authorities in Puebla the Jenkins report says:

"It is worthy of attention to take note of the attitude the State Government of Puebla assumed toward this incident, for almost immediately after my capture, the official paper of the Government published the opinion that I had been instrumental in my own kidnapping, and that I have formed a plot with the rebels and other friends of mine to cause international difficulties. Also that it was the intention to collect this ransom from the Mexican Government and divide it, &c. It is impossible to express my indignation at this outrage on the part of the local authorities, and they have persisted in generating me in every way possible until a few days ago. Even while I was in the hospital, unable to see anyone, the Judge in charge of the case in repeated instances attempted to cause me trouble, and it was only by the stand taken by the Director of the hospital that I was not annoyed. I am glad to say that the best element of this city has recognized in these attacks only an effort on the part of the Governor to avoid the responsibility of his criminal neglect of the protection of the city."

ALMONEDA

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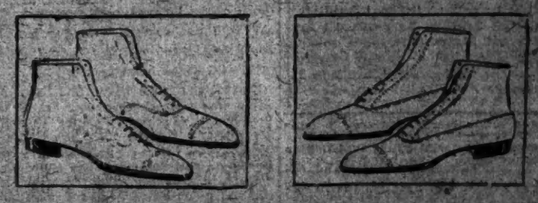

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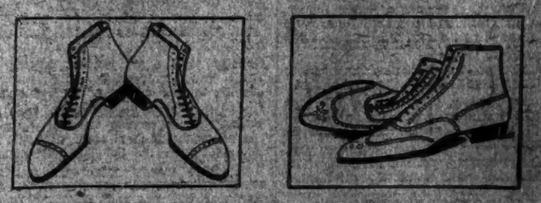

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SHEA SEES DANGER IN RAILROAD BILLS

Brotherhood Leader Says Anti-Strike Legislation Might Break Down Civil Government.

RAILROAD CRISIS DISCUSSED

President Elliott Says Higher Rates Are Necessary to Save Companies from Bankruptcy.

Announcing that he spoke on behalf of the four railroad brotherhoods, the allied shop crafts, and the American Federation of Labor, Timothy Shea, Acting President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, last night demanded continuation of the present system of Government control for at least two years, and expressed dissatisfaction with all proposed legislation for the solution of the railroad problem.

His speech was delivered at the annual dinner of the Academy of Political Science in the Hotel Astor, and his audience comprised more than 1,000 persons, including executives from the largest railroads in the country. He followed railroad officials who had urged return of the roads to their owners and increases in rates so that railroad credits would be restored and investment in railroad stocks and bonds again made attractive.

It would be a public calamity to "hurry the railroads back to private ownership and operation by means of the Cummins bill, the Esch bill, or any other legislation," Mr. Shea said, in speaking in support of the Plumb plan, with modifications. He asserted that the adoption of the Plumb plan would not "Russianize" the railroads, but would "Americanize" them.

Twenty-seven railroad affairs presented their views upon the needs of the transportation systems of the country at the series of meetings held in the Astor under the auspices of the academy. There was no divergence of opinion among the speakers that the problem was the most important before the country and should be taken up immediately.

Howard Elliott, President of the Northern Pacific Railroad, said last night that one of the first necessary steps was to permit the railroads to raise rates so that equipment could be brought up to date and so that investment in railroad bonds could be made attractive again. The same opinion was voiced by other speakers.

Opposed to Both Bills.

"The railway labor organizations are opposed to the fundamental basis of both the so-called Cummins and Esch bills," said Mr. Shea.

"The most objectionable provisions, so far as employes are concerned, are those in the Cummins bill dealing with labor conditions and relations. The authors of the Cummins bill directly state that they are determined to shackle labor by taking away from it the right to strike. The framers of the Esch bill at first had the same object in view. The labor provisions, however, I am glad to say, were stricken out of the Esch bill. The object which it is hoped to attain by the Cummins bill, however, is identical—the deprivation of labor of its most effective weapon—the right to strike.

"The anti-strike provisions of the Cummins bill are justified outwardly by the claim that the public welfare must be protected against dislocations and stoppage of transportation facilities. The distinguished Chairman of the Senate Committee, whose name the Senate bill bears, and many others in the Senate, are undoubtedly sincere in this point of view, but they are blinded by sinister influences which lurk invisibly in the background, who represent labor, may be unduly suspicious at times, but we pride ourselves in the fact that we have long since become proficient in detecting the hand of Esau when we hear a voice which seems to be the voice of Jacob.

"Beyond anti-strike proposals we can see the sword of treachery. The chief executives of the railway labor organizations have become convinced—and their conclusions are based on actual evidence—that the pending anti-strike legislation is the indirect outcome of a conspiracy to reduce the wages of railroad employes below their present inadequate levels. The dominating financial interests in the transportation industry, who, in the background, compelled to bring this legislation into being, under the dissimulation of protecting the public against railway strikes, have decided that when Government control of the transportation industry is terminated, they will reduce the rates of pay of railway workers and, if strikes result, they will break them by fining or imprisoning the strikers and their leaders. It is the same reasoning and it is the same group who have attempted to continue the enslavement of the iron and steel workers by denying them the right of collective bargaining.

Shea Sees Sinister Plot.

"These interests are also responsible for the failure of the National Industrial Conference called by President Wilson to function. They are also the fundamental forces against bituminous mine workers and are at the bottom of the conspiracy to exploit both the miners and the consumers of coal.

"Their object is never altruistic but always sinister. Their purpose is to continue unchecked their wartime profiteering, and the exploitation of wage-earners and the public, in which profitable policy they had been so successful prior to the war. It is unnecessary to say that not only as railway workers, but as free and patriotic citizens in our self-governing American republic, we shall resist this conspiracy to the uttermost. Under no conditions shall we consent to be shackled with legal chains of industrial slavery.

"There is no blinking the fact that the real interest and the vital significance of anti-strike legislation to the railroad employe is involuntary servitude. It will render him powerless in the presence of his most formidable and ruthless adversaries.

"It is strange and incredible that when we have just made every sacrifice of life and property to destroy political autocracy in Europe, and when we have been encouraged to look forward to a larger measure of industrial democracy, that a policy is formulated and advocated which can mean nothing else than placing railroad workers under the control of autocratic financial and industrial interests.

"We submit that such legislation is not only unjust and intolerable, but is opposed to the fundamental ideals of American democracy. It takes it to be deprived of the right to strike and is to be required to submit all its grievances to judicial determination, such a policy must obviously be preceded by legislation or agreement which will assure to labor in the form of industrial principles of the substantial law the assurance of fundamental economic rights. Without such a policy, anti-strike legislation will open wide the door to an intolerable exploitation of the working classes which will result in violent protest and the breakdown of civil government.

"It is for this reason that the third practical consideration against such legislation may be stated. It is not feasible. Being unjust and undemocratic, free men will not endure it. It is, therefore, impracticable. All of the industrial and commercial nations of the world have in past years tried such a policy in some form, and with the exception of France and Russia under the old régime, they all found that it did not work. Hundreds of thousands of men cannot in the event of a disconnection of work be placed in jail. Men will not submit to the confiscation of their financial resources and property because they have refused to accede to unjust working or living conditions.

"To those who know conditions and have an insight into the psychology of the railroad worker, it is apparent that the enactment of such legislation will have exactly the opposite effect to that for which it is intended. It will add to existing discontent, stimulate dislocation of transportation facilities, and probably lead to a stoppage of work on a scale that has been hitherto deemed incredible."

Elliott Urges Higher Rates.

"Without an increase in rates a very large number of railroad companies will face bankruptcy, and very few of those who escape this unfortunate plight can pay any return to the shareholders," said President Elliott of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

President Elliott added that for the first nine months of this year the so-called standard of about 2,985,000,000 had not been earned by $243,000,000 on 229,000 miles, comprising the larger systems, and that there was an indication that the total deficit for the year on all railroad operations might reach $350,000,000. He said that the condition was most serious in New England and that immediate rate increases there were necessary if the railroads "are to survive and serve the public." He added that the "roads north of the Ohio River and east of the Mississippi are also in a very critical condition."

Alfred P. Thom, general counsel of the Association of Railway Executives, said that he believed also that an increase of rates was needed.

Bond Market Conditions.

As an example of the decline of the interest of investors in railroads, and the consequent decrease of railroad credits, Pierpont V. Davis, Vice President of the National City Company, cited the failure of his company to dispose within five months of "an issue of ten-year 6 per cent. obligations of one of the few railroad companies which has prospered under Federal control." He said that a similar issue of an industrial corporation, amounting to $1,500,000, was absorbed in an hour, with $1,000,000 in oversubscriptions.

"From my knowledge of the bond market, I believe that, owing to the present attitude of the investor, the successful flotation of new issues is impossible to all but a very limited number of railway companies," said Mr. Davis. "This preference on the part of investors for the securities of industries not subject to public regulation is one of the most pronounced characteristics of the bond market at the present time."

In an analysis of the Cummins bill, S. Davies Warfield, President of the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities, denied the assertion of officials of the railroad workers' brotherhoods that there was eight billions of water in the twenty billions of railroad securities.

"The property investment accounts of the railroads have been under the close supervision of the Interstate Commerce Commission only since 1907, yet within the short intervening period of twelve years the records show that more than $6,000,000,000 of cash expenditure has been made on the properties of Class I railroads, over one-third of the $17,500,000,000 total property book value of these roads, exclusive of intercompany securities, (as of the test period 1915, 1916, and 1917.) I am speaking of property value not security values or issues. No well-informed person will contest the statement that in the aggregate the properties and equipment devoted to the public use of Class I railroads (89 per cent. of the total mileage) are worth more in the aggregate than the $17,500,000,000, as shown by the books of the railroads.

Balthasar H. Meyer, a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission, said that to increase that body beyond seven members would lower the efficiency and that thirty would be a "convention," not a commission. Other speakers yesterday were Professor T. W. Mitze of Columbia University; Professor Frank H. Dixon of Princeton, Calvin Tomkins, ex-Dock Commissioner in this city; Alba B. Johnson, President of the Railway Business Association; Professor Thomas Reed Powell of Columbia University; John E. Oldham, the Boston banker; Thomas W. Hulme, Vice Chairman of the President's Committee on Federal Valuation; William L. Ransom, former counsel to the Public Service Commission here, and Representative Schuyler Merritt, a member of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. Sessions of the academy will be held in the Astor today at 10:30 this morning and 2:30 this afternoon.

WAR FOOD CONTROL POWERS TO PALMER

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

able supplies from outside becomes daily more urgent.

While the margin between the wholesale and retail price of sugar has not yet been determined, officials are known to have considered tentatively 1.54 cents, making the retail price approximately 14 cents a pound. This, however, is subject to change, depending upon a variety of conditions.

Beet sugar refiners already have tentatively assented to the plan, it was learned, upon assurances that a higher price than now prevails would be established. Cane sugar dealers will be called into conference at an early date. They also are understood to favor the arrangement providing the price is raised, as is planned, so that they will not be involved in heavy losses which they say would result from buying Cuban sugar at the present price in Cuba and selling at 10½ cents, the present price in the United States.

The Sugar Distribution Committee will sit constantly and will have entire charge of the allocation of stocks. Refiners who enter into the agreement will be compelled to sell their supplies through this committee. Otherwise their transactions will not be materially restricted, it is said. Officials believe this plan will eliminate the possibility of a monopolization of goods at any point as well as prevent hoarding.

Wheat Embargo Lifted.

In a statement issued yesterday, Julius H. Barnes, United States Wheat Director, announced that, effective on Dec. 15, the export and import embargoes on wheat and wheat flour would be eliminated. The statement said that by a proclamation yesterday President Wilson terminated the embargo control which had been in effect for two years, first under the War Trade Board and then under the legislation embodied in the wheat guarantee bill.

"This is one step in the necessary reconstruction of trade facilities broken by the war which must function when the Grain Corporation terminates its three years' work," continued Mr. Barnes's statement. "While ocean transport conditions and also disorganized international finance will probably prevent free trading between merchants of the various countries for some time, it is expected that, step by step, international trade may be resumed in the usual channels. Until this is fully accomplished the Grain Corporation will continue to sell from its stocks of wheat and wheat flour the foreign trade that is not supplied under private business initiative.

"This release of embargo also permits Canadian wheat and wheat flour to enter American markets free of duty under rulings of the customs service. It is expected that this will greatly enlarge the United States supply of Spring wheat flours which are favorites in the baking trade, and which, because of the partial crop failure in the Northwest this year, have been relatively in light supply."

SEIZE 38 SUGAR DEALERS.

Fourteen Firms Involved in Profiteering Charges in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Thirty-eight members of fourteen wholesale sugar firms were arrested today on Federal warrants charging profiteering in violation of the Lever Food Control act. They were charged with exacting an exorbitant price or conspiracy to obtain an excess price for sugar. The thirty-five sugar dealers are alleged to have sold sugar at prices ranging to 25 cents a pound.

Although the Illinois Fair Price Committee has ceased quoting a maximum price on sugar, Major A. A. Prague, its Chairman, today warned that control of sugar prices had not ceased, and that jobbers still were restricted to a profit of ¾ of a cent a pound and retailers to 1½ cents.

PRINCE RECEIVES FINAL GREETINGS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

to my dad's visit to New York and I cordially thank the Pilgrims for the kind hospitality they extend to him this evening and for the generous sentiments which you have expressed on their behalf. Special interest will attach to your gathering by the presence of Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, who was associated with the welcome given to my father sixty years ago.

GEORGE, R. I."

Sandringham, Nov. 19, 1919.

Your kind telegram just received. I am deeply interested at hearing the Pilgrim Society are going to entertain my dear grandson at dinner and that Senator Chauncey M. Depew is to preside. My beloved husband was always such a friend of the great American Nation that he would have rejoiced as his son, his grandson and as I do at the ties now formed between the two nations, who have fought and suffered side by side in the war now happily ended. Please convey my sincere thanks for your kind message, which I appreciate very deeply. ALEXANDRA."

In the midst of the address upon which Mr. Depew then started, a big loving cup filled with flowers was placed before the Prince. It did him entirely from view, and there were insistent cries of "Take it away," and "We want to see the Prince." A member of his staff lifted the cup to a table below.

Mr. Depew said a visitor from Britain always was hailed gladly, because his coming served to increase and consolidate the friendship between the two nations, and that by the time such a guest was bidden farewell "we have always found that the better our two peoples know each other the better they like each other."

Recalls Prince Albert's Visit.

The speaker reminisced over the visit of King Edward when he was Prince of Wales, citing as an interesting historical contrast that visit on the eve of the civil war and the coming of the present Prince while his country and ours are celebrating peace.

"We were rather a primitive people fifty-nine years ago," he went on. "Few of our people had been abroad and we cared little for the ceremonies, formalities and conventionalities which are so important in older civilizations, so I may be permitted to recall an incident with which I was personally familiar. The Prince of Wales was received in audience by a very important and distinguished public functionary. When the Prince entered the audience chamber this high official rushed forward, grasped him by the hand and in the enthusiasm of his welcome nearly wrenched off the Prince's arm, and shouted, 'Most welcome, Prince; we are all mighty glad to see you. How is your mother?'"

There is a delightful tradition at West Point that with some choice spirits among the cadets the Prince had a night off, and it is one of many memories, as they probably can never be re-enacted. When I came to know the Prince and meet him frequently years after his visit here, I found that he had an invaluable faculty for a public man, that is the ability to remember the names and recall the time and place when he had met any one he wanted to remember.

"With the Russian Bolshevik comrade means the union of one class against all other classes and the destruction of society. In the French revolution it meant the same thing. But among the Americans, the British and the French breaking through the Hindenburg line and racing for the Rhine, comrade meant a welcoming and a unity in which all could participate. For the first time, I think, since the days of the Black Prince, over five hundred years ago, has an heir to the British throne fought in France, after five hundred years he was not fighting to conquer France but to save France and civilization. There he met our boys in the trenches, over the top and on the battlefield. To me one of the most interesting incidents of his visit was when he went to the hospital at Washington and among the wounded American heroes there cheered and delighted them by his cordial soldierly greeting, but above all won their hearts by calling them comrades."

Depew Tells a Joke on the Prince.

Mr. Depew drew a laugh, a shake of the head and a blush from the Prince when he said:

"No greater proof of how sensitive we are to each other's opinions can be given than this incident. It was reported in the press that an enthusiastic citizen of Boston asked the Prince in Canada, 'When will you visit Boston?' and the Prince replied, 'Where is Boston?' The effect on that city was electric. The police of Boston left their post, went on a strike and handed the Puritan city over to the mob. Then Boston was not only on the map, it filled the map.

"This is the last night of his Royal Highness with us, and it closes his visit. His has been an epoch-making trip. He has added new links, human links, to the ties which unite Canada to the British Empire. Many more missions have come to us during the war than ever before. They have consisted of famous Generals, great statesmen and powerful financiers. None of them have appealed to us like the Prince. To quote a homely New England saying, 'He seems to be just among his own folks.' He has grasped and tactfully interpreted our American ways and habits of looking at things. He speaks the American language. He has won our hearts. He carries home our appreciation, our affection and lasting memory."

The Prince Thanks the Pilgrims.

Meantime, the loving cup had been set before the Prince once more, and Mr. Depew asked him to accept it as a token of the honorary membership in the society to which he had been elected in the afternoon. Cries of protest were heard once more at the obtruding blooms, but they were stilled when the Prince said:

"Thank you. I like the flowers very much. It is a great pleasure and privilege for me to meet so many American Pilgrims here tonight, and I thank the society most sincerely for its hospitality and for membership in it and for the loving cup and the flowers—I can assure you I am very glad to be able to hide behind them."

When the laugh at that had died away he went on:

"Now that I am a New Yorker in my own right I am happy that the first occasion on which I have had the pleasure of being a guest of the Pilgrim Society should be in this great city, and that I shall be meeting American pilgrims even before I have met their fellow-pilgrims in London.

"I am not going to make a long speech, but there are two things which I should like to say before leaving the United States, and particularly to a gathering like this tonight. I have already alluded, when addressing other New York gatherings, to the important part played by the United States in the great war, but I have never properly expressed British admiration for the promptness with which the American Nation adopted compulsory enlistment for the necessary. That made the whole world feel that the weight of this great nation would be thrown into the balance with the utmost rapidity, as indeed it was.

Praises Voluntary Rationing.

"There is yet another form of your war service to which I have never alluded before—a very remarkable form, which made a deep impression upon the people of the British Empire. I refer to the wholehearted way in which the American nation accepted voluntary rationing in food and fuel. You all made a splendid response in this respect to the national appeal issued by Mr. Hoover, by whose devotion and organizing power so much suffering and want have been alleviated in the countries hardest hit by the war. That act alone shows with what spirit the American nation can throw itself into a great cause.

"There is one other thing to which I should like to refer tonight, not only because it has impressed me with new force during my travels on this continent, but also because it is an actual and visible example of the objects and aims which the Pilgrims' Society was formed to promote. I do not think anywhere else in the world, except on the North American continent, will you find a frontier between two nations 3,000 miles long with no extensive physical barrier, no military defense, no other dividing line than a boundary determined and guaranteed by mutual confidence and good-will.

"As a Britisher and as a Canadian I take a high pride in that boundary—the international frontier between Canada and the United States—for it seems to me to illustrate in a very striking and practical way the objects for which Americans and Britishers fought in the great war. Just think of it! The ideal which appears so difficult of attainment elsewhere has been an actual and positive reality in North America for over a hundred years.

"I have asked myself how that ideal has been attained here so much in advance of international conditions in other parts of the world, and I think the answer is quite clear. It has been attained because you on your side of the international boundary and we Britishers on ours have, under somewhat different forms, the same political faith, the same human aims, the same practical ideals. Thus two self-governing peoples, living side by side, each confident in the good-will of the other, have given this splendid example to the world."

With that the Prince laid aside his formal speech which he had been managing, as always, to follow without having had time to commit it to memory, and, adverting to Mr. Depew's narration of the West Point tradition about his grandfather, added:

"I am glad to say that grandfather did better than I have done. I haven't had a night off at West Point or anywhere else."

That brought laughter and cheers which were stilled only long enough to listen to the concluding words of thanks and regret to New York ring out once more as the Prince departed.

VISITS ROOSEVELT'S GRAVE.

Prince Places Wreath of Laurel—Luncheon at Piping Rock Club.

The Prince of Wales paid his tribute yesterday morning to the memory of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt. So simply that the event hardly could be called a ceremony at all, Edward Albert, with head bared and a look of sadness in his face, knelt near the grave of the former President, at Oyster Bay, and deposited at its head a great wreath of laurel.

The royal visitor reached the cemetery at 11:30, and was met there by Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, eldest son of the late Colonel. The two shook hands, greeted each other heartily, and then walked silently, side by side, up the little hill to the grave. The waiting crowd, in which women and children predominated, had cheered as the guest arrived, but over them, too, fell a solemn hush as the little informal procession went up the hill.

Clarence H. Mackay, who had reached the cemetery a little earlier, had laid a sheaf of flowers beside the grave, and these appeared to confuse the Prince. He pointed to them interrogatively, evidently puzzled as to whether he was expected to deposit his wreath beside them. The Colonel's son shook his head and pointed to the head of the grave, and there the Prince put down his wreath, tied with a big bow of purple mourning ribbon. He stood for a moment with bowed head, and those who had gathered about him waited until the Prince turned quietly away, and in a moment the gathering at the cemetery had dissolved.

The British heir apparent had driven to Oyster Bay in a closed car with Viscount Grey, British Ambassador, and Rodman Wanamaker. As he entered the little town along South Street, he found a crowd of thousands lining his way, and making a gay picture with their waving American and British flags. They cheered him heartily, and Edward Albert, attired once more in mufti, bared his blonde head and waved his derby to right and left. Earlier he had seemed tired and nervous, but the hearty welcome seemed to cheer him, and his face brightened, the customary boyish smile appearing more and more often.

The official party, with its long trailing limousines decorating automobiles, turned into Cove Neck Road, on the way to the cemetery, and there an even denser crowd turned the occasion for a moment into a semblance of carnival, despite the solemn nature of the Prince's errand.

It was not until he reached Long Island City that he consented, in response to the urgings of those who watch over him, to forsake the open air in which he had spent the morning, and, in deference to the brisk morning ride inside. Rear Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, who had started out with him, decided to defy the fresh air, and remained in the open automobile.

The Prince had embarked from the royal barge at the Columbia Yacht Club landing promptly on schedule, and had found awaiting him there the largest crowd that yet had watched for his coming from the battle cruiser Renown. He responded to a volley of noisy hails with a cheery greeting, and looked happy when some of the younger of his admirers squirmed through the police lines and rushed up to shake his hand. Several very proud youngsters managed to hide their self-consciousness in the oblivion of the crowd, carefully guarding from all possible contamination the hand which just had been shaken by such a celebrity.

Greeted all along by smiling and cheering and waving watchers, the Prince was whisked into Central Park. His car came to a halt at the Mall, midway between the Seventy-second and Fifty-ninth Street entrances, and there he was met by Dr. George CP. Kunz, President of the Historic and Scenic Preservation Society. A group of park gardeners were holding a young English elm tree beside a hole, which had been dug to receive its roots. The Prince of Wales placed the tree in the bed prepared for it and took a shovel with which he put four spadefuls of earth about the tree. Then he handed back the shovel with the laughing remark:

"There, I think that's a big hole for a young fellow so early in the morning."

The crowd which had watched the three-minute ceremony, in which the Prince had but duplicated the performance of his grandfather in 1860, cheered and applauded, and a moment later the young man was on his way to Oyster Bay.

When the wreath had been laid on the Roosevelt grave the Prince and his party got back into their automobiles and were driven to the Piping Rock Club, where he was the guest at luncheon of the Board of Governors. About two hundred were in the party, which included, besides the Prince, his entourage and his American escort and aides, members of the club who live in the surrounding countryside, and members of their families.

Roger Winthrop, President of the club, presided at the luncheon, which was of a purely social nature, without speechmaking. With the coming of the coffee he proposed a toast to the Prince of Wales, and the drinking of this was followed by much applause. The orchestra played "God Save the King," and then the toastmaster proposed a toast to America and President Wilson. In the drinking of this the Prince, of course, joined, standing with the others at attention during the playing of "The Star-Spangled Banner." A moment later the party was over, and Edward Albert went to the lawn in the front of the clubhouse, where he planted another tree. After a tour of the grounds, he paused long enough for a few women guests to be presented to him, then started back to New York by automobile at 2 o'clock in order to reach the Renown in time for the function scheduled to take place on board during the afternoon.

PRINCE GREETS 1,000 PUPILS.

High School Boys and Girls Have Tea on Board the Renown.

One thousand New York school children from twenty-nine high schools went aboard the British battle cruiser Renown yesterday afternoon to see the Prince of Wales. They were conveyed to the warship in a naval tug and two of the municipal steamboats. The Police Boat Patrol, covered with American and British flags and the band on deck playing popular airs, circled around during the reception. About half the number were young women with a sprinkling of girls, and the remainder were youths who carried American flags.

The officers and the crew of the Renown expected to have 1,000 children come on board the ship and had made preparations for them.

The carpenter's mates rigged up an electric switchback railway on the forward deck and the sailors placed handspikes in the steam capstan aft for the children to sit upon and have a merry-go-round. The officers of the Renown made a bran bag, which is one of the ship's canvas bags filled with bran and all kinds of little gifts placed inside done up in small boxes for the little ones to dive for with their hands. These childlike pastimes were abandoned when the news was sent off to the Commander of the Renown that there would not be any little children in the party. As the tenders with the school girls on board came alongside they sang glees, and the Prince of Wales, dressed in the uniform of a naval Captain, stood on the grating of the accommodation ladder on the starboard quarter and saluted them. Tables were set out for tea on the after deck, and 500 were seated at a sitting.

When a few hundred of the juvenile guests were assembled and cheering him on the quarterdeck under the awning, the Prince of Wales walked into a position amidships and standing with one foot on the capstan said: "I am delighted to welcome so many girls and boys of the New York schools on board the Renown, and I thank you for the kindly welcome you have given me in New York and the friendly words which have been addressed to me. The Renown, as you see, is a very large ship, but she is not large enough to hold the many thousands of boys and girls of New York whom I would like to invite on board today. I have been having a very good time in this great city, and I hope you will have a good time here this afternoon, and I hope you will carry away a happy memory of my party.

"I want you to have some small mementos of this party and I have therefore arranged for you to be given a box of chocolates before leaving the ship. I thank you for coming."

During the afternoon about thirty of the United States mine sweepers which have just returned from their arduous duties in the North Sea left their anchorage off Tompkinsville, S. I., and moved up the Hudson River above Ninetieth Street. The Prince stood on the after part of the quarter deck and watched the small craft pass by. He had a difficult task to get away from the school girls who pulled him this way and that in their efforts to obtain his autograph to the photographs they had brought with them.

The Prince of Wales had decided not to come ashore today before sailing, but at the last moment he was asked to review 5,000 Boy Scouts, who will be drawn up in the form of a hollow square at the Columbia Yacht Club landing at 11 o'clock morning. He will pass off the ship and say a few words to the scouts. The returns to the Renown for the luncheon "in the mess of each veteran is called an officer will take the medal from the table and hand it to the Prince, who will decorate the recipient with it."

The ceremony is expected to occupy half an hour. Three hundred guests have been invited.

After the reception luncheon will be served at noon, and the Renown will sail for Halifax on the first leg of her homeward journey at 4 P. M. unless other arrangements are made today.

PRINCE AT THE HIPPODROME.

Crowd Cheers Him for Five Minutes on His Arrival.

When the Prince alighted from his automobile in front of the Hippodrome he was greeted by an electric sign which read "Happy Days to the Prince of Wales." He took one look at it, smiled in his familiar way, and then acknowledged the cheers of the crowd which had waited for more than an hour in the vicinity of the theatre for a glimpse of him.

At the entrance to the playhouse he was met by Mark Leascher, manager of the Hippodrome, and escorted to the centre box on the right hand side of the house. A capacity audience, which had earlier in the evening indicated its affection for the boy diplomat by cheering and applauding an excellent likeness of him from the pen of Bert Levy flashed on the screen, arose from their seats as the royal visitor entered and gave him a thundering ovation which lasted more than five minutes. As fast as the cheering died the strains of "God Save the King" and "The Star-Spangled Banner" played by the combined Hippodrome orchestra and the band from the Renown were almost drowned out.

The Prince drew out a long black cigar, which he smoked as he watched the performance.

At the end of the second act the audience again started to cheer the Prince, and this continued while he accepted a floral tribute presented to him by Miss Katharine Burnside, daughter of R. H. Burnside, in behalf of fifty-seven members of the Hippodrome cast who were born under the British flag. Little Miss Burnside made several pleasing curtsies and the Prince talked with her for a few minutes. Then he retired to one of the lounge rooms where a number of people were presented to him.

As the curtain went down declaring the third act, the Prince and his suite returned to their boxes and once again the audience stood up and cheered him. He vigorously applauded the star of the water act, who dived from the uppermost structure of the playhouse. Later the Prince received several hundred British war veterans. He shook hands with each of them, stopping several to converse with them about their wound stripes and the medals which they wore.

When the last of these veterans had been received, the Prince stepped to the railing and, in a clear, distinct voice heard everywhere in the house, said:

"I thank you all for the reception I have received in New York, and I bid you all good night."

Three more cheers were given for the royal visitor, after which he was escorted to the main entrance of the playhouse on Sixth Avenue. As he entered his automobile a great roar was sent up which was heard for blocks away and which sent thousands who were still out of other theatres in the immediate neighborhood pouring toward Sixth Avenue. The cheering was taken up by them, and the car containing the Prince, flanked by policemen on foot, started north on Sixth Avenue, the Prince all this time standing in the machine acknowledging the cheering of the crowd.

PRINCE AT RECEPTION.

Dances with Mrs. Rodman Wanamaker at Seventh Regiment Armory.

The royal party reached the Seventh Regiment Armory shortly after 11:10 o'clock last night, and the Prince met Mr. and Mrs. Rodman Wanamaker, who gave the reception in his honor. He was introduced to Colonel Wade H. Hays, commander of the regiment, and reviewed the officers, after which he led Mrs. Wanamaker through a cheering crowd to the platform at the south end of the armory floor.

More than 4,500 persons were present. The drill floor of the armory was filled with women in evening clothes and a mixture of civilian and military men, perhaps the largest number of uniforms gathered at a single affair since the demobilization following the war.

The armory was decorated on the inside from the floor to the peak of the roof with masses of Allied flags.

The guests included many of the younger society matrons and this year's debutantes, as well as a number of city officials and the officers of the Reserves and the police aviation reserves.

The Prince stood on the platform in the armory for about half an hour watching the crowds and listening to the band playing. Then he turned to one of his escorts and shortly after the guard formed in front of the platform. The crowd thought the royal visitor was about to leave. Instead of leaving, the Prince, with Mrs. Wanamaker, stepped out on the dancing floor. As they started off in the dance sixteen men of the regiment formed a complete circle about them. It was within this constantly moving band of men that the Prince danced, while the crowds followed, getting as close to the guard as it could.

Among the prominent men at the reception were Mr. Tracy Lyman, former Ambassador Henry P. Fletcher, Lieut. Nelson A. Rockefeller, Mr. John Frederick A. C. Smith and others.

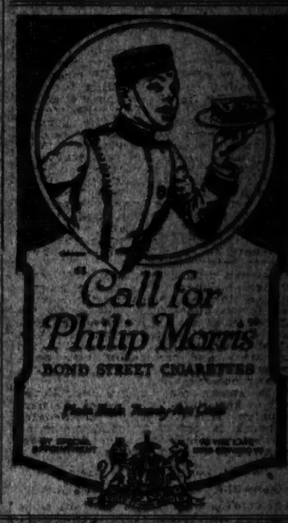
At 12:30 A. M. the Prince went to the officers' quarters in the armory, where a light supper was served.

RECEPTION PLEASES BRITAIN.

Curzon Voices Appreciation of America's Attitude Toward Prince.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Appreciation of the welcome extended to the Prince of Wales in the United States was expressed by Earl Curzon, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, today.

"England is deeply touched by the warmth of the reception the United States has accorded the Prince of Wales," Lord Curzon said in a formal statement. "It is a further and surer indication of the depth of the real friendship which unites the great English-speaking nations. England has watched the events of the past few days with eager interest and rejoices in the manifestation of mutual affection and esteem."



Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

A Special Purchase
Hand-made Batiste Blouses
At About Manufacturer's Cost
$3.95

For the fastidious woman, three distinctive models, all daintily hand wrought in rows and rows of exquisite hand drawn decoration. One model with frill and shawl collar hand drawn; the others with rows of hand drawn work on bodice, collars and cuffs. Strictly tailored and beautifully made Blouses, seldom to be had at such low prices.

Third Floor

McCutcheon's
Handkerchiefs

Reg. Trade Mark

In the selection of Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, assurance of quality is made doubly sure when your own judgment is confirmed by the name McCutcheon.

The Greatest Treasure House of Linens in America

Fifth Avenue, 34th & 33rd Streets, New York

Gidding

PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

Feature for today

Especially Attractive Offerings
in Furs of Quality

Short Coats—for General Utility or Sports Wear—of nutria—seal—leopard—hair seal and natural Pony

at $295—$395 & $450

Fashionable Day Wraps

—suitable for all smart occasions—of choicest quality Hudson seal, several trimmed with Squirrel—

at $675

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

An Extraordinary Sale of
Men's Fur-lined Overcoats

at $95.00 & 145.00

will be continued to-day (Saturday)
on the Sixth Floor

The materials are plain gray and black broadcloth and soft finished gray and heather mixtures; some lined with natural dark muskrat, others lined with marmot; the collars are of beaver, Persian lamb and Hudson seal.

(Sizes incomplete)

These cold-weather Overcoats offer unusual purchasing advantages

R.H. Macy & Co. Attractive are Prices—Quality—Service.
Inc.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Depend-ble Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only
Store Hours 9 to 5:30

What Happened In Wonderland when Curley-Cue fell off the second shelf? Everybody shut his eyes tight, dreading to see the smashed head of the favorite. Nobody reckoned on the presence of mind of the Darky Doll who pushed a bed out just in time to catch Curley-Cue. Curiosity led

Tumbling Teddy to getting his head caught between the doors. Whereupon the tiger scolded him severely for it and mannishly growled that he had blocked the view entirely. Teddy, wounded in heart at the tiger's remarks, bravely refused the Red Cross Nurse's aid. She had come hurrying down the aisle in the tank. Neither Curley-Cue nor Teddy needed her services.

Who Did? Some one of the Wonderland people was in peril, for just as the Nurse was about to go back the drums began beating and the horns blowing in an emergency call. *Look for the rescue which will appear on Tuesday.* Curley-Cue and her sisters—**89c** to **$12.89.** The Tiger, **$2.24** to **$2.89.** The Red Cross Nurse, **$2.24** & **$4.49.** The Tank, **$1.69.** The Automobile, **$9.89.** Drums, **59c** to **$5.39.** Horns, **.09** to **$2.24.**

In Our Wonderland
Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

BANDITS GET BIG HAUL OF WHISKY

Take Two Truckloads from New York Central-West Shore Pier on North River.

PUT WATCHMAN IN ICEBOX

Six Barrels and 500 Cases Held in Bond for the British Government in Lot.

Half a dozen thieves invaded the New York Central-West Shore pier at Franklin Street and the North River last night, locked three watchmen in an ice box and then carted off six barrels of whisky and 500 cases of whiskey being held in bond for the British Government. The men worked leisurely and took more than an hour while they selected what they wanted and loaded it on two automobile trucks, which they drove on the pier.

Charles Huebner, a watchman, was called to the gate about 9 o'clock by some one pounding on the door. He called out, "Who's there?" and a voice came back, "A floatman." The watchman opened the door and found himself looking into a revolver. He backed away and the intruder followed. Behind him came several others. The man behind the gun apparently knew what he was about, for he backed the watchman to the icebox, and while one of the men swung the door open he kept Heubner covered until he was inside. Then the door swung shut.

The second watchman rounded up was in the engine room. He was James Mattass. The robbers started Mattass toward the ice box, and on the way they encountered the third watchman, Albert Schuttinger. He had no chance to resist, for the robber saw him first.

Through a small window in their prison the three men could see one of the men on guard just outside. He saw them and the door of the box opened wide enough for him to shout inside that the trio would have to stand with their faces to the wall if they did not want a bullet through their heads.

"We will not hurt you," the guard told them, "unless you try to put something over." A flourish of his revolver emphasized his remark.

While one of the men stood guard other bandits swung the pier doors open and soon the prisoners heard the engines of the trucks as they drove on the pier. The barrels of whisky, each said to contain sixty gallons, stood near the entrance and were quickly placed on one of the trucks. The case goods was then loaded on the trucks. It was 10 o'clock before they departed. Some minutes afterward the prisoners succeeded in getting out of the ice box and the police were notified.

David Meadow, a steamship agent at 199 Avenue B, was closing his office at 10:30 last night when four bandits entered, and, after covering him with a revolver, robbed him of $600 cash and $250 in Liberty bonds. One of the robbers fired a shot which grazed Meadow's temple as he tried to follow them. They fled down Twelfth Street and escaped.

HELD IN FRAUD INDICTMENT.

Jersey City Man Charged with Misrepresenting News Services.

A. Albert Lautman was arrested yesterday on an indictment charging that he obtained money under false pretenses by getting subscriptions to a book known as "The Scribes' Review of America, 1914-1919," which he said would be sent to "all papers receiving The Associated Press service and the United Press service." He is said to have masqueraded as "the United Press Service," a play upon the name of the United Press Associations, which brought about his arrest.

The book purported to be a record of the achievements of captains of industry in helping to win the war. Prospective subscribers were informed that the book would be published once in four years and would be "very exclusive."

The indictment has two counts. One charges that he obtained $250 by false pretenses from the Liberty National Bank of New York, and the other that he attempted to obtain $500 by false pretenses from the Liberty Steel Products Company. His home is in Jersey City.

Lautman was arraigned before Judge Otto A. Rosalsky in General Sessions last night and held in $7,500 bail for pleading. He did not secure the bail immediately and was sent to the Tombs Prison.

Among the men who paid money for a page in The Scribes' Review were Howard E. Cole, Standard Oil Company Director; J. G. Blaine, Jr., Liberty National Bank; George W. Fraker, Vice President National City Bank; Arthur H. Titus, Vice President National City Bank; Charles J. Graham, President Liberty Steel Products Company; Henry E. Cooper, Vice President Equitable Trust Company; James H. Carter, Vice President National City Bank; John H. Fulton, National City Bank; Thomas B. Yuill, President Universal Leaf Tobacco Company, Inc.; E. Maloney, President P. Lorillard & Co.; James H. Perkins.

These paid from $250 to $500 each.

CHURCHILL TO RESIGN?

Labor Leaders Said to Have Offer of Cabinet Places.

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—I am informed positively that Winston Churchill is resigning the War Ministry and leaving the Lloyd George Government. This is due to a change in the Russian policy to which Mr. Churchill was committed and to a growing desire of Lloyd George to secure the co-operation of labor, which will have nothing to do with Mr. Churchill.

Church Notices on Page Twenty-seven.

Hatch
FOR YOUR NIGHT MEAL

Try HATCH Salto-Nuts—nourishing and delightfully prepared.

Fourteen varieties of Nuts are treated in the HATCH way—and nobody has ever yet approached the HATCH way.

After the night meal top off with HATCH Chocolates.

Always keep a box in the house. They are wonderful.

Four stores—three along Broadway, at 30th St., 45th St. and 99th St., and one at Sixth Ave. and 35th St.

"Hatch He Pays the Parcel Post."

WANTED
MOTOR CARS & TRUCKS
EVERETT DOMINICK
49 Wall St., N. Y.
Telephone Hanover 7252.

SWANN ASKS SMITH FOR ANOTHER JURY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

est investigation by any impartial tribunal or tribunal that you may name.

Respectfully yours,
EDWARD SWANN.

Mr. Swann asserted that he would not agree to have the present jury take any part in such an investigation except in so far as the members might be convened in making complaints and submitting their charges or any other information to the investigating body. He would leave the present jury free to continue their part of the transit inquiry together with that part of it which he had submitted on information received from the Mayor.

Although the jury had, in submitting their pronouncement to Justice Weeks, and in their letter to the Governor, announced that their action was taken by unanimous vote, Mr. Swann used the name of Foreman Almirall as the objective in his criticism and challenge of the grounds for the action of the jury.

The prosecutor declared that the traction interests could not have devised a shrewder move to get the District Attorney out of the traction inquiry, for they knew that the District Attorney would not consent to be placed before the public as refusing to let other counsel investigate his office.

E.M. GATTLE & CO
Platinumsmiths 630 FIFTH AVE. Jewelers
Anticipating radical advances in cost we advise the early selection of Jewelry for Holiday Gifts at Our Present Low Prices
Opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral

Instant Communication Increases Productive Time
NO STRIKES CALLOPHONE NO STRIKES
You can converse with every person on your premises (without stopping them in their duties even for an instant). (That's business control.)
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Binder will hold a whole year's Magazine Section of Sunday's Times. Price by mail $1.25.—Adv.

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 35th Street
Second Floor

In Our New Fifth Avenue Men's Store
Today Last Day of This Event

Men's Winter Suits
Regrouped from remaining broken assortments
Formerly $50 and $55
at
$43.50

A thinning out in certain styles and sizes is bound to happen in a business as large as ours. Only instead of waiting until next February to offer you these savings in accordance with tradition, we offer them to you whenever we are in a position to regroup a sufficient number of suits to make a worthwhile showing. Nor must you get the impression that the present group contains a little of this and a little of that. If we didn't tell you that it was a regrouping of broken styles and sizes you'd never know it. That's how excellent the selections are.

Great Coats and Huge Ulsters
Nothing to Equal Them in New York
$65, $75, $85, $95, $110, $125

You may depend on it that at every one of the above prices you'll see coats here marked at less than what other stores would ask, granting that other stores have such coats as these. And that's something we won't grant. All over New York today you'll find profuse apologies taking the place of profuse assortments. Especially true is this of Great Coats and Big Ulsters. And yet, in the face of meagre selections everywhere, we show today the largest range of this type of coat that we ever have had at one time.

In the Men's Store
McCreery's All-Leather Shoes For Men
$10 $12.75 $15.50 and $18.80
INCLUDES WAR TAX

USE THE 5th AVENUE ARCADE

Macy's

ASTRONOMY

The Einstein theory of light, which in the eyes of many scientists has shown the Universe to be limited instead of limitless, has given a great impetus to the study of Astronomy. You see, observations made during the late eclipse of the sun have demonstrated that rays of light from distant stars were deflected as they passed the sun, thus casting doubt upon the correctness of Newton's long-established law that light travels in a straight line. Read up on the subject and get a clearer idea of what it all means. Even if the safety of Newton's law does not interest, there is a world of fascination in the wonders of the sky.

Splendors of the Sky — *Isabel M. Lewis* $1.34
Round the Year with the Stars — *Garrett P. Serviss* $1.58
The Friendly Stars — *Martha Evans Martin* $1.34
Astronomy with the Naked Eye — *Garrett P. Serviss* $1.58
The Ways of the Planets — *Martha Evans Martin* $1.34
A Beginner's Star Book — *Kelvin McKready* $3.11
A Field Book of the Stars — *William T. Olcott* $1.12
Astronomy from a Dipper — *Elliott C. Clark* 89c
The Essence of Astronomy — *E. W. Price* $1.34
Hammet's Plainsphere 98c

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Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
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Men's Fine Suits & Overcoats

The celerity with which Best & Co. men's clothes have become accepted by critical men proves pretty conclusively the need of New York City tailored clothes for New York men. Our shops where they are made are within five minutes' walk of our Fifth Avenue Store—that accounts for the difference between ours and "up-state" clothes. Such garments at such sensible prices are winning fast friends.

Fine All-Wool Overcoats that are exceptional values.
37.50 42.50 47.50

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Made in Our Own Shops
Store Closes at 5:30 P. M.
You Never Pay More at Best's

Imperial
Union Suits for Men

Warm winter under garments that fit the body with glove-like snugness—whether active or inactive; young or old; tall or medium; you'll find the embodiment of underwear comfort and perfection in individually cut and tailored Imperial Union Suits.

In Cotton, Wool, Worsteds, Silk and Wool and Silk Mixtures.
$2.50 to $10.

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279 Broadway 47 Cortlandt Street
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High Grade Haberdashery, Clothing and Motor Apparel.

Everyday EAT PILLSBURY'S Family of FOODS

Get the Genuine and Avoid Waste
MODERN SOAP
SAPOLIO
Economy in Every Cake

WHALEN ADVOCATES CITY-OWNED BUSES

Tolle Estimate Board Big Success Would Attend Operation of a Unified System.

PREDICTS GOOD PROFITS

Applies for Authority to Continue Present Lines and to Charge Owners $2 a Day.

Application was made to the Board of Estimate yesterday by Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plants and Structures, for authority to continue the operation of the various bus lines in the city until July 1 next and to charge the bus owners $2 a day for each bus. This money, Mr. Whalen suggested, could constitute a fund to meet the expenses of supervision. The present authorization under which Mr. Whalen is permitting the busses to operate expires on Dec. 1. The matter went over until next Friday.

Joseph A. Guider, Commissioner of Public Works of Brooklyn, expressed himself as being opposed to delay because of small technicalities. Concerning the request of the Grand Jury of Kings County that Mr. Whalen and Police Commissioner Enright appear before it at 10 o'clock next Monday to be examined concerning the accidents to persons by the busses and because of the riots growing out of the double fare charge of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, the Mayor said to Mr. Whalen:

"If you and the Police Commissioner can keep out of jail until next Friday I think we can ease your troubles."

In his report on the busses, Mr. Whalen said that 114 of them were in operation on Nov. 14, and that they carried 75,000 passengers daily. He thought that if the city would undertake the operation of a unified system of city-owned busses great success would attend the venture. He submitted figures showing that 100 busses, seating twenty-seven passengers each, would cost $550,000, and that garage equipment and spare parts would cost an additional $30,000.

His figures for operation and maintenance, including garage, the employment of 100 chauffeurs at $1,800 a year each, starters, checkers, &c., total $625,000, then Mr. Whalen's report says that it is proposed to operate ninety-two busses on the nine routes, which have bus service at the present time, eight busses being held for emergency service.

He estimates the profits of operation at $376.80 a day. Then his report reads:

"These nine routes total a length of only twenty-five miles, and on account of their length are bound to be profitable sources of revenue, and the service of these 100 busses will give, I confidently expect, in one year after city operation is commenced a much greater income than is quoted here."

Police Commissioner Enright appeared as a witness yesterday before the Kings County Grand Jury in an investigation being conducted by that body as to the operation of municipal busses in Brooklyn. He spent twenty minutes in the Grand Jury room. Commissioner Whalen also was to have appeared, but because he was to accompany the Prince of Wales for the day he was excused until Monday.

DIRECTORS CLEAR BASTRESS

Pennsylvania Banker Had Been Accused by Embezzling Official.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT CARMEL, Penn., Nov. 21.—The Directors of the Mount Carmel Iron Works have caused the withdrawal of charges, instituted Oct. 24, against John J. Bastress for alleged embezzlement of $20,000 of the company's funds.

The charges were made after the suicide of George E. Feast, Superintendent and General Manager of the Iron Works. Feast, in letters written before he committed suicide on a Reading train while being brought from Philadelphia to answer embezzlement charges, made implications against Bastress. Immediately after the charges were filed Mr. Bastress resigned as President of the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company of this city, of which he was the founder. Mr. Bastress says his resignation had been contemplated before the embezzlement charges were preferred.

In a public statement the Directors of the iron works said that the charges against Mr. Bastress were preferred during the absence of Edward Brennan, a Shamokin mine operator, who is financially responsible for the corporation. Mr. Brennan returned from the South about a week ago and directed the withdrawal of the charges against Mr. Bastress. Resolutions were passed by the directors exonerating the latter from all liability. The company has been reorganized and Mr. Bastress has been retained in the directorate.

Hartog Denies Commission Promise.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Nov. 21.—In defense of the action brought against him by his brother, Ferdinand Hartog, Jr., to recover $325,000 in commissions for the sale of glasses to the British Government, Louis R. Hartog, the defendant, went on the witness stand before Justice Platt at White Plains to-day and denied that he had ever agreed to share Ferdinand's commissions. A brother and two sisters testified in behalf of the defendant.

THE HOTEL TRAYMORE

ATLANTIC CITY

Unreservedly, the World's Greatest Winter Resort. Only 3 hours away. It offers a pleasant, helpful antidote for too much business. Fascinating social life. Golf the Winter through. Endless amusements.

Every comfort and luxury. Dancing in the famous Submarine Grill. The World's best chef.

Spend Thanksgiving Here.
Make reservations now.

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EST. 1852

We Won't Insult

your intelligence by saying we sell at one-third less than other reputable houses. Besides, we are rather partial to truth-telling. Neither are we heaven-born geniuses—performing miracles of merchandising. We, however, do give you always 100 cents per dollar—very often a good bit more.

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APPAREL FOR MEN

254 Fifth Avenue
Bet. 28th & 29th Sts.

39 Cortlandt St.
Bet. 6th & 7th Ave.

124 Nassau Street
And New Haven, Conn.

Matthews' Clothes News

You *want* Style—we *sell* it—but with it the sort of Clothes that *show* the style when new and retain it long after the "new" has worn off.

Fashion's last word in Worsted Suits—all wool, handsome patterns and attractive colorings,

$50

Matthews

1163-65 Broadway
Near Twenty-seventh St.

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CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

CHEVIOTS used to be as plentiful as powder-puffs in a female seminary. Today they're as scarce as brass foot-rails. But we've got our share; in fact, more than our share.

All of them are Saks-selected
All of them are custom patterns

Saks & Company

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Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

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None Like Them Anywhere

Misses' Fur-Collar Coats

Full of the vivacity of youth

At $59.50

Coats at once impressive because of their departure from the commonplace, expressing in their every line the spirit of youth.

Fashioned of Velour Cloth, Silvertip, Polo Cloth, and Silvertone, with large muffler or shawl collars of

Raccoon, Nutria, or French Seal

All wanted colors — Taupe, Reindeer, Brown, Claret and Blue. Each coat fully lined and warmly interlined. Sizes 14 to 18 years. One of many styles *pictured*.

REDUCED

for immediate clearance—a fine collection of

Misses' Winter Suits

Formerly $69.50 to $85

Now $48

Handsome fur-trimmed and tailored models, in mannish, flare, and belted effects, tailored according to a very high standard in the materials of the hour. You never had a better opportunity to effect a saving on a fine Winter Suit. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Second Floor.

The New Petticoats

are being shown at Saks in great variety of models and materials, and in every color considered appropriate for immediate wear. Having made very extensive purchases much earlier than usual, we are in position to quote prices much below those now prevailing.

Silk Petticoats—beautifully fashioned of Taffeta, Peau de Cygne, Radium Satin and Silk Jersey.

$4 $5 $6 $7.50 $10

Cotton Petticoats—carefully produced in Fifth Avenue Taffeta, High Lustre Sateen and Heather Bloom, in solid colors and smart stripes.

$1 $1.45 $2 $2.25 $2.50

We Have Made Unusual Preparation to Hold Today

A Remarkable Sale of

Women's Wool Jersey Frocks

In smart hand-embroidered and braided models

At $25

Three very graceful styles, two as *pictured*, developed with great care in good quality Wool Jersey.

One model is straight of line, another in smart tunic effect tastefully embroidered, and a third model is in the very modish coat style. All are most exceptional value at this low price. To be had in

Navy, Reindeer, Black, Brown and Flemish Blue.

Fourth Floor.

A Remarkable Sale of

Women's Cloth and Velveteen Suits at $29.50

Regularly $39.50 to $59

The sample line of one of New York's best known manufacturers, together with similar models from our regular stock that have been selling at $39.50 and $59. Fashioned of Twill-back Velveteen, Silvertone, Chevrons, Velour, Velour Checks, Oxfords, Full-wool and Drap de Meer.

Each suit beautifully silk lined and warmly interlined. Two styles *pictured*.

Fourth Floor.

Buy Them for Gift Purposes—

Fashionable

Velvet Bags,

in a special sale

At $5

¶ The best values in Velvet Bags seen in New York for many, many months.

¶ Many beautiful models, made of good quality Velvet, lined with silk poplin. One style *pictured*.

Main Floor.

Dainty Crepe de Chine Blouses

are very, very scarce, but greatly in fashion's favor. We offer a splendid selection today

At $5.50 to $12.95

At no previous time have blouses of Crepe de Chine been in such demand—nor were they ever more scarce. Owing to very favorable trade connections we have been able to assemble a much wider selection of these blouses than would otherwise be possible—in fact, we *know* our collection of Crepe de Chine Blouses to be the choicest in the City.

Literally Dozens of Models

with high and low cut necks, strictly tailleur or elaborated with rich embroideries and laces, skilful reproductions of the handsomest Paris Blouses created for Mid-Winter.

Third Floor.

TODAY, SATURDAY

Girls' Winter Coats

of a character rarely seen

At $23.75

Youthful fur-collar coats—as *pictured*—with full pleated skirt, smart cuffs, new pockets and belt. Fashioned of Wool Polo Cloth—a rich all-wool fabric new in great favor.

Also at $23.75—A large collection of plain tailored coats, in all wanted materials, fully lined. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Girls' Moufflon-Trimmed Coats Special $14.75

Cleverly styled coats for the girl of 6 to 10 years, modeled in fine quality Wool Velour, with large collar of Moufflon Fur. Warmly lined throughout.

Also at $14.75, many smart tailored models, self trimmed.

Exceptional Values—

Girls' Wool Serge Frocks

Today at $15.75

Two very winsome models, carefully fashioned of durable Navy Blue Serge. One is in straight line effect, prettily embroidered, and the other in coatee style, as *pictured*, with smart taffeta vestee. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

At $15.75—Unequalled!

Second Floor.

Select Your Boys' Clothes On a Quality Basis

Now, when higher prices are universally in effect, quality should be the basis upon which you select Sonny's clothes, for only the very finest of clothing can render a service commensurate with the price you pay. Saks clothes for Boys are the finest obtainable. Quality is the basis upon which our very extensive business has been established.

FEATURED TODAY—

Boys' Regulation Coats Special $13.75

Pictured. Smart double-breasted coat, tailored in navy blue cheviot, lined with warm red flannel. Note the new muff pockets that all active boys are asking for. Sizes 5 to 10 years.

Boys' Serviceable Middy Suits, $11

Every little fellow wants to be a "Sailor," and longs for a Middy Suit. These are splendidly made of all wool serge, and may be had in sizes 3 to 8 years. *Pictured.*

Boys' Suits With Extra Knickers, $16.75

In exclusive Saks Models, with new pocket and belt treatments. Carefully tailored in a wide variety of the newest Winter Mixtures. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Suits With Extra Knickers at $25

None better tailored. Excellent range of models, featuring many innovations active boys lean toward. Expertly developed in woolens known for their marked dependability. Sizes 10 to 18 years. *Second Floor.*

GOVERNORS OPPOSE SEIZING OF MINES

Seven Reply to Harding of Iowa, and Only Roberts of Tennessee Would Run Collieries.

FOR ACTION BY WASHINGTON

Garfield Says Harding Proposal Would Destroy Federal Control Needed to Meet Emergency.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 21.—Governor W. L. Harding of Iowa had received replies from the Governors of seven bituminous coal producing States up to noon today to his suggestion yesterday that the States take concerted action in an effort to have bituminous coal digging resumed, but not enough had replied for Governor Harding to say whether he would call a conference of Governors.

States from which he had heard were Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Pennsylvania.

Governor Roberts of Tennessee said:

"Unless coal situation improves think it necessary for some positive action to be taken looking to operating coal mines. Suggest early conference of Governors for concerted action."

Governor Goodrich of Indiana said:

"Will give careful consideration to your suggestion. It occurs to me that any action along the line suggested in your message might complicate negotiations now pending in Washington. I suggest before reaching any definite conclusion on the matter that we defer reaching any definite decision until next week and await the outcome of the conference at Washington."

Governor Black of Kentucky simply said:

"Miners of Kentucky gradually returning to work."

Governor Cornwell of West Virginia telegraphed:

"Inasmuch as comparatively few mines in this State are idle and production of entire State more than 75 per cent. of normal, no such action as you suggest necessary here."

Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania wired:

"Conditions here not so critical as you describe. Large proportion of collieries now working. I would hesitate before I would make scale what you suggest. Might complicate conditions in Washington conference and possibly work harm."

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 21.—Governor James Cox does not think that the States in the soft coal strike district should attempt to operate the mines at this time. If that is to be done it should be by the Federal Government, he says. However, he is convinced that something must be done in the near future and that if the Federal Government does not act the States will be forced to do so.

Governor Cox sent the following telegram to Governor Harding:

"The conference at Washington does not bring immediate adjustment. Governmental intervention will have to take place, in the shape of operating the mines, but this intervention should be by the Federal Government. If our call fails and the Federal Government does not take charge, then in my judgment the States will have to do it."

Governor Cox today received a telegram from Fuel Administrator Garfield which reads:

"I have today telegraphed Governor Harding of Iowa as follows: 'Your messages of Nov. 19 and 20 received. I appreciate the gravity of the Iowa situation. Railroad Administration advises that all Iowa requests have been handled in accordance with preference list and records last night showed no domestic or public utility needs unfilled, though demands deemed nonessential have been refused. I suggest close cooperation with Regional Coal Committees and immediate reference to them of any fuel emergencies. Every effort is being made to protect the situation by preferential movement of coal from eastern points.

"It is impossible to comply with your suggestion that power to fix coal prices be conferred on you. If this were done similar requests from executives of other coal-producing States could not consistently be refused and Federal control which is essential in the national emergency would be lost. This control exercised under act of Congress necessarily excludes independent State control of same subject matter. Please note that Government price restrictions will be applicable to sales of coal produced in Iowa whoever is in control of mines. I am repeating this telegram to Governors of all coal-producing States."

OFFER NEW TERMS IN COAL DEADLOCK

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

ernment intervention becomes a necessity. But if the representatives of the operators and miners feel that such an agreement is being approached they are disguising their optimism.

It is apparent that both sides are employing every method at their disposal to gain an advantage, and are fighting hard to obtain as many concessions as possible in the event that a common understanding is reached. The fact that Secretary Wilson was called in late today, after a deadlock had been reached, was considered in some quarters as a favorable sign, and indicating a tendency to realize that something had to be done within the next two or three days.

The sessions of miners and operators began this morning at 10 o'clock, when the operators stated that their offer of 20 per cent. increase on day work and 15 cents a ton for pick and machine miners was as far as they would go. The miners flatly rejected the offer.

As a counterproposal the miners then offered to accept a general increase of 40 per cent. on tonnage, yardage and dead work, a seven-hour day with a half holiday on Saturday, and that all internal differences shall be referred back to the respective districts for adjustment without the qualifying conditions contained in the so-called Washington contract.

This proposal the operators rejected without much debate. They refused to consider a seven-hour day, on the proposal concerning internal differences being referred back to the respective districts for adjustment. Such a provision, they said, would mean that there would be continual strife in various fields and would in effect invalidate the principles of the agreement, putting it in the power of the miners in various districts to make all sorts of impossible demands.

Operators Offer New Terms.

There the dispute rested for some time. Finally during the afternoon conference the operators offered a general increase of 20 per cent. and withdrew two other conditions which they had included in their offer of yesterday. These were that supplies for the miners should not be provided at less than cost, and that the national officers of the miners be made responsible for the carrying out of the contract.

Again the miners rejected the offer and no progress was made during an hour more of debate.

At this point, according to Mr. Brewster of the operators, the operators offered three methods for compulsory arbitration.

They were:

1. That the President appoint a tribunal to adjust the differences.

2. That a tribunal be formed to be composed of four members appointed by the operators, four by the miners, and one member to be selected by the eight so appointed.

3. That a tribunal be formed composed of three members selected by the operators, three selected by the miners, and three by the President of the United States.

Miners Refuse to Arbitrate.

These offers of a method of arbitration, said Mr. Brewster, were all rejected by the miners.

It was at this point that Secretary of Labor Wilson was called in by mutual consent of all of the conferees.

During the conference Acting President Lewis of the United Mine Workers was seen in the anteroom and was asked if the miners had accepted the offer made by the operators.

"No, we have not," he said. "And that is only half of the answer. We are not going to accept the proposal made."

INSTANT POSTUM

has taken the place of coffee in many homes

Convenient
Economical
Satisfying
Made instantly

Sold by Grocers.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Men's
Ready-for-Service
Suits and Overcoats

At a price that will bring hundreds of Men here Today

$45.00

Just arrived—a large shipment of Suits and Overcoats—Orders were placed months ago—Could not go into the wholesale market and duplicate them in many instances at the price we have fixed for To-day's selling.

Come as early as convenient—all sizes in all models when the Sale starts.

The Suits at $45
Desirable all wool fabrics in solid colors and mixtures—greys, browns and greens—excellently tailored.
Other Suits up to $75.00

Town Ulsters at $45
Double-breasted, belted back models in soft fleecy fabrics—browns, greys and heather mixtures; sizes 34 to 44.
Overcoats, $40.00 to $110

No Charge for Alterations.

Fourth Floor

This Store Closes at 5 P. M.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

TO-DAY, SATURDAY

A Most Unusual Offering
Women's Suits
48.00
regularly 59.50 and 69.50

Fancy being able to procure a Suit of an exclusive fabric for so little expenditure!

It is possible nevertheless because we purchased the entire stock of a prominent manufacturer and importer. When one purchases in large quantities the price is always lower, of course.

Many of the Suits in the assortment are fashioned in dressy styles beautifully fur-trimmed or embroidered. Others are of tailored persuasion, unadorned or trimmed with Silk braid. Every model is faultlessly finished and lined with Silk of high quality.

Clearance Sale

Many exclusive models in Suits taken from regular stock have been reduced to 38.00

Here Is the Opportunity You Have Been Awaiting!

Women's High-Class Coats

Priced Greatly Below Actual Value

Highly fashionable Coats of splendid materials—long and short models—have been priced at but a fraction above cost to us.

There are many beautiful, dressy styles, many adorned with muffler collars and cuffs of Sealine, as well as swagger sport models. Polo Coats in short lengths, fashioned of genuine Camel's Hair cloth and Heather Mixture. The long models are shown in Suedine and Wool Velour.

We consider this assortment, without question, one of the finest we have ever assembled at these prices

28.00, 38.00, 48.00 and **65.00**
regularly 39.50 to 95.00

Stern Brothers

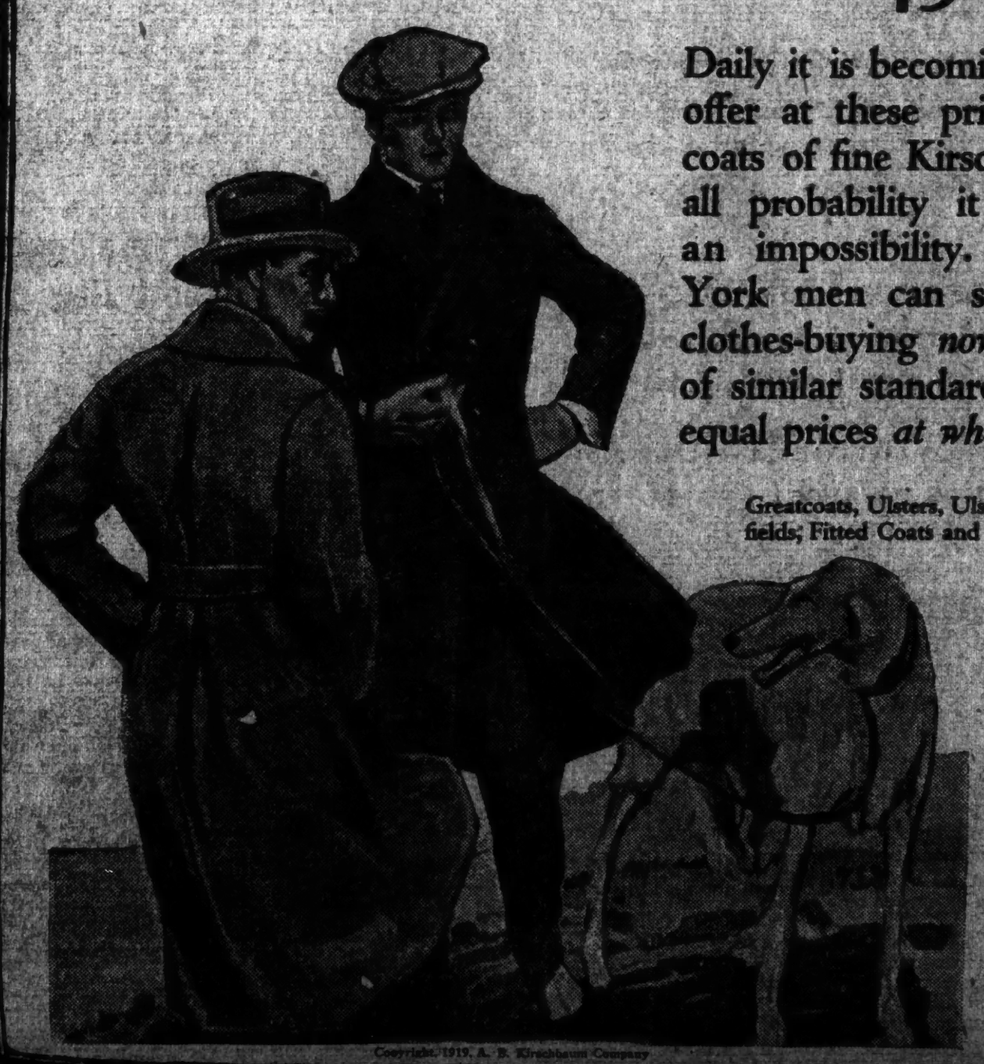
WEST 42d STREET *(Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue)* WEST 43d STREET

The Men's Section—Third Floor—Features For This Week End

GREAT VALUES FOR MEN

KIRSCHBAUM SUITS, OVERCOATS AND GREATCOATS

$45 and $55



Daily it is becoming more difficult to offer at these prices, suits and overcoats of fine Kirschbaum quality. In all probability it will soon become an impossibility. Meanwhile New York men can save by doing their clothes-buying *now*. Already clothes of similar standards are commanding equal prices *at wholesale*.

Greatcoats, Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Box Coats, Chesterfields; Fitted Coats and Sack Suits of the finer type.

A superb selection of fine greatcoats in the famous Cheshires and other luxurious overcoatings—
$65, $75, $85 and $95

Copyright 1919, A. B. Kirschbaum Company

Whether you drive your own car or employ some one for the purpose, WARM GLOVES are a necessary part of the motor equipment. Have comfort always on hand with a pair of

Cape wool lined adjustable wrist strap gloves. Very soft and pliable. Tan or black. 5.00 pr.

Best & Co.
Fif h Ave. at 35th St.
Gentlemen's Haberdashery

You Never Pay More at Best's

PRINTING

To a limited number of reliable business houses I am offering Letter Heads 8½x11 in lots of 5,000 for $30, printed in black on 20-lb. white Hammermill Bond. Terms: Cash.

Interesting propositions on all classes of Job Printing.

H. H. McKnight, Montclair, N. J.

BERGDORF GOODMAN

616 FIFTH AVENUE

Misses' costumes which present the unusual in apparel for young women

A VERY ALLURING ADVERTISING RATE

"The Billboard"—the big weekly theatrical digest and trade journal of American actors, actresses and show folk generally—has gained nearly 20,000 circulation so far this year. Edition now exceeds

51,000 COPIES

and still increasing steadily—without advancing its rate—nor will it until January 1st.

Great Chance to Test It Between Now and December 31. Think of it,

LESS THAN HALF-A-CENT A LINE PER THOUSAND COPIES

for highly concentrated class circulation in these times.

Plenty of proof, any kind you want, all you ask for. Also references.

THE BILLBOARD PUBLISHING CO.
1493 Broadway, New York. Tel. Bryant 8470.

Victor output reaches normal

The shortage in Victrolas will soon be relieved

Plans for expanding the plant to meet the tremendous increase in demand have been fully matured and are under way—astonishing increases are assured within the next few months.

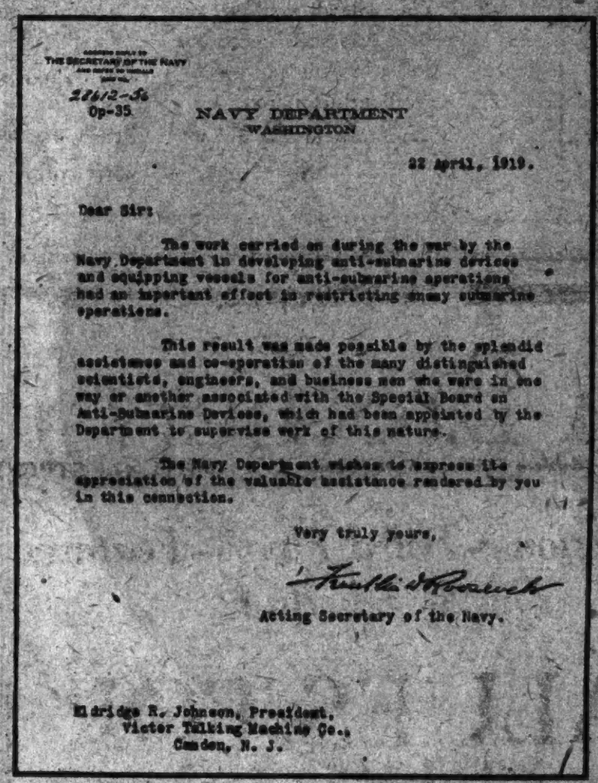
The value of the Victor Talking Machine Company's output for October was the greatest in its history. The unprecedented shortage of Victrolas will therefore soon be relieved.

During the war practically 90% of the $36,000,000 Victor investment was devoted to war work. This was responsible for the almost total disappearance of Victrolas from the market.

The armistice was signed in November, 1918, but it was not until March, 1919, that the Victor Company could clear its plant of war orders. And as it requires at least four months to manufacture Victrolas in the way the Victor Company manufactures them and in the way they should be manufactured, the rapidity of our recovery to normal output will be appreciated by all who know about manufacturing.

The Victor Company is the only talking machine company in the United States which has a complete plant for the manufacture of complete talking machines. All others are operated more or less by a system of contract construction—the fabricating system.

Years ago the Victor Company found it necessary to erect a large plant *of its own* in order to maintain its own standard of quality—VICTOR QUALITY.



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NAVY DEPARTMENT
WASHINGTON

22 April, 1919.

Dear Sir:

The work carried on during the war by the Navy Department in developing anti-submarine devices and equipping vessels for anti-submarine operations had an important effect in restricting enemy submarine operations.

This result was made possible by the splendid assistance and co-operation of the many distinguished scientists, engineers, and business men who were in one way or another associated with the Special Board on Anti-Submarine Devices, which had been appointed by the Department to supervise work of this nature.

The Navy Department wishes to express its appreciation of the valuable assistance rendered by you in this connection.

Very truly yours,

Franklin D. Roosevelt
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

Eldridge R. Johnson, President,
Victor Talking Machine Co.,
Camden, N. J.

As this plant happened to be exactly what the Government required to produce bombing hydro-aeroplanes and other submarine detecting devices, the Victor plant was chosen for the place of honor and sacrifice, while our less fortunate or less competent competitors were ignored and allowed to continue.

This is the true story, the cause of the shortage in Victrolas, which our competitors have not been slow to take advantage of.

Many of our exclusive dealers stood by their convictions, while some have not and have put in competing lines which in many instances are inferior. This was their privilege, but we wish to point out that the advertisements which are appearing announcing several lines of "standard" talking machines are misleading.

There can never be several standards. The shortage of Victrolas and the lure of greater profits has induced the endorsement of inferior goods.

The Victor Company is the original manufacturer of the Victrola and holds all the original patents. In the last twenty-three years the Victor Company has originated all the startling improvements in the type of talking machine which it manufactures. Other manufacturers have simply followed, manufacturing instruments which are largely imitative.

The Victor Company is the only company in the United States fully equipped to make standard talking machines of the gramophone type—the Victrola is a gramophone *not* a phonograph.

There is only one standard talking machine and that is the VICTROLA.

There can be but one standard in any line, and the Victor Company produces the standard in talking machines.

NOTE—By reason of the above circumstances it is important that prospective customers visit a store where Victor goods are given fair presentation.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

A Boon to Investors

Our First Mortgage Certificates enable you, without expense, to put out at any time any sum from $200 up at 5%.

You can make this investment as easily as you can make a deposit in a bank.

You will never have occasion to worry about the safety of your money because this Company guarantees absolutely the repayment of your principal.

We have guaranteed $700,000,000 in the past 27 years and no investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica
67 Jackson Ave., Long Island City

REDFIELD REBUKES THE LABOR UNIONS

Tells Specialty Convention That Workers Failed Nation in an Hour of Need.

POINTS TO RECENT STRIKES

Country Was Ignored in Stopping of Coal and Steel Production, He Says.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 21.—"Gossamer profits," so modest that they should not excite public apprehension, as affirmed by the Chicago packers in their defense against the onslaughts which have been leveled at them recently, were again under attack by William B. Oliver, Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, in an address today at the closing session of the annual convention of the American Specialty Manufacturers' Association. The speaker cited their invasion of the food supply field in an alleged effort to monopolize it.

"The five Chicago packing houses operate through 574 corporations and trade names, dealing in six or seven hundred items, hundreds unrelated to the packing business," he said. "The wholesale grocers are contending against the invasion before the Interstate Commerce Commission. Many of you gentlemen are threatened, some of you have already suffered. Their entry is marked by a dislocation of the usual orderly conduct of business. The momentum of a great organization and of great resources, and the willingness to operate at a loss while gaining a foothold, makes their appearance in any line of business a real cause of apprehension."

William C. Redfield, former Secretary of Commerce, took the labor unions to task for failing in their obligation to the nation in its hour of need and pointed to the recent steel and coal strike orders.

"Are the interests of two groups of workers greater than the interests of the whole nation as respects those two great commodities?" he asked. "We may not answer this question by saying that those interests are greater than those of the workers, for that in its turn puts the worker above the nation. It is, of course, conceivable that conditions may have been so inhuman, so desperately bad, as to involve almost a national crime in permitting them to continue.

"No such condition is shown or in any satisfactory measure alleged, and the fact that in many places a large majority of the steel workers were steadfast, as were the nonunion miners in many sections, would go to show that no cruelty or distress prevailed such as has been suggested. We seem reluctantly forced to admit that the stoppage of production was deliberate, undertaken at a time when production was vital to the nation, in order that two separate, relatively small groups, not unanimous among themselves, might have their own gains enhanced even through the nation's distress."

He went on to point out that no class of workers had an unlimited right to strike, that the cry that this was a free country could not be used to protect those who sought to bring harm to the nation or any of its citizens.

These officers were elected: President, Frederick E. Mason, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Vice Presidents, W. W. Frazier, Philadelphia; J. M. Hills, New York; Louis deDavis, New York; Treasurer, D. O. Everhard, New York; Directors, William L. Sweet, S. H. Small, George K. Carter, and R. H. Bond.

SAYS LABOR FLIES RED FLAG

Piez Accuses the Federation of Having Surrendered to Radicals.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.—Asserting that organized labor had lost sight of its obligations to the public, Charles Piez, of Chicago, formerly of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, gave it as his belief that the red flag of radicalism had been raised above the red, white, and blue in the American Federation of Labor, in an address delivered before the final session of the American Mining Congress here today.

"At this time organized labor is stronger in membership and stronger in solidarity than ever before in its history," said Mr. Piez. "There is evident in its methods and its aims none of the care and consideration that should attend the exercise of great power. It has thrown caution to the winds and is prepared to wreck the State itself in its blind intent to follow the course laid by radicalism.

"The executives of the American Federation of Labor have yielded too much to the desire for numbers, and they have, therefore, before them a large job of housecleaning to re-establish themselves in the public confidence."

Mr. Piez advocated deportation of troublesome aliens. He said labor organizations must no longer be exempted from legislation enacted to safeguard the public against the extortion of combinations. He commended the provision contained in the Cummins bill for compulsory arbitration in railroad labor disputes and further advocated restrictive legislation of a sort that would not prevent strikes when they were necessary as a last resort to secure justice.

PRINTERS' HEADS HERE.

Three of International Council Arrive to Study Situation.

Three members of the Executive Council of the International Typographical Union arrived here last night to take action toward ending the deadlock in the printing trades caused by the persistence of the members of Typographical Union No. 6 in remaining away from work in sympathy with the seceding pressmen and assistants. The three, who went to the Hotel Imperial, were W. W. Barrett, First Vice President; James J. Hoban, Second Vice President, and J. W. Hays, Secretary of the Council. Secretary Hays said that the members had only a faint idea of what the trouble in New York was, and until they had first-hand information they would not be able to state their plans.

The members of the printing trades in New York City face a serious period of unemployment following the adjustment of the present dispute between the employers and employes, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Allied Printing Trades Council. It is asserted that work is going out of New York on long-term contracts and that it cannot be brought back until those contracts expire. In a letter to the Trade Unions of Greater New York the Council urges them not to respond to the appeal for funds which is being made by members of the secessionist unions, as they are "outlaw organizations that are trying to destroy the American Federation of Labor and the principle upon which your own organization is founded."

The Printers' League issued a statement yesterday in which it is asserted that 160 of the 260 firms in the league were running their shops, thus increasing the number in the last three days by eighteen, among which were included some of the largest printing plants in the city.

It was announced yesterday that 400 members of the Lithographic and Printing Ink Makers' Union No. 2 had voted unanimously on Thursday night to remain out on strike until the Ink Makers Association had complied with their demands, which embody only a recognition of their union. John R. Ritchie, President of the local, said that approximately 125 of the 500 members of the union had returned to work in the sixteen shops where the employers had recognized the right of the ink makers to organize.

Fiorello H. La Guardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, yesterday sent a letter to Hugh Frayne, Organizer for the American Federation of Labor, urging him to use his good offices to induce the two parties to the controversy to get together. He sent copies of the same letter to William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants Association, and to Alfred E. Marling, President of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

Loss $8,000 a Day by Zone System.

Although no official figures on the company's receipts were given out, it was learned yesterday that the Public Service Railway Company of New Jersey was taking in $8,000 a day less under the present zone system than was the case with the 7-cent fare charge. At the same time, it stated, more people are patronizing the cars now than before

TIFFANY & CO.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

FINE CHINA AND GLASSWARE

Shirt Satisfaction

Satisfaction is the keynote of our success as America's largest shirt specialists.

It is woven into our shirtings, which are loomed in our own mills.

It is painstakingly sewn into the seams of our shirts, which are designed and finished on our own premises.

And you are assured that shirt satisfaction by our method of selling direct to the customer, over the counters of our own Chain Shirt Shops.

A typical Chain Shirt Shop value:

SILK STRIPED WOVEN MADRAS SHIRT—in a generous assortment of conservative and elaborate patterns. All the prevailing colors.

$2.95

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS

LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

SHOPS EVERYWHERE

The Nation's Greatest Asset

The children of today are the citizens of tomorrow. They are *the nation's greatest asset.* No labor so important, no duty so imperative, as that of making the children into 100% American citizens. We do not want bookworms, we want intelligent, well-informed, forceful men and women, who can do their own thinking. Only a small part of this education can be obtained in the schoolroom. Three-fourths of it must be acquired in the daily reading, entertainments and occupations in the home.

THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE is a new method of education in the HOME. Over 10,000 delightful educational pictures and brief, intensely interesting articles tell the children everything they need to know in plain and simple language. It expands every faculty of the child's growing mind and nature, and leads him into the great world of knowledge by easy and delightful steps. It gives the children an education which will meet the demands of life.

The Book of Knowledge

The Children's Encyclopedia

10,000 Educational Pictures **In Five Languages** **350 Colored Plates**

English French Spanish Italian Portuguese

Curiosity—the Great Teacher

CURIOSITY is the beginning of all knowledge. Do you know any subject about which your child has not asked you a dozen questions? Let him ask as many as he likes, and be sure to answer them correctly. That is the parent's most important and most easily neglected duty. If you discourage your child's curiosity you will injure his mind, and the bright boy or girl becomes stupid or indifferent. **Through curiosity Columbus discovered America.** THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE is the simplest and most natural method of helping the child to educate himself. IT ANSWERS EVERY QUESTION A CHILD CAN ASK IN PLAIN AND SIMPLE LANGUAGE. So captivating is this great original work to the mind of a child that he absorbs with little effort the profound truths and great facts of the world of knowledge while reading its delightful pages and looking at the thousands of striking educational pictures.

Answers Every Question a Child Can Ask

Why do we grow old?
Who made the first electric light?
How did the days get their names?
Why is a river always running?
Why does lightning strike some things and not others?
Where does the wind begin?
Why does the kettle sing?
Where do thoughts come from?
What makes coal burn?
Why has a star five points?
What is it like at the bottom of the sea?
Why are tears salt?
Why do we have names?
What is a thunder-bolt?
How high can men fly?
Is the earth hollow inside?

Your Child Is Unique

Your child is like no other child in the world. He has his own peculiar taste and need for both physical and mental food. Some kinds of food agree with him and some do not. THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE is the right kind of nourishing food for the child's mind during the growing years. Give your child this remarkable, original work, and watch carefully which of the 16 Great Departments interests him most. *Nature, Science, History, Biography, Astronomy, Physiology, Art, Literature, Poetry,* or *Manual Training.* It will prove *THE KEY* to his natural bent, and the kind of work or profession in which he will most easily succeed.

Your Child's Chance

In round numbers, what is your child's chance to become successful? If uneducated, he has one chance out of 150,000; with a common school education, 4 chances; with a high school education, 87 chances; with a college education, 800 chances; WITH THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE in the home, every chance. It is not a luxury, it is an absolute necessity. It is an INVESTMENT in your child's future which will pay dividends as long as he lives. In over 650,000 homes today the children are being educated with THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE. *Give your child his chance to compete with them.*

If You Have Children of School Age Mail This FREE COUPON Today

Times readers may obtain free of charge the valuable and attractive illustrated book of specimen pages from THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE. Let the children decide whether this new method of education interests them. Send for FREE 80-page book which contains the following subjects: *The Sun and His Family; What Our Skin is Like; How the Nail Grows on the Finger; How the Teeth Grow; The Nerves of Smell; The Marvel of Hearing; The Lords of the Wild Kingdom; A Concrete Ship in the Water; The Wonderful Birth of the Wheat; How We Dig Up Sunshine; Making the Desert Blossom; Canada the Wonderland; The Republics of South America; The Boy Carpenter's Box of Tools; West Point and Annapolis, and Others.*

The Grolier Society

2 West 45th Street NEW YORK

THE GROLIER SOCIETY

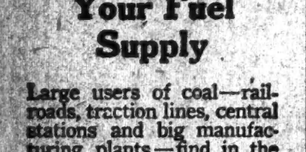
2 West 45th Street, New York

Please mail descriptive book containing specimen pages and illustrations from THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE, and explaining the use and meaning of the work for the child and the parents.

Name.....

Address.....

T-11-16



Safeguarding Your Fuel Supply

Large users of coal—railroads, traction lines, central stations and big manufacturing plants—find in the present unsettled conditions a source of anxiety. They must be certain that they have eliminated—so far as possible—all chances for failure in their fuel supply.

To those having their own mines we offer engineering and management service that reduce cost of production as well as giving assurance of supply.

To those contemplating the purchase or sale of coal mines we offer services as independent appraisers.

Having developed our business from small retail coal merchants, 36 years ago, to operating twenty-eight mines with an annual capacity of thirteen million tons, we believe we have a knowledge of fuel production and distribution that you will find of value to your company.

If you have a fuel problem, we will be glad to assist in its solution.

PEABODY COAL CO.
CHICAGO

Scene at the laboratories of Dr. Serge Voronoff, with the old goats who renewed their youth by the surgeon's transplantation of glands, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Adv.

Gimbel Brothers

34TH ST.—BROADWAY—33RD ST.

Gimbels Men's Clothing Section—Fourth Floor.

The illustration is of styles included in this Saturday offering at $39.75.

Over 5,000 Suits and Overcoats for Men in To-Day's Sale

$39.75

For This Last Saturday Before Thanksgiving, Gimbels Great Men's Clothing Section Brings Forward a Grouping of

Scores of Styles: Many Fine Fabrics: Every Wanted Size

At a Price Representing A Special Reduction From Our Well Known Low Prices

Overcoats in Box, Ulsterette, Ulster, Dress and other models in brown, oxford grey and brown, green and grey mixtures.

Suits—one, two, three-button styles; single and double breasted plain blue, oxford greys, fancy mixtures and worsted stripes.

Fine winter overcoats and suits for men and young men in qualities rarely seen in the olden days at a lower price—for $39.75.

Come—see for yourself!

At Gimbels MORE Good Clothing from MORE Good Makers At Prices Based on Three-Store Buying Power

Clothing from twenty-five of America's leading makers (including most of those who advertise nationally); you get their "choice of the house" and not the whim or hobby of any one or two makers.

Clothing of every description for every type of man and every man's taste at prices to suit every man's purse.

Other suits and overcoats up to $100.

Let This Special Saturday Sale of Clothing Be Your Introduction to Gimbels Million Dollar Men's and Boys' Clothing Stocks.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street **West 43rd Street**

(Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues)

Continuation Sale To-day

Men's Four-in-Hand Scarfs

Suitable for Christmas Gifts

68c, 1.00, 1.45 to 3.50

MEN'S HIGH-GRADE SCARFS, fashioned of rich and durable Silks or Satins; newest designs represented in the most desirable bright Autumn and conservative colorings. This Neckwear was secured before the recent price advances and cannot be duplicated at the prices quoted.

Special Tables, Men's Sections, located at the Sixth Avenue Entrance

RETAILERS TO CUT PRICE ON TURKEYS

Butchers' Association Agrees to Accept Smaller Margin on Thanksgiving Fowls.

BEST GRADES NOT INCLUDED

Government Sales Store to Offer $1.99 Holiday Food Package—Arrest Alleged Sugar Profiteer.

A lowering of the retail price of Thanksgiving turkey was promised yesterday by the Retail Butchers' Association of New York in a communication sent to Arthur Williams, Federal Food Administrator. According to Mr. Williams, the butchers have agreed to accept a margin of profit 5 per cent. under that allowed them last year on holiday fowl, thus bringing the price down almost equal to what it was last year.

The butchers reached their decision following a conference with the Food Administrator on Thursday wherein he pleaded with them to make some allowance for the spirit of the occasion and reduce their profit on Thanksgiving turkey. In asking this, Mr. Williams told the butchers he realized that for them to accept the same margin of profit as last year was a concession in view of the fact that their overhead costs were so much higher. He was very much pleased to learn late yesterday that the association had voted to reduce the margin.

"It may not mean so much to people who do not have to count their pennies," said Mr. Williams, "but this little reduction by the butchers is going to bring joy to a good many families where the Thanksgiving turkey is purchased with pennies that have been eked out by a year's careful saving. Of course, the reduction will only be made in the profit on the cheaper grade of fowl. I have asked the dealers to make none in case of the fancy birds.

"I can't tell yet what the price will be, but I am told that at present live turkeys are costing at the farm two cents a pound more than last year. It may be increased before Thanksgiving. I am mighty glad the butchers have come to the front like this, and let me tell you we cannot give them too much credit for it. Turkey of any kind is going to be expensive this Fall, especially since I am informed there is practically no cold storage fowl to be had."

The Government sales store at 22 West Nineteenth Street announced yesterday the composition of the Thanksgiving package which it is offering for the holiday. It contains:

1 large can apples	.40
2 cans of peas	.18
2 packages spaghetti	.14
2 cans tomatos	.18
4 cans pork and beans	.16
1 can corned beef	.45
2 cans stick candy	.50
Total	$1.99

Dr. Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Markets, announced yesterday that in the near future the city would have for distribution at cost a large quantity of navy wearing apparel, including underwear, socks, shirts, etc. The Commissioner was unable to state at present just when such a sale would take place, nor where.

In order to relieve the congestion of the mails during the holiday season the War Department yesterday made public an order here commanding the Director of Sales to discontinue to accept orders for goods from the army stores to be delivered by parcel post after Dec. 10.

Charged with profiteering in sugar by selling it at 18 cents a pound, Herbert H. Thornton, 30 years old, who, with his father, Joseph Thornton, conducts the Carlisle Tea Company at 360 Lewis Avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday by United States Marshal James M. Power. It is alleged that he sold 100 pounds of sugar at the illegal price to Fred Rattner, who keeps a grocery store in Fulton Street, near Grand Avenue.

ARREST PAYING TELLER.

Alleged Embezzler Gave Dollar Tips—Woman Assistant Also Accused.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 21.—Ralph Deicken, whose dollar tips to barbers and expensive clothes gained him the title of the "Beau Brummel Bank Clerk" was arrested today on a Federal warrant charging him with embezzlement of $27,000 from the Ridgely Farmers State Bank where he was employed as paying teller until a month ago.

Miss Jessie Conner, bookkeeper, was arrested on the same charge. Miss Conner, it is alleged, assisted Deicken in covering up his defalcations.

Church Notices on Page Twenty-seven.

NUTS

ON Thanksgiving Day nuts of the highest quality will, of course, take their place in your enjoyment of the time - honored feast. They furnish the climax to the dinner.

All our nuts, in the shell, shelled and salted, are selected with expert knowledge.

To secure the best service, place your order with us now for Thanksgiving Day.

Call, write or telephone Cortlandt 4139.

CHARLES S. CASH

Every good nut that grows

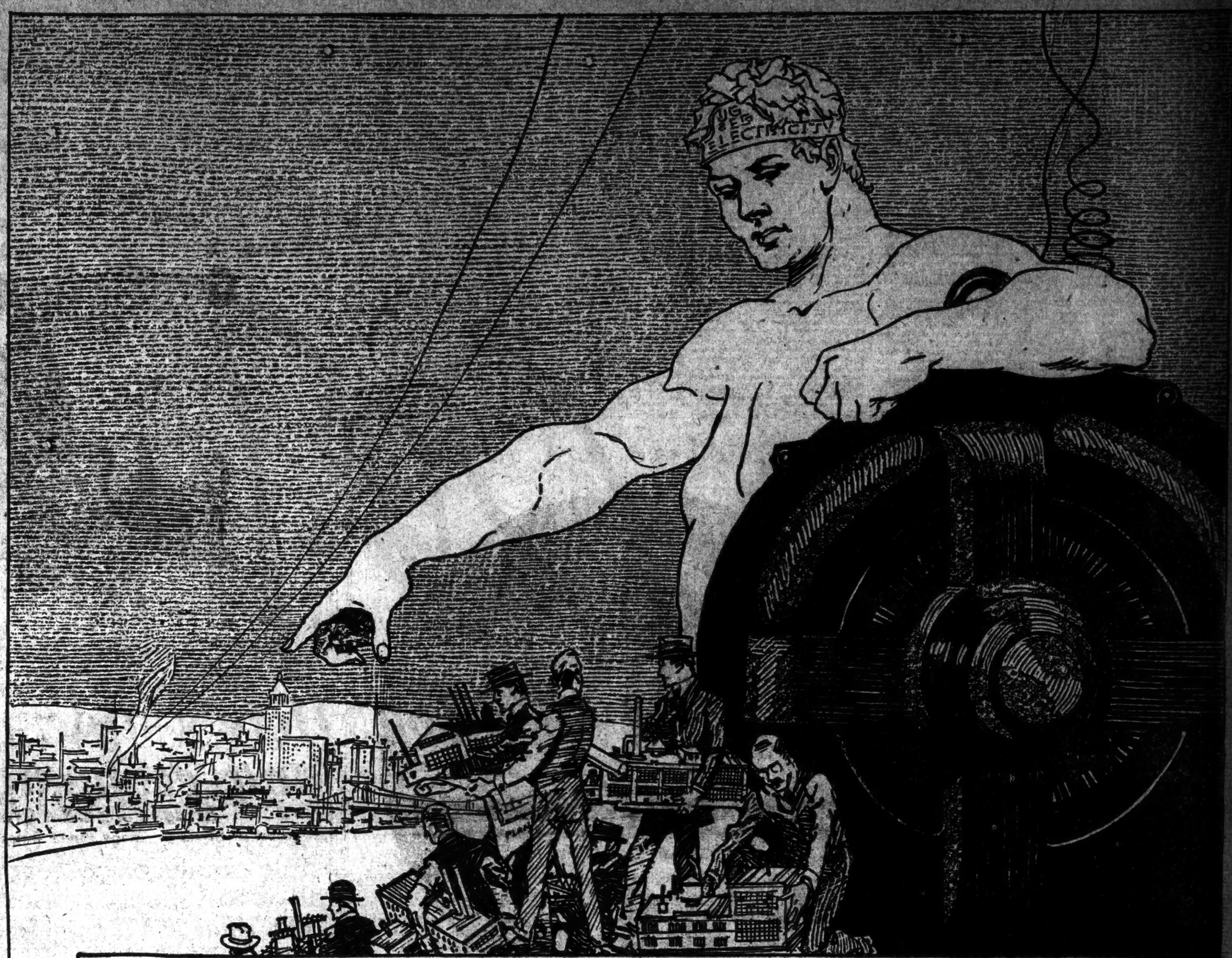
222-225 FULTON STREET
Half block west Hudson Terminal.
809 MADISON AVENUE
Two doors below 42d Street.

ARTHUR McGOVERN

Former Physical Director of the Clinic for Functional Re-Education of Soldiers and Sailors, interviewed by John J. Lutge, pointed out that the percentage of men in the United States below the physical standard demanded by the military authorities was surprisingly high. Mr. Lutge states that Mr. McGovern's method of physical reclamation has been recognized by the authorities, and that it is now applied in civil life with abundant success.

The McGovern Gymnasium is replete with every convenience for physical upbuilding of the kind used to prepare our soldiers and sailors for their work.

McGovern's Gymnasium
5 West 66th Street.
Telephone 2928-2198 Columbus.



BRING *your* PRINTING PLANTS to Cincinnati

Cincinnati is the logical location for large printing and publishing plants. Besides the advantages it offers to all industries Cincinnati possesses many advantages particularly important to publishers and printers. Cincinnati is a paper market second to none. It is the headquarters of the largest printing ink industry in the United States. It is centrally situated with unusual transportation advantages; possesses splendid power facilities; enjoys good city government; labor relations are satisfactory; living and housing costs are reasonable; and its population is practically entirely native-born Americans.

The Center of Paper Manufacture. Within a radius of 50 miles are 29 large paper mills producing daily 1600 tons of book and cover papers. Cincinnati is a distributing center for newsprint, and nearer than any other large city to the great paper manufacturing centers.

Leads in Ink Production. Being the headquarters of the ink industry all the requirements of publishers and printers can be entirely satisfied in Cincinnati at the lowest prices obtainable anywhere.

Dependable Labor. Cincinnati's workmen are All-American. Eighty-five per cent are native-born. The Cincinnati Typographical Union has never broken a contract. Lower living costs than in other large cities, and reasonable rents together with attractive opportunities for education and recreation attract and hold a fine type of skilled workmen such as those of the printing trades.

Economical Distribution: Center of Postal Zones. Cincinnati's central location as to population gives it great advantage as to postal rates. Transportation facilities by rail and water are convenient, rapid and economical.

Building Sites and Construction Costs. Building sites to meet every requirement are numerous in Cincinnati. Nearness to production centers of building materials makes construction costs very reasonable.

Unlimited Power. Our ten million dollar power plant assures adequate, dependable and low cost power to all industrial establishments locating or re-establishing in Cincinnati.

The Union Gas and Electric Company
Cincinnati

Survey Cincinnati's advantages for printing and publishing. If a personal visit is inconvenient we will gladly send a commercial engineer who will present the industrial facts you want to know.

Wire or Write
H. J. HOOVER, Commercial Manager

BLAINE-THOMPSON

SUPREME COURT ENDS PROHIBITION CASES

Decision is Not Expected Before December 8 at the Earliest.

ROOT CONTINUES ARGUMENT

Maintains Wartime Ban Was Designed to Remain in Effect Only During Hostilities.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The validity of the Wartime Prohibition law and the Volstead act for its enforcement was put squarely before the Supreme Court today with the closing of arguments attacking and defending both measures. There was no intimation as to when an opinion might be rendered, but owing to the importance of the issue, an early determination was considered probable.

The court will recess until Dec. 6 on Monday, so it is not likely the case will be decided before that time. National constitutional prohibition becomes effective Jan. 16 and if an opinion is not rendered by that date, it would make no difference what the court decided, as the country then would have passed through the wartime prohibition period.

Arguments today were confined entirely to the appeal of Jacob Ruppert, one New York brewer, from the dismissal of proceedings brought to prevent Federal revenue officers from interfering with the manufacture of beer containing more than one-half of 1 per cent. alcohol. Elihu Root, counsel for Mr. Ruppert, in attacking the validity of the Wartime Prohibition act, William D. Guthrie, appearing also for Mr. Ruppert, asserted the "mere fact that some American troops were still abroad did not expand or increase the powers of Congress" and that the act was obsolete, as demobilization had been completed and the war ended.

There was no abatement of the interest in the arguments today, all the space in the courtroom allotted to spectators being occupied, with a long line of persons waiting outside in the hope of gaining admittance.

Mr. Root told the Court that Mr. Ruppert and members of the Brewers' Association had more than $1,000,000 worth of beer made under authority of the Lever act and before the Volstead act was enacted, which they now were unable to sell.

Replying to Government contentions relative to the intent of Congress in passing the Wartime Prohibition act, Mr. Root quoted a statement made in the Senate by Senator Sheppard of Texas, Prohibition leader, that the act was designed to remain in effect only during hostilities and pending demobilization.

"The Court cannot close its eyes to the facts made known to all the world by the highest evidence in this matter," said Mr. Root, "and not determine whether by those facts Congress has the constitutional right to override the rights of the states given by the Tenth Amendment." Arguing that Congress had no authority to go out into the country after the war was over and where soldiers had been merged into the civil life and override the laws of the States," Mr. Root asked:

"Where are you to draw the line if you are to step over the line of absolute necessity into space? If it is to be within the competency of Congress to regulate the districts because they are permeated by Federal officials, then there is no limit to the authority of Congress."

By permitting the liquor interests one year to dispose of their stocks and adjust their affairs, Mr. Root said the Eighteenth Constitutional Amendment came "very near being a contract."

"This year of grace," he added, "was allowed by Congress and the States even when the war was flagrant and the demands for the highest exercise of power was at its height.

"But when this war is over this Volstead act takes away this time of grace," said Mr. Root, adding that even during this specified period the liquor interests "have been heckled and harried by statutes for the real motive of advancing prohibition for a few months before the constitutional amendment was to take effect.

"God grant," he concluded, "that the Constitution may remain effective for the imposition of limits on that official power which, if not limited by the courts of the country, will destroy liberty as effectively as German autocracy has done."

"The fact remains," Assistant Attorney General Frierson said, following Mr. Root, "that we are legally in a state of war, and the solemn duty rests on Congress to keep the country prepared to meet any complication that may arise before the conclusion of peace."

Replying to an inquiry by Justice Day, Mr. Frierson said the exchange of the ratifications of peace was the test for the ending of the war.

"If that is the test, why is it in some acts and not in others?" asked Justice Day.

Mr. Frierson conceded it was omitted in the Prohibition act.

Mr. Frierson charged that beer involved in the Ruppert case was made in violation of the Wartime Prohibition act. Beer, he declared, did not necessarily have to be an intoxicating beverage to be prohibited by the act. "My contention is that Congress used the word 'beer' and did it without any qualified words and did not leave the question of fact to be settled by experts," he said.

ZION CITY DESTROYS BEER.

Officials Empty 138,997 Seized Bottles into a Sewer.

ZION CITY, Ill., Nov. 21.—From a platform six feet high, 138,997 bottles of 2¾ per cent. beer today were emptied into a trough that ran to a sewer. Mayor W. H. Clendenin poured the first bottle and Chief of Police Becker and his aides finished the operation. The ceremony was postponed several days ago to permit construction of the platform and trough so as to prevent "contamination" of the city's streets. The empty bottles were sold to a junk dealer for $2,145.

The beer was ordered destroyed by Judge Claire C. Edwards of the Waukegan Circuit Court, after it had been confiscated when seized from smugglers from Wisconsin.

The time chosen to begin the ceremony was 9 o'clock, when Zion's big bell is tolled and every resident kneels at his work and offers a short prayer.

A. B. Forde, lawyer, opened the first two bottles of beer and poured them into the big trough after he had delivered a brief address on prohibition.

At 10 o'clock Wilbur Glenn Voliva, head of the Christian Catholic Apostolic Church, joined the beer pourers. He worked for several hours.

NAME PROHIBITION DIRECTORS.

Roper Appoints C. R. O'Connor for New York State.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper today announced the appointment of two more Federal Prohibition Directors.

Charles R. O'Connor of Hobart will be State Director for New York, and James H. Combs of Lexington State Director for Kentucky.

Puts Off Liquor Case Arguments.

The hearing of arguments on an application for an injunction to restrain the Eastern Hotel Corporation and twenty-nine saloonkeepers from selling liquors in violation of the Prohibition Law was postponed by Judge Learned Hand in the United States District Court yesterday until Dec. 12.

MARY PICKFORD WINS SUIT.

Jury Says She Owes Nothing to Mrs. Wilkening on $1,080,000 Contract.

The jury in the court of Justice Platzek that heard the suit of Mrs. Cora C. Wilkening against Mary Pickford to recover 10 per cent. of the $1,080,000 she received under a two-year contract made with Adolph Zukor in 1916, returned a verdict yesterday for Miss Pickford.

The case was first tried a year ago when a jury gave Mrs. Wilkening the full amount sued for on the ground that she caused the Zukor contract to be made. The Appellate Division ordered a new trial on the ground that the evidence did not justify a verdict that Mrs. Wilkening was employed as Miss Pickford's agent to negotiate the contract.

At the present trial Miss Pickford denied that she had employed the plaintiff, and her mother, who usually acts as her agent, said that Mrs. Wilkening said that she expected nothing but the presents that would come to her if Miss Pickford signed a contract with any producer through her.

The parties were not in court when the jury reported after an hour and a half of deliberation. Mrs. Wilkening will appeal.

Church Notices on Page Twenty-seven.

DECIDES 2.75 BEER IS NONINTOXICATING

Federal Judge at St. Louis Halts Interference with Its Manufacture.

SEES STATE LAW INFRINGED

Asserts Congress, in Enforcement Act, Re-exercised War Power When Emergency Was Ended.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 21.—On the ground that beer of 2.75 per cent. alcoholic content is not intoxicating Judge John C. Pollock of the United States District Court today handed down a decision granting a temporary injunction to restrain the United States District Attorney and the Collector of Internal Revenue from interfering with the manufacture and sale of such beer by St. Louis brewers.

Judge Pollock's decision, while confining itself to a ruling on 2.75 per cent. beer, calls attention to the fact that war was being waged at the time the Constitutional prohibition amendment was submitted by Congress to the State Legislatures and that Congress at that time did not attempt to abrogate to itself the passage of a prohibition act as a war measure. The State Legislatures voted on ratification, the decision said, on the promise of Congress that after the necessary number of States had ratified the amendment a year would be permitted to lapse before it should be enforced by the Government. Congress therein recognized the rights of the States, even in war times, the decision said, and it had not now the right to infringe on State powers with reference to prohibition enforcement.

In passing the Enforcement act, the decision said, Congress attempted to re-exercise war powers when the war emergency no longer existed and tried to justify by one section of the Constitution an act which was forbidden by another section.

The decision further points out that Congress, in this instance, has passed a law which "does not pretend to concur with the State laws of Missouri, but is in direct conflict with it." It says that the laws of Missouri do not prohibit the manufacture of the brewers' product and that the brewers have paid large sums into the State treasury from the proceeds of a business which was recognized by the State as legal.

The Judge cited the words of President Wilson in his veto message on the Prohibition Enforcement act as proof that to all practical intent the war was over. He asserted that this act took away the police powers of the States and violated the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution.

The injunction was made effective at once and will remain in force temporarily until a ruling on the entire question of the validity of the wartime prohibition act is handed down.

Allow Kreisler to Play at Lawrence.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Nov. 21.—The Lawrence Post of the American Legion announced after a meeting tonight that it would not interfere with Fritz Kreisler's concert here next Sunday, but asked that the violinist play no German music. It was the sense of the meeting that "no other enemy alien be allowed to give a concert in Lawrence until the Treaty of Peace is signed."

COLORADO STRIKE CHIEF OBEYS COURT MANDATE

Johnson Calls Off New Walkout and Intrusts His Case to Federal District Attorney.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 21.—George O. Johnson, District President, United Mine Workers of America, early this morning announced that the strike of the bituminous coal miners in Colorado which has been ordered for midnight tonight had been called off in accordance with the injunction issued late last night by District Judge Clarence J. Morley of Denver.

The temporary injunction held that the strike was in direct violation of the State Industrial Commission law, which provides that no strike shall be called on any account without thirty days' notice thereof being filed with the commission in order that the merits of the controversy might be investigated.

President Johnson, who had attended an all-night conference of union representatives with United States District Attorney Tedrow, W. L. Reilly, member of the State Industrial Commission, and Attorney Farrar, representing the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, issued the following statement in connection with his order canceling the strike order:

"I have complied with the court orders. I have intrusted our case to United States District Attorney Tedrow with the hope that he will compel the coal operators to likewise obey the mandates of the United States and District Courts of Colorado.

"I believe that the United States court order at Indianapolis recalling the nation-wide strike makes it mandatory on the part of the operators to re-employ all men who went out on strike."

Ohio State Keeps Dr. Thompson.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 21.—The Trustees of Ohio State University today refused to accept the resignation of President William Oxley Thompson, who was appointed to the Industrial Conference to meet at Washington. A long leave of absence was extended to him.

ACTORS' DAY IN SCHOOLS.

Board of Education Calls for Special Study on Dec. 5.

While thousands of matinées are being given in the theatres of this country on Dec. 5 for the benefit of the Actors' Fund, the pupils of the New York high schools will be paying special attention to the work of American actors and dramatists, according to the following message received yesterday at the headquarters of the drive, in the Hotel Commodore:

Daniel Frohman, President Actors' Fund of America:

As a tribute to the acting profession of the United States in recognition of innumerable services rendered during the great world war, the Board of Education of the City of New York has issued directions that studies of the contributions of such men as Booth, Jefferson, Bothern, and others, and also the distinct contributions of such American dramatists as Augustus Thomas, Percy Mackaye and others, be taken up by the pupils in all high schools of the city on Friday, Dec. 5, next.

ANNING S. PRALL,
President, Board of Education of the City of New York.

Francis P. Garvan, former Alien Property Custodian, paid $1,000 yesterday, in the name of his bay gelding Hamilton Flame, a leading prize winner at this year's Horse Show, for a seat in the Empire Theatre on Dec. 8.

ARREST 7 NEW YORKERS.

Detroit Police Get $50,000 in Loot from Alleged Gunmen.

DETROIT, Nov. 21.—Jewelry, clothing, and silverware, said to total upward of $50,000 in value, stolen in a long series of burglaries, was recovered last night, the police announced today, with the arrest of seven men, whom the authorities declare are members of a gang of New York gunmen.

According to detectives, one of the men in custody confessed to forty house robberies here and a large number in Cleveland. The loot, it is stated, was found in an east side tailor shop operated by Hine Rosen, one of those arrested. The others under arrest gave their names as Joseph Miller, Leo Levy, Benjamin Klein, George Lewis, Robert Conpardi, and Joseph Kiechther, all of New York.

The arrest of the men, the police declared, frustrated a plan to aid their alleged leader William "Jack" Shapiro, held in the county jail on a burglary charge, to shoot his way to freedom last night.

You may not have "Acid-Mouth" at all

But if you are free from that undesirable condition, you are an exceptional person—you are indeed one in twenty.

For it is believed that 95% of people of all ages and conditions have a chronic acid condition of the mouth, and that it is the chief cause of all tooth destruction.

PEBECO
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
TOOTH PASTE
Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Be on the safe side and do these two things regularly: Have your teeth examined every six months by your dentist, and brush your teeth and gums thoroughly every night and morning with Pebeco Tooth Paste. Pebeco not only counteracts "Acid-Mouth," but it is of splendid all-around benefit to the teeth, gums, and mouth.

Lehn & Fink
Sold by druggists everywhere

Their crisp, flavory sweetness wins favor afloat and ashore.

Assorted Flavors, also Peppermint, Chocolate, Wintergreen and Cinnamon.

ONE OF 365 NECCO SWEETS
NEW ENGLAND CONFECTIONERY CO., BOSTON, MASS.

GLOVES
Capeskin
Real Kid
Mocha and
Buckskin
For Men and Women

MARK CROSS LONDON

The World's Greatest Leather Stores
354 Fifth Avenue, New York; 358 Broadway
Boston—148 Tremont Street
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For Hire

Packard TWIN SIX
& PIERCE-ARROW CARS
Hour — Day — Month
F. LAUTERBACH
23 West 62nd Street
Phone: Columbus 8881-1441
We serve a discriminating clientele

Park-Taylor

2nd Floor

For You! Here's style, quality and economy, too!

P.-T. Customers are our best salesmen.

Every Park-Taylor Overcoat is a style masterpiece—every fabric is all-wool—every price is *lower than what you'll pay elsewhere.*

No wonder thousands of men are wearing P.-T. Overcoats—no wonder they say after their first purchase "I'm for P.-T. for life!"

It costs us less to sell our Clothes—that's why we can keep quality high and prices low. We produce all our own clothes—sell from economical second-floor shops—to thousands of men.

Master-Tailored
$25 to $50

Every Park-Taylor Suit and Overcoat is master-tailored by our own tailors—making them far superior in style to the usual run of clothes.

Come here for "the newest styles—first"—*you need not buy, but you will.*

Open Evenings Until 9 o'clock — Park-Taylor — Saturdays Until 10 P. M.

Four Convenient Second-Floor Shops

173 Broadway, Entrance on Cortlandt Street
1333 Broadway, Bet. 35th and 36th Streets
2nd Floor
1551 Broadway, Corner of 48th Street
149th St., Bronx, Bet. Third and Bergen Aves.

BOARDER FIGURES IN RYERSON CASE

Letter Written Shortly Before His Death Indicates He Was Jealous of Wife.

POISON SEARCH CONTINUES

Analysis of Organs Will Take Another Week—Father Denies Accusing Any One.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 21.—Indications that there had been matrimonial difficulties between Theodore Ryerson, Jr., whose body has just been exhumed, and Mrs. Ora Starr Ryerson, his wife, were brought to light today when the dead man's father produced a letter in which Mr. Ryerson spoke of efforts to have a certain boarder removed from his house and of his wife's opposition to this.

The letter was written in New York on Feb. 12, 1919, two months before Ryerson's death, and reads as follows:

"Dear Father: No word from any source up to this time. I am quite comfortable. Will move tomorrow night to the Hotel Commodore, next to the Grand Central Station. I enclose key to house; also your letter. Be sure to get The Daily Home News each night to see if anything gets into print.

"I enclose rough draft of affidavit to War Department for your approval. I think that this man ought to be punished. Florence seems more concerned in keeping him in the house and attempting to prevent my taking the matter up with the Government than anything else. Her harboring him in direct opposition to my written notice and her statement that if he left she would go too, seems to me there is little chance of arranging a quiet settlement.

"My letter to her said that I would wait until Nov. 17 before starting any action. Keep me posted; tell mother not to worry. If this matter goes through I will soon be home again with you all. I am sure we will all be very happy.

"With love to all,

"DORY."

Ryerson mentioned the name of the man referred to in the foregoing to his father. He is a Government agent then located at the Wright-Martin aircraft plant here. Prosecutor Stricker's detectives know this man, but have not made his name public. He was present in the room when Dr. Hults arrived and found Ryerson dead.

Mrs. Ryerson, when informed about the letter regarding the objectionable boarder, reiterated her denial that there had been any serious trouble between herself and her husband.

Theodore Ryerson, Sr., again stated that he had received several anonymous letters stating that his son had been poisoned. One of these was written on stationery of the Green Club of New Haven and was signed "M. J. A." He added that he has placed affidavits of the highest importance in the hands of Prosecutor Stricker, but the latter again refused to say whether he intended to make any arrests in the case before the chemical analysis has been finished.

Mr. Ryerson was careful to reiterate today that he had made charges against no one in particular, and that he was unable to say whether or not any of the individuals mentioned so far were really connected with the case.

Dr. Charles V. Hults, the attending physician, in a statement declared that his only reason for refusing to sign a death certificate was that Ryerson was dead when the doctor arrived.

Dr. Hults also denied that he said the man appeared to have been strangled. He said that the face was purple and that Ryerson might have been strangled, but that he also told Mr. Ryerson, Sr., that death might have been due to heart failure. The latter said in his statement only that the doctor had told him it looked as if the man was strangled.

Analysis of Ryerson's vital organs has been started by Dr. L. D. Riggs of the Squibbs Laboratories, but he said today that it might be a week before he is ready to report.

TRY OUT FARMAN PLANE.

French Makers Demonstrate Pusher Type at Roosevelt Field.

A demonstration of a new three-passenger, pusher type of airplane developed for commercial exploitation by Henri and Maurice Farman, the French pioneers in aeronautics, was given yesterday at Roosevelt Field, near Mineola, Long Island. Officials of the American Flying Club and a number of other invited guests were taken up for short flights by Louis Gaubert, a French pilot who is credited with having brought down the second German plane in the war.

The placing of the propeller to the rear of the pilot and passengers increases the view of those in the plane and does away with the draft caused by the propeller. The plane has a maximum speed of 75 miles an hour. The motive power is obtained from a twelve-cylinder 130-horsepower Renault engine.

Among those who took a flight was Lucien Coupet, who recently flew with eight passengers from Paris to Dakar, South Africa.

REPUBLICANS GIVE $23,701.

State Organization's Campaign Expenses Reached $28,700.

With the cost of campaigning touching new high levels, the Republican State Committee, according to George A. Glynn, its chairman, never has so little money for an Assembly campaign as this year. According to the statement of campaign contributions and disbursements which was sent to Albany yesterday afternoon to be filed with the Secretary of State on Monday, $23,701 was received in all. When the campaign ended the State Committee was $5,000 in debt. The total disbursements during the campaign was $24,151, while unpaid bills and commitments aggregated an additional $4,549.

The largest contribution, $3,700, was made by the Union League Club. Conservation Commissioner George D. Pratt contributed $2,500 and ex-United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew $600.

The amount actually spent for campaign purposes was a little more than $16,000. A majority of the Assembly districts received no aid from the Republican State Committee.

Where Germs Are Born —the Cuspidor

Consider for a moment what your cuspidor is for, what goes in it. Multiply that by the number of cuspidors in your establishment. Then decide whether or not you can afford to ignore this birthplace of deadly disease germs another day.

Lysol Disinfectant

A solution of Lysol Disinfectant in every cuspidor in your establishment, as well as in toilet-rooms and dark corners, will kill instantly all disease germs that lurk there.

Order Lysol Disinfectant used regularly in the water with which your floors are scrubbed.

No germ life can exist where the smallest indication of Lysol Disinfectant is present.

A 50c bottle makes five gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes two gallons.

Remember, there is but one genuine Lysol Disinfectant — made, bottled, signed, and sealed by Lehn & Fink.

Lysol Toilet Soap
25c a cake
Contains the necessary proportion of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to protect the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream
In Tubes
Contains the necessary proportion of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to kill germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound) and to guard the tiny cuts from infection, and give an antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

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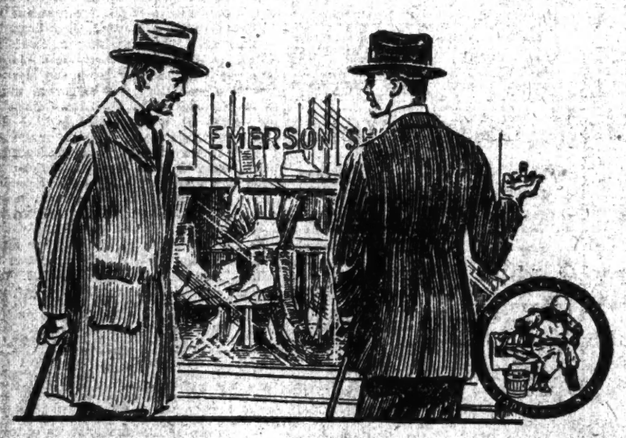
Lehn & Fink



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Chas. O. Emerson

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just can't help liking The Companion through and through. She likes it for herself, likes to know what the children are feeding their minds upon, likes the stories, the Family Page, The Companion receipts and the doctor's corner. And above all *she believes in it*—because she sees the results in the home.

Father

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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MR. TAFT POINTS THE WAY.

Ex-President TAFT discusses the deadlock over the Peace Treaty in The Philadelphia Public Ledger. He is hopeful that in the regular session of the Senate, soon to be here, a workable Peace Treaty, including a workable League of Nations, will emerge. He bases his belief on the fact that four-fifths of the Senate have by their votes proved themselves in favor of a League, though differing on details, and it is incredible that with such a state of sentiment a compromise cannot be reached. He shows that eighty Senators so registered themselves, and that the entrance of Senator GLASS of Virginia will increase the number to eighty-one.

Naturally the President is blamed by his predecessor for unskilled handling of the Treaty, for refusal to compromise in the early stages of the fight, and for his belief that "by a frontal attack he could reduce a plain majority against the Treaty of a dozen or more votes into a minority of the Senate." The fact is, however, that even when Mr. WILSON was making his "frontal attack" he indicated his willingness to accept reservations that did not destroy, nullify, or change the Treaty, and so did Senator HITCHCOCK.

It is to be noted, moreover, and we may be sure that an observant people has not missed the point—that to every suggestion now made at Washington that a compromise on proper reservations may be reached and the treaty saved, Mr. LODGE, and even Mr. LENROOT, make answer that it is too late, and Mr. LODGE insists that if his reservations are not accepted none will be. That has been the obstructionist spirit from the beginning.

When Mr. TAFT leaves this untenable ground he speaks with clearness and force. He disposes of Mr. LODGE's resolution concerning peace by pointing out that it will have no effect except as putting on record the opinion of Congress that peace has been created by the Treaty "without our agreeing to it." It will not be a law, it will not be a treaty, it will not even be "an authoritative declaration" by a governmental agency having power to bind us, and cannot even be transmitted to Germany unless the President chooses to transmit it.

The ex-President shows that, whatever may be the final language of the resolution, the Republicans will put themselves in the wrong if they insist on retaining "abrupt, undiplomatic, and bumptiously offensive language." Such language does not add anything to the safeguarding of our rights, and politeness will not subtract anything therefrom. The demand that the other Powers must accept our series of reservations not only comes under this head, but is entirely unnecessary, since the adoption of reasonable reservations will sufficiently safeguard us without the acceptance of them by any other nation. We cannot be bound by anything that conflicts with our reservations, once we have made them, and the attempt to challenge the European Powers to make sure that they see them is gratuitous and useless. At the same time it will make it harder for the other nations to assent to our position. This change, he says, will be one in form only, and will "relieve our reservations from the churlish spirit they now reflect."

Considering the Shantung clause and Article X. as the only "sticking points," he is hopeful of a compromise. He proposes the qualification of Article X. as a necessity if Republican votes are to be had, and the reconstruction of the Shantung provision in a way to obtain the same result—whatever that may be—without offending or further the already irritated sensibilities of Japan. With the preamble changed from the offensive to the polite, and these two modifications made, Mr. TAFT is unable to see why the Anglo-Saxon genius for compromise cannot find a way for the adoption of a peace and League which the country wants and which eighty Senators say they want.

LIGHT ON THE JENKINS CASE.

In the vigorous note of the State Department calling upon the Mexican Government to release Consular Agent JENKINS, who had been arrested and imprisoned at Puebla on a charge of intimidating witnesses in what appears to be a trumped-up case of celi-Jenkins there is an assurance that the United States Government accepts as true the story which JENKINS tells of his kidnapping. It is a simple and straightforward story, and there is nothing in it to justify the suspicion that the Consular Agent conspired with the bandit Gonzalez or with any one else to defraud either Government. The Mexican authorities, he says, made no effort to obtain his release, and caused him "every possible inconvenience."

As the bandits and insurgents in that part of Mexico are followers of FELIX DIAZ, or sympathizers with him, the statement of the real object of the principals, as reported by the Consular Agent, is plausible and may be said to carry conviction: that they wanted to demonstrate how powerless the Carranza Government was to protect an American citizen even in one of the chief cities of the country. This makes a situation in which it is advisable to move with deliberation, at the same time not omitting any act to protect the Consular Agent from indignities by the Mexican Government. Its treatment of him was inexplicable until he threw light upon the motive. To discredit him seemed the surest way to extricate the Mexican authorities from an awkward embarrassment. They believed they were the victims of a plot and sought to involve the Consular Agent in it. But he, too, was a victim.

The Mexican Government can make amends for its outrageous behavior only by ceasing to molest Mr. JENKINS, agreeing to reimburse him for moneys extorted from him, paying him damages for injuries he has suffered, and acknowledging to the State Department that it failed to give him the protection to which he was entitled as the American Consular Agent.

REACTION IN BERLIN.

We have had recent proof in this country that inclement weather is a potent preventive of mob action, but it is hardly to be supposed that the snowdrifts in the streets of Berlin were wholly responsible for the non-appearance of the expected rioting when HINDENBURG and LUDENDORFF testified before the Parliamentary commission of inquiry into the conduct of the war. There were enthusiastic crowds of reactionary supporters, including many students, who waved the old black-white-red banner of imperial glories; there were counter-demonstrations by crowds of workmen; but an actual conflict was avoided, and the endeavor of soapbox orators to excite the crowds was thwarted by a heavy snowstorm. The snow had a great deal to do with it, but it could hardly have prevented a reactionary demonstration if such a thing had been organized with the connivance which is undoubtedly at the command of the army officers centred in the Eden Hotel. Spontaneous enthusiasts shouted but did not fight; when the real reactionary demonstration comes—and evidence that it will come soon grows stronger every day—there will be real fighting.

HINDENBURG and LUDENDORFF appeared before the committee. But they testified, in effect, merely so far as they wished, though the committee paid HINDENBURG the favor—perhaps not undeserved, in view of his services to the country—of sending him in advance the six questions prepared for him. But HINDENBURG's answer paid little attention to the questions. He read a statement which roved over the entire field and evaded detailed response. Cross-examination of him and of LUDENDORFF was perfunctory, and after the first day's inquiry the committee announced that neither of the Generals would be asked to appear again.

A great deal remained unexplained after that first day of testimony; and while much of it can be supplied from the evidence given by other witnesses, the committee could have gained some profitable information, or at the very least some profitable refusals of information, from a further questioning of the two Generals. That it let them go must be put down as a victory for the reactionaries. They had said that it was unseemly to subject the great war leaders to the cross-questioning of mere deputies; and they had their way. The committee was afraid to ask more. And HINDENBURG, leaving for his home at Magdeburg, was greeted by the crowds as "the next Reichspräsident."

HINDENBURG as President would be merely a seatwarmer, as they know well in the Netherlands, where royalists of all shades are scheming for the return of some Hohenzollern, or other. Supporters of the Crown Prince, who has assumed a reasonable cloak of constitutional principles and democratic fervor, are said to be alarmed. The demonstrations for his royal Highness do not inspire the august WILLIAM to attempt the recovery of his throne. Outsiders may think that there is more enthusiasm for HINDENBURG than there would be for WILLIAM, but the cult of the old German monarchists is a strange one, and those who cheered the Field Marshal would be as likely to cheer the Kaiser. But while HINDENBURG as President might do for WILLIAM what GEORGE MONK did for CHARLES II., he would be less likely to turn over his place to the Crown Prince, loyalty to the head of the House of Hohenzollern is less conspicuous on the island of Wieringen than elsewhere.

Meanwhile the Baltic army, repulsed by the Letts before Riga, is reported to be on its way back to Germany. It is well drilled, well equipped, and experienced in war. Perhaps the soldiers are coming home because they have tired suddenly of a campaign in which no immediate profit is in sight; perhaps those who have always controlled that army have decided that it would be more useful in Berlin. When that army is within striking distance of the capital we may see a demonstration that mere snowstorms cannot quell.

THE COAL NEGOTIATIONS.

The coal miners' spokesman says that the operators' proposal of betterment of working conditions is ridiculous. It has a right to be, since it is an answer to the miners' preposterous proposals, and both are bargaining propositions. What will count more than adjectives used on either side is the opinion of Fuel Administrator GARFIELD. He will have to consider wages, profits, and prices together, and name a figure fair for producers and consumers alike. The miners think that the increase of wages should come out of the excess profits which they allege. The operators think that the increase ought to come out of excess wages which the miners have received, but have not included in their cash wages. Electric light, rent, coal, mining supplies appear to have been furnished to the miners below cost, and often at nominal rates. They have not valued them because they cost them so little, but they dislike to pay for their perquisites. There are many cases in which union dues were more than half of the rent paid, and cheap lodging without union dues would make an attractive combination to non-unionists.

It is useless to shirk the fact that wages and profits alike should meet the reasonable expectation of operators and miners if consumers are to get coal. When the reasonable relation of these items of cost is adjusted the strike will be in more danger than by legal procedure. The economic adjustment of the strike is best left in the hands of the Fuel Administrator. He won the confidence of the operators over their first strong opposition, and is entitled to the confidence of the miners also. He is no tenderfoot in the trade, and is a "good" capitalist, without prejudice against workers. The Governors who are intervening would better wait until they are invited. Some of them have been rebuked locally, both by courts and by those whose co-operation they had invited.

This is a national difficulty, not a local matter. It calls for one adjustment, with whatever minuteness of detail may be found necessary; but no State can relieve itself at the expense of its neighbors. If local action should succeed in producing a surplus of coal, it would be subject to distribution by the Administrator. Thus there is no inducement for local settlements and the national organization of miners could not permit it. If contrary to their interests they would reject it, and if favorable to them locally it would obstruct the general settlement. While there is negotiation there is hope of agreement, which is better than the alternative of Government intervention.

AN ADEQUATE ARMY.

In the session just ended Congress gave serious and patient consideration to the question of army reorganization. There have been many hearings by the Military Affairs Committees of Senate and House. Officers from General PERSHING down who were qualified to express an opinion have been called, and they have been encouraged to speak out. So much frankness and wisdom Congress has never heard from the army before. The army has learned lessons from the great war and desires to profit by them. Most of the officers appearing before the committees have declared for a comparatively small regular army, considering that the times are out of joint, and for some system of universal training. As a result the General Staff bill, approved by Secretary BAKER, which called for a regular force of 576,000 men, including all noncombatant units, was laid aside by the House. The Senate never took it seriously. Another reorganization measure, the work of Senator CHAMBERLAIN and Representative KAHN, is also out of favor; not because it does not contain excellent features, including a provision for a regular army of about 225,000 men, but because expert opinion indicates that it can be improved materially.

The opinion of the House Committee on Military Affairs seemed to be that a combat army of 250,000 regulars would be adequate, with a total strength in all branches of 285,000 men. With regard to universal training the committee had an open mind. In the House it was apparently a matter to be handled gingerly; members generally approved of universal training, but were somewhat doubtful concerning the judgment of their constituents. It is intimated that the Senate Military Affairs Committee will begin all over again in the regular session, drafting an entirely new bill. Significant in the fact that the adviser of the committee will not be Major Gen. FRANK MCINTYRE, whom Secretary BAKER recommended, but Colonel JOHN M. PALMER of the General Staff, who has been an outspoken critic of the bill for a large regular army to which the Secretary had committed himself. As a member of the War Plans Division of the General Staff Colonel PALMER has advocated universal military training, an organized citizen army, and a minimum regular establishment, which he would place at 280,000.

Thus, upon the size of the professional army the House and Senate, assuming that Colonel PALMER's views are accepted by the latter, will be of much the same opinion. He would have the regular establishment a nucleus of the defense forces, as appears from the following statement:

"The main feature of the military establishment of the United States should be a trained citizen army organized territorially in divisions, army corps, and field armies, in such a manner as to permit immediate mobilization in the event of emergency."

Colonel PALMER rejects the short term of training proposed in the General Staff bill. He would make the minimum period six months, after which there should be five years' association with a citizen army organization, followed by membership in an unorganized reserve to be called out only in emergencies. The training corps would be composed of regular army officers supplemented by volunteers from the citizen army, which in the main would consist of veterans of the European war. Every detail of Colonel PALMER's plan is worked out carefully with a view to giving the country a mobile force of several million men who could be rapidly mobilized. Others have had the same end in view, but no one else has given the subject so much study or been so tremendously in earnest about realizing the plan of a people's army.

BUSINESS AND THE SENATE.

It is curious to see the extreme divergence of feeling between the Republican majority of the United States Senate, that has just failed to ratify the Peace Treaty, and the evident, admitted, notorious, publicly expressed desire of the American business world. The mercantile bodies, the Chambers of Commerce, the intelligent representatives and students of the commercial, financial, and economic interests of the United States have been eager for the ratification of the Treaty.

That ratification would mean certainty. It would re-establish business confidence. It would begin the reintegration and reconstruction of commercial relations between this country and foreign countries, particularly including Germany. Mr. LODGE and his friends in the Senate have scorned all base questions of international commerce and trade. To them the industrial, financial, and commercial future of the United States and of the rest of the world is of minor consequence. It must be a strange party that is benefited by international commercial confusion and doubt.

SUNDAY PLAYS.

Once more the problem of Sunday plays. This time, like the Ghost of buried Denmark, it comes in such a questionable shape as to invite conversation. One of our most serious-minded managers proposes to give dramas of the highest artistic quality to a group of subscribers. Out of respect for the Sunday law, no tickets will be sold at the box office. At first blush the serious-minded playgoer will see in this a worthy project.

Upon a scrutiny of the local practice in such matters the serious-minded playgoer will probably continue to blush. On every Sunday night the vaudeville houses are crowded, but the temples of legitimate drama are dark. Trained seals, Salome dancers, and musical monkeys enjoy full protection of the law, but plays by SHAKESPEARE or SHAW are barred. They are barred, that is, if they are given in the English language. Translated into other tongues the same plays may be given. When HEINRICH CONRIED was Herr Direktor of the Irving Place Theatre the tenderness of his conscience was such that he used to advertise his Sunday offering as "Grosses Sacred Concert"—a description at which SHAW at least would have stared and gasped. Even SHAKESPEARE might have raised an eyebrow at finding that he might enjoy equal privileges with seals and monkeys provided only that he assumed the virtuous outside of a Mascotte.

One precedent comes nearer the present case. The late Stage Society, which was one of the many unofficial casualties of the war, gave Sunday performances open to its members only—and even only at the back door. The performance was disguised as a rehearsal. Any one coming in at front was dealt with by the police. The present attempt is apparently to approximate this precedent. It will probably prosper in proportion as it succeeds in doing so.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Everybody Has His Wild Moments.

Major Gen. Sir FREDERICK B. MAURICE, in the course of his discussion of conditions in Germany, printed yesterday, compared the mental attitude of those who today demand the severest of treatment for the defeated Germans to that of a man who, having killed a poisonous snake, proceeds to pound it to a jelly. Such an impulse, or nervous reaction as he called it, was excusable, he said, but it was neither sensible nor dignified.

"Excusable" was hardly the word to use in characterizing conduct not only easily and perfectly understandable by every human being still capable of any nervous reaction at all to strong stimuli; it is defensible as one of many survivals of a past when man's view of the world and its inhabitants, other than himself, was much different from the one taken of it and them by us now in our cooler moments.

It is true that the continued beating of a dead snake is useless, and therefore neither sensible nor dignified, so far as concerns punishment of the creature for being poisonous or as prevention of further injury by that particular snake. Primitive man, however, would have seen a real utility in doing it, and for him, believing what he did about the powers of snakes apparently dead, it was the part of wisdom to make revival and survival of the enemy as nearly impossible as he could. He would have had ideas, too, about the spirit or ghost of that snake—ideas long since abandoned by our reason, but still effective at times when the lower and older mind chances to have its way, the higher and newer one having stepped aside.

Of course, it is not desirable that modern folk should do too often what adults did always in the childhood of the race, but they cannot help doing it occasionally, and, the Germans themselves having in the war demonstrated that as a military nation they have not advanced far beyond the manners and morals of the stone age, it is little wonder that they excite in others the ancient urges.

Crime Is Always Personal.

More likely than anything else to end the sort of diffused and excessive animosity to Germans which General MAURICE referred to and condemned will be action like that which the French are taking in bringing to trial the individual Germans against whom evidence as to the commission of particular crimes has been secured. The punishment, after conviction, of these criminals almost at once will mitigate, and finally obliterate, the feeling that, as "the Germans" were guilty of a long series of misdeeds, ranging from pillage to murder, so "the Germans" should be held responsible for those misdeeds and treated accordingly.

Herein lies the one good argument, or at any rate the best argument, for bringing the former Kaiser before an international court, finding out precisely what part he took in bringing on the war and in deciding how it should be waged, and then imposing on him whatever penalty his use of power deserves. Nobody is thirsty for the wretched man's blood or would be angry if he escaped a capital sentence, but there is a wide and deep feeling that justice will not be content with his mere dethronement—with his retirement to live in wealth and ease the life of a country gentleman.

"The Germans," if they were wiser, would be the first to demand that his responsibility be fixed, for they would realise that whatever of responsibility was placed on his shoulders would be taken from theirs.

Her Fate Recalls Her Glory.

One need not have been "the first white child born on Manhattan Island," or even the oldest of New York City's present immigrants from abroad or from the American backwoods, to remember when the name of the Mary Powell was familiar to every metropolitan ear as that of the finest and fastest steamboat using the nearby waters. Still, to the youngsters of this day she is hardly more than a memory—not even that to the majority of them—and they would find it hard to believe what place the Mary Powell had in minds and hearts throughout back in the '60s, '70s, and '80s of the nineteenth century.

At her best she was nothing at all remarkable for either speed or magnificence, judged by modern standards of both as exemplified in steamships, but no such standards were applied to her when she earned the fame so lavishly accorded to her, and New Yorkers watched her with gratitude as well as interest as she rushed up and down the river, its unrivaled mistress. Did she not give them about the least questionable, or least questioned, claim to superiority over the rest of the country?

The Mary Powell was an improvement, not an invention, and her achievements had nothing of the heroical in their associations, so there is hardly excuse for lamenting, or even pretending to lament, that she is not to be preserved as a monument or memorial. Yet it is hard, or seems so, to those who recall, and in a way shared, her glories, that she has been sold for $40,000 to a "waste and metal company." Whether that means she is to be broken up or is to become the attending grudge when other vessels are destroyed, it is the end of her and an end equally saddening to all old-timers. Why didn't she break away from her dock, some stormy night, drift out to sea with nobody on board, and disappear with a dignity worthy of her record?

For "Roosevelt House."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Ann Ford Vroeman is Chairman of the Herkimer Village (N. Y.) committee organized to help in obtaining $1,000,000 to preserve Theodore Roosevelt's birthplace at 28 East Twentieth Street and the adjoining house, 6, which have been acquired by the Woman's Roosevelt Memorial Association and will form "Roosevelt House." The Colonel's birthplace will be restored and the interior reproduced with the original furnishings, family portraits and other heirlooms. The house will be a repository for records of the Colonel, there will be a free circulating library containing his writings, and a permanent school of citizenship will be established. Mrs. Vroeman says in her appeal: "This call for $1,000,000 is a call to all American women. The women of America helped to preserve the home of Lincoln. The women of America purchased and restored Mount Vernon. The women of America are now asked to restore and perpetuate the birthplace of Theodore Roosevelt. Every donor and junior donor will receive the emblem of the association, which is a small rose gold finished pin bearing the likeness of Colonel Roosevelt. The names of all who give $1 or more are recorded and preserved in the Book of Donors at Roosevelt House. Boys and girls are junior donors by giving 25 cents."

EDGAR VAN ETTEN.

New York, Oct. 28, 1919.

THE AMERICAN HORSE.

His Friends Do Not Acknowledge the Arabian Is Better.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your article of Nov. 9 entitled "The Peerless Arabian" does a grave injustice to three distinctly American products, each "peerless" in its sphere—the American standard-bred horse or trotter, the American saddle horse, and the Morgan.

Despite the fact that the war could hardly have been won without the American horse, despite the fact that for short haulm the draft horse is essential to industry and cannot be displaced by the motor truck, and despite the fact that the farm horse is and probably must ever continue to be responsible for an overwhelming percentage of the agricultural products of America, the dazzling performances of the gasoline motor are blinding many to the continued importance of the horse.

The Arab has his merits, but the comparisons of your article are without reasonable foundation; and even for cavalry purposes there are few who would chose the Arab with any of the three distinctively American products above mentioned.

The endurance contest to which you refer was staged by the Arab Club of America with little notice to the country. Its conditions were most unusual in some particulars, such as penalizing a horse according to the amount of feed consumed. A good cavalry horse should be a good feeder.

The members of the Arab Club are good sportsmen. They have much to be proud of in the result of the recent contest, and they deserve great credit for their liberality and their efforts in inaugurating this important event.

The Arabian contestants were owned by a wealthy fancier and doubtless were in the pink of condition. There were no entries from the saddle horse sections.

Of the Morgan horse, Castor, a ten-year-old Morgan, was taken out of a lawn mower to enter the contest without other training. He made a magnificent showing, and Major C. A. Denton, one of the judges, expressed the opinion that he would have won with proper conditioning and handling. Castor was bred by the United States Government at its Morgan horse farm in Vermont.

Russian Boy, the horse who finished first and was disqualified after the race because he was slightly lame, was one-half American trotter and one-half Arab.

In the last hundred years many efforts have been made to establish the Arab in a place of usefulness in the United States; yet admirable as he is in his place, his showing has been as nothing in comparison with the vast and glittering achievements of the American trotter, the American saddle horse and the truly American Morgan in the world of industry and the world of pleasure.

R. T. McC.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 10, 1919.

Mr. Johnson's Campaign.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The adventures of Mr. "Pussyfoot" Johnson seem to be occupying a good deal of space in the London press. After being "roasted" by the medical students on Tuesday he is afterward commended by them for being a good sport.

The whole episode is very refreshing reading after the Centralia outrages. It shows that men holding widely different opinions are capable of high-spirited action tempered with a perfect understanding of the ethics of fair play.

Mr. Johnson is likely to lose a good deal of difficulty in convincing the British people that prohibition is the only road to salvation. Prohibition is after all only the lunatic fringe on the really great movement of temperance. When Mr. Johnson says that "drink is the greatest curse of the human race" he is talking light-headedly. He means that drunkenness is the greatest curse, but like all good fanatics he is at no great pains to choose his words carefully. In the City of New York there are unfortunately a good many subway accidents every year, but we do not abolish the subway for that reason; we merely seek to safeguard the public by taking every possible precaution. Drink in itself is no more a curse today than it was nineteen hundred years ago at the marriage feast of Cana in Galilee.

By a curious turn to the wheel of fortune Mr. Johnson has now become something of a popular hero. We must in admire the good sportsmanship he has shown, but it will be a pity if he imagines that he can convince the public of the virtues of moderation.

A. WHITRIDGE.

New York, Nov. 13, 1919.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

God keep thee, fair Prince, with thy radiant brow,
Both the pride and the hope of Great Britain, the heir
To the throne of an empire. Oh, let us bestow
The heartfelt farewell thy youth must inspire,
And feel, in the hearts of our people, the glow
Of their friendship that softens this crystalline air
Of cold Autumn. For thine is the springtime of life,
The fresh flower of peace from wild Winter's mad strife,
The glories that lead toward the portals of heaven,
O'er fields where, for long, were hell's chariots driven;
And the cluster of plumes that embellish thy crest,
Waving high o'er the glittering star on thy breast,
The three feathers of Wales—we acclaim them as ours!
Great Britain, America, France—these three powers
That conquered, with all who have fought by their side,
For our freedom, for truth, for the glorious tide
Of prosperity rising and washing our shores,
Since the Temple of Peace has reopened her doors.
God speed thee, fair Prince, on thy ship through the seas
Of Winter's fierce tempest, of Summer's swift breeze,
That break o'er the prow. May its name, the Renown,
Be an emblem of fame that shall cling to thy crown.
For we honor the greatness, the purpose that sways
The fine flower of manhood that England displays.
God guide thee. The blessing Columbia gives
To the heir of a King, if he reigns, if he lives,
Is not born of monarchical splendors or thrones,
But the blood of our heroes, the tears and the moans
Of the wounded who fought for a glorious cause,
To preserve their undying belief in our laws.
For the soul is immortal. The flesh passes by.
The fair vision of youth may be lost to the eye,
But the spirit of man must be lifted above,
And the heart of the world, by the greatness of love.

CHARLES HAMMOND GIBSON.

TO AID RED CROSS WORKERS

Welfare Campaign Planned for Personnel in Remote Regions.

A welfare campaign for the personnel of the Red Cross in Europe has been planned under the direction of Mrs. Robert B. Olds, the wife of the Red Cross Commissioner for Europe. Mr. and Mrs. Olds sailed for Europe yesterday.

Quarters for the workers are being selected by a special committee and eighteen francs has been set as the maximum weekly charge for board and room in Paris. A courier service, with headquarters in Paris, has also been established. Workers in outlying parts of Poland and Montenegro get their shopping done in Paris through the couriers and weekly packets of books and magazines are carried out from the French capital.

H. J. Rogers was chosen yesterday to succeed Ethel Allen, who has resigned as manager of the Atlantic Division of the Red Cross. Mr. Rogers has been acting manager since July 1. Miss Ellen Louise Ades has been named as assistant manager.

RAISES TAX DANGER SIGNAL.

Travis Says State Expenditures Menace Business Progress.

Citing budget requests for next year of $128,000,000, which is $42,000,000 more than the last appropriation, with only $123,000,000 available to meet the demand, State Controller Travis last night warned a meeting of the Broker's Association of Accountants and Auditors that this growth, the greatest in the State's history, he said, meant a tax that may become not only a source of irritation but a positive handicap to business progress and a deterrent to investments.

"The seriousness of this phenomenal rise," the Controller said, "is enhanced because the majority of taxpayers usually lack an intimate knowledge of what the State government is doing. They vote upon a referendum proposition involving vast sums of money without a thorough understanding of what it will cost. For example, how many realize that a seemingly harmless referendum for submitting a public improvement bond issue of $2,000,000 in interest before the debt is finally extinguished?"

HOSPITAL FUND GIFTS.

Fifth Day of Drive Shows More Than a Third of a Million Subscribed.

The United Hospital Fund closed the fifth day of its campaign yesterday with a little more than one-third of the $1,000,000 sought subscribed. The contributions for the day amounted to $378,158, bringing the total up to $370,658.

J. P. Morgan & Co. stated that their contribution of $25,000, which was announced a few days ago, would be renewed each year as long as the present emergency continued to exist. Three $5,000 subscriptions were announced from Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Thomas Ryan, and Wm. Iselin & Co. Mrs. E. H. Harriman sent a check for $2,000, and Mr. E. Roswell subscribed $2,501. Other subscriptions of $1,000 each came from Miss Edith Sewelle, Mrs. H. B. Hyde, Mrs. John S. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. Manton B. Metcalf, Helle & Stieglitz, Fleitmann & Co., Walter Jennings & Co., Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., J. Horace Harding, Frederick Strauss, George H. McFadden & Bro., and the Farmers Loan & Trust Co.

EXPORTS UP, IMPORTS DOWN

Results in October as Compared with Previous Month.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—American exports in October, 1919, were valued at $327,000,000, an increase of $55,000,000 over those in September, and of $120,000,000 over those in October a year ago, according to a statement today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Exports for the ten months ended with October were valued at $3,501,000,000, an increase of $1,448,000,000, compared with the corresponding period last year.

October imports totaled $416,000,000, a decrease of $20,000,000 from the high mark of September, but an increase of $169,000,000 over those in October, 1918. For the ten months period imports amounted to $3,113,000,000, a gain of $543,000,000 over the corresponding period the year before. The figure for the first ten months was higher than that recorded for any previous full calendar year, the statement said.

SEES LAKES UNDER BRITAIN.

Could Control Them by Canadian Canal System, Says Clinton.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Great Britain would have complete control over the Great Lakes in case of any trouble with the United States if the proposed Canadian waterway system from the Great Lakes to the sea is completed, George Clinton of Buffalo declared today before the New York State Waterways Convention. He strongly opposed participation by this country in the Canadian project.

Resolutions adopted included amendments to the Barge Canal law, requiring the State Government, as in the proposed Canadian canal, to retain control of the Hudson Project and the development of unused water power in the State.

GRACE CHURCH'S BIRTHDAY.

Congregation to Celebrate 50th Anniversary of Organization.

Grace Church, during the coming week, will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the church and the twenty-fifth anniversary of the erection of the present church edifice. Special services, will be held tomorrow and on the following Sunday. The church has adopted the slogan, "Back to Grace."

On Tuesday night, Nov. 25, there will be an old home meeting, when the entire church will be thrown open to the public. Also there will be a reception on that night to the new rector, Rev. Men's Club rooms. At the service tomorrow night the Holy Sunday Choir will sing, under the leadership of Dr. Tali Esen Morgan.

SCHOOL LUNCHES END JAN. 1

Board of Estimate Does Not Recommend Luncheon Workers Positions.

After next January there will be no more school luncheons for the children attending the public schools of the city. The Board of Estimate yesterday refused the request of the Board of Education for the recommendation to the Aldermen of the establishment of positions for luncheon assistants, cooks, and helper, and for the position of manager of school luncheons with a compensation of $1,800 a year.

As matters now stand, the $50,000 voted for school luncheons last Winter will revert to the city if not used by January, 1920. This sum was voted for the purchase of foodstuffs and equipment and is not available for salaries.

Harvard Fund Passes $10,000,000.

Harvard's endowment fund reached $10,040,949 yesterday, of which New York has contributed $3,674,354. The fund now represents a total of 12,000 subscriptions. Early difficulties resulting from incorrect addresses are being overcome, it was said yesterday, and a total of 25,000 graduates is expected on the list of subscribers to the fund.

GIVE IMPERATOR TO THE BRITISH

Shipping Board Recommends Turning Over Six More Former German Ships.

EXCHANGE FOR TANKERS

Ultimate Ownership of Vessels Will Not Be Decided Until Treaty is Signed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The former German liner Imperator was turned over to the British Government early this afternoon by officials of the United States Shipping Board. With the approval of President Wilson, John Barton Payne, Chairman of the Shipping Board, has recommended that the six other ships taken from German ports after the armistice and allocated to this country be delivered to Great Britain in return for the Standard Oil tankers now held in the Firth of Forth.

The exchange of the tankers for the six German ships would be "without prejudice" and subject to ultimate decisions of ownership. It was said at the Shipping Board this afternoon. This means that the controversy between the United States and Great Britain over the tankers will have to be threshed out later. How late this may be is a question. The fact that the Senate refused to ratify the Peace Treaty may involve long delay. The Inter-Allied Maritime Council, which has handled the allocation of the ships taken from Germany, is a creation of the treaty. Until the final signature of the treaty does not of necessity be temporarily. The fate of the Imperator, which was the largest of the German ships, and of every of the other ships taken from Germany, is bringing some anxiety in

MARCH EXPLAINS HOSPITAL ORDER

Year's Limit for Treatment Does Not Apply to Soldiers Too Ill to be Moved.

NOR THOSE LACKING MEANS

Patients in Asheville Hospital Complained of Alleged Hardship in Order.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The War Department was deluged today with newspaper inquiries based on a protest of patients of Army Hospital 19 for tuberculosis at Asheville, N. C., against what they understood to be an order from the General Staff for the discharge of all soldiers in military hospitals after a year's treatment, regardless of their wishes or condition.

The patients sent identical telegrams to many newspapers, stating their understanding of the matter. Copies of the telegram were submitted by Washington correspondents this afternoon, with the result that a statement was issued by General March dealing with the situation, which will be made, it is understood, the subject of a further statement by the War Department tomorrow. General March's statement reads:

"All disabled military personnel, except officers of permanent army and special surgical cases, shall be granted discharge six months after admission to a hospital in the United States for definitive treatment, if discharge is desired and applied for by the individual in writing. All disabled military personnel, except officers of the permanent army and those requiring multiple operations, or special surgical treatment, or suffering from mental diseases, shall be discharged one year after admission to a hospital in this country after having been carried on the sick report for definitive treatment for the same period.

"Provided, individuals too sick to be removed from the hospital without prejudice to their life or recovery, or who, upon the question of discharge being submitted to them in writing, certify that they desire to remain for the necessary care and attention for themselves, shall be retained until provision for their care and maintenance is made by the War Risk Insurance Bureau, Soldiers' Home, or National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

"Provided, further, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to rescind the provisions of Circular No. 188, authorizing discharge at any time of the disabled who have been cured or have attained maximum restoration, or those who furnish guarantees that specialized treatment will be continued as long as necessary."

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 21.—The 1,200 patients in United States Army Hospital No. 19 at Oteen, six miles from Asheville, are stirred with excitement by the recent order for the discharge of military patients. Those interviewed said that the order meant not only that they would be forced out of the hospitals, but that they could get no aid from the War Risk Bureau or entry into soldiers' homes unless they declared themselves practically paupers. They asserted that, even after this, they would be sent to locations less suited to treatment of tuberculosis than Oteen, which was constructed specially for tubercular cases.

Patients said that this order stopped all pay, since discharged men draw no pay, made them dependent on friends or public charity, and was a repudiation of the Government's promise to care for a soldier until he had recovered from disease contracted in the service of the country.

PASS COURT HOUSE PLAN.

Justices' Committee Approves Proposed Hexagonal Building.

The great round Court House planned in the Mitchel administration will not be erected. The new Court House will be radically different, it was announced yesterday by Justice Robert F. Wagner, Chairman of the Justices' committee formed to pass on the plans. Justice Wagner said that the new building would be hexagonal and that in every important detail the original plans had been changed.

"We will not have to raze any additional buildings on the property acquired by the city," he said. "There is room enough on the site that has already been cleared. Construction will probably begin next March. Our estimates of the cost are not above $7,000,000, and when plans are worked out it may mean an expenditure of only $6,000,000. Much of the costs can be met by the city selling the property it now owns adjoining the site."

State Architect Lewis F. Pilcher and Guy Lowell, who drew the circular plan, have drafted the new plans and will supervise the work. The plans will be presented to the Board of Estimate next month.

MISS DAVIES BETROTHED.

Daughter of Late Julien T. Davies to Wed Capt. W. J. Sutherland.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Phebe Thorne Davies, a daughter of the late Julien Townsend Davies and Marie Rose de Garmendia Davies, to Walter J. Sutherland, a son of the late Walter J. Sutherland and of Mrs. Sutherland. Mr. Sutherland was a Captain in the 306th Infantry, 77th Division.

Miss Davies is a granddaughter of Julien Tappan Davies of New York and Timber River, L. I., and a sister of Mrs. Henry Sellers McKee, 2d, and, like her sister, is engaged in her débutante season. Miss Davies is a niece and the ward of Mrs. Archibald Gourlay Thacher and a great-niece of the late Bradley Martin.

Debutante Entertainments.

Mrs. Louis Townsend Mentant has invitations out for a dinner on Monday evening for her débutante sister, Miss Ruth Anderton, and will take her guests to the dance for Miss Millicent Rogers at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. R. T. Haines Halsey of 64 West Fifty-fifth Street is giving a luncheon for her débutante daughter, Miss Grace Grosvenor, next Monday.

Mrs. Clifford Buckman of 430 Park Avenue will give a tea and dance next Wednesday at the St. Regis to introduce her daughter, Miss Julia D. Stanley.

Mrs. Henry Harkness Flagler will introduce her daughter, Miss Mary Harkness Flagler, next Friday afternoon at a reception.

On Friday evening Mrs. Edward Van Ingen of 7 East Seventy-third Street will give a dinner to forty débutantes in honor of her daughter, Miss Katharine Van Ingen, who came out last year.

Mrs. Lewis R. Cawtry has invitation out for a dinner on Saturday, Nov. 29, at the Ritz-Carlton for her débutante daughter, Miss Olive Cawtry, and will take the guests to the dance to be given by Mr. and Mrs. J. Horace Harding at the Ritz-Carlton to present their daughter, Miss Catherine Harding.

Meyer-Thaw Wedding Dec. 13.

The wedding of Miss Katharine Blair Thaw, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Blair Thaw of 29 Washington Square, and Cord Meyer will take place on Saturday, Dec. 13, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, and none except relatives and a dozen old friends will be present. Little Miss Flaminia Tuxedoll, a niece of the bride, will be the only attendant, and Seth Low is to be best man. The reception will follow at 4:30 o'clock at the Cosmopolitan Club, 133 East Fortieth Street.

Gov. Smith's Mother Sinking.

With the development of pleurisy, a very unfavorable factor has entered the illness of Mrs. Catherine Smith, mother of Governor Smith. Dr. John H. Ryan paid yesterday Mrs. Smith is in her home, 9 Middagh Street, Brooklyn, Governor Smith spent [illegible] yesterday [illegible] bed until [illegible]

STOLEN SECURITIES WORTH $882,500 FOUND

Detectives Expect to Locate Half a Million More in This City Today.

In the general investigation into the thefts of securities in this city, Assistant District Attorneys Albert Blogg Unger, Alfred J. Talley, and John T. Dooling have located up to date, they declare, $882,500 worth of the securities. Of this amount, Mr. Dooling said last night, $600,000 worth was in Washington depositories, $140,000 in Philadelphia, and $242,500 has been located in New York.

The securities were stolen from messenger boys sent with them to other firms or to banks. Who criminally received them has not yet been determined.

Mr. Dooling told of the manner in which the thieves work. He said they had men in collusion with them in the offices of the places to which the securities were to be sent, and that these men, after receiving the securities, would sometimes steal them, and get them out of the possession of their lawful owners.

Large as the amounts are of stocks recovered or relocated in this city, it is expected that more will be located today, and it was said last night that probably a half million dollars worth of stolen securities will be relocated here before tonight.

Detectives August Mayer, Grover C. Brown, and Joseph Russo of District Attorney Swann's office, under the direction of Messrs. Talley, Dooling, and Unger, have gone into the various banks and brokers' offices and have succeeded in locating a very large number of securities already. These securities were stolen, but it is not contended that the concerns now having them received them criminally.

David W. Sullivan, head of the brokerage firm of Sullivan & Co., at 10 Wall Street, who was arrested on Tuesday on the charge that some of the missing securities had been traced to his office, where they had been pledged for trading accounts by three customers, he said, was indicted yesterday on the charge of criminally receiving stolen property. His bail had been reduced by Justice Delehanty of the Supreme Court from $75,000 to $45,000, which it is expected he will obtain.

Samuel Marden, a curb broker, of 87 Madison Street, and Hyman Horowitz, 5 Hester Street, were held in $10,000 bail each in the Tombs Court yesterday by Magistrate Corrigan, pending further examination on Wednesday, on an affidavit charging suspicion of grand larceny. Detective Ransky of Deputy Commissioner Lahey's staff, alleged that the prisoners had tried to dispose of 100 shares of stock of the American Hide and Leather Company, which was owned by Miller & Co., 120 Broadway.

It was said at the District Attorney's office that two prisoners arrested at Washington would probably be brought here by extradition proceedings in connection with prosecution of the Wall Street robberies and disposal of the missing securities.

Wife of Rev. I. S. Dodd Dies in Store

Mrs. Louise Storm Dodd, wife of the Rev. Ira S. Dodd, pastor of the Riverdale Church, Riverdale-on-Hudson, died yesterday afternoon suddenly while shopping in R. Broadway store. When stricken she was carried by employes into the medical department of the store, where she died in a few moments. Nora Deacy, a maid in her employ, identified the body at the Mercer Street Police Station. She was 75 years old. Mrs. Dodd and her husband have been living recently at 27 Washington Square. He is in feeble health.

Lieut. Com. Lathrop Drowned.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 20.—Lieutenant Commander Patrick J. M. Lathrop, attached to the United States Naval Mission to Brazil, was attacked with heart failure while bathing in Rio Bay late this afternoon and was drowned.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. LOUISA H. REDWOOD, wife of Theodore Redwood, a stationary engineer with the Long Island Railroad, died on Thursday at her home, 627 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, aged 65 years.

Mrs. ESTELLE SEARS WATKINS, wife of William M. Watkins and a prominent member of the Universalist Church, died on Thursday at her home, 1,111 Dean Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Watkins was Vice President of the Board of Trustees of the Chapin Home for the Aged at Jamaica.

WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM, for the last twenty-seven years an electrical inspector of the Brooklyn Bridge, died yesterday at his home, 90 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, in his sixty-ninth year.

Sister MARIA JOSEPH SULLIVAN, for forty-seven years a member of the Order of St. Joseph, died on Thursday in the Rockaway Home for Boys connected with St. Malachy's R. C. Church in Brooklyn. She was for many years a teacher in the parochial school of the R. C. Church of Our Lady of Victory.

ARTHUR HENRY AVERY, sales manager for the Idraul Ventilating Company, died on Thursday at his home, 2,216 Beverly Road, Flatbush. Mr. Avery was 49 years old and was formerly editor of the Hawley (Pa.) Times.

FILL SALOONS' PLACE, THE Y. M. C. A. IS TOLD

Ferguson Says Obligation Is Imposed to Provide Better Meeting Places.

LLOYD GEORGE SENDS CABLE

Praises War Work of "Y"—Dr. Speer Says Bourbonism Is Hiding Behind Christ.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 21.—That Americans must replace the punch of the highball with the punch of something far more worthy, and that it must hurry to find a substitute for the saloon formed the basis of an address before the Industrial section of the International Y. M. C. A. Convention today by Homer L. Ferguson, President of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company.

Mr. Ferguson and J. E. Mott, Vice President of the General Motors Corporation, characterized the filling of the vacancy left by the erasure of the saloon as the great problem of the hour.

"No matter what they say about the baleful influence of the saloon, it was a place where there was cheerfulness and where men were warmly received," said Mr. Ferguson.

"Of course, it was a good thing to get rid of it, but it imposes on us the obligation to furnish the men with something far more worthy in its stead, so they may keep their feet on the ground and their eyes clear and bright. There lays far greater work to do in this 'sweet dry and dry' than there ever was before."

"The saloon is gone, but equally iniquitous places remain," Mr. Mott said. "It is for us to provide competition that will win over such joints."

The preliminary findings of the Industrial Commission of the "Y," read today, recommend special forms of education and recreation for foreign-born, and boys and the erection of Y. M. C. A. buildings in connection with large industrial properties.

"Every radical leader in the world is trying to make Christ his standard bearer," suggested Dr. Robert E. Speer, noted New York Presbyterian minister, addressing the convention.

Dr. Speer speaking "On the Larger Christ," declared "the whole movement of Bourbonism in our country and in the world is trying to hide behind an image of Christ."

Dr. Kenyon L. Butterfield, President of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, told the county section that "increased satisfaction for the farmer in his way of living must be guaranteed if the world is going to be fed."

Thomas Benjamin of the Detroit Shipbuilding Company and H. E. Huffman and F. J. Williams of the Wilson Body Company, Detroit, A. M. Hall, a West Virginia coal miner; Tom Kelly, a logger of Mississippi; O. W. Buenting, General Manager of the Union Switch and Signal Company, and S. M. Carpenter, a lumber manufacturer of New York, also spoke.

Halsey Hammond, Secretary of the Bedford Branch, Brooklyn, presented to the conference the report on business administration.

DETROIT, Nov. 21.—A message of greeting from Premier Lloyd George was read to the Y. M. C. A. convention tonight in which he congratulated the Association on its war service and expressed the hope that its activities would figure as prominently in the reconstruction period as during the conflict. The Association's work, he declared, "will have the effect of drawing our two great countries evermore closely together in the service of humanity."

Nearly 1,000 workers who served the Y. M. C. A. overseas formed a permanent organization tonight.

LIEUT. COL. LEEMING DEAD.

Leading Brooklyn Architect Broke Down from War Work in France.

Lieut. Col. Woodruff Leeming, prominent Brooklyn architect, died Thursday at his Summer home at New Canaan, Conn., as the result of a breakdown due to his excessive war work in France. Last May he returned home much broken in health, and never regained his strength. He was born in Quincy, Ill., forty-nine years ago, and had made his home in Brooklyn since he was a boy.

A graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology he had also studied two years at the Beaux Arts in Paris before establishing himself as an architect in Brooklyn. His chief architectural productions were the former and present clubhouses of the Nassau Country Club and the Arbuckle Memorial Buildings at Plymouth Church.

McCutcheon's

Smart and Serviceable Wash Dresses for Girls

Reg. Trade Mark

HANDWORK, which is indeed rare nowadays, is a feature of practically all McCutcheon's Children's Wash Dresses.

In McCutcheon's Ginghams and the popular Devonshires, which are so durable, we have secured some very artistic effects.

Especially attractive are our little hand-smocked dresses for children from two to six years. Fine Peter Pan in yellow with brown and yellow smocking—copen blue with blue and red smocking and dainty pink and white ones.

Our variety and ample stock in Children's Dresses, as well as Tailored Coats and Hats, provides every opportunity for a wide and satisfactory choice.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

Second Floor

Born.

KEIT—Nov. 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis S. Keit (nee Ross), Lebanon Hospital, a son, Joel Irwin.

KERBS-KALLMAN—On Nov. 20, to Mr. and Mrs. William Kerbs-Kallman (nee Jeanne Kerbs), at 930 Park Av., a son.

Confirmations.

ATKIN—Mr. and Mrs. William Atkin of 1,801 7th Av. announce the bar mitzvah of their son Lawrence at Temple Ansche Chesed, 7th Av. and 114th St., Saturday morning, Nov. 22.

Engaged.

RICH—WEILAND—George W. Weiland of 1,744 Wyoming Av., Scranton, Pa., announces the engagement of his daughter, Tessa Kathryn, to Wilson Corey Rich of 105 North Grove St., East Orange, N. J.

Married.

HEATH—ORR—Mr. and Mrs. William C. Orr of 18 East 93d St., New York, announce the marriage of their daughter, Florence, on Thursday, Nov. 20, to Mr. Alfred Randall Heath of New York City.

McPHERSON—IRVINE—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Howard Irvine and Woodlawn Heights, announce the marriage of their daughter, Mabel Lois Jackson, to Mr. Harry Edwin McPherson of St. Joseph, Missouri, on Thursday evening, Nov. 20, in the Woodlawn Heights Methodist Episcopal Church. The Rev. Maitland Alexander, D. D., of Pittsburgh, Pa., officiated, assisted by the Rev. William R. Blaschke.

ROSE—STEBBINS—At St. Peter's Church, Casanovia, N. Y., Thursday, Nov. 20, 1919, by the Rev. Herbert G. Coddington, D. D., Linda, daughter of the late Charles and Mary Dews Stebbins, to the Rev. John T. Rose.

Died.

ABELSETH—Bertha Zeuner. Services at CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, Saturday, 2 o'clock.

AHERN—Lily, Elizabeth, beloved wife of the late Francis F. Ahern. Thursday, Nov. 20. Funeral Saturday, Nov. 22, 10:30 A. M. from her late residence, 2,787 Broadway and 135th St. Interment private. Philadelphia and Montreal papers please copy.

BLACKWELL—Suddenly, at Trenton, N. J., on the 19th inst., Jonathan Hunt Blackwell, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 167 West State St., Trenton, N. J., Saturday morning, 11 o'clock. Interment at Hopewell, N. J., at the convenience of the family.

BLYDENBURGH—At Wyoming, N. J., Nov. 20, 1919, Harriet Adelia, daughter of the late William F. and Harriett Agnes Blydenburgh, age 78 years. Funeral private.

BORCHERDING—On Thursday, Nov. 20, in his 46th year, Frederick Henry Borcherding, beloved husband of Mary Borcherding (nee Ritterhoff). Relatives and friends, also members of PARK LODGE, No. 516, F. and A. M., WOODCHOPPER BOWLING CLUB and the SIEDENBURGER VEREIN are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 668 9th Av., N. Y. C., on Sunday, Nov. 23, 1919, at 1 P. M. Automobile cortege.

BRUSH—Entered into life eternal on Friday, Nov. 21, 1919, at his residence, 297 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, Rev. William Peck Brush, rector emeritus of St. Paul's P. E. Church in Orange, Jersey City. Funeral at 3 o'clock Monday, Nov. 24, 1919, from the Church of the Incarnation, 8th Av., near Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

CARTER—On Nov. 21, 1919, Robert William, M. D., son of Rev. Thomas and Hettie D. Carter, in his 42d year. Funeral services will be held in First Presbyterian Church, Boonton, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 24, 1919, at 2 P. M.

COOLEY—On Thursday, Nov. 20, Charles Wallace, beloved husband of Emma Cooley, in his 70th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Charles B. Brush, 113 West 69th St., on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 22, at 3 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

DODD—Suddenly, on Friday, Nov. 21, Louise Sterns, wife of Rev. Ira S. Dodd, 27 Washington Square. Notice of funeral later.

FISHER—Suddenly, at Stamford, Conn., Nov. 20, in his 74th year, George F. Fisher. Funeral services at Lyman Hoyt Sons' Co. Chapel, Stamford, Conn., Sunday, Nov. 23, 11 A. M.

Died.

FOX—Angus R., son of Janet MacDonald and the late Robert W. Fox and husband of Laura Hope Crosby. Nov. 20, in Buffalo. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.), Broadway, at 66th St., on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

FRANK—Moses, beloved father of Irving, in his 55th year. Funeral from his late residence, 218 East 80th, Sunday, 1:30 P. M. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery.

GALER—On Friday, Nov. 21, 1919, Sarah Colbert, beloved wife of Alfred J. Galer, in the 83d year of her age. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 1,617 Dorchester Road, Brooklyn, on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 2 P. M.

GEDDES—On Thursday, Nov. 20, Ella D., beloved wife of David T. Geddes. Funeral services at her late residence, 215 West 91st St., Saturday, Nov. 22, at 8 P. M.

GERCKE—George P., beloved husband of Mary Gercke. Nov. 20. Service THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.), Broadway, at 66th St., on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 1 P. M. Elks Lodge 211 of Jersey City respectfully invited.

GIBLIN—Suddenly, at his residence, 5,000 Broadway, James M., dearly beloved husband of Mary B. and only son of the late Michael and Catherine. Funeral on Monday, 10 A. M., Church of the Good Shepherd, 20th St. and Broadway. Interment private.

HOPPEN—Frederick, age 60 years, formerly with Osborne & Co. Funeral services Sunday, 1:30 P. M., at his late residence at Wantagh, Long Island. Train leaves Flatbush Av. Station 11:38 A. M.

KELLER—On Thursday, Nov. 20, at Mt. Vernon Hospital, in her 75th year, Lena, wife of the late Leon S., beloved mother of Mortimer, Etta, and David. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild Funeral Chapel, 366 Lenox Av., at 10th St., Sunday, Nov. 23, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Mount Nebo Cemetery.

KELLER—EMMANUEL, NO. 1, U. O. T. S. Sisters are requested to attend the funeral services at our departed sister, Lena Keller, at Rothschild's Funeral Chapel, 366 Lenox Av., Sunday, Nov. 23, at 10:30 A. M. ESTHER SUSSMAN, President. HENRIETTA GOLDMAN, Fin. Sec'y.

KENNY—Anna, on Nov. 19, beloved mother of Max, Josephine, David C., Thomas, Arthur, Agnes, Anna, and Helen Kenny. Funeral from Everard's Chapel, 347 Mad. 50th, on Saturday, at 9:30, thence to the Church of St. John the Evangelist, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul.

LEEMING—On Thursday, Nov. 20, Lt. Col. Woodruff Leeming, beloved husband of Esther Howard Leeming. Funeral services will be held at his residence at New Canaan, Conn., at 4 P. M., Sunday, Nov. 23. Train leaving the Grand Central Depot at 2:00 will be met at New Canaan.

MORRIS—Mary Finley, in her 90th year. Funeral from late residence, Saturday, Nov. 22, at 3.

MOSMAN—Howard Hill, son of the late Dr. Nathan Ames and Mary Hill Mosman and husband of Edith Martin Mosman, at his residence, 971 Park Av., on Friday morning. Funeral service at his late residence at 2 P. M. Sunday.

NOBLE—Suddenly, at Montclair, N. J., Friday, Nov. 21, 1919, Dr. Willis Clarke Noble, formerly at his late home, 94 South Fullerton Av., Monday, Nov. 24, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, D., L. & W. R. R., 2:30 P. M.

NUSBAUM—Augusta, on Nov. 21, beloved mother of Sarah Gimbern, Millie Eller, Rose Brush, and Will, in her 79th year. Funeral from her late residence, 20 Bay 41st St., Bensonhurst, Brooklyn, Sunday, Nov. 23, 11 A. M.

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BLOOMINGDALES CUT FLOWER SHOP,
59th St. and Lex. Ave. Open every evening and all day Sunday. Phone Plaza 5904.
Artistic floral designs, $1 up.

Died.

OBELL—Mary J., in her 84th year, on Nov. 19. Funeral services Saturday, Nov. 22, at 1 P. M. at her late residence, 23 West 128 St. Please send flowers. Interment Trinity Cemetery.

PURDY—At White Plains, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1919, Daniel J. Purdy, husband of Nettie V. Purdy (nee Vorse), in his 87th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 25 Barker Av., White Plains, Monday evening, 24th, at 8 o'clock.

REMSEN—On Nov. 21, John Marshall, beloved husband of Kitty Kouwenhoven, in his 55th year. Funeral from his late residence, 1,040 East 48th St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 2:30 P. M.

RYAN—Lucy Frances, Nov. 20. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.), Broadway, at 66th St., on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

SAYRAN—Friday, Nov. 21, David N., beloved husband of Rose (nee Goldstein), and father of Jerome and Beatrice. Funeral from late residence, 2,420 Creston Av., Bronx, Fordham Station, on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 12 noon. Interment Union Field. Kindly omit flowers. Atlantic City and Philadelphia papers please copy.

SEARLES—Caroline Pettit, wife of the late John B. Searles, on Wednesday, Nov. 19, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Frank C. Blackwell, Englewood, N. J. Funeral private.

SHANLEY—On Nov. 21, William Shanley, native of Cashel, County Leitrim, Ireland. Funeral from the residence of his brother, P. J. Shanley, 607 West 149th St., on Monday, Nov. 24, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, where a solemn high mass of requiem will be offered. Interment Calvary.

SHELLEY—Friday, Nov. 21, Edmund J., beloved husband of Viola C. Shelley (nee Morris), at his residence, 408 East 140th St. Funeral mass at the Church of St. Jerome, 129th St. and Alexander Av., on Monday, Nov. 24, at 9:30 o'clock. Interment at Gate of Heaven Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

THORN—In this city, on Tuesday, Nov. 18, 1919, William E. Thorn of Cohoes, N. Y., in his 89th year. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's Church, West 60th St., between Columbus Av. and Broadway, on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Interment at Greenwich, Conn.

TUTHILL—On Friday, Nov. 21, 1919, at her residence, 114 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., Mary Gould Berry, wife of the late Dr. James Y. Tuthill, in her 78th year. Funeral private. Interment at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

WARD—William C., suddenly, on Nov. 20, at his residence, 547 Riverside Drive, husband of the late Corinne A. Ward and son of the late Joseph G. and Julia S. Ward of Newburgh, N. Y. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.), Broadway, at 66th St., on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 11 A. M. Hope Lodge, 124, F. A. A. M., East Orange, N. J., respectfully invites and interment private.

WARDELL—Charles Henry, suddenly, at Matawan, N. J., in his 62d year. Funeral services will be held at the First Presbyterian Church, Matawan, N. J., on Saturday at 2 P. M.

Died.

WATKINS—On Nov. 20, 1919, Estelle Sears, beloved wife of William M. Watkins, at her residence, 1,111 Dean St., Brooklyn. Services Saturday evening, Nov. 22, at 8 o'clock.

WHITE—Simeon A., on Friday, Nov. 21, at her home in South Nyack, N. Y.

ZULAUF—Agnes W., suddenly, on Nov. 21, 1919, at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Zulauf, 224 West 106th St. Notice of funeral later.

In Memoriam

MUNSON—In loving memory of our baby, Abram J. Munson, who departed this life Nov. 22, 1918.

He is gone, but not forgotten, his Memory shall never fade.
Loving hearts shall always mourn
Around his grave where he is laid.

NIECES ELIZABETH, ALETTA, AND ANNIE.

Unveiling.

DUSCHINSKY—Charles K. Unveiling of memorial to his loving memory of Charles K. Duschinsky, Sunday, Nov. 23, 1919, 2 o'clock, at Linden Hills Cemetery. In case of inclement weather following Sunday.

GUTTAG—Unveiling of monument to memory of Albina Guttag, beloved wife of Julius Guttag, Beloved daughter of Pauline Brand. Sunday, Nov. 23, 2:30 P. M. Mount Hope Cemetery, Greene Ave. Car. In case of inclement weather following Sunday.

SILBERSTEIN—Unveiling of monument to our beloved brother, Irving Arnold Silberstein, (also sister, Sunday, Nov. 23, 2 P. M. Mount Zion Cemetery, Fairview, and friends invited.

ANETA S. MEYER.
SAMUEL SILBERSTEIN.
GEORGE SILBERSTEIN.

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33rd St.—BROADWAY—33rd St.

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On the Road

By DR. BERTHOLD A. BAER

A short time ago I traveled to Philadelphia on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

And returned the next day.

Though the train's speed reached as high as sixty miles an hour, every traveler seemed to be as unconcerned, seemed to feel as safe as in their Morris chair at home.

I knew the roadbed to be one of the best in the country.

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And in my mind I compared The Funeral Church at Broadway and 66th Street in that great City of ours, with the Railroad, its service and its personnel.

The Funeral Church is dedicated to the traveler who has passed away into worlds unknown.

Whoever enters The Funeral Church is imbued with a sentiment of tranquillity; quietude and feeling of peacefulness.

They know that whatever is required for that last journey will be the best obtainable. For, Frank E. Campbell will provide what is needed to soften the parting hour and leave a picture long to be remembered.

Like on the train, the people coming to The Funeral Church are made aware that every employee considers himself a part of the institution, and their only satisfaction lies in their possibility to serve.

Religious Notices.

THANKSGIVING MUSIC

Woodman's "Thanksgiving Day Ode," Excerpts from "Judas Maccabaeus," (Handel), "Land of Our Hearts" (Barry), and "Jubilee" Cantata (Von Weber).

Elizabeth St. Ives, Soprano — Mary Kent, Contralto
Arthur Hackett, Tenor — Edwin Swain, Baritone

A. Y. Cornell, Organist and Choirmaster

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS
Sunday, November 23d, at 7:45 P. M.
Henry and Remsen Streets, Brooklyn. Two blocks from Borough Hall Station of both East and West Side Subways.

Rev. Richard Roberts will preach at 11 A. M. and 7.45 P. M.
Morning Subject: "The Thankful Foreigner."
Evening Subject: "Nationality, Patriotism and the Future."
Solo Quartet and Chorus Choir at both Services. Seats Free.

Free Synagogue
CARNEGIE HALL—SUNDAY MORNING
NOVEMBER 23RD, AT 10:45
DR. WISE:
"THE PROPHETS' MESSAGE TO 1919"
Prelude: George Eliot and the soul of the Jew.
ALL ARE WELCOME

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

UNITY CONGREGATIONAL SOCIETY
(Lenox Av. Unitarian Church)
(Rev. Meade St. Croix Wright, Minister.)

Will Meet Nov. 23rd at Eleven o'Clock A. M. in

EARL HALL
Columbia University
(Broadway at 117th St.)

Rev. CHARLES FRANCIS POTTER,
the minister-elect, will preach on

THE RELIGION OF REALITY

This will be the first meeting of the Society in its temporary quarters, which are to be occupied while a location is being selected for the new church building. If you are interested in liberal religion, you are invited to attend.

Dr. Grant
11 A. M. Service.
"How to Gain Personal Power"
Public Forum at 8 P. M.
"RUSSIA"
By Will Durant, Ph.D.
At Church of the Ascension
5th Av. & 10th Street.

TEMPLE BETH-EL
5th Ave. at 76th St.
Saturday Service at 10:45 A. M. Sermon by Rev. Dr. S. Schulman.
Sunday Service, November 23d at 11 A. M.
Discourse by Rev. Dr. S. Schulman. "OUR AMERICA." & Thanksgiving Sermon.
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FIRE AT SING SING; ARSON SUSPECTED

Three Workshops and a Large Quantity of Stores Burned—Damage Estimate, $200,000.

WATER SUPPLY WAS LOW

Firemen Handicapped by Temporary Severance of Main Pipe—No Attempts Made to Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Nov. 21.—A fire at Sing Sing Prison, believed by officials to have been set by convicts, started just after daybreak today, and destroyed three prison workshops and a large quantity of valuable stores. The fire was not brought under control for three hours.

Before Warden Edward V. Brophy tendered his resignation a week ago there were rumors at the prison that the convicts were going to start trouble. Their object, it was said, was to discredit the management at Sing Sing, under which their privileges were somewhat curtailed.

When the fire was discovered at 6:50 o'clock this morning by Keeper George Van Alken smoke was issuing from the cart and wagon factory, which is used as a storehouse. The big siren whistle used to signal escapes in a moment notified the countryside that Sing Sing was afire. The employes off duty immediately answered the alarm.

A call was sent for the Ossining Fire Department. Before the firemen and apparatus were admitted extra guards, armed with repeating rifles, were placed outside the river front fence, around the vehicle gates, and on the walls to reinforce the regular keepers.

The convicts, who had just been turned out of the cellblock and dormitory, were in the yard when the fire was discovered. There are about 1,500 imprisoned in the institution now and most of them were in the yard waiting for breakfast. They made no attempt to escape.

The prison was badly handicapped in fighting the fire, for on the day previous the eight-inch water supply main connecting the prison with the Croton Aqueduct was cut. Workmen were moving the pipe to get it out of the way of one of the new Sing Sing structures on the hill, so that temporarily the prison's only water supply was a small local service.

The convicts knew of the diminished water supply, and Acting Warden J. W. Byers, who was in charge while Warden Brophy was in Albany on official business, said: "It looks as if some one took advantage of this. Things indicate the fire was set." He also said that "there seemed to be a reluctance on the part of the inmates to fight the fire, and only about twenty-five of them helped in the work."

The lowest estimate of the damage was $100,000, and some prison officials stated that it would cost $250,000 to replace the structures and burned stores and machinery. One hundred convicts stopped work and hundreds more may be forced into idleness temporarily unless the raw material destroyed is quickly replaced.

Principal Keeper Martin Deeley began an examination of prisoners, seeking to learn the identity of those who know how the fire started.

State Superintendent of Prisons Charles F. Rattigan arrived tonight to conduct an investigation. He visited the prison about sundown, but has only started his inquiry. He said: "I only had time to question a few officers tonight and I will continue my investigation tomorrow."

MILK WILL NOT GO HIGHER.

Farmers Will Get More Money, but Retail Price Remains Unchanged.

The Borden's Farm Products Company announced yesterday that the price of milk to the consumer in December will be the same as in November, despite the increase which the distributer will pay the producer. Sheffield Farms Company has not announced its price, but it is generally understood that the November prices will prevail among all the distributers.

The farmers will receive in December $3.68 a hundred pounds for 3 per cent. milk, an increase of 38 cents a hundred pounds over November. This means the farmer will receive 7.8 cents a quart for 3 per cent. milk, and he receives 4 cents a point for milk testing above 3 per cent. butter fats. In December, 1918, the basic price was $4.06 a hundred pounds, or 8.6 cents a quart, the price being approved by the Federal Food Administration.

Arrangements are going ahead for the mass meeting of producers, distributers, and consumers at Hotel Biltmore Sunday night under the auspices of the Community Councils of National Defense. Federal Food Administrator Williams will act as chairman of the meeting, and there will be speakers representing all interests.

FIND BIRDSEYES GUILTY.

Two New York Lawyers and Montgomery Convicted in Pittsburgh.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 21.—Clarence F. Birdseye, Kellogg Birdseye and George F. Montgomery, all of New York, who were placed on trial in criminal court before Judge Ambrose S. Reid on Nov. 10, charged with conspiring to defraud the stockholders and policy holders of the Pittsburgh Life and Trust Company, and with wrecking that organization, were found guilty as indicted today. The jury returned its verdict shortly after the opening of court, after a night long deliberation.

Immediately following the verdict, District Attorney Harry H. Rowand announced that as soon as possible the former directors of the Pittsburgh Life and Trust Company would be brought to trial on criminal charges of conspiracy. The civil suit against the directors was settled. The former directors who will have to stand trial are W. H. Nimick, W. C. McAusland, W. L. Berriman, Robert Garlan, V. Q. Hickman, James Carothers, George W. Johnson, Wm. H. Self, Fred W. Kiffer, W. W. Blackburn and John H. Murdock; E. F. Acheson and James J. Donnell, former directors, have died since their indictment.

The trial of these men was delayed by suits against the Birdseyes and Montgomery in the New York courts. Civil charges against the three will be heard in New York Dec. 3 or 4. These suits were instituted to recover assets of the life insurance company. Later charges of grand larceny against the three will be heard in New York.

Attorney Rowand said today that these cases would delay the hearing on the criminal charges against former Directors of the company, as many of the exhibits must now be taken to New York to be used in the prosecution of the Birdseyes and Montgomery.

Following the return of the verdict against the three men today, Judge Reid directed that Clarence F. Birdseye renew his bail in the sum of $20,000; that Kellogg Birdseye do likewise in the sum of $10,000, and the bail of George F. Montgomery was increased from $7,000 to $10,000. A motion for a new trial will be filed for the defendants by their counsel, Attorneys John S. Robb and Ralph Tannehill, the latter announced.

Among the Pittsburgh men who will be tried later is a bank President and a prominent official of the Carnegie Steel Company.

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Mrs. James B. Haggin, New York
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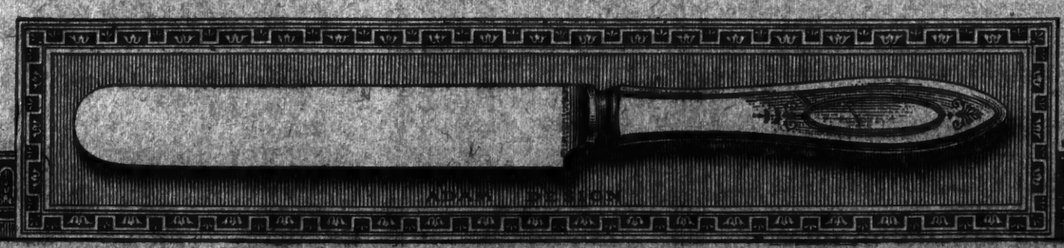

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125 Chambers Street New York, N. Y.
Laboratory and Factory, Gloucester, Mass.

RED PLOT TO KILL OFFICIALS BARED

Sergeant Gegan, Alexander I. Rorke, and Charles Scully Marked for Death.

ELLIS ISLAND INQUIRY

Congressional Committee Here to Investigate Reason for Delay in Deporting Aliens.

ROSE STOKES BEFORE JURY

Dismissed Teacher Decides Not to Appeal—Eight Suspected Communists Examined.

Information has come into the possession of the police that Reds have raised a fund of $65,000, and have condemned to death three officials who have been active here in the efforts to suppress criminal anarchy. Those marked for death, according to the stories that have reached the authorities, are James J. Gegan, head of the police bomb squad; Assistant District Attorney Alexander I. Rorke, and Charles P. Scully, special agent of the Department of Justice in charge of the suppression of anarchy here.

The police have been informed that three members of the I. W. W. and two of the Union of Russian Workers have been selected to decide upon the means to be employed in carrying out the death threat. According to the stories that have come to the police the fund is for the purpose of buying firearms and explosives to be used by the plotters here.

Mr. Rorke said last night that he had heard of a plot to kill New York officials who were active in the drive against criminal anarchists. The plot, according to his information, was not arranged here, but in a Western city.

The information upon which the police are acting was obtained through the arrests of several suspected "Reds" last Monday night.

Deportation Inquiry Begins.

The handling of suspected anarchists at Ellis Island under the direction of ex-Commissioner of Immigration Frederic C. Howe will be investigated by the Immigration Committee of the House of Representatives, which commenced yesterday an inquiry into the causes of delays in the deportation of alien revolutionary propagandists.

An investigation is also being carried on by the agents of the Department of Justice into the circumstances which make it possible for hundreds of Reds who have been ordered deported to remain in this country and to keep up their propaganda for the destruction of the American Government.

"Congressmen could not be engaged in a more important investigation than that of discovering the reasons why it seems impossible to get Reds deported," said Assistant District Attorney Alexander I. Rorke, who for the last year has been investigating and prosecuting anarchists and revolutionists in this city.

"Men whom we convicted last March and April, and who were turned over to the Government for deportation, are still in this country, out on bail, and have committed new crimes. I have not been able to find any satisfactory reason why they have not been deported."

Eighty Held on Ellis Island.

The members of the committee, who arrived here yesterday, are Congressman Aiber Johnson of Washington, Chairman; Isaac Siegel of New York, J. E. Baker of California, W. N. Vaile of Colorado, King Swope of Kentucky, B. F. Welty of Ohio, J. C. Box of Texas, and E. J. Wilson of Louisiana.

The committee will begin its investigation at Ellis Island today. Chairman Johnson said that the committee intended to undertake a broad survey of the immigration problem, with a view to legislation which would permit entrance to this country only of men with the making of good citizens as well as the more expeditious deportation of the bad ones. He said that it would be sought light on the question whether the handling of dangerous aliens should not be transferred from the Department of Labor to the Department of Justice.

There are more than eighty men on Ellis Island at present who have been arrested for taking part in revolutionary movements and are now being held for action by the Department of Labor, in addition to scores who are free on bail. The main cause of the slowness in handling foreign-born Bolshevist agitators, according to the present immigration officials, is the fact that there is no communication between this country and Soviet Russia. They have not been deported to other sections of Russia, because of danger that their cases would be handled summarily if they fell into the hands of anti-Bolshevist Russians.

While the Congressional Committee began its investigation, the Grand Juries of the Bronx and New York were both hearing testimony on the anarchist and Bolshevist plots in this city. Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, the wealthy radical speaker, who is out on bail pending an appeal from her conviction for seditious activities for which she received a ten-year sentence in Kansas City, was a witness before the Grand Jury.

Several checks signed by Mrs. Stokes were found, the war reported, in the raids of the Lusk Committee on Communist headquarters two weeks ago. Assistant District Attorney Alexander I. Rorke refused to discuss the number or amount of the checks or the use for which they were intended. Charles Recht, counsel for Mrs. Stokes, said that the report that she had contributed $11,000 to radical publications was ridiculous.

Seek Communist Backers.

Assistant District Attorney Rorke said that he had issued subpoenas for a number of persons who might be able to throw light on the sources of income of the Communist Party and other radical organizations.

Ivan Novikoff, a printer, was arrested yesterday at his home, at 1,382 College Avenue, the Bronx, on a warrant issued by United States Immigration Commissioner Carusiti and taken to Ellis Island, to be held for deportation. He is charged with being a member of the Executive Committee of the Union of Russian Workers of America and Canada, which published circulars during the steel strike calling for the overthrow of this Government and asking all workers to join in a general strike to compel the Government to lift the blockade on Soviet Russia.

Miss Sonia Ginsberg of 1,828 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn, who was dismissed from her position in the public schools for belonging to the Communist Party, said yesterday that she did not mean to make a fight to retain her position.

Deputy Attorney General Samuel A. Berger questioned eight other teachers in the public schools of this city at his office at 61 Chambers Street yesterday. All said that they were all under suspicion of belonging to the Communist Party.

At a meeting of the Central Federated Union, held last night at the Labor Temple, Eighty-fourth Street, near Third Avenue, a statement of Associate Superintendent Tildsley was read, in which he recommends that a permanent license for Benjamin Harrow, a teacher in De Witt Clinton High School, be refused because he had recommended for reading by his boys an article on Bolshevism.

Get Jail Terms for Raising "Irish Parliament" Fund

BELFAST, Nov. 21 (Associated Press).—In the Crimes Court of Armagh today, Edward Donnelly, Sinn Fein organizer for Ulster; Edward Hughes, a farmer, and William O'Brien, a Galway University professor, all charged with unlawful assembly at Tynan in October, and with soliciting funds for the Dail Eireann (Irish Parliament) loan, created a scene by declaring that they did not recognize the authority of the Court.

The accused men were carried into the court. Donnelly said the Dail Eireann was a legal body in the eyes of Irishmen, and the only body that had the moral right to legislate for or to rule the Irish people.

"Your authority," he added, "is that of a usurper, backed by the military, machine guns, tanks, and rifles."

Donnelly and O'Brien were each sentenced to three months' imprisonment, while Hughes received a two months' sentence.

POPE MAKES APPEAL FOR POOR CHILDREN

Urges Catholic Bishops to Brighten the Christmas of War Victims in Europe.

GIVES 100,000 LIRE HIMSELF

Orders Prayers and Collections on Dec. 28—Praises American Relief in Belgium.

ROME, Nov. 21.—The Pope has addressed an encyclical to the Catholic Episcopacy of the world as behalf of poor children, victims of the war. He says he hoped that once the frightful conflict was over conditions in the countries so cruelly tried, especially in Central Europe, would improve, thanks to the efforts of all good people, but that that hope, in a great measure, has been disappointed.

"From everywhere," says the encyclical, "we hear the pitiful echo of indescribable sufferings through lack of food and clothing. Those who suffer most are weak and poor children, who do not know about the bloody struggle. They represent the future generation, which will suffer terrible consequences."

The Pope declares he was comforted on hearing of the birth of a noble initiative to succor these children.

"I immediately praised the effort, giving it all of our support," he continues. "As in the past we addressed a charitable appeal in favor of the poor Belgian children, exhausted by hunger."

Here the Pontiff alludes to the work done by the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, adding:

"In that case our appeal was addressed to great Republic of the United States and was answered by a large number of Catholics and charitable institutions with great benefit for those innocent children. Such a result encourages us today to address a similar appeal to the entire episcopacy of the Catholic world in behalf of the children of the suffering population of Central Europe.

"The approach of the severe season, of Christmas and of the Festival of Holy Innocents recalls the children to us with more tender and loving solicitude. The imminent Christmas period seems a propitious time to address ourselves in behalf of the children to the charity of all the faithful, to humanity, and to all of those who do not despair of the salvation of mankind.

"Therefore, we order all Bishops of the Catholic world to arrange in their respective dioceses on Dec. 28, the Festival of Holy Innocents, public prayers and collections for this purpose.

"What we order the Catholics to do we hope will be an example to others, to all of whom we address a paternal request. We are sure it will be well received.

"Notwithstanding continual requests for succor from all parts of the world, we wish to be the first to contribute with 100,000 lire."

'PUSSYFOOT' PARTLY BLIND.

Prohibitionist Has Lost Sight of Eye Hurt in London.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Three specialists who examined today the eye of William E. ("Pussyfoot") Johnson, the American Anti-Saloon League campaigner, which was injured during a students' demonstration against him recently, found him unable to see with the affected eye.

They discovered, however, a hopeful sign in the fact that a strong electric light held in front of the eye, although unseen by the patient, caused pain, indicating that there was sensitiveness in the injured organ.

WOULDN'T DISCUSS IRELAND

London Post Attacks Reported Purpose of Lord Grey Here.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The Morning Post, discussing the report that when Lord Grey accepted the post of Ambassador to the United States he made certain conditions as to Irish home rule, says:

"It would indeed be an unprecedented and unworthy attitude for an English Ambassador to ask his Government for a fragment of British sovereignty to be presented at the White House—on a charger. It is difficult to believe any Englishman would be so wanting in the sense of respect due to his own nation as to propose such means of propitiating a foreign country. Whatever may be the solution of what is called the Irish question, it is at all events a domestic question. It concerns the British nation and the British nation alone."

IRISH DRUG CLERK STRIKE.

Called for Saturday Evening—Bank Clerks Also Threaten Walkout.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Nov. 21.—Chemists' assistants throughout Ireland are being called on to strike Saturday evening. They demand higher pay. Nearly 200 employes in Dublin are affected, as well as all the members of the union throughout Ireland—that is, about 75 per cent. of the chemists' assistants in the country.

Another unusual strike threatened in Ireland is one of bank clerks. Some time ago the clerks formed a union which the Directors refused to recognize. Unless the Directors give way now, all the union membership, which included the majority of the clerks, may be called out.

TO OCCUPY CATTARO.

Montenegrins Reported on Way to Albanian Port.

ROME, Nov. 20.—Six hundred Montenegrin volunteers left Brindisi on Tuesday to occupy Cattaro, Albania, according to reports reaching this city.

The city is at the southeast extremity of the Gulf of Cattaro, and is the chief port of entry for goods consigned to Montenegro.

GERMANY GROPING FOR POLITICAL LIGHT

People Revealed as Almost Helpless After Centuries of Autocratic Rule.

TRUTH CAN'T GET TO THEM

Statesmen Don't Talk in Terms Rest of the World Understands—The Present Dangers.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 21, via Paris.—All those who in a democracy like America argue for a limitation suffrage and become irritated at the sight of the proletariat in action, should visit Germany and behold the ruin that followed the carrying out of undemocratic ideas to their logical conclusion. That for many years—indeed up to the very day of the launching of the great war—this method of committing the Government to the hands of "the fittest" was so highly efficient that it brought practical results unmatched and perhaps unattainable in any democracy cannot be denied. But the system led straight over the precipice into the abyss, and there the people who were perhaps the most efficient in industry in the world are struggling in darkness and helplessness today.

On the Governmental side they never before had any real responsibility, having always contented themselves with the oligarchy which relieved them of the worry and trouble of domestic and international politics, while it conferred upon them all the advantages and benefits of material progress and prosperity. When the war was ordered from above by those to whom the people had been accustomed to look for guidance in all such matters there never was a question about it. The masses obeyed according to their habit. They swallowed the reasons assigned, and permitted Berlin to work them up into a frenzy of false patriotism. They blindly accepted the assurance that only by sacrifices to the limit could the country be saved from the enemies who ringed it about.

In effect the credulity and political incapacity of the people are more disastrous than if they had fully shared in the wicked intent of the military gang which exploited them. Behind an industrious people that gang was able to shield itself while it prepared its aggressions. Now after the war in which Germany has been utterly crushed the Germans are wholly lacking in the necessary mental and moral resources to meet their situation. They are as ignorant of the science of self government as any tribe of African Hottentots. In America nearly every individual has in a greater or less degree a knowledge of politics. He forms his opinions and in time of emergency these individual opinions are aggregated into the public opinion which becomes the controlling force and dictates official action.

In Germany no such thing is possible. To begin with, individuals have no political knowledge, and even if they had no instrumentalities exist in Germany for putting individual opinions together in the form of public opinion. There has been no popular press, but only newspapers subsidized by various interests. The Parliament has been merely a debating society, and in like manner all other representative institutions have been spurious. This is the formula for the present political situation in Germany. By this formula is to be interpreted all the crimes and follies of the war, and the confusion, blundering, and failures that have followed the armistice.

It is the lack of political perception and sensibilities in Germany that has been mainly responsible for the delay in working out some practical feature for peace on the basis of the defeat of Germany and the new conditions created thereby in the world. It is extremely difficult to approach a people who won't and cannot know what has happened to them, who they are hungry and humiliated, but they have not yet realized the significance and meaning of Germany's attack on the world and its failure. The people at large have as yet no sense of realities. Such a sentiment will necessarily produce statesmen who think and talk in terms the rest of the world can understand.

In my judgment there is no immediate peril of the return of militarism, but there is danger that the people, being driven by cold and hunger into Spartacism and then and thence on into Bolshevism, which would make necessary a military occupation of the country by the Entente powers. I do not think occupation by troops of Great Britain and America would be deeply resented in the present circumstances, but of course such occupation would be very difficult to put into effect.

In the meantime the present German Government is doing fairly well when the antecedent conditions are taken into account. In fact, the most encouraging thing I have found in Germany is that the Government has been able to hold on for many months; that it is probably stronger than at any time since the war; that it is apparently trying to play the game according to the rules laid down by the Entente. Three coalition parties, Majority Socialists, Centrists, and Democrats, have good working majority in the National Assembly. The Ministry is composed of men of mediocre ability, except Noske, but they go on steadily, solidly, day to day. The Ministry is spoken of sneeringly by nearly all those whom one meets in Berlin, but as a matter of fact it is better than might be expected in a country where political imbecility is the rule.

BATTLE ON DUMPING BILL.

Proposed British Measure Under Heavy Fire.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—A storm of opposition has been raised by the Government's anti-dumping bill, and the Asquithian Liberals are determined to make it an issue. They see in it a chance of driving a wedge between the Liberal Wing of the Coalition and the rest of the Premier's supporters, and there is already talk of calling a meeting of Parliamentary Liberals, at which both the Coalition supporters and the opposition members would be present.

The Westminster Gazette calls the bill protection in disguise and declares that the attitude assumed toward it is the acid test of Liberalism."

The Westminster Gazette raises the cry of the country's need of cheap goods and is much afraid of reprisals. It says:

"A similar law would be passed in foreign countries, preventing British manufacturers from exporting at a lower price than they sell here and the whole business of cheap lines of foreign goods, which are promoted by Britian as well as by foreign exporters, would be extinguished. So far as the United Kingdom is concerned, there could be no greater encouragement."

England, it asserts, would become under such a system the "least favored nation." The Star declares that the bill will be fought by labor as well as Liberals and stigmatizes it as the "worst bill ever brought into Westminster." It goes on: "It is brazen and brutal protection designed to rob the consumer and fill the pockets of profit."

The Evening Standard styles the bill "an apple of discord," but calls for its consideration without prejudice. It doubts whether the rank and file of labor, whatever leaders may do, will oppose the measure, which increases employment. It contends "the whole question must be looked at, not from the fetich point of view of the free traders and protectionists before the war." It adds:

"We need a flexible system which can be adjusted to the existing circumstances from time to time, and if we can get that without undue restraint of trade or by fostering monopolies or putting ourselves into the hands of a numerous bureaucracy, so much the better."

Labor Party Delegates in Chicago; May Name Gov. Frazier for President

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Nearly 1,000 delegates assembled in this city tonight to be present tomorrow at the opening of a convention called to form a national labor party. The delegates were summoned by John Fitzpatrick, President of the Chicago Federation of Labor, and his associates in the labor movement in the Middle West, and without the approval of Samuel Gompers and the American Federation of Labor.

Composed of labor leaders, co-operative association sponsors, representatives of farmers' organizations, and the Non-Partisan League, its aim is the downfall of the Democratic and Republican parties in an effort to secure political control of the country.

Although Gompers has protested against the forming of a Labor party, Fitzpatrick and others who have been watching the Labor party of England are determined to attempt a similar organization here.

Fitzpatrick addressed a meeting of the Farmers National Council at the Morrison Hotel, in an effort to obtain the aid of the entire body of farmers, but he found little encouragement.

Benjamin J. Marsh, Secretary of the Farmers Council, who telegraphed to Gompers yesterday asking him to make an address at one of the sessions, received an answer that Gompers would not appear because he heard that the farmers had thrown their support to the labor party. Marsh denied that the farmers were supporting the movement as a body, and said they would not do so.

Max Hays of Cleveland, Ohio, who is to open the convention as Temporary Chairman, said that the party would probably adopt a platform embracing public ownership of railroads and most of the other big industries.

Governor Lynn J. Frazier of North Dakota is to be one of the speakers at the convention, which is to last a week. It is said that he is to be indorsed for President, with Fitzpatrick or Duncan McDonald for Governor of Illinois, either at this convention or another one to be held in the Spring.

WOOD TO ANNOUNCE HIS CANDIDACY SOON

Intimate Friends in Chicago Assert Formal Action May Be Expected in a Few Days.

MAY RESIGN FROM THE ARMY

General Himself Declines to Affirm or Deny Report—Busy Keeping Order in Steel Strike Zone.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—The formal announcement of the candidacy of Major Gen. Leonard Wood for the Republican nomination for President of the United States may be expected within the next few weeks. This statement was made today by several close personal friends of General Wood. With the announcement it is believed General Wood will submit his resignation to the War Department.

When General Wood was seen this afternoon at his office in the headquarters of the Central Department and asked to verify this statement, he asked to be excused from making any comment at this time.

"I have nothing to say regarding my possible resignation from the army nor the other matter to which you refer," he said, pointing to a pile of telegrams from various parts of his strike-ridden district.

"Just at this present time," added General Wood, referring to the industrial situation in the Central Department, "I have a job to do and I am engaged, to the best of my ability, in doing it. My main business today is to support the Government of the United States with all my power to protect life and property and to maintain the law whenever the Federal forces in this department are called for such purposes."

While no statement has been made to date by General Wood to indicate the platform on which he will go before the country, there is no doubt concerning certain important features of his program. These have been indicated in his talks with friends and at meetings where he has spoken. At a recent small gathering General Wood said:

"The financial burden of the war is one of the great vital problems before our country that we must face in a square and straightforward way. I personally believe that this burden must be spread over a much greater period than we have heretofore considered to be necessary—over a couple of generations if necessary. If something of this kind is not done we shall have in this country a burden of taxation that will smother business, almost make impossible a new prosperity, and which will make industrial slackers of great estates."

Concerning the labor and capital problem, General Wood has repeatedly expressed himself.

"The closest possible contact and the fullest understanding," he said in a recent talk to college men, "should be maintained between the employer and employe. We must do all we can to improve the worker's living conditions, to make his surroundings decent and attractive to himself and family. He should receive a wage that not only permits him to keep body and soul together, but enable him to lay by something for the future. But if these conditions are to be obtained and maintained, labor must recognize that high wages can only be maintained under conditions of high production and high efficiency. Capital must be paid a reasonable profit in the risk of the enterprise."

One of the reasons why General Wood has not made any move to date to sever himself from the army, it was said today, is due to the industrial situation in his department. Not until that situation is cleared up and it is definitely established that the power of the Federal Government is no longer necessary in maintaining law and order do General Wood's friends expect him to make any move that would relieve him from responsibility in any situation due to strikes or otherwise.

NEED OUR AID IN AUSTRIA.

Allies' Resources Not Adequate, Says British Agent.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Sir William Goode has returned to London to report to the Government concerning his work in Austria as British representative on the allied Reparations Commission. "If it had not been for magnificent services rendered without advertising, Vienna would have starved long ago, quite apart from any question of money," said Sir William today. He added that Philip Gibbs in recent special articles had pictured the suffering and general condition of the city with fidelity. He went on, "The British Relief Committee is making every effort to arrange for the immediate dispatch to Vienna of 30,000 tons of food now at Trieste.

Latest advices are that owing to a heavy snow fall railway traffic between Vienna and Triest is extremely uncertain, which makes the position even more critical. It is quite impossible for the European Allies by themselves to do anything which would be at all likely to be effective as the question is so much larger than anything which could be met by any suggestion of voluntary relief, and even larger than the financial resources of this country, France and Italy can meet.

"We must look to the United States for co-operation in a comprehensive plan if the problem of Austria is to be faced. This matter is now being discussed by the powers. It is an economic problem, not a charitable problem."

Ex-Bishop Kinsman to be Catholic.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.—Former Bishop Frederick J. Kinsman of Wilmington, who recently resigned from the Episcopal Church because he could not reconcile its teachings regarding ordination and the sacraments with his own, is about to enter St. Mary's Catholic Seminary here to study for the priesthood. It is understood that the Bishop was particularly anxious to enter the seminary here, so as to be near Cardinal Gibbons.

AWARD PIERMEN A WAGE INCREASE

Deep-Sea Longshoremen Advanced 10 Cents an Hour by the Adjustment Board.

CHECKERS TO GET $6 A DAY

Commission Finds Living Cost Unchanged—Coastwise Workers' Case to Come Up Later.

Holding that the cost of living had not shown a decrease since the tentative award in October and that under the terms of that award this condition justified a re-opening of the case, the National Adjustment Commission of the United States Shipping Board yesterday afternoon rendered a decision for an increase in wages to deep sea longshoremen from 70 cents an hour to 80 cents, and from $1.10 an hour for overtime to $1.20, effective on Dec. 1. This is an increase of 22½ per cent. over the scale of wages in force up to Oct. 1, last. The longshoremen demanded $1 an hour and $2 overtime.

Checkers are to get an increase of 80 cents a day, making their wage now $6 a day. The case of the coastwise longshoremen, of whom there are about 6,000 in this port, will be taken up in Washington on Dec. 5.

The decision of the Commission was reached at an executive session, following a public hearing in the Produce Exchange Building yesterday morning, at which several witnesses told of the continued high cost of living.

The October award of the Commission of 70 cents and $1.10 furnished the cause for the strike of the longshoremen, which ran for four weeks. The men who expressed themselves last night said they were pleased with the new award and thought there would be no further trouble. The rate of wages runs until Oct. 1, 1920. John F. Riley, President of the New York District Council, said that he thought the men would be satisfied.

T. V. O'Connor and Joseph Ryan, President and Vice President, respectively, of the International Longshoremen's Association, who represent the longshoremen on the Commission, voted for 85 cents an hour and $1.20 for overtime. Professor William Z. Ripley, Chairman, voted with the two members representing the steamship interests, and Mr. O'Connor afterward moved to make the award unanimous. Frederick Toppin, Vice President of the International Mercantile Marine, and Oakley Wood are representatives of the steamship interests on the Commission.

Twenty-four of the thirty-five accredited representatives present at yesterday's meeting and there were also delegates from Hampton Roads, Boston and Baltimore. The steamship interests were represented by Clement H. Bate of Funch-Edye & Co. It was declared that since the strike the longshoremen had not given the steamship companies a square deal in the way of efficiency. The cost of loading a ship is from $1.60 to $2 a ton, while in 1914 it was 35 cents a ton, he said.

PREDICTS PRESIDENCY FOR CLEMENCEAU

Viviani Says He Will Be Chosen in January—Longuet Fears Socialist Strikes.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—Interviewed by a representative of the newspaper Oeuvre relative to the political situation, René Viviani, former Premier, has stated that Premier Clemenceau will remain in his present office until January and then will become President of the republic. M. Viviani is quoted as denying any intention to become a candidate for President of the Chamber of Deputies in opposition to Paul Deschanel.

Jean Longuet, leader of the extreme wing of the Socialist Party, denies that his organization is planning radical action as a result of the recent elections.

"The Socialist Party does not intend to start a revolution," he said to The Associated Press. "The revolution was a scarecrow by which our adversaries tried to stampede voters. As a result of the new system followed in the elections, they robbed us of a great many seats in the Chamber of Deputies, but did not stampede the voters. We polled 1,700,000 votes, an increase of 600,000 over the number cast in 1914."

M. Longuet said that the situation was serious, however, because "workingmen defeated at the polls through the curious working of a new electoral law would naturally turn to direct action such as strikes to accomplish their end."

REDUCTION OF SPACE URGED

Today 7 columns of advertisements are omitted from The New York Times and 136 columns printed.

By preference, and also because of the scarcity of news print paper, The New York Times limits the number of pages published in its daily edition. Owing to the demand for advertising space, it is frequently impossible to include all the announcements offered for a given day.

Restriction of space by all advertisers, especially those wishing full pages, is urged.

REDS SEEK TO HIDE TRUTH ABOUT RUSSIA

Litvinoff Shows No Willingness to Let American Correspondents See for Themselves.

WANT PEACE WITH ENGLAND

Every One Else Would Have to Follow Suit, Bolshevist Envoy to Dorpat Says.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DORPAT, Nov. 20.—"The Soviet peace terms are precisely made public in the English Parliament by Malone," said the Soviet representative Litvinoff. "Neither here nor elsewhere am I instructed to set forward other conditions. We have put our cards on the table, and the whole world knows exactly where we stand."

He said this yesterday afternoon in the course of an hour's interview with Mynheer Vandenbosch, for the last seven years Dutch Consul at Reval, who has authorized me to telegraph a report of the interview to America. Vandenbosch talks Russian like a native. He came to Dorpat to see Litvinoff, with the object of obtaining the release of ten Dutch citizens, business men and one clergyman, still detained in Soviet Russia.

At first the conversation was rather formal, but as Vandenbosch expressed it, "when these Russians are talking their own language they are apt to let their tongues run away with them." As the discussion proceeded Litvinoff became animated and talked very freely, almost intimately. He strikes me as generally sincere, but somewhat of a visionary, and so wholly obsessed by belief in his own convictions as to be quite unable to appreciate the opposite viewpoint."

I may add that as a typical shrewd Dutch business man Vandenbosch himself has little use for Bolshevist doctrines entirely aside from their deplorable practical results in Russia and elsewhere. Regarding Dutchmen in Russia Litvinoff declared they were in Moscow under surveillance, but free to move about at will in the city and live in their own homes. They were in good health and adequately fed—one of his companions, Omblis, asserts that food conditions in Moscow have greatly improved. The Soviet Government, however, refuses to allow them to leave the country.

Fears Propaganda in Russia.

When Vandenbosch observed that the Soviet's offering to release prisoners was not in exchange for Russians held outside Litvinoff answered somewhat naively:

"Yes, but that is different. Our prisoners have been shut up, whereas in your country they are allowed to go about and see things. We cannot have them going out and making propaganda against us."

This dread of the truth about Russia reaching the outer world is deeply characteristic of the Soviet attitude in general and of Litvinoff's in particular.

He refused to receive members of the American press, saying: "If there were any 'good' newspapers, represented, like the London Daily Herald or Manchester Guardian, it would be different. I am willing to talk with them."

Together with correspondents of The Associated Press and Chicago Daily News and Tribune, we have applied for permission to enter Russia. Litvinoff has not yet replied, but told Vandenbosch categorically that no one who was not friendly would be allowed to enter, so I have little doubt that the answer will be a refusal. That this is the case would seem materially to discount if not discredit all eyewitness statements regarding Russia that have appeared to date.

The Soviet army, Litvinoff said, was stronger than ever, which appears to be more or less true, though from what I have seen of muddle and lack of cooperation between the various parts of the Baltic—to say nothing of the Denikin-Ukraine situation—it seems as though the weakness of the opposition were the chief factor in the Soviet strength and that a small but homogeneous and properly equipped force would make short work of the revolutionary levies.

Litvinoff declared that he came out primarily to discuss an exchange of prisoners. But hoped that peace negotiations would proceed. He said he was ready and willing to talk peace either with the Baltic States, White Russians, or Entente, and asked Vandenbosch—who is returning to Holland immediately—to get in touch with the White Russians in Copenhagen and urge them to open discussion with him (Litvinoff) during the two weeks he expected to spend in Copenhagen.

He declared that up to yesterday afternoon no peace discussion had taken place here—which concurs with a statement made elsewhere by the Esthonian Foreign Minister Piip—but Vandenbosch got a strong impression that the Soviet desired peace exceedingly. Indeed, Litvinoff's companions, who were also present, went so far as to express the opinion that England would make peace with the Soviet in the next few weeks. They spoke with great optimism and added that if England made peace every one else would have to follow suit.

One Profession Insincere.

Litvinoff declared that the Soviet was willing to accept the present territorial status quo in Russia—that is, that the various parties should be left in free and independent possession of the territories they now are holding. Here, and here only throughout the conversation it appeared, to Vandenbosch that the Soviet envoy showed insincerity and attempted to evade discussion.

Litvinoff expressed the wish to visit Holland with the nominal object of seeing how the Russians interned there were being treated and try to arrange their return home. What he clearly wished to do is to get in touch with the outer world as much as possible and establish relations with the view of furthering peace negotiations in whatever way that offers.

Asked why if the Soviets were so inspired by humanitarian motives—this was always the reason he gave for the desire to make peace—they didn't stop the terror, Litvinoff replied that they were compelled to continue their own severity by the cruelty of their adversaries, whose cruelty was greater still.

Obviously, two wrongs do not make a right, but the argument has some value, as there undoubtedly have been regrettably harsh cases of reprisals on the part of the White Russians. On the other hand, the Soviets have a trick of leaving commissaries as spies behind them in towns they evacuate to report on the behavior of the inhabitants and later stir up trouble against the Whites. Thus, I was informed by a British officer in Yudenitch's army that when they occupied Gatchina they discovered a number of such persons, including one woman.

The testimony against them was unimpeachable—indeed they all admitted their guilt before execution—but the witnesses against them only gave information with the utmost reluctance and declared their lives and the lives of their relations would be forfeited if the Soviet learned their identity.

As the upshot of the whole conversation Vandenbosch was left with the impression that the Soviet was now making a supreme effort to throw dust in the eyes of the world and make a peace that would guarantee its position before enough of the truth was known to render it impossible.

Offer to Nominate Foch for Senate.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—The nomination for Senator in the Department of Finistere has been offered to Marshal Foch, according to the Presse de Paris, which says that he has accepted the nomination on condition that all parties will unite in supporting him.

Church Notices on Page Twenty-seven.

Prosecution Faces Sinn Fein Agitators in Los Angeles

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 21.—Robert O'Connor, United States District Attorney; Chief Inspector Connell of the Department of Justice, and Post Office Inspectors began today an investigation into the activities of local sympathizers of Eamonn de Valera, President of the so-called "Irish Republic," whose attempt to speak here in the interest of the Sinn Fein movement was blocked by the refusal of the owners of the Shrine Auditorium to permit the use of the hall for the meeting Wednesday night.

Post Office Inspectors and Federal investigators were asked to trace the origin of letters, postcards and telephone calls sent to Los Angeles clergymen and other citizens who expressed their disapproval of de Valera's visit. The letters and postcards are of a scurrilous nature, and their senders are liable to prosecution for misuse of the mails. The telephone numbers from which some calls were made have been ascertained.

THREE BALTIC RACES TO MEET BOLSHEVIKI

Letts and Lithuanians Join Esthonians in Invitation to a Peace Conference.

DEC. 1 THE DATE PROPOSED

Omsk Reported Half Destroyed by Bombardment—Clash Between Czechs and Semenoff.

DORPAT, Nov. 20 (Associated Press).—Latvia and Lithuania have definitely decided to join Esthonia in inviting the Russian Bolsheviki to send a delegation to Dorpat to begin peace negotiations. It was announced after the final adjournment this evening of the Baltic States Conference with Bolshevist representatives over the exchange of prisoners.

The invitation to the Soviet Government will specify Dec. 1 as the date for the proposed conference, the announcement stated.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Moscow is surrounded by insurgents, and the Bolsheviki regard the rebellion as of capital importance, according to a Copenhagen dispatch quoting Helsingfors advices, which the Exchange Telegraph Company is today circulating with reserve. The dispatch states that Tomburg, in the Urals, has been sacked by a hostile army of 55,000 men.

Omsk Reported Half Destroyed.

NOVO NIKOLAIEVSK, Nov. 17. (Associated Press.)—The Bolshevik today bombarded Omsk for several hours from the opposite bank of the Irtish River. Between the periods of the bombardment, fires broke out in the town, which is reported to have been half destroyed. General Janin with the Czech troops is operating to the eastward tonight. There is an indefinite report here that General Semenoff attempted to move his troops toward Irkutsk from Chita, but was driven off by the Czechs.

BIG OFFERS TO KOLCHAK.

Col. Ward Says One Power Promised Intervention for Concessions.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Colonel John Ward, M. P., in a speech today said that while he was in Omsk he was a sort of amateur ambassador, and Admiral Kolchak and his council had such confidence in him that they put before him documents that were "simply astounding."

"To my own knowledge," Colonel Ward proceeded, "one power was prepared to undertake the task of securing order in Russia if she were only given absolute possession of fifty miles square of a particular region in the North Ural territory. She even promised that if that would be not sufficient she would add to it another fifty miles, which involved merely a small part of Siberia, she would undertake to frank the entire debt of Russia, old and new."

GALICIANS DESERT PETLURA.

30,000 Men Said to Have Gone Over to Denikin's Army.

ROSTOV, Nov. 20.—Twenty thousand men of the Galician Army, composing the left wing of Simon Petlura's corps, which includes the Wolf Keus and Mikitka brigades, have joined General Denikin's army. Russian officers will replace the Galician officers, and Galicians will be transferred to another sector on the front of the volunteer army.

JEWS HERE TO PROTEST.

Demonstration Monday for Those Slain in the Ukraine.

It was announced last night at the headquarters of the Ukrainian Protest Committee, 37 Sixth Street, that an observance of sorrow and mourning for the massacre of Jews in the Ukraine would be held in New York on Monday.

Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements, stated that a permit had been granted by Mayor John F. Hylan for a parade of Jewish veterans of the European, Spanish-American, and civil wars. The parade will start early in the afternoon at Rutgers Square, and will disband at Carnegie Hall, where a mass protest meeting will be held, at which prominent persons will make addresses.

American Volunteers in Action.

LEMBERG, Nov. 21.—The Kosciusko Squadron, composed of American aviators serving in the Polish Army, has begun active operations against the Bolsheviki. Patrols over the Bolshevist lines have been made by Major Cadric E. Fauntleroy, formerly of the Lafayette Escadrille and American Air Service, who commands the squadron, and by Captain Corsi of Brooklyn, and Lieutenant Graves of Boston.

LIBERALS LEAD IN ITALY.

Have 161 Seats in Chamber, to Socialists' 156 and Catholics' 100.

ROME, Nov. 21.—Final reports of Sunday's elections show that the Socialists elected 156 of their candidates, the Catholics 100, the Liberals 162, the Reformist Socialists 14, the Democrats 22, the Republicans 8, Discharged Soldiers 23, and miscellaneous 8.

Aged Woman Killed by Auto.

Miss Annie Delaney, 80 years old, of 84 Johnson Street, Brooklyn, was killed last night at Johnson Street and Flatbush Avenue extension by a touring car owned and driven by Frank A. Young of 224 Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn. Young was arrested on a charge of homicide.

DANSEY BOY'S BODY FOUND NEAR HOME

Hunter Discovers Skeleton of Child Who Disappeared from Hammonton Oct. 8.

CLOTHING A FEW FEET AWAY

Little Bones in Clump of Pine Trees on Farm Three Miles from Parents' Residence.

"MURDER," SAYS CORONER

Evidence, He Declares, Shows That Baby Could Not Have Wandered to the Place Unnoticed.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMMONTON, N. J., Nov. 21.—The body of Billy Dansey, the 3-year-old boy who vanished so mysteriously on Oct. 8, was found this afternoon near here.

The nation-wide search for the child believed to have been kidnapped ended at 3 o'clock, when George Eckhardt of Hammonton stumbled across a little skeleton in a clump of scrub pine 300 feet back of the limits of the farm of George Coons, three miles south from the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hercules Dansey, the lad's parents.

Scattered about the ground over a radius of fifty feet Eckhardt found the boy's clothing. Both the Hammonton authorities and Prosecutor Edmund C. Gaskill are convinced that the little fellow was stripped of his attire, attacked and then killed, although there were no fractures of the skull or other bones.

The spot where the skeleton was found was 300 yards from the nearest house, that of Coons. To have wandered to this location, Billy first must have passed through several farms and close to sections where people were always around. There are no roads or paths to the spot. Fifty feet from the body Eckhardt found the small brown sweater Billy had worn when he disappeared. Five feet to the right of this was the little baseball cap the child wore when last seen. About six feet from the skeleton were his blue rompers, while the rest of his attire was close by. The skeleton was partly covered by leaves as they had fallen, and been drifted around by the winds. There had been no effort at concealment apparently, other than that offered by the bushy scrub pine and the swampy undergrowth.

**Thinks Child Was Mur

ELEVENS OF THE CRIMSON AND THE BLUE IN GOOD CONDITION FOR TODAY'S GAME

HARVARD FAVORITE OVER YALE, 10 TO 8

Greatest Football Crowd in Boston's History Gathers to See Old Rivals Battle.

BOTH TEAMS IN GOOD TRIM

All Regulars Available for Contest—Fair Weather and Dry Field Are the Overnight Predictions.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—This city is congested tonight with the greatest crowd which has ever assembled here on the eve of a Harvard-Yale football battle. In every hotel, where all the reservations were taken weeks ago, impatient clattering crowds of visitors are fighting their way to get the ear of the room clerks in the hopeless search for a place to sleep. Many of the hotels are placing cots in the rooms. The price of rooms has gone soaring, but the hotel people say they are not profiteering. They have boosted the cost of a single room to the price of a double room in order to force those guests who have been fortunate enough to have single reservations to take in some of the homeless ones.

If the long stretch of years that Harvard and Yale have been waging gridiron warfare the interest in the game has never been at such a high pitch. There is no speculating in tickets here, for the simple reason that there are no tickets with which to speculate. Harvard men who were unable to get their usual allotments are offering as high as $50 a pair for seats, but they are not to be had. The ticket situation is desperate, for the supply of 40,000 tickets does not begin to meet the eleventh hour demand. Thousands of men have flocked to the Hub hoping that their influential Boston friends could pry some seats from somewhere, but these same thousands are going to be disappointed.

The larger hotels, in order to satisfy the demand for accommodations, have engaged all the available rooms in the hotels in nearby cities. The Copley Plaza is caring for many of its patrons in hotels as far away as Worcester. The last big crowd Boston entertained was here to see the parade of the Yankee Division last April, but even that gathering did not compare with the hosts of Harvard and Yale graduates who have come tonight to see the clash between the football elevens of John Harvard and Eli Yale.

Rival Teams in Seclusion.

Far from this madding crowd the Harvard and Yale elevens are resting tonight. The Yale players, at the Belmont Springs Country Club, have not been thinking much about football. A number of friends or relatives of the players were at the club tonight and there were dancing and music. In fact, everything was done to keep the men in good spirits. The subject of football was tabooed. The dancing didn't last long and the football players were in bed at 10:30 o'clock.

Harvard palyers are tucked away in the quiet Country Club at Manchester-by-the-Sea, where they are out of the reach of everybody but their relatives and the coaches. The Harvard squad enjoyed itself with music until bedtime. Trainers Johnny Mack of Yale and Pooch Donovan of Harvard confined the physical exercise of the players to brisk hikes over the country roads.

The Yale players are in tip-top shape with the exception of Thorne Murphy, the brilliant back field player, whose great work was suddenly halted when his left ankle was wrenched in the game at New Haven against Boston College. Everybody has a lot of sympathy for young Murphy. This is the last football game of his college career, and if he does not get into tomorrow's game he will be graduated next June without having won his football letter. It has been six weeks of mental anguish for Murphy, hobbling around the Yale bowl on crutches. It is pretty certain, however, that Murphy will get into the game tomorrow to try for a field goal if the circumstances warrant it. Out in the stadium this morning, where the Yale team were familiarizing themselves with the tricky air currents of the amphitheatre, Murphy tried his kicking foot, and his aim was true and he booted several over the goal posts.

The picturesque figure of the Yale players when they came to Cambridge this morning for their final visit before the big battle was John Timothy Callahan, the Eli Captain.

A fine giant of a man is Callahan. Swathed in the soft folds of a new polo coat, with a Yale blue necktie, in stunning contrast to his tan-colored greatcoat, Callahan looked like a figure just stepping out of a magazine cover. After the game tomorrow evening Captain Callahan is going to be entertained at dinner here by William G. McAdoo and President Wilson's daughters, Mrs. McAdoo and Miss Margaret Wilson.

Allen Probably Will Start.

The only position of doubt on the Yale eleven is right end. Allen probably will start the game, because of his defensive work, but Robinson will be able to take his place at the first sign of a renewal of Allen's old injury. Jack Desmond's leg that is such bad shape that he will be unable to start at left end for Harvard, and Phinney will start the game. Arnold Horween will start the game for the Crimson at full back.

Bostonians are pretty confident that Harvard is going to win. They pin this belief on the fact that the Crimson plays a more modern game than the Blue. The betting today made Harvard favorite at 10 to 7, and tonight there were many wagers placed at 10 to 8. The Harvard followers argue that the Crimson had not found itself in the tie game with Princeton, and will be a much stronger aggregation when it faces Yale tomorrow.

The conservative Harvard men, however, are whispering about to beware of the Bulldog. The sting of the Princeton defeat has left its mark on the Yale team, and when Captain Callahan's eleven faces Harvard in the Stadium it is going to be a desperate, fighting aggregation. Yale will stick to old-fashioned football. It will try to hammer and batter the Harvard eleven into submission by sheer brawn. Yale men tonight are glad to take the short end of the bets, because they believe that this Eli team has the aggressiveness and power to overcome what it lacks in a wide-open attack.

Yale will try to crack open the Crimson line from the start, with Bob Lay at the head of the attack, occupying the same battering ram position of interference for the runner which Tack Harwick and Bradlee occupied in Harvard's driving attack a few seasons ago. Lay is expected to be an important figure in Yale's drive tomorrow.

Harvard Relies on Casey.

The Elis figure that if they can stop Eddie Casey, Harvard's elusive half back, that they can win the game. Casey will not weigh much more than 150 pounds when he goes into the game tomorrow afternoon. He doesn't look like a dangerous player, with his white face and thin wiry body. Yet in this flash from Natick, Harvard pins its hope. Casey is one of the best backs of the year. He is playing his last game for the Crimson and wants to wind up his football career in a blaze of glory.

With a dry field tomorrow and the fair weather which has been promised, it looks as if the field would be in excellent shape. Yale men expect to see great feats performed by Fido Kempton, the Yale quarter back. Here are the two players who should furnish the thrills—Casey for Harvard and Kempton for Yale. The eyes of 50,000 spectators will be riveted on these two men when the old rivals line up on the chalk marked battlefield.

It is sure to be a memorable game. It is the big struggle for which both elevens have been pointed. There have been weeks of hard, bitter training to get the players in shape for the clash.

With the blast of Referee Bill Langford's whistle tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock a pigskin chase will get under way which football men expect will go down in football lore as one of the bitterest battles ever waged by the old rivals of Cambridge and New Haven.

Probable Lineup of Yale and Harvard Elevens

YALE. Pos.	Player.	Age.	Wt.	Hgt.	HARVARD. Pos.	Player.	Age.	Wt.	Hgt.
L. E.	Reinhardt	21	178	5.11	R. E.	Steele	22	176	5.00
L. T.	Dickens	20	192	5.10	R. T.	Kane	19	183	6.01
L. G.	Acosta	20	175	5.11	R. G.	Clark	22	205	5.10
C.	Callah'n (C.)	23	206	5.11	C.	Havemeyer	20	179	6.01
R. G.	Galt	21	225	5.10	L. G.	Woods	22	210	6.02
R. T.	Walker	20	195	6.02	L. T.	Sedgwick	20	183	6.04
R. E.	Allen	23	184	5.10	L. E.	Phinney	23	165	5.09
Q. B.	Kempton	22	155	5.09½	Q. B.	Murray (Cap.)	23	160	5.09
L.H.B.	Joe Neville	24	168	5.10	R.H.B.	Humphrey	21	173	6.00
R.H.B.	Lay	21	170	5.09½	L.H.B.	Casey	23	161	5.10
F. B.	Braden	24	200	5.09	F. B.	A. Horween	21	193	5.11

Average Weight — Line, 194 pounds; back field, 175 pounds.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Robins'n, E. Welles, Shevlin. Tackles—Calhoun, Munger, Grah'n. Guards—Tripp, A. Hubbard. Centres—Garvin, Hamill. Quarter Backs—La Roche, Jim Neville. Half Backs—Aldrich, French, Crane. Full Backs—Campbell, D. Welles.

Referee—William S. Langford, Tufts. Umpire—David L. Fultz, Brown. Field Judge—Fred Murphy, Brown. Linesman—Michael J. Thompson, Georgetown.

Time of Game—2 o'clock. Length of Periods—Fifteen minutes. Probable Attendance—50,000.

Average Weight — Line, 186 pounds; back field, 172 pounds.

SUBSTITUTES.

Ends—Desmond, Ryan. Tackles—W. Hubbard, Faxon. Guards—Brown, Thorndike, Brock'r. Centres—Philbin, Caswell. Quarter Backs—Fellon, Johnson. Half Backs—Church, Gratwick, Hamilton, Nelson. Full Backs—R. Horween, Burnham.

Referee—William H. Langford, Tufts. Umpire—David L. Fultz, Brown. Field Judge—Fred Murphy, Brown. Linesman—Michael J. Thompson, Georgetown.

Time of Game—2 o'clock. Length of Periods—Fifteen minutes. Probable Attendance—50,000.

Football Games Today.

East and South.

Harvard vs. Yale at Cambridge.
Columbia vs. New York University, at South Field.
Rutgers vs. Northwestern, at Harrison Field, Newark.
Lehigh vs. Lafayette, at South Bethlehem.
Stevens vs. Worcester Poly, at Hoboken.
Pittsburgh vs. Carnegie Tech, at Forbes Field.
Swarthmore vs. Haverford, at Swarthmore.
Brown vs. New Hampshire State, at Providence.
Bucknell vs. Susquehanna, at Lewisburg.
Buffalo vs. Detroit, at Buffalo.
Catholic University vs. Villanova, at Washington.
Georgetown vs. Washington and Lee, at Washington.
Johns Hopkins vs. St. John's, at Baltimore.
Louisiana State vs. Tulane, at New Orleans.
Maryland State vs. Western Maryland, at College Park.
Massachusetts Aggies vs. Tufts, at Amherst.
Penn Freshmen vs. Cornell Freshmen, at Philadelphia.
Pennsylvania Military College vs. Washington College, at Chester.
Rhode Island State vs. Connecticut Aggies, at Kingston.
Rochester vs. Hamilton, at Rochester.
South Carolina vs. Florida, at Columbia.
Union vs. Rensselaer Poly, at Schenectady.
U. S. Military Academy vs. Springfield, at West Point.
Vermont vs. Middlebury, at Burlington.
Virginia Military Institute vs. Gallaudet, at Lexington.
Washington and Jefferson vs. West Virginia Wesleyan, at Washington.
West Virginia vs. Ohio Wesleyan, at Morgantown.

West.

Ohio State vs. Illinois, at Columbus.
Michigan vs. Minnesota, at Ann Arbor.
Indiana vs. Syracuse, at Bloomington.
Chicago vs. Wisconsin, at Chicago.
De Pauw vs. Centre College, at Greencastle.
Grinnell vs. Bethany, at Beaver Falls.
Iowa vs. Iowa State, at Iowa City.
Kansas Aggies vs. Oklahoma, at Manhattan.
Marquette vs. Wabash, at Milwaukee.
Ohio Northern vs. Heidelberg, at Ada.
Ohio vs. Denison, at Athens.
Oregon Aggies vs. Washington State, at Corvallis.
Purdue vs. Notre Dame, at Lafayette.
Stanford vs. Oregon University, at Stanford.
Utah Aggies vs. Wyoming, at Logan.
Western Reserve vs. Hiram, at Cleveland.

School Games.

Hamilton Institute vs. New York M. A., at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson.
Marquand vs. Horace Mann, at Horace Mann Field.
Brooklyn Prep vs. Flushing, at Commercial Field, Brooklyn (1:15 P. M.).
Manual Training vs. New Utrecht, at Commercial Field, Brooklyn (2:45 P. M.).
Erasmus Hall vs. Poly Prep, at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn (2:30 P. M.).
St. John's Prep vs. Canterbury H. S., at Milford, Conn.

ELIS PRACTICE AT STADIUM.

Harvard Players Are Excused from Workout, but Get Instructions.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 21.—The Yale team worked out in the Harvard Stadium this afternoon, and, presenting the same lineup that started the game with Princeton a week ago, did some fast work on the splendid stadium footing. Dr. Sharpe declared tonight that he is more convinced than ever that Allen is the man to remain at right end, but he has some misgiving that this player's shoulder will bother him, and, in consequence, Robinson will be kept in readiness for a possible early entry. The Yale coaches did not disguise their satisfaction over the condition of their eleven and the Blue camp is very confident tonight.

The Harvard team did no work at all today. In the morning the players were obliged to make the trip back to Cambridge in order to attend their classes, but they were all back at the Essex County Club early in the afternoon. Coach Fisher ran the team through plays, although no one was in football togs, and this evening the entire squad sat through a long lecture on plays and instruction in generalship.

After dinner tonight Coach Fisher made his announcement of the Crimson's lineup. He has decided not to start Jack Desmond at right end, and this means that Steele will be shifted from the left wing to the right, and Phinney will start at left end, where he has been all the week. Ralph Horween is sure to get into the game early if Harvard's rushing is not productive of a touchdown. Desmond's entry will come when Harvard is in particular need of extra line power.

FOOTBALL REACHES ITS CLIMAX TODAY

Yale to Meet Harvard in East, While Ohio State Plays Illinois in West.

This is the day on which a majority of the football coaches and college students of America join in one mighty chorus to the effect that "If we can win this one, the rest of the season doesn't matter." The sentiment applies perhaps least of all to the titanic Blue-Crimson struggle in the Cambridge Stadium, for both Yale and Harvard have already experienced an unfortunate encounter with the claws of the Princeton Tiger, whose significance cannot well be overlooked. Yet, even here, there is an atmosphere of "this first of all," a tradition of "sine qua non," a divine right to rule over the realm of football no matter how many of the common people may have proved an infinite superiority by actual achievement.

The time is past when a team could go through an entire season, pointing for only one game, without suffering some sort of reverse on the way. Too light a schedule results in an unfitness for supreme tests, while even the best elevens, facing one worthy opponent after another, necessarily fail to attain the same form in every battle, a fact which goes far toward explaining the apparently paradoxical condition of this year's records. Yet the old order still holds sway to the extent that, in most of the real homes of football fanaticism, a muttered "this is the day" may be heard, while freshmen are being instructed in the best and quickest ways of procuring much firewood in case of necessity.

Apart from the Eastern classic at Cambridge, football interest in general will turn largely in the direction of Columbus, Ohio, this afternoon, for the meeting of Illinois and Ohio State has an important effect not only on the Western conference title, but on the mythical championship of the entire country. This should be a wonderfully even battle, for while Chick Harley's magnificent team made the better record in the tie game, it seems at times to have passed the top of its development, whereas Illinois is just rounding into its best form, and is believed by many to be the strongest combination of the year.

Syracuse in the West.

Two other games today have something of a national significance, for a fairly direct comparison between Eastern and Western strength will be possible after Syracuse and Indiana have met at Bloomington, and Rutgers and Northwestern decide their argument over at Harrison Field, Newark, this afternoon. In the former case, a victory for Indiana would be a severe blow to Eastern football, for Syracuse is admittedly as strong as any college that could be picked to represent this section, whereas the Westerners by no means top the best in their own preserves, but unless Buck O'Neil's men are decidedly handicapped by their long journey, they should succeed in upholding the honor of the Empire State.

Rutgers also is more than a possible winner over Northwestern. The latter team has been the strongest team in position in the conference, and succeeded in holding both Michigan and Wisconsin to a single field goal as the margin of victory. Deprived of three of their stars through injuries for the greater part of the season, the Chicagoans have nevertheless done well, and appear to be at the first time in their full strength. Foster Sanford's charges, on the other hand, have improved greatly since their disastrous affair with Syracuse at the Polo Grounds, and can also call upon a lineup which has been seldom available at one time.

Locally the big game today is on South Field, with Columbia and New York University settling an old rivalry. Neither of these teams has made an impressive showing this year, playing in-and-out football, with little evidence of steady development, but both are ready to fight to the limit today to prove at least a right to the city crown. Since Stevens defeated them both with ease, the spirit of this afternoon's opponents is more significant than the result could possibly be.

Across the river the unbeaten Hoboken Engineers finish their schedule with a game against Worcester Poly. Stevens should win, in which case the little institute will have the record of being the only eleven in the East with an absolutely clean slate, unmarred by either a defeat or a tie. Arguments in such a case are futile, for the Stevens team cannot seriously be considered among the top-notchers, since it rarely adhered to its own class throughout its schedule. Yet an honorable rank can scarcely be denied a combination which beat both Columbia and New York University, both of whom beat Amherst, which in turn defeated Wesleyan, conqueror of Williams, and admittedly one of the best of the New England colleges.

Lehigh vs. Lafayette.

But it is outside of New York that some of the most climatic football scenes are to be staged today. Down at South Bethlehem, for instance, Pennsylvanian meets Pennsylvanian in the historic battle of Lehigh and Lafayette. Both of these teams have enjoyed unusually successful seasons, and there is little to choose between them. Lehigh numbers Rutgers and Carnegie Tech among its victims, while Lafayette overwhelmed Cornell and practically played Princeton to a standstill. Lehigh also made things exceedingly interesting for Pittsburgh and Penn State, and Lafayette's only defeats were by Princeton and Pennsylvania. It looks like a toss-up, with Lehigh enjoying the advantage of the home field and the prestige of a victory on the occasion of their last meeting.

Another pair of traditional rivals are the little Quaker colleges, Swarthmore and Haverford, whose annual meeting takes places today on the grounds of the former, near Philadelphia.

Pittsburgh and Carnegie Tech decide another city championship when they meet this afternoon on Forbes Field, and, although the Panthers should add one more victory to their record, the result is by no means a foregone conclusion. Rochester versus Hamilton and Union versus Rensselaer Poly are two minor contests of significance in New York State, and the West Point cadets get a final test with Springfield for their crucial encounter with Yale next Saturday. In addition to the Western games already mentioned, the meeting of Michigan and Minnesota and of Chicago and Wisconsin will be watched with more than ordinary interest.

STEVENS HAS CONFIDENCE.

Undefeated Hoboken Team Expects Easy Game with Worcester Today.

Coach Durborow of Stevens is rather skeptical about today's game with Worcester Tech, as too much confidence reigns in the Stevens camp. The Hoboken team finds it hard to realize that Worcester might prove a formidable foe, and can only see an easy victory against the Bay State eleven.

Instead of putting the men through the customary light signal drill yesterday the coach pulled a long workout on them, winding up with a full hour's scrimmage. Incidentally, this was the team's last practice, as today's game is the final one of the year.

This year's team is practically the same as the undefeated eleven that represented Stevens before the war, but the team will lose four stars due to their graduation. They are Captain Bloss, quarter back; Deghuee, half back; Swenson, end, and Helmes, guard.

Following today's game the student body will serenade the team at dusk with a parade and make dance around the annual bonfire, after which they will pay their respects to the team at a reception and dance given by the Gear and Triangle Society.

OHIO STATE CLASHES WITH ILLINOIS TODAY

Critics Regard Buckeyes as Slight Favorites in Game for Conference Title.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 21.—On the eve of their titular clash for the Western Conference football honors both Ohio State and Illinois camps tonight rested confident that their respective elevens were geared to the highest notch of the year. With the arrival of the Illini here early today both elevens ran through light signal drills early in the afternoon.

The clash between Ohio State and Illinois—the "Yale-Harvard game of the West"—promises to be the most bitterly fought of the season. Ohio State will go into the titular clash with its record unblemished, while Illinois has suffered one defeat, having lost to Wisconsin. The Buckeyes triumphed over Michigan, 13 to 3, in their first conference game of the season, defeated Purdue, 20 to 0, and humbled Wisconsin 3 to 0, a week ago. Illinois defeated Michigan, 29 to 7, defeated Purdue, 14 to 7, and lost to Wisconsin, 14 to 10. Victories over Iowa, Chicago, and Minnesota also were scored by Illinois.

The elevens will go into the championship fray practically on even terms, although some critics believe the Buckeyes have a slight edge because of the prowess of Chick Harley, all-American half back and star of the Ohio squad. The game will mark the end of Harley's intercollegiate career, one of the most brilliant in Western gridiron history. Playing in twenty games during the three years of competition, Harley has scored 101 points for Ohio. He won four contests of major importance almost single-handed through his kicking ability and spectacular playing.

Record-breaking crowds are expected to witness the final games of the season. Every seat for the Ohio-Illinois game was sold several days ago. Offers as high as $75 have been made for a ticket. The clash between Wisconsin and Chicago is expected to draw 25,000, which will swell the gate receipts to $37,000. The Michigan-Minnesota combat also will attract a capacity crowd.

Light rains which fell intermittently throughout the morning were forerunners of others promised early tomorrow, according to the weather man. The biggest crowd in Ohio State football history at home was assured days ago, and tonight desperate seekers of tickets were ready to camp in front of the gates of Ohio Field in hopes of obtaining standing room after the ticket holders are seated. It is possible that 20,000 spectators may be accommodated, according to J. W. St. John, Director of Athletics, tonight.

With but little Illinois money in sight and the odds as high as 2 to 1 demanded on Ohio State, few wagers are being made. Local supporters demand at least even money.

Ohio State players tonight ran through their smoothest signal drill of the year. Coaches were loath to express themselves on the outcome of the game, but it was indicated that the prospects for a Buckeye victory were more bright than at the beginning of the week. All of the Scarlet and Gray regulars will be started except Holtkamp, center.

The Illinois chances were no less favorable. The team was reported in the best of shape, except for Full Back Cringle, injured during the week, whose place will be taken by Captain Kopp.

Tomorrow's contest is the sixth between the two elevens since Ohio State was admitted to the Conference. Honors to date are even, each having won two and lost a pair, while the 1915 melee was a tie. Illinois has scored 60 points to 23 for Ohio State.

The probable line-up:

OHIO STATE.		ILLINOIS.
Myers	L. E.	Carney
Fullen	L. T.	Ingwersen
Finzy	L. G.	Mohr
Nemhack	C.	Dreier
Trott	R. G.	Applegate
Sabah	R. T.	Petty
Flower	R. E.	Reichle
Stinchcomb	Q. B.	B. Fletcher
Harley	L. H. B.	R. Fletcher
Ellis	R. H. B.	Walquist
Willaman	F. B.	Kopp

Wisconsin regards Chicago as its most important foe of the season and, as a result of playing Ohio to a standstill a week ago, feels confident of a triumph over the Maroons. The teams appear to be evenly matched, although Chicago probably will have a slight margin in playing straight football. The Badgers, however, excel in the aerial game.

Minnesota is figured to defeat Michigan, although the Wolverines are determined to make amends for the showing in previous games.

Although Northwestern, Iowa, Purdue, and Indiana closed their conference schedules a week ago, these teams will be in action tomorrow. Iowa will take on Ames at Iowa City, Indiana will meet Syracuse at Bloomington, Northwestern will face Rutgers at Newark, N. J., while Purdue will have Notre Dame as its foe at Lafayette.

RENOWN ELEVEN WINS.

Team from Prince's Ship Beats Crescent A. C., 8 to 1.

Despite the absence of the Prince of Wales, whose engagements for the day kept him elsewhere, the sailor soccer players from H. M. S. Renown, where he has his home while not ashore, put up a magnificent exhibition against the team of the Crescent Athletic Club on the latter's grounds at Bay Ridge yesterday, and came away with a one-sided victory by a score of 8 goals to 1. John Bull's sea dogs, made up of petty officers, gunners, and able seamen, gave ample evidence of their skill in the first period of play, establishing a lead of 3-1 by half time. Not satisfied with this, they piled on the agony in the second half by adding five more points.

The lineup:

RENOWN. (8).		CRESC'T A. C., (1).
Lang	G.	Graham
Hearn	R. B.	Rae
Edwards	F. B.	Swallow
Coulton	R. H.	O'Rourke
Merritt	C. H.	Maclennan
Urver	L. H.	Humphreys
White	O. H.	Titus
Young	I. R.	Waters
Salvage	C.	Van der Wolf
Hudson	O. L.	Talbot
Mundy	O. L.	Messinger

Goals—Hudson (4), Salvage (3), Young. H. M. S. Renown; Van der Wolf, Crescent A. C. Time of halves—45 minutes.

Referee—C. E. Creighton. Linesmen—A. Noe, H. M. S. Renown, and L. H. De Baum, Crescent A. C.

DOBIE SHIFTS BACKFIELD.

Navy Eleven Makes Changes to Bolster Up Attacking Power.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 21.—Coach Dobie sandwiched a long formation drill this afternoon between the hard scrimmage of yesterday and another which will take place tomorrow afternoon against the lusty Squad B eleven. Some time was used in defensive work, but most of the attention was given to perfecting the attacking formations used yesterday. Many changes were made in the team, and particularly in the backfield.

Dobie is forming a fast and powerful attacking machine, and is training several men in the duties of each place so that the team can not be disorganized by injuries to any of the backs.

Rawlings is able to take part in all the scrimmages now, and is being given an almost equal chance with Clark on the left side of the backfield formations. Though playing but little this year, on account of injuries, he has done fine work whenever given a chance. On the other hand, Alford, one of the best of the backs, has had to drop out of the squad for the season. This leaves Koehler an almost certainty for a place in the backfield, with the plebe, Waters, as his understudy. On the right flank of the backfield formation, Cruise, Walters, Haase, and Benoist are still fighting it out.

COLUMBIA READY FOR N.Y.U.

Traditional Football Rivals Will Meet at South Field Today.

Columbia and N. Y. U., traditional rivals for the championship of the city, will clash in their annual battle this afternoon on South Field. It will be the fifth meeting of the two since 1915, when football was restored at the Morningside institution after a lapse of ten years. Each team has won two games, Columbia coming out on top in 1915 by means of Howard Miller's drop kick from the 48-yard line and also capturing last year's tussle. The Violet eleven was the winner in 1916 and 1917. Today's game, unless it is a tie, will break the deadlock for a year at least.

Both teams contented themselves on the eve of the battle with a light signal drill, and a final lingering touch to both offense and defense. Columbia worked out under the eyes of a dozen coaches, most of them former stars who flocked to the standard at the eleventh hour. "Red" Lamberton and Billy Moore of Princeton also lined up with the Blue and White coaches, Lamberton paying particular attention to the punters. Both Eccles and Wesley received a long session at kicking, while Dawson, Telfer, Lamberton, and Dal Cochran, Captain of the 1917 eleven, looked on. Eccles finally received the assignment and will start at quarter back.

Charlie Shaw, the speedy left half back, will be the main absentee from the Columbia lineup. Johnstone, the midget of the squad, will take Shaw's place and will start his first game of the year. One other important shift was announced in the line last night. Hinch, whose retirement to the scrubs had been forecast, was returned to his position at right guard at the last minute. Scovil, who was to have filled his shoes, will be at his old post of right tackle, Modarelli will shift over to left tackle, and the veteran Tower will wear a blanket on the sidelines. The latter has been at left tackle practically all season, and his retirement caused much surprise last night.

N. Y. U. will have nearly its full strength for the important game. Jack Adams apparently will be fit enough to resume his post at left end. Jackson will take Galloon's place at quarter back, and Cohen will be at full back, Captain Steward Cann, who for Columbia will be watching with a sharp eye, mindful of other years, will start at right half back.

Interest is running high among both students and alumni. The Columbia undergraduates returned in a body to visit earlier in the week by marching to Ohio Field yesterday in a body and cheering the Blue and White freshmen, at the same time snatching up any wagers in sight. Even money was the quotation.

Not a reserved seat ticket could be purchased yesterday at either university. N. Y. U. has bought up the entire north stand, across the field from the Columbia cheering section. At least 12,000 people are expected to attend. General admission tickets will be on sale this afternoon before the game, which will begin at 2 o'clock.

The lineups probably will be as follows:

COLUMBIA.		N. Y. U.
Kennedy	L. E.	Adams
Modarelli	L. T.	Sulzer
Forsyth	L. G.	Horrigan
Kleninger	C.	Hyn
Hinch	R. G.	MacCumber
Scovil	R. T.	Storer
Weinstein	R. E.	Levin
Eccles	Q. B.	Jackson
Mosczinski	L. H. B.	Weinheimer
Johnston	R. H. B.	Cann
Applebaum	F. B.	Cohen

SHIFTS IN N. Y. U. LINEUP.

Gargan Strengthens Eleven for Today's Battle with Columbia.

Yesterday's session on Ohio Field constituted the last practice of the season for the New York University football team. The Violet eleven had an hour of snappy signal drill in preparation for the game with Columbia today and then left the field to the freshmen for their contest with the Blue and White yearlings.

The general condition of the men is good and Coach Gargan expressed his satisfaction at the great strides the team has made this week. This is the last contest for the uptown eleven.

When the Violet team faces Columbia today there will be four changes in the lineup that opposed Stevens last week. Horrigan has been shifted from tackle to his old place at right guard, and Martindale will play the tackle position. Jackson, who won the fight for the quarter back place over Gilloon, will start there today. Another change in the back field is the replacing of Tyne by Cohen at full. The wings will be considerably stronger today, due to the presence of Adams at his old post at left end.

COLUMBIA CUBS VICTORS.

Defeat N. Y. U. Freshmen Eleven by a Score of 20 to 0.

On a muddy field, which made playing difficult, the New York University freshman football team fell before the first year eleven from Columbia yesterday on Ohio Field, by a score of 20 to 0. The game was loosely played, and there was a great deal of fumbling.

Although the Violet team was defeated, it put up a fine game. To the Blue and White's two first downs, the New York freshmen made sixteen. The poor field made it hard for the Violet backs to get started, but they completed many forward passes while the downtown team completed none.

The lineup:

COLUMBIA. (20).		N. Y. U. (0).
Russell	L. E.	Throop
Mulligan	L. T.	Moberg
Welder	L. G.	Robertson
Wacker	C.	Snyder
Lovell	R. G.	Edgar
Meyer	R. T.	Hill
Jennings	R. E.	Stannard
Norris	Q. B.	Bates
Burtt	L. H. B.	Mitchell
Blundell	R. H. B.	Lynch
Pullyn	F. B.	Keiser

Columbia	7	0	0	13	—20
N. Y. U.	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdowns—Mulligan, Pullyn (2). Goals from touchdown—Blundell (2).

Substitutions—N. Y. U.: Leahy for Bates, Galloway for Stannard, Bates for Galloway, Pelosi for Hill.

Referee—Ed. Thorp, De La Salle. Umpire—C. M. Correll, University of Pennsylvania. Linesman—F. H. Sangree, Haverford.

LEHIGH ELEVEN ON EDGE.

Ready for Lafayette Game, Season's Climax for Both Teams.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov. 21.—The Lehigh football team had its last practice of the year this afternoon, running through signal drill and kickoff formations on the field of Taylor Stadium, where tomorrow a record-breaking crowd will see Lehigh and Lafayette engage in what is, for both institutions, the climax of the season. Every seat in the stadium is sold.

This will be the fifty-third time these old friends and athletic rivals have met. The series began in 1884 and for some years they played two games a season. Of the totals, Lafayette has won twenty-five and Lehigh twenty-three, with four tie scores. Tomorrow Lehigh hopes to advance its totals; Lafayette plans to avoid a Lehigh record of four straight games. Since Tom Keady became coach, in 1912, Lehigh has won six out of seven games. Lafayette achieved a signal victory in 1913 when the supposedly superior Lehigh eleven was beaten, 35 to 6. The greatest Lehigh triumph was a 78 to 0 score in 1917.

The teams that will represent Lafayette and Lehigh are equally matched in weight. Lehigh's line is a trifle heavier, but Lafayette has something of an advantage of weight in the backfield. Both elevens have ends of exceptional calibre. Lehigh enjoys an advantage in having more reserve material, but this has proved a drawback in making it difficult to choose a Varsity personnel.

C. C. N. Y. FACULTY FAVORS FOOTBALL

Restoration of Game Next Season Practically Sure—Dean Gives His Approval.

C. C. N. Y. is practically assured of the resumption of football next Fall as a result of the first official conference held last night at the college among students, alumni, and Faculty. Dean Carleton F. Brownson was the principal speaker, and offered his unqualified support in the movement to restore the gridiron game after a lapse of ten years. It was regarded as a foregone conclusion, following last night's session, that, with the support of the Dean, there would be no opposition encountered when the Faculty votes on the proposal within the next few weeks.

Sidney Unger, former manager of the soccer team, the sport which has been designed to supplant the interest in football during the ten-year period, presided last night. Unger was the originator of the movement to restore the game. Dean Frederick B. Robinson of the College of Business Administration was unable to attend, but sent the meeting a letter favoring football for next year. Speakers included Coach Lionel B. MacKenzie of the C. C. N. Y. track team, and Walter Williamson, athletic director.

A campaign was launched at the conference to solicit financial support from City College alumni to the extent of $10,000, which it is estimated will be needed to prepare a schedule for 1920, equip the team, engage coaches, and improve the Lewisohn Stadium. More than $1,500 was obtained last night, including $250 in the form of a pledge from the Students' Council and $50 from each of the eight classes of the college. Several prominent alumni promised liberal contributions.

Although the fifty-five selected delegates at last night's preliminary meeting voted unanimously to reinstate football, it will be necessary to hold a general mass meeting of students to provide for the Faculty concrete evidence that the college is solidly behind the movement. This mass meeting is scheduled for next Thursday night, Nov. 27. The appeal for funds to inaugurate the restoration will be conducted throughout the week, and it is hoped by the next meeting to have assurances that the greater part if not all the money needed will be subscribed. There are more than 2,000 students at C. C. N. Y.

It is expected that after next week's meeting the work for preparing the schedule for 1920 will get under way immediately. C. C. N. Y. men hope to enter into active competition for Metropolitan City football honors with Columbia, N. Y. U., and Stevens, and will also probably arrange games with the smaller teams in the East such as New York Aggies, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Connecticut Aggies, and Rhode Island State College.

HARD FIGHT FOR PITT.

Carnegie Tech Eleven is Primed for Greatest Effort of Season.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 21.—The stage is set for the biggest game of the local season from the standpoint of community spirit, that between the Pitt Panthers and the Carnegie Tech Plaids. The two coaches, Glenn Warner and Walter Steffens, put their charges through their closing paces today.

The Tech's were out in full force, with the exception of big Abe Levy, who was hurt in an auto wreck this week and is in the hospital. Warner sent his Blue and Gold men through a light practice and drilled them on a new set of signals. It is not likely that the Panthers will stage anything tomorrow that Warner has worked up for Pennsylvania State on Thanksgiving Day, as the latter will have enough to do with the lines. And then, again, several of the regulars will be out tomorrow, resting for Hugo Bezdek's Blue and White eleven.

This will be Steffens's last appearance as coach at Tech, and he is very anxious to wind up his Pittsburgh career with a victory against the Panthers.

LOUGHLIN LYCEUM WINS.

Eller Defeats Conway in Final Lap of Half-Mile Relay Race.

Jack Eller, former hurdling champion, carried the Loughlin Lyceum relay quartet to victory last night in the struggle for the Metropolitan A. A. U. half-mile title, decided in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, in connection with the games of the New York Edison Company Employees' Association. Eller, running as anchor for the Brooklyn contingent, was forced to his utmost to snatch victory from Frank Conway, who ran the final furlong for the Morningside A. C. quartet. The time for the Loughlin Lyceum team was 1:38 1-5.

Eller started with a fair-sized lead. On the second relay, R. W. McDonald of the Loughlin Lyceum took the lead from W. O. Harper, Knights of St. Antony, and touched off to Phil Hauser about ten yards in front of Homer Ashley of the Morningside A. C., who had followed McDonald past the Knights of St. Antony runner. On the third relay the distance remained the same, but in the final relay Conway went away like the wind in chase of Eller and picked up ground almost with every stride. Eller summoned all his strength as he saw his rival gaining, and just managed to lead Conway home. The Knights of St. Antony team finished third and the Glencoe A. C. fourth, but because of irregularity in the make-up of the team the Knights quartet was disqualified and third place awarded the Glencoe A. C. runners.

Another outstanding feature was the Metropolitan A. A. U. standing high jump championship. This was resulted in the first individual indoor athletic championship for the New York A. C. since the club resumed championship competition. Ted Clark, wearing the Mercury Foot, was the winner, with a leap of 5 feet 1 inch, while Bernie Wefers, Jr., another Mercury Footer, making his first jumping competition in four years, finished runner-up for the title with a leap of 5 feet.

The summaries:

65-Yard Dash, Novice—Won by E. J. Faith, Loughlin Lyceum; B. Yordy, unattached, second; R. Ludwig, Mohawk A. C., third. Time—0:07 2-5.

65-Yard Dash, Handicap—Won by B. Weisiger, St. Christopher Club, 16 feet; H. La Monte, Columbia Club, 6 feet, second; F. W. McDonald, Loughlin Lyceum, 8 feet, third. Time—0:07 3-5.

1,000-Yard Run, Handicap—Won by Arthur G. Reilly, Knights of St. Antony, 8 yards; George Buttner, Jersey Harriers, A. A., 5 yards, second; L. Gaskell, Kings County A. A., 30 yards, third. Time—2:26 2-5.

880-Yard Relay Race—(Metropolitan A. A. U. Championship)—Won by Loughlin Lyce

NATIONAL HORSE SHOW COMES TO AN END WITH THE JUDGING OF MANY CHAMPIONSHIP CLASSES

GREAT CROWD SEES HORSE SHOW CLOSE

Many Keen Contests on Final Day in Various Championship Classes at Garden.

JUDGE MOORE BIG WINNER

Takes 27 Blue Ribbons—Ennisclare Farms Second, and Mrs. Garvan Third.

One of the finest and most successful exhibitions held by the National Horse Show Association in more than a decade came to a close at Madison Square Garden last night, and appropriately enough the curtain came down before one of the largest crowds of the week, not even excepting the one which was present for the visit of the Prince of Wales. The gathering filled the great amphitheatre from top to bottom and included the foreign delegates to the International Trade Conference, members of the United States Chamber of Commerce, the New York Chamber of Commerce, and the Merchants' Association of New York, who were the guests of the Executive Committee.

The Horse Show was held this year for the benefit of the Salvation Army, which will revive the gross receipts of the show from all sources. The amount of the receipts will not be definitely known for some time, but it is expected that the post-war gift to the Salvation Army will approximate $90,000, a considerable increase over the amounts which were given to the United War Work campaign last year and the American Red Cross the year before.

The estimate is based on the attendance during the week, which set some new records for the Horse Show. It is estimated that fully 50,000 persons took in the exhibition, the high peak being reached Wednesday afternoon, when the Prince of Wales was the guest of honor.

Judge Moore Biggest Winner.

Although blue ribbons were distributed quite widely among the numerous exhibitors during the week, the leading honors easily went to Judge William H. Moore, who was the biggest winner at the show with twenty-seven first prizes, including championships won on the final day. His nearest competitor was the Ennisclare Farms of Ontario, owned by Lieut. Col. Herbert C. Cox, which captured seventeen blue ribbons. Mrs. F. P. Garvan of New York was next with eleven firsts.

Judge Moore quite easily dominated the hackney harness classes with such fine horses as Seaton Saxon, Seaton Fleetwing and others, which practically swept everything before them. The Ennisclare Farms were almost as successful in the classes for hunters and jumpers. The numerous entries sent to the show by this exhibitor included some of the finest jumpers that have been seen at a local horse show in several years, and spoke well for the development of this type of horse. Many of the classes were easy prey for the Canadian horses, with the result that second show honors were easily won, despite the fact that the Cox horses were mostly of the one variety. Mrs. Garvan won the third honors with one of the finest collections of hackney ponies shown in several seasons.

The final day was a day of championships, and developed the best contests of the week. There were some surprises for those who thought that certain classes would be easily held by horses which had seemed to dominate their classes in the earlier tests.

Takes Two Championships.

Though Judge Moore had a lead that made first honors safe, he added two championships to his list during the evening. The first of these was the championship for harness horses over 15 hands 2 inches, in which he took both first and second. The winner was his Buxton, a bay gelding, while Micah was held in reserve.

This success was followed by another in the championship for harness pairs over 5 hands 2 inches. This fell quite easily to the Moore entries, Bountiful and Micah.

However, in the course of deciding the championships the Moore entries were not without their failures. Miss Isabella Wanamaker scored two victories, one for harness horses under 15 hands 2 inches, and one for harness pairs at the same limitation. Her Eve, a chestnut mare which had scored very impressively in the qualifying class, was the winner in the first of these tests, defeating Judge Moore's Seaton Cyrano after the judges had given close consideration to both contenders.

In the class for harness pairs for the James McLean Cup, Miss Wanamaker won the championship with Netherhill's Pride and Eve, which defeated Judge Moore's Seaton Cyrano and Rasburn.

The championship in the class for pony four-in-hands fell easily to Mrs. F. P. Garvan, with the Hamilton Farms entry in reserve.

King Daly Scores.

In the championship class for heavyweight hunters the honors were awarded to King Daly, owned by Isaac H. Clothier, Jr., although this one had not won in any of the qualifying classes. The judges made the award however, and later ratified it. The Wife, owned by the Ennisclare Farms was held in reserve.

Miss Constance Vanclain captured the championship for middleweight hunters with her Arbite, while the Ennisclare Farms was awarded second with Crag. Farms was again second with Crag of the best jumpers at the show during the qualifying tests.

The closest contest of the evening came in the judging for lightweight hunters in the championship class. The judges were undecided between the Ennisclare Farm's Shot and Charles D. Lanier's Down East, winner in this class last year. After both horses had been sent around the ring at a fast pace, Frank A. Bonsal, who was presiding in making the awards, rode first one and then the other of the horses and made his decision from his own tests. He awarded the championship to Down East.

Keen Competition.

Some of the keenest competition of the afternoon session was seen in the two championship classes for saddle horses, the one for horses not exceeding 15 hands 2 inches and the other for horses of 15 hands 2 inches and over. The saddle horses, as usual, had dominated the show throughout the week in the matter of numbers, and as these are the horses of general use, there was much interest among the exhibitors as well as the spectators in the final awards. Some excellent specimens had been shown in the various qualifying classes and accordingly brought together a pick of the show.

The first of these title classes was for the Charles E. Cox Cup, for horses not exceeding 15 hands 2 inches. The championship was finally awarded to Twilight Hour, a black gelding owned by Hugh Bryson Wick of Cleveland, with Allah, owned by Miss Clara S. Peck, held in reserve.

When the field in the championship competition had been reduced to three the judges spent nearly half an hour reaching a decision. Twilight Hour was sent out to show himself again, while Allah also pranced beside him. Even the judges were unable to make up their minds, and once more sent for one of the entries which had been passed over. In the end Twilight Hour was awarded the championship amid loud applause.

A Bohemian Actress Wins.

The final award in the second of these classes furnished a real surprise, for the championship went to Bohemian Actress, a bay mare which had never been exhibited in the Garden before, and, therefore, was generally regarded as a debutante. Bohemian Actress is owned by Charles W. Leonard of Boston, President of the Readville Fair. Mr. Leonard had been best known to horsemen through his interest in light harness horses. He had never exhibited before at the Garden.

The surprise in the victory of Bohemian Actress arose out of the defeat of Donnacona, owned by the Misses Field, and which had been regarded as the eventual winner. Donnacona had made some brilliant conquests earlier in the week. His last victory was over Miss Eleanora Sears's Radiant, which in turn had defeated Twilight, champion of last year.

Donnacona, thus came into the ring for the final test a favorite among those who had watched the judging throughout the week. He is a flashy black with a blaze face, and won rounds of applause as he went around the ring, changing his gait repeatedly. As in the earlier classes, the judges lifted the contenders carefully, and finally sent a thrill of surprise through the crowd by pinning the first award on Bohemian Actress. The winner is a pretty bay with white hind feet, and made an excellent appearance beside some of those along the rail were inclined to disagree with the judges on the matter of manners of the two contenders. The winner was ridden by J. Davis, who also rode Twilight Hour, and thus established a record, as it was the first time that the winners in these two classes had been ridden by the same rider.

Victory for Hamilton Flame.

Mrs. F. P. Garvan's Hamilton Flame, a champion of two years ago in the class for ponies in harness, was again at his best when this championship was decided, at the opening of the afternoon session, and once more added to his fame. Hamilton Flame had scored both in single and double harness events, and among those which he had defeated were Masterpiece and a number of other good ones.

Hamilton Flame had no easy victory for Fulanga, owned by Miss Janice Liggett of Chestnut Hills, Mass., made an excellent appearance, and, like the winner, had scored over strong contenders earlier in the week. Fulanga was held in reserve after the championship had gone to Hamilton Flame.

Mrs. Garvan had the satisfaction of adding another championship to her list a short time later in the contest for harness pony pairs, in which Hamilton Flame was again a winner. This time he shared the honors with Hamilton Dianthus, this pair having been one of the attractions among the ponies entered in the show. Miss Liggett again took second, her Fulanga and Fulgora being the pair to bow to the prowess of the entries owned by Mrs. Garvan.

The championship for roadsters and trotters went quite easily to the handsome Ebony King, a black stallion owned by John R. Thompson of Chicago. This was one of the horses which had been much talked about during the week, and victory met with an outburst of applause.

There was considerable interest manifested in the class for thoroughbred saddle horses. Though this was not a championship class, it brought out some exceptionally fine animals. Despite the great many fine horses exhibited at the show not many can lay claim to being thoroughbreds. Those exhibited yesterday were all registered in the Stud Book. The first award went to Leading Lady, a chestnut mare owned by Harvey S. Ladew of Glen Cove, L. I. Dr. Russell, owned by Frank Donovan of Brookline, Mass., took second, and third went to Sorcerer, the property of H. J. Graham of Tuckahoe, N. Y.

TOM M'TAGGART IS AGAIN VICTORIOUS

Takes Bowie Feature Without Being Extended—Betsinda Pays $65 for $2.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 21.—The string of victories which Lawrence Waterbury's Tom McTaggart began to roll up while racing in New York is being continued in Maryland without a break. This five-year-old son of Chacornunda, which did not come out until late this year, is proving to be a very useful racer, and, though meeting with greater opposition on each part, he has so far proved equal to all the tests he has been called on to meet.

Tom McTaggart won the Premier Purse here today, a race at a mile, which was the so-called feature on a card that offered very little in the way of class. Except for the few good ones in this event, the races today were given over exclusively to cheap performers with the usual result in such cases, that long shots ran in and form was upset, as far as form can be had on such bad horses.

The field in which Tom McTaggart had to compete included Kashmir, War Smoke, War Zone and others which have raced well throughout the year, but the winner disposed of them quite as handily as he has of other fields of cheaper horses with which he has started.

Turf and War Smoke got out in front for a few paces at the start, but once around the first turn Kashmir moved up with Tom McTaggart, caught the leaders and then proceeded to move away with ease. The winner outclassed his field all the way from this point to the finish, and though his margin of victory was less than a length he had the race in hand and Ensor did not make a move on him in the stretch, despite the driving finish of Kashmir.

Kashmir was always well up in the race and finally took over the second place. War Smoke made a bid for the victory in the stretch Kashmir moved up so rapidly that he left the balance of the field far behind. His was six lengths in front of War Smoke at the end and the latter had the edge of venture over War Zone. War Zone did not show any signs of the speed which he had displayed on various occasions earlier in the year and against better horses. Turf was kept under restraint for most three-quarters of the distance and when he was called on he failed to respond.

R. T. Nickerson's Dayrue finally scored a victory today after threatening to do so for many months. Meantime Dayrue had been sent down from one class to another until he finally landed among some cheap ones today, and found the field slow enough for his plodding legs. At that he had an advantage of but a half-length over Broom Peddler in a mile and twenty yards test, while Crumpsall was third.

Bowie has been providing a long shot a day, and today was no exception. It came in the second race for two-year-olds when W. Fenwick's Betsinda, offered a field of cheap youngsters and won, the mutuels paying $65.10 to holders of $2 tickets. Pirate McGee was second and First Consul third.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For maidens, two years old; purse $1,130. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Pocatello	115	Ensor	12-5	11-10 1
Devil Dog	115	Rice	4-1	3-2 2nk
Moroni	115	Rodrig's	8-1	4-1 3
Flash Tissue	115	Bodwell	10-1	4-1 4
Annie	112	Fulther	12-1	even 5
Lucy May	112	Corey	25-1	8-1 6
Library Girl	112	Rowan	20-1	20-1 7
Olive James	112	Hamilton	50-1	20-1 8
Liquid Fire	115	Myers	200-1	50-1 9

Mutuels paid: Pocatello, $7.30, $4.20, $3.60; Devil Dog, $5, $3.80; Moroni, $3.50.

Time—1:15 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Pocatello, ch. c., by Mohawk II.—Cayndetta; owned by W. F. Burch and trained by W. Brooks.

SECOND RACE.

For two-year-olds; selling; purse $1,130. Six and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Betsinda	107	Ensor	251-20	267-20 1
Pirate McGee	116	Rice	117-20	23-20 2
First Consul	106	B'well	187-20	3-1 3nk
Northern Belle	113	Ensor	11-4	even 4
Eastern Glow	110	Hamilton	7-1	2-1 5
Le Bleuet	106	R'creek	7-1	2-1 6
Ogden Girl	106	Collins	50-1	20-1 7
Silex II	114	Simpson	50-1	20-1 8
Feather	106	Rowan	50-1	15-1 9
Major Fisk	103	Weiner	60-1	20-1 10
Pemetual	110	Corey	15-1	3-1 11
Rockaway	103	Johnson	40-1	15-1 12
Mutuels paid: Betsinda, $65.10, $22.10, $5.90; Pirate McGee, $4.50, $3; Moroni, $3.20.

Time—1:21 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Betsinda, b. f., by Buxton—Winning Witch; owned and trained by W. Fenwick.

THIRD RACE.

For maidens, three years old; purse $1,130. Seven furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Uncle John	114	Johnson	10-1	2-1 1
Duke John	114	Thurber	40-1	10-1 2
Sir Grafton	110	Rice	87-4	4-1 3
The Dauphin	114	Rowan	12-1	4-1 4
Tom Fool	114	Butwell	15-1	4-1 5
Rinkarvesa	114	Obert	200-1	80-1 6
Challenge	114	McTag't	87-4	4-1 7
Mistake	114	McCrann	87-4	4-1 8
Echo II	114	Hamilton	15-1	4-1 9
Mayer House	114	Connors	100-1	40-1 10
Pride of India	114	Ensor	12-10	1-2 11

Mutuels paid: Uncle John, $21.10, $7.70, $4.40; Duke John, $6.80, $3.80; Sir Grafton, $3.30.

Time—1:28 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Uncle John, ch. c., by Jerconus—Spring Maid; owned by Sunnyside Stable and trained by J. Graver.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,130. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Ultra Gold	120	O'Brien	3-1	even 1
Sister Emblem	112	Weiner	158-4	31-5 2nk
Nightstick	120	Ensor	3-1	3-1 3
Hindostan	112	Butwell	25-1	8-1 4
J. P. Murphy	115	Collins	50-1	10-1 5
Little Maude	102	R'creek	100-1	40-1 6
Onicon	107	Myers	12-1	3-1 7
Beaulina	107	Rice	15-1	3-1 8
Sincerity	112	Thurber	300-1	100-1 9
Ohara	115	Simonas	20-1	5-1 10

Mutuels paid: Ultra Gold, $4, $3, $2.70; Sister Emblem, $14.40, $5; Nightstick, $2.50.

Time—1:14 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Ultra Gold, ch. g., by Golden Maxim—Ultimate; owned by Mrs. R. A. Smith and trained by R. A. Smith.

FIFTH RACE.

The Premier Purse, for all ages; purse $1,130. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Tom McTaggart	108	Ensor	13-20	3-20 1
Kashmir	109	Rice	23-10	6-10 2
War Smoke	102	McCr'n	41-20	6-1 3
War Zone	104	Miller	10-1	3-1 4
Turf	106	McCabe	20-1	12-1 5
Ivry	109½	Myers	40-1	10-1 6

Mutuels paid: Tom McTaggart, $2.20, $2.20, $2.20; Kashmir, $3.80, $2.60; War Smoke, $3.10.

Time—1:42 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Tom McTaggart, b. h., by Chacornunda—Toplash; owned by L. Waterbury and trained by F. Kraft.

SIXTH RACE.

For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,130. One mile and twenty yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dayrue	102	Hamilton	8-1	7-20 1½
Broom Peddler	113	Butwell	3-1	11-20 2
Crumpsall	116	Walls	4-1	3-1 3
Lord Herbert	107	Morris	12-1	3-1 4
Buckboard	108	McCrann	25-1	7-1 5
Highland Lad	108	Thurber	15-1	3-1 6
Ben Hampton	116	Rodrig's	100-1	40-1 7
Harwood II	113	Obert	15-1	3-1 8
She Devil	107	Fr'wald	200-1	80-1 9

Mutuels paid: Dayrue, $5, $2.80, $2.40; Broom Peddler, $3.10, $2.80; Crumpsall, $3.20.

Time—1:46 1-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Dayrue, b. g., by Pump o' Day—Sudette; owned by R. T. Nickerson and trained by J. Hewitt.

SEVENTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,130. One mile and an eighth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Bozart	110	Johnson	16-93	30-17 1
Umbela	105	Obert	131-10	71-20 2
Dalrose	107	Connors	254-1	84-1 3
Helengrit	111	Hinton	184-1	61-1 4
La Balafre	100	Weiner	7-1	2-1 5
Padua	102	And'son	25-1	10-1 6
Fountain Fay	110	M'T'gart	23-1	8-1 7
Malachite	112	Butwell	15-1	5-1 8
*Virginia Fell	110	Collins	25-1	8-1 9
*Mother-in-Law	106	McCrann	25-1	8-1 10
*Indiscreet	110	Rodrig's	25-1	8-1 11
*Forth	110	Stirling	25-1	8-1 12

*Field.

Mutuels paid: Bozart, $7.60, $5.10, $3.40; Umbela, $3.10, $2.80; Dalrose, $12.10.

Time—2:1 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Bozart, b. g., by Bannockburn—Belle Ward; owned and trained by B. E. Chapman.

Weather clear; track fast.

BARNEY SCHREIBER DEAD.

Owner of Famous Thoroughbreds Passes Away in Cincinnati.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 21.—P. Barney Schreiber, aged about 58 years, for many years one of the country's most prominent breeders and owners of thoroughbreds and a leading bookmaker, died suddenly of apoplexy in a Cincinnati hotel today. He was born in Germany and came to this country when a boy, going to Kansas City, where he was employed in a clothing store as a clerk.

While working in that capacity Schreiber became interested in racing. As a bookmaker he rapidly accumulated a fortune and branched out in an owner of a racing stable and breeder. While operating his book on the Western tracks he bought a farm near St. Louis and there maintained for several years a stud of mares and stallions from which he bred many winners. Schreiber bred and owned during his career Behemoth, Saporello, Schwabe, Ethel Gray, Corrigan, Pinkerton, Safole, and Saintolet, the dam of Royce Rock. At the height of his prosperity as a bookmaker he bought an interest in several race tracks, including the Tanforan and other courses in California. He had made his home in Lexington, Ky., for the last few years.

WOMAN JOCKEY IS THROWN.

Mrs. Pearl Miles Injured in Pinehurst Steeplechase—Boston Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Nov. 21.—The mile steeplechase event, the big feature of the Sand Hill races, held at Pinehurst today in connection with the annual Sand Hill Fair, was won by Boston, entered by the Sally Heather Stables, with Moran up.

Mrs. Pearl Miles, said to be the only woman jockey now riding in this country, rode Silly Oliver in this race, and was neck and neck with the leader until her mount came a cropper at one of the last jumps. Mrs. Miles was thrown hard, but escaped with slight bruises.

Levingrub Wins Road Race.

In a mile and a half road run held by the Boys' Club of New York in Harlem yesterday afternoon H. Levingrub was the winner, finishing the distance in 9 minutes. The team prize went to the Wingate A. C., which scored 38 points, while the Arrow A. C., in second place, had 60 points. Third team prize went to the Wingate A. C. second team. There were 18 runners in the race and all of them finished. The leaders were: 1, H. Levingrub; 2, B. Menwies; 3, B. Leverman.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Selling; for two-year-olds; one mile. Americus Boy, 114 pounds; Hard Girl, 106; Oriental Park, 109; *Rosbiles, 96; Bright Star, 109; C. S. Grason, 106; Cala de Cauma, 109; Weary, 110; Pirate McGee, 105; Primitive, 109.

SECOND RACE—Prince, George Junior Handicap; for two-year-olds; seven furlongs. Carmandale, 124 pounds; Kallipolis, 121; Meet a Orange, 104; *Rubidium, 99; Silver Maid, 116; King's Champion, 114; Hard Girl, 104; Sandy Beal, 115; Shillelagh II., 104; Smart Guy, 101.

THIRD RACE—The Oriole Handicap; for all ages; six and a half furlongs. Flage, 128 pounds; Crank, 109; Rapid Day, 105; Old Rosebud, 123; Grimalkin, 109; Quietude, 104; Ophelia, 118; Raiveeta, 106; Passing Shower, 102.

FOURTH RACE—The Capital City Handicap; all ages; mile. Ballet Dancer II., 101 pounds; Slipsoty, 98; *Jim, 109; Rapid Day, 102; Clean Gone, 101; Ophelia, 113; Crank, 109; Whimsy, 104; *Tyllos, 93; *Duchess Lass, 108; Kashmir, 106; Fort Miles, 108.

FIFTH RACE—Claiming; for all ages; mile. The Decision, 110; Whimsy, 118; Queen of the Sea, 107; *War Magnet, 105; Mist Cat, 113; Slim Finner, 108; St. Helene, 107; *Selmo, 106; Wiwaxia, 110; Sun Dial II., 108; Elected II., 108; *The Desert, 108.

SIXTH RACE—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Melarie, 113; Nebraska, 108; Virginia Fell, 108; Aliquippa, 108; Golden Glow, 113; Refugee, 106; Veto, 102; Cumaeba, 108; Ben Hampton, 113; Blue Thistle, 103; Melancholia, 102.

SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Capital Girl, 111 pounds; Indian Chief, 108; Arbitrator, 108; Jacnetta, 99; Mackenzie, 116; Balaset, 106; Hope, 105; *Edith Baumann, 106; Tit for Tat, 110; Agard, 108; Fairy Prince, 103; Casalis, 97.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

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O'DOWD HAS SHADE OVER MIKE GIBBONS

Middleweights in Close Battle from Start to Finish of St. Paul Encounter.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 21.—Mike O'Dowd outpointed Mike Gibbons by a shade in their ten-round bout here tonight. Mike Gibbons battled valiantly against the middleweight title holder, who happens to be a fellow-townsman, and displayed much of his old-time phantom boxing, making O'Dowd miss frequently, and up to the sixth round his deadly right-cross flashed over regularly and with effect, but always it was a fraction too high or a fraction too low.

In the sixth round he brought his right over against O'Dowd's cheekbone, and, while he shook up the champion, he injured his principal fighting asset so severely that he involuntarily dropped it and winced as though suffering great pain. It was reported that he had broken a bone in his right hand. Thereafter he used his right sparingly, but in the ninth round he landed a wicked chop with it flush on O'Dowd's jaw, which sent the champion reeling backward for two or three steps. That was the last flash of the right. In the tenth it was throbbing so painfully that he used it only for blocking purposes.

From the tap of the gong to the final round it was apparent that both were out for blood, but neither lacked utility. They fought savagely but carefully, and neither gave his opponent an opening for a knockout blow during the entire ten rounds.

The Phantom landed more clean blows, beyond any doubt, as he made his opponent miss often, and time and again he displayed his wonderful skill as a boxer by dodging two or six blows aimed at his head by merely the movement of the head. But O'Dowd did not prevent of the proceedings. He was on top of Gibbons most of the time. He rushed him to the ropes frequently, and in the exchanges at close quarters he made the better showing.

In the third round the Phantom failed to block a right hook, which landed just above his left eye and inflicted a deep gash, which bled freely throughout the remainder of the battle. O'Dowd's left eye was cut slightly.

The crowd which had gathered to see the fight was the greatest money assemblage ever gathered in the Auditorium, and it is estimated that the receipts were more than $40,000. Of this amount Gibbons received 25 per cent., or which he paid $12,000 to O'Dowd. Gibbons also had the motion picture concessions and agreed to give O'Dowd 25 per cent. of the film receipts.

The fighters met under a flood of light for the motion pictures and examined the bandages carefully. It was stated that both men were entering the ring at 158 pounds.

Curley Ulrich of St. Paul was introduced as official referee and George Barton of Minneapolis and Ed. L. Shave of St. Paul, acting as judges, were selected as judges and occupied seats at the ringside.

O'Dowd appeared to be in better physical condition following the fight, and the crowd gave him a rousing ovation.

Packey McFarland of Chicago was the only ring notable who was introduced besides the principals. He declared in response to a call for a speech that he had decided to stay fat because he feared that if he attempted to fight again he would lose the little brains he had left.

WILDE VISITS THE PRINCE.

English Boxer, Sole Heir to British Throne on Board H. M. S. Renown.

Jimmy Wilde, England's sensational title flyweight boxer, who is scheduled to make his first American appearance in a bout against Jack Sharkey, of the west side, at Milwaukee, Dec. 6, was one of the visitors to H. M. S. Renown, headquarters of Prince Edward of Wales, yesterday. Wilde, accompanied by his wife and Captain Edward Tupper, Seaman's Leader of Great Britain, boarded the Renown at 2 o'clock, and subsequently had a chat of about fifteen minutes with the heir to the British throne. Prince Edward is a Wilde enthusiast and, it is understood, is keenly interested in the British boxer's ring career. Before leaving Mrs. Wilde secured Prince Edward's signature in an autograph book.

DISCUSS HANDBALL EVENT.

Western Delegates and Fred Rubien Confer on Tourney Plans.

Plans for the national A. A. U. handball championship tournament, singles and doubles, which will soon be conducted by the Los Angeles A. C., were discussed yesterday by Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U., and Robert S. Weaver and N. S. Griffin, of the Southern Pacific A. A. U. The tournament was awarded to the Southern Pacific Association, of which Mr. Weaver is President, at the recent national convention of the A. A. U. in Reno.

The Western delegates were on their return trip to their homes in Los Angeles and stopped off in this city to discuss final details for the tournament with Mr. Rubien. The date have not yet been decided. The Western delegates will remain in this city for the purpose of attending the cross-country running carnival at Van Cortlandt Park this afternoon, when the Intercollegiate A. A. A. A. championship, the I. C. S. A. championship, Columbia Interscholastic and the Intermediate freshmen races will be held. The delegates will leave for Los Angeles tomorrow.

TUGGLE DEFEATS SLOAN.

Experience Helps Veteran Billiardist to Victory by 200 to 167.

It was experience against youth in last night's game in the American Amateur Billiard Association's Class C 14.1 balkline tournament for the championship of the metropolitan district. Experience conquered. Fuller's Academy, where the match was played, was crowded with enthusiastic spectators when Dr. Thomas Tuggle and Cecil Sloan crossed cues. Dr. Tuggle won by a score of 200 to 167. Sloan is the 19-year-old player who has shown so much promise, in spite of the fact that he has not won a game in the tournament. It was his fifth defeat, and finished his schedule.

McManniman Takes Lead.

M. P. McManniman took the lead in the Brooklyn handicap billiard tournament at the Brooklyn Billiard Academy last night, when he defeated Charles P. Mathews. The score was 150 to 154. Mathews played for 200 points, while McManniman played for 150. The winner averaged 5 10-24 and the loser 4 10-24. McMahinman's best runs were 22 and 21, while Mathews made 19 and 18 in his best innings.

SERVATIUS GAINS VICTORY WITH CUE

Captures Close Match from C. Steinbugler in Brooklyn Billiard Tourney.

A surprise was sprung in the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players' Class C 18.2 balkline tournament at the Bethesda Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night. Charley Steinbugler, who had been playing exceptionally strong billiards, was defeated by the veteran, Louis A. Servatius. The latter had not been playing any too well in this tourney for the metropolitan championship of the association, and it was generally believed that he would felt a vital time to the expertness of Steinbugler's cue. Therefore, his victory by a score of 150 to 142 upset the dope.

Incidentally, the defeat cost Charley Steinbugler the lead. He is now tied with Sidney Brunet for second place, each having won four and lost one game. Robert Steinbugler, Charley's cousin, forced into the lead when he took the measure of Frank Byrd in the second game of the evening, winning by a score of 150 to 110.

The game between Servatius and Charley Steinbugler was one of the best of the tourney to date. It was distinguished by the closeness of the match. At Servatius stepped to the table for his thirty-ninth inning he was trailing by a score of 142 to 136 and ran out the game with an unfinished run of 24.

MATURO WINS AGAIN.

Defeats Wolfert at Pocket Billiards in Two Exhibition Matches.

James Maturo was not in his best form during his two pocket billiard games against Fred Wolfert at Maurice Daly's Academy yesterday afternoon and last night. The Denver expert did not play as consistently as he has in some of his other exhibition games against the Brooklyn professional. Maturo won both blocks, but his victories were not as impressive as some of those he scored earlier in the week. He won in the afternoon by a score of 100 to 49 and took the evening game 100 to 55. The total score of the match is Maturo, 1,000, Wolfert, 604. The last two games in the match will be played this afternoon and tonight.

BARTON WINS AT SNOOKER.

Shows Admirable Form in Defeat of Wathey by 125 to 92.

Bill Wathey met his second defeat in the tournament for the snooker pool championship of the American Amateur Billiard Association last night. He played George Barton at John Doyle's Academy and lost by a score of 125 to 92.

In the three-cushion tournament Charley Adair won from Chris Maxwell, 150 to 94, and will now be going Adair experienced little difficulty in winning. The game consumed thirty-nine innings.

Raymond Crane and Ben Howe were opposed in the pocket billiard tournament and Crane won, 50 to 47.

PLAN NEW GOLF TOURNEY.

Metropolitan Pros May Contest for Long Island Title.

Unless the golf professionals of the metropolitan district run into a snag of opposition they will institute next season a Long Island open championship as a brand new event on the calendar. Alex Pirie, Secretary of the Professional Golfers' Association of America and pro at the North Shore Country Club, has canvassed all the pros of the neighborhood for an informal gathering Business Monday at 1:30 at the Hotel McAlpin. Although no definite official business will be transacted, the purpose of the assembly is to feel the sentiment for the proposed championship.

The idea of a Long Island open tournament for the title has been kicked around for several years, and the present season there was an attempt to inaugurate the event. Willie MacFarlane, pro at Fort Washington, broached the subject among the pros at their championship tournament in September, of the Engineers' Club, but the matter was deferred because of the intensity of the season. Long Island is getting so dotted plentifully with golf clubs and there is a feeling that a tourney on the island, in addition to the annual Metropolitan Open Championship, should be inaugurated. Pirie said last night that the matter would come up for official consideration at the next meeting of the P. G. A.

Another topic for Monday's meeting will be the proposed tournament for members of the P. G. A. who are not quite good enough golfers to enter the association championship series. The entry would be limited to amateur professionals, who differ only in that they are, in the metropolitan district, there are such assistants as Johnny Farrell, who is Jock Harrigan's right hand man at Pelham; Jimmy Barnes, assistant professional to Irving Bringer at Ocean Ridge, and Fred Canoma, at Oak Ridge. Farrell tied with George McLean at Shackamaxon in the qualifying test of the championship, but was beaten by McLean in the play-off. Other assistants who contribute excellent ability on the links are Ray Cole of Sunset Hill, St. Louis; Jim Barnes's helper, and Lee Diegel of Detroit, the sensational assistant who finished second to Barnes in the Western Open Championship at Cleveland and who was second to Ross in the Ohio open.

The local professionals are not over ambitious to the extent of proposing a nationwide tourney for the assistants and helpers, but they see a need for such an event for the youngsters of the Metropolitan district.

Quality First!

Boston Garter

Awards Made Yesterday at Horse Show

Morning Awards.

Class 1—Thoroughbred stallions—First, Uncas Chief, b. s., owner, Cassilis Farm; second, Ellisdale, blk. s., owner, Harry W. Enlight; third, Crane, b. s., owner, Troop K, New York State Troopers; fourth, Allumeur, b. s., owner, Mrs. F. I. Van Der Beek.

Class 2—Thoroughbred stallions, suitable to sire road horses—First, Uncas Chief, b. s., owner, Cassilis Farm; second, Allumeur, b. s., owner, Mrs. F. I. Van der Beek.

Class 46—Arabian brood mares, under saddle—First, Gazmure, gr. m., owner, W. R. Brown; second, Rasula, b. m., owner, W. R. Brown; third, Guinara, br. m., owner, W. R. Brown; fourth, Nosan, ch. m., owner, W. R. Brown.

Class 124—Horses suitable for heavyweight hunters—First, Gerryowen, b. g., owner, Ennisclare Farm.

Class 137—Championship for horses suitable to become hunters—First, Grey Socks, gr. g., owner, Ennisclare Farm; second, Gerryowen, b. g., owner, Ennisclare Farm.

Class 32—Championship for pony stallions—First, Irvington Autocrat, br. s., owner, Peter Hauck, jr.; second, Melbourne Tattler, br. s., owner, Delchester Farm.

Afternoon Awards.

Class 97—Collection of three harness horses—First, William H. Moore's Micah, Buxton, and Lady Beautiful.

Class 101—Championship for harness ponies—First, Hamilton Flame, b. g., owner, Mrs. F. P. Garvan; second, Fulanga, b. m., owner, Miss Janice Liggett.

Class 102—Championship for roadsters and trotters—First, Ebony King, blk. s., owner, John R. Thompson; second, Soldier, b. g., owner, Ralph E. Morsland.

Class 103—Championship for harness pony pairs—First, Hamilton Flame, F. P. Garvan and Hamilton Dianthus, b. g., owner, Mrs. F. P. Garvan; second, Fulgora, b. m., and Fulanga, b. m., owner, Miss Janie Liggett.

Class 41—Championship for saddle horses—First, Leading Lady, ch. m., owner, Harvey S. Ladew; second, Dr. Russell, ch. g., owner, Frank Donovan; third, Sorcerer II., ch. g., owner, H. J. Graham; fourth, Brunel, ch. g., owner, W. C. Bakemon.

Class 170—Harness hackneys, over 15.2—First, Bountiful, b. m., owner, William H. Moore; second, Irvington Garrymede, ch. g., owner, Franklin B. Jordan.

Class 130—Championship for saddle ponies—First, Chestnut Blossom, owner, Mrs. F. P. Garvan; second, Cuddles, ch. m., owner, Mrs. Frank E. Hopewell.

Class 91—Tandems, over 15.1—First, Lord Seaton, b. g., and Lord Buxton, b. g., owner, William H. Moore; second, Mary Marlborough, b. m., and Matthew Pick Me Up, b. g., owner, Miss Eleonora R. Sears; third, Rain, ch. g., and Rainbow, ch. m., owner, Joseph Wiesenfeld.

Class 123—Championship for saddle horses over 14.2 and not over 15.2—First, Twilight Hour, blk. g., owner, Hugh Bryson Wick; second, Allah, ch. g., owner, Miss Clara S. Peck.

Class 124—Championship for saddle horses over 15.2—First, Bohemian Actress, b. m., owner, Charles W. Leonard; second, Donnycona, blk. g., owner, the Misses Field.

Class 149—Qualified thoroughbred hunters, ridden by ladies—First, Godromon, ch. g., owner, Miss Carol Smith; second, Matt, b. g., owner, Ennisclare Farm.

Class 150—Grafton bred jumps—First, Flying Mercury, br. m., owner, Lieut. Col. Jack Gifford; second, Ondromon, ch. g., owner, Miss Carol Smith; third

THE OPERA

By Richard Aldrich

"Faust" at the Metropolitan.

"Faust" was given at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening, making an early entrance into the repertory, with the same cast as that heard in the opera last year. The one new feature of the performance was the first appearance of the new French conductor, Albert Wolff, who is later to come before the opera-going public as the composer of one of the new operas promised for the season's repertory, his setting of Maeterlinck's "L'Oiseau Bleu." He was very recently arrived from France and is very long free from the army. His hand was soon made evident in the spirit which was manifested in the doings on the stage and in the orchestra; a spirit manifested in rapid and elastic tempos and a resulting vivacity of movement in those portions of the score where vivacity of movement is called for; also in a notable vigor of accent, stress of rhythm and dramatic emphasis; and sometimes in a superfluity of orchestral tone. Nor was there much finesse in his conducting last evening. So far as the animation and vigor were concerned, there were all to the good of the whole effect; and "Faust" has hardly had a performance in recent years that has had so much of these qualities. As for the balance of tone and the manifestation of finer shades in the orchestra, that may be a matter in which Mr. Wolff will find a better proportion when he has made a better acquaintance with the acoustics of the auditorium and the capacities of the players under his baton.

The performance was not an unalloyed joy so far as the vocalization of some of the principal characters was concerned. Mr. Martinelli's voice had not its best quality, nor the sustained and even power that he has shown at his best time. Farrar sang as she has been singing this music in recent years. She is a Marguerite with fascinating qualities in appearance and in details of her action, which she has made an expression of individuality; but her singing is not such as to content the memories of many admirable predecessors in the role.

Mr. Rothier's Mephistopheles had all its well remembered excellences, among which good singing is something to be prized highly. Mme. Delaunois gave a pleasing and effective impersonation of Siebel. The Valentin of Mr. Couzinou was not one of the ornaments of the occasion, heavy in action and dull in vocal quality and expression.

The chorus sang with much spirit; but there were moments when their tempo did not agree with the conductor's, to the disadvantage of the effect. The opera was given last evening without the "Walpurgis Night" ballet and its elaborate setting, which have prevailed in the performances of the last two seasons.

The Philharmonic Society.

Dvorak's symphony in E, which the Philharmonic Society made the chief item in its concert yesterday afternoon, was originally announced as played for the first time in this country; but consideration of safety first led to a change of the announcement to the effect that the performance was guaranteed to be the first only in New York.

It is of no great importance whether either one of these announcements is true or not, except to those who set store by the accuracy of the record. But the fact is rather curious that there seems to be no record of any previous performance in this country. Mr. Humiston, the writer of the program notes, also had some difficulty in determining the actual number of the symphony in the list of Dvorak's works. It is put down on the score as the third; but with the assistance of Mr. Kovarik, first viola of the orchestra, a fellow-countryman, friend, and pupil of Dvorak's, he has shown that it is in reality the fourth symphony composed and the sixth published by the composer. Composed in 1878, it was published in 1880, four years before he came to this country.

It is singular that so fresh and charming a composition was not secured for performance immediately in the days when Dvorak's presence here stimulated interest in his works, and new ones under his name were eagerly welcomed by conductors in this country, then as now hospitable to novelties. It is wholly characteristic of Dvorak's naïf and spontaneous melodic vein, his facility in developing it without anxious thought for novelty of expression or for any form of utterance that was not native to him, perfectly unaught. Its instrumentation is in his richly colored style. The first movement, suggesting nature, an out-of-doors feeling, and the rhythmically throbbing and sunny scherzo are those that give greatest pleasure today.

There is no seeking for depth, for profoundity of idea that was not waiting for utterance; such was not Dvorak's way. It is possible that this symphony has come to light a little too late for a long life here. The mode has passed it by, and its charm is too insubstantial to survive the change. But it was agreeable to hear and no doubt will be heard again with pleasure.

Mr. Eddy Brown again was the soloist and played Bruch's G minor concerto. The other orchestral numbers were the Parisian version of the Bacchanale from "Tannhäuser" and Chabrier's "Espana."

GEORGE HARRIS SINGS.

Tenor Gives Serious Lyrics on War Themes in Aeolian Hall.

George Harris, the tenor, whose recitals have before brought new songs, and especially those in singable English, to critical attention, gave a matinee in Aeolian Hall yesterday at which he presented serious lyrics on war themes by Josef Hofmann and Daniel Gregory Mason. The famous pianist's setting of Colonel McRae's "In Flanders Fields," at which half a dozen musicians have tried their hand, was sombre and restrained, avoiding fervent climax.

Mason's "Well He Slumbers Greatly Slain," also was less effective than its peaceful mate, "I Will Love Him Gone Into the East." An older "Pas d'Armes du Roi Jean," by Saint Saëns, preceded a French group by George Hue, and there were others by Schubert and by Russian composers in Mr. Harris's own translation.

Beryl Rubinstein, Pianist, Plays.

Beryl Rubinstein, pianist of famous name, appeared in recital at Aeolian Hall last evening before an audience that filled the little hall and left late arrivals to be turned away. A former prodigy, and still a young man, he presented a program of the giants in piano literature, Beethoven's sonata "Appassionata," which others have played within the week, grouped with the Bach-Liszt fugue in G and the Brahms-Paganini variations. Besides some Chopin and later Liszt pieces, he gave three of his own, entitled "Guitarre," "The Man in the Moon" and "Uncle Remus."

Two Tenors Back from Buenos Aires.

Two operatic tenors arrived yesterday from South America on the Lamport & Holt liner Vestris, Guilio Crimi of the Metropolitan Opera Company and Tito Schipa of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, who have been singing in Buenos Aires. G. Marinuzzi, conductor of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, also arrived on the liner and left for Chicago.

Vaudeville on Blackwell's Island.

The Keith Vaudeville Circuit will provide its annual Thanksgiving entertainment on Blackwell's Island next Thursday morning. Among the performers will be Harry Cooper, who has been for twenty consecutive years a holiday entertainer on the island. E. F. Albee, head of the Keith Circuit, will provide cigars and candy for each of the inmates.

L. J. Selznick to Produce a Play.

Lewis J. Selznick, the motion-picture producer, will enter the field of legitimate theatrical production in the near future. His first play will be "Bucking the Tiger," a comedy by May Tully, and Achmed Abdullah, based upon the latter's novel of the same name. Rehearsals will be started this week.

CONVICT RENT STRIKERS.

Three Women Members of Tenants' League Guilty of Intimidation.

Three rent strikers were convicted yesterday of conspiracy in the Court of Special Sessions by Justices Kernochan, Herbert, and Salmon, for having prevented the execution of dispossess notices, for having struck the landlord, for having intimidated the other tenants, and for various other acts. All three were tenants in the apartment house at 1,634 Park Avenue, and members of the Tenants' League of East Harlem, one being the Treasurer. They are Annie Breitman, Fannie Belzer, and Hilda B. Wesser. They will be sentenced next Friday.

Testimony revealed that Abraham Levow, the owner of the property, had been attacked and spat upon when he called for the rent of members of the league. It was said that the three convicted women prevented the landlord from collecting rents, and collected the rents themselves, which they kept, and then plastered the house with the strike notices. The court declared that leniency would be shown if the women would disclose the names of those who are responsible for the formation of the Tenants' League, of which they are members.

LANDLORD FINED $100.

Failure to Heat Apartments Brings Jail Threat from Magistrate.

One of the largest fines to be imposed upon a landlord for failure to supply tenants with heat, was paid yesterday by Isaac Ellman, a real estate broker, who lives at 2,317 Mermaid Avenue, Coney Island, and who owns a row of apartment houses there. Magistrate Geismar, in the Coney Island Court, gave him the alternative of paying $100 or serving twenty days in jail. The complainants were Mrs. Lottie Klingler and William Grubb, who said that their children were suffering from colds as a result of a lack of heat.

The leases were read by the Magistrate, and when he saw that they provide for heat from October until early Spring, he imposed the fine, with the remark: "As long as I am sitting on the bench, tenants who are paying large rents and who are entitled to heat, will get it, and plenty of it. If they don't, the landlords will be sent to jail."

STEEL MILLS FACE CLOSING.

"Essentials" Only Get Coal in Mahoning, Shenango, and Pittsburgh.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 21.—Mills of the Mahoning and Shenango Valleys, the second largest steel producing region, today faced the possibility of closing, following orders by D. T. Murray, local fuel director, cutting off coal supplies to all factories. Smaller mills will be forced to close in two or three days, it was said. The larger plants have supplies for periods varying from ten to thirty days.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 21.—The Fuel Distributing Committee today supplied coal to "essential" consumers only. Members of the fuel committee said there was no immediate danger of a shortage.

FRAZIER ASKS INJUNCTION.

Wants Judge Restrained from Enforcing Return of Lignite Mines.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 21.—William Lemke, Vice President of the Non-Partisan League, acting as attorney for Governor Frazier, filed an application in the State Supreme Court today asking for an alternative writ of prohibition and a temporary injunction to restrain District Judge W. L. Nuessle from attempting to enforce his order that the State return the seized lignite coal mines to their owners.

The petition states that the Governor could remove Judge Nuessle for his interference with the military forces and that Judge Nuessle's "interference, orders, and inflammatory remarks tend to invite bloodshed and civil war."

THE SCREEN

What the rather formal words American Committee for Devastated France really mean is shown in "The Heritage of France," a motion picture presented by the committee at the Strand Theatre yesterday afternoon. The film is a vitalized record of the work of the committee. For many an officially prepared and printed report would be lifeless, but moving pictures can make people see with their own eyes the destruction caused by the war, the wrecked homes and barren fields, the ruined schools and factories, the desolation of a country to which refugees are now returning with nothing but hope and determination which will enable them to begin their lives again if the means and materials they lack are supplied. Moving pictures can make people realize that it is the work of the Committee for Devastated France to supply these means and materials, to make it possible for the re-established refugees to do for themselves; and, because of the interdependence of a village in France and a town in America, for the world, what they are eager and able to do now that no man's land is their own again.

So where the printed report, or even many earnest audresses, would fail to follow men and women into their homes and offices, moving pictures can succeed, and undoubtedly those composing "The Heritage of France" will have far-reaching success. Through them one is able to imagine France as it was in 1914, and then feel the shock of war's violence as he sees every standing work of man and nature reduced to wreckage by the forces of an invading host. His spirit rises from the tragedy of it all when he is given glimpses of the people returning to the places from which they were driven, when he sees them at work again, and when he witnesses the agents of the committee extending co-operation and guidance wherever it is needed.

Most spectators, too, will be impressed with the scope and detail of the committee's work. Its uniformed women are shown welcoming refugees home, encouraging them in the presence of their demolished houses, supplying them with food and tools, teaching their children in schools, treating them in hospitals and dispensaries, in this particular and that, fulfilling the plans of a great organization which apparently is an organic body with a beating heart rather than an impersonal machine.

And because the history of devastated France and its struggle to recover from the war is a great human story the film record is compellingly interesting. Propaganda pictures often bore even enthusiasts, but "The Heritage of France," dissociated from its purpose of furthering relief work, is of a quality and strength to make any except a few exceptional photoplays seem spotted and weak. Without any stage-narrative it would be dramatic, but its appeal is increased by the story of a family running through it.

At the Strand yesterday the pictures were supplemented by a spirited talk by Miss Anne Morgan, Vice President of the committee, who told what she and her associates had done and hoped to do. She appealed to America for $2,000,000 with which to finish the job undertaken. Myron C. Herrick, President of the committee, presided, and other speakers were Major Gen. O'Ryan and Ole Hanson.

The Prince of Wales was invited to be present, and many persons in the audience expected him, but he was unable to come.

WEBSTER PORTRAITS, $1,200

Pictures of Statesman and Wife Auctioned in Collections' Sale.

Portraits of Daniel Webster and his wife, Katherine Leroy Webster, the former by Francis Alexander and the latter attributed to John Wesley Jarvis, went to Dr. G. F. Muller for $1,200 at a sale at the Anderson Galleries last evening of 101 pictures belonging to the collections of George B. Hellman, Mrs. Julia E. Green and the late Solomon Mehrbach.

The picture of Webster, a pleasing one, was the first special object referred to in his will in which he said: "To my wife I give the picture of myself by Alexander." Mrs. Katherine Leroy Webster was Daniel Webster's second wife.

A head of an Alsatian girl, profile, wearing the Alsatian head dress, went to Knoedler for $470. N. E. Montross bought for $420 B. Luke's "The Widow McGee," from the Breckenbridge collection; a Dutch "River Frone," by H. Terburgh, went to H. Heine for $310; H. Counihan, agent, paid $105 for a "Girl with Dog," attributed to Greuze, and $140 for a very small Blakelock "Landscape." A Dutch "Farm Scene," with unclecipherable signature, went to the McDonough Galleries for $400, and "Flirtation," by F. Soulacroix, to G. Gummi for $400. The returns for the evening were $8,088.

In Aid of Institutional Synagogue.

There will be a performance at the Manhattan Opera House tomorrow night in aid of the Institutional Synagogue in West 116th Street. Barney Bernard will be master of ceremonies.

"Intimate" Paintings by leading American Artists
Home Skies, Prices ranging from $100
On exhibition to Dec. 6
Macbeth Gallery
450 5th Avenue at 40th Street

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Which is the best phonograph
Ask the owner of a
THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
Sonora
CLEAR AS A BELL
The Highest Class Talking Machine in the World

Carnegie Hall, TONIGHT (Sat.) 8:15
RUSSIAN FOLK SONGS & BALLADS
BY NINA TARASOVA
TICKETS 50c to $2 at Box Office
CARNEGIE HALL Thur., Nov. 27, at 8:15
(THANKSGIVING NIGHT)
CINCINNATI SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
EUGENE YSAYE Conductor
MISCHA ELMAN Soloist
in BRAHMS' CONCERTO
Tickets $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 at Box Office.
HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE. NOVEMBER 30, at 8:15 P. M.
First Appearance in Five Years
EMMY DESTINN
SOPRANO with CINCINNATI Symphony of 100 Men
EUGENE YSAYE
CONDUCTOR.
Tickets $1.50, $2 and $2.50.
Mail Orders to Hippodrome.
Box Office 58th Opens Nov. 24.

Carnegie Hall, This Aft., 2:30
JOSEF HOFMANN
PIANO RECITAL. (Steinway Piano.)
House Completely Sold Out.
TICKETS FOR NEXT RECITAL, SUNDAY, FEB. 8, NOW SELLING.
CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. AFT. NOV. 29, 2:30.
MOISEIWITSCH
PIANO RECITAL
AMERICAN DEBUT
(Mason & Hamlin Piano.)
Aeolian Hall, Mon., Nov. 24, at 8.
FLORENCE HINKLE
SONG RECITAL. (Steinway Piano.)
AEOLIAN HALL, Tues., Nov. 25, at 3
DORA de PHILLIPPE
Song Recital. (Mason & Hamlin Piano)

CARNEGIE HALL, 57 St. & 7 Ave.
NEWMAN
TRAVELTALKS
COLOR VIEWS—MOTION PICTURES.
Sunday Eve., 8:30. Monday Mat., 3
"OCCUPIED GERMANY"
PRICES: Eve. 50c to $1.50. Mats. 25c to $1.50

CAPITOL BROADWAY AT 51ST STREET
GUY EMPEY in "The Underworld"
DAVID BELASCO in "A Star Over Night"
NED WAYBURN'S DEMI TASSE REVUE.
ARTHUR PRYOR'S CAPITOL BAND OF 70.

Aeolian Hall, This Sunday Aft., at 3.
Orchestral Society
MAX JACOBS ..... CONDUCTOR
Soloist, MILDRED DILLING, Harpist
Tickets 22c to $1.00 at Box Office and International Concert Bureau, 229 W. 43d St.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE TOMORROW AFT. AT 3:30
AMERICAN CONCERT COURSE
MARCIA VAN DRESSER
RAFAELO DIAZ
EDDY BROWN
Seats, 75c to $3. Now on sale. BOX OFFICE

Jewish Art Theatre MAD. AVE. & 27 ST. Phone Mad. Sq. 578
TONIGHT at 8:30 o'Clock
"THE DUMB MESSIAH"
"דער שטומער משיח"
By Daniel Frishman. Staged by Emanuel Reicher.

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HIPPODROME
MATINEES DAILY AT THE HAPPY PRICES. Seats Weeks Ahead.

AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFT., NOV. 29, AT 3
LAST NEW YORK RECITAL
I. J. ORNSTEIN
Wild Man's Dance Knabe Piano

AEOLIAN HALL, TO-NIGHT, AT 8:15
SECOND PIANO RECITAL—SERGE PROKOFIEFF
Mgt. Hensel & Jones—Steinway Piano

Loew's American Roof 164 St. W. of B'way
Every Eve. at 8:15
Jack Rose, Strauss & Lawlor, 7 others. DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, "His Majesty, the American."
All Seats Reserved

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WINTER GARDEN Broadway at 50th St. Eves. at 8.
MATS. TODAY, TUES. & THANKSGIVING.
THE PASSING SHOW OF 1919
Sunday Night Concert—All-Star Bill.

39TH ST. West, near B'way. Eves. 8:40. Mts. Today, Wed., Thurs., 2:40
Charles Cherry and Francine Larrimore in the famous comedy SCANDAL

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. TO-DAY & Wed., 2:30
OLIVER MOROSCO HAS THE SMASHING HIT IN TOWN!—ASK ANYBODY.
CIVILIAN CLOTHES
with OLIVE TELL & THURSTON HALL

THE CRIMSON ALIBI
This Morning at 10:30 IRVIN COBB'S BOYS WILL BE BOYS
Last Time
For Children from 6 to 60 Years.

48TH ST. West, near B'way. Eve. 8:40. Mats. Today & Thanksgiving
The STORM

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thanksg'g 2:15.
THE MAGIC MELODY
WITH CHARLES PURCELL
Julia Dean, Tom McNaughton, 30 others.

Comedy THEATRE, 41st St., near Broadway. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thanksg'g.
The Musical Comedy Hit FIFTY FIFTY LTD.
With Herbert Corthell and Georgie Vaudeville

LONGACRE 48th, W. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Th'sg's 2:30
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
Best Acted Comedy on Broadway
ADAM AND EVA
"Will be here until the strawberries come again."—N. Y. Times

PRINCESS 39th St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
NIGHTIE NIGHT
With FRANCIS BYRNE.

VANDERBILT THEA. W. 48th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
IRENE
THE MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH OF THE YEAR.

SELWYN SUCCESSES
MATINEE TODAY at the "BARGAIN OF THEATRE" Box Tickets.
WEDDING BELLS
with Margaret Lawrence & Wallace Eddinger
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THIS IS MATINEE DAY FOR DONALD BRYAN & PEGGY WOOD in
BUDDIES
JOLLIEST SHOW IN TOWN! ASK ANYBODY!
SELWYN W. 42d St. Eves. 8:40. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Thurs.
BEST SEATS at Box Office. Regular Prices.
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300 Orch. Seats, $1. Fronts Rows Seats $1.50

FULTON West 46th St. Evenings at 8:30. Fri. Mat. TODAY at 2:30.
ANOTHER SMASHING MOROSCO HIT!
CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD
in A New Musical "Linger Longer Letty" Comedy.

SEATS NOW ON SALE FOR THE F. RAY COMSTOCK AND MORRIS GEST PRODUCTION OF THE PARISIAN SENSATION
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A ROMANCE OF ANCIENT EGYPT.
CENTURY THEATRE
Premiere Next Mon., Nov. 24
POSITIVELY NOT MORE THAN SIX TICKETS SOLD TO ANY ONE PERSON UNLESS CREDENTIALS ARE SHOWN.

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YEOMEN OF THE GUARD Today, 2:15. Tonight, 8:15
PARK THEATRE, Columbus Circle. Next Week, ROBIN HOOD.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA "AT 9:45"
Eves. 8:15. Mats. Sunday.
Next Week: "OH, MY DEAR"
Sunday Concerts—Continuous 1:30 to 11:30

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs., 2:30
"Hold audience spellbound."—Times. in Zoë Akins' Play
ETHEL BARRYMORE Declassee

BELASCO Wed. 44th St. Evenings 8:15. MATINEE TODAY
Lenore Ulric in "THE SON-DAUGHTER"
By George Scarborough and David Belasco.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30
The O'Hagan-Yost 3-point Comedy
"ON THE HIRING LINE"
"THE GENUINE ARTICLE."—Eve. Sun

JOHN GOLDEN presents
FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN
GAIETY, B'way, 46th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
7TH BIG WEEK of the Premier play in town
WHERE'S YOUR WIFE?
Find the Answer at the 49th E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mts. Today & Fri., 2:30.

Punch & Judy THEATRE, West 48th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S SMART MUSICAL COMEDY
JUST A MINUTE
By the Authors of "LISTEN LESTER"

HUDSON WEST 44 ST. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Sat., Wed., Thurs.
Booth Tarkington's "CLARENCE"

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THE Royal Vagabond
"The Sweetest Musical Play Since 'The Merry Widow.'"
BREAKING ALL RECORDS
With ROBINSON NEWBOLD.

Globe—"Apple Blossoms"
Kresler-Jacobs-Lily Baron Operetta with John Charles Thomas.
Wilda Bennett, Star Cast. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

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RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th St.
Hugo Riesenfeld, Director
Beginning Sunday
Jesse D. Lasky Presents
CECIL B. DeMille's "Male and Female"
From Sir James M. Barrie's play, "The Admirable Crichton," with Gloria Swanson, Thomas Meighan and Theodore Roberts.
A Paramount-Artcraft Picture

MARK STRAND CONSTANCE TALMADGE "A Virtuous Vamp." B'way 47th St. STRAND ORCH.
LOEW'S New York Theatre & Roof
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
WM. OSBORNE, "The Blue Bandanna."

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B. S. MOSS' BROADWAY B'way & 41 St. ELSIE JANIS CONTINUOUS Noon to 11 P.M.
IN A Regular Girl
PARISIAN FASHION FROLIC
REVUE AT 8:40 CHIC DARING 16 Perfect "36's"

RIVOLI RIALTO B'way, 42d St. ELSIE FERGUSON in "Counterfeit." Comedy. Pictura. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
Times Square. WALLACE REID, "Hawthorne of the U. S. A." Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

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The Outstanding Dramatic Creation of the Year—the Picture Everyone Should See. Plaza Revue—Plaza Orchestra.

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Subscriptions heard and sold. Curtain, all operas, 1453 B'way (38-39 Sts.). For info. two Orphan, for afternoon Wed. & Thurs., one Orphan, and one Balcony for Mon. for season.

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WINTER GARDEN B'way, 50th St. 8:15. 50c, Circle $200.
SURPRISE BILL OF HEADLINERS.
LYRIC 42d Street West of Broadway.
Frank Bryan, Bill Archer, Rigoletto, Tucker, Geo. Jessel, Franklie Heath, Klein Bros., Others.
CENTRAL 47th Street and Broadway. Phone Bryant 17. As 8:15.
Mae West, Moss & Frye, Chilson Ohrman, Phillips, Asher & Tomson, Others.
44TH ST. THEA., 108 W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Phone Bryant 1262.
Sophie Tucker, Lou Holtz, Benita and Lew Hearn, Healey & Sales, Others.
STAR BILLS ALWAYS

44th ST. Theatre, W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Last Matinee Today, 2:15.
McINTYRE & HEATH in NOTHING BUT LOVE
LAST 2 TIMES
HELLO ALEXANDER
Next Monday: Moss Hart Cort Theatre

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE
Christopher St. Subway Sta.
Nos. 2:30, Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
THE LOST LEADER
With FRANK CONROY.

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinee Today, 2:15.
"Nothing But Love"
with Andrew Tombes is the jittiest, funniest musical comedy in town.
Moves to 44th St. Theatre Next Monday.
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TUESDAY
Seats Now for this Unusual Comstock & Gest Musical Comedy.

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Broadway's Smallest Musical Hit.
THE Little Blue Devil
WITH BERNARD GRANVILLE & LILLIAN LORRAINE

ARTHUR HOPKINS presents WILTON LACKAYE in "PALMY DAYS"
by AUGUSTUS THOMAS
THE PLAYHOUSE.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed., Thanksg'g.

THEATRE PARISIEN WEST 48th ST.
Double Bill "Mais Gosche" "Choschette" Mats. Today & Thanksg'g.

A. H. WOODS' ATTRACTIONS
Maxine Elliott's Theatre, 39th St. Near B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
"THE UNKNOWN WOMAN"

BIJOU West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
BARNEY BERNARD
"HIS HONOR ABE POTASH"

BOOTH West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
"TOO MANY HUSBANDS"

ELTINGE W. 45d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE GIRL IN THE LIMOUSINE

Republic Theatre, West 45d St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
A VOICE IN THE DARK

PLYMOUTH 45th, West of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Wed. Today & Thanksgiving.
JOHN & LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST"

Casino B'way & 39th. Eve. 8:30. Mt. Tues.-Sat. & Thanksg'g 2:30
Barbach & Friml's Musical Comedy
The Little Whopper
With VIVIENNE SEGAL.

SUCCESS OF TWO SEASONS
EAST IS WEST
with PAT BAISTER.
ASTOR—Mats. Today & Thanksg'g.

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Eve 8:30. Mts Tod'y, Wed. Thurs.
GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES
with Bessie McCoy Davis, James Watts, Ted Lewis, Ada Forman, Al Herman. Daily Connelly and 20—FAMOUS ARTISTS' MODELS—20

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Greeley 1222. Eve. 8:30. Matinee Today, 2:30.
THEATRE GUILD'S SEASON
LAST WEEK THE FAITHFUL
Mansfield's.
Beginning TUES., NOV. 25th. Seats Now.
"The Rise of Silas Lapham"
with JAMES K. HACKETT.

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ACADEMY OF MUSIC
SUNDAY EVE., NOV. 23
POPULAR SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT
ORCHESTRA OF 60
Sascha Jacobsen—Cecil Arden
Seats 50c, $1, $1.50 at Box Office

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:30. LAST MAT. TODAY.
Raymond Hitchcock
LAST 2 TIMES HITCHY KOO 1919
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT. Seats NOW.
BILLIE BURKE
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT. Seats NOW.
(Subject to the Select Drama)
in W. Somerset Maugham's play.
"CAESAR'S WIFE"

NEW AMSTERDAM AT 8:15
MAT. TODAY. No Seat Over $2.
LAST 6 WEEKS
Ziegfeld Follies
ON THE ROOF AT 11:30
New Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic
New Amsterdam SUNDAY EVE. Erlanger-Dillingham-Ziegfeld Concert.

Henry W. Savage's Musical Comedy Hit.
SEE-SAW LAST 2 WEEKS
"Liveliest Musical Show in Years."—Tribune.
GEO. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
ANN GLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" Henry Bonnard

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43 St. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30.
RUTH CHATTERTON
in George Scarborough's New Comedy.
"MOONLIGHT & HONEYSUCKLE"

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38 St. 20 MONTH. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today and Thurs. 2:30.
JOHN CORT'S New Musical Comedy Hit
ROLY-BOLY EYES with EDDIE LEONARD
Chorus of Sweethearts. Endless and Sleeping.

STANDARD B'way, 90 St. Eve. 25c to $1.50. MATINEE TODAY
The Better 'Ole With MR. & MRS. CODUSS
Next Wk: "Three Pages East" with Violet Heming

SING TO SERVE!
Thanksgiving-Americanization Celebration
PLACE: Hippodrome.
TIME: Sunday Afternoon (To-Morrow) at 2:30. Doors Open 1:45.
DIRECTION: People's Liberty Chorus. L. Camilieri, Conductor.
CHAIRMAN: Frederick A. Wallis.
ADDRESSES: Ole Hanson. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis.
INVOCATION: Dr. William T. Manning.
MUSIC: People's Liberty Chorus of 1,000 Voices. Marie Sundelius, Metropolitan Opera Company. Julia Arthur. Sixty Members New Symphony Orchestra.
No Admission Charged. Sing to Serve! No Collection Taken.

HIPPODROME, SUN. AFTERNOON, NOV. 30, at 3:P. M.
ONLY CONCERT THIS FALL.
MME. LUISA TETRAZZINI
WORLD'S FAMOUS COLORATURA
BOX OFFICE SALE OPEN MONDAY, NOV. 24.
TICKETS $1 TO $5.
(Hardman Piano.) Mgt. Jules Daiber.

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Main Office, 1493 B'way, 3rd Floor.
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CARNEGIE HALL Tues. Aft., Nov. 25, 2:30. Sharp. Wed. Eve., Nov. 26, 8:15 Sharp.
NEW SYMPHONY
—Orchestra—
BODANZKY
—Conductor—
HAROLD BAUER—Soloist. Program—Mozart, "Orfeo"; Beethoven, Schumann No. 2.
Tickets Box Office—R. E. Metcalfe, Mgr. M. H. 9466. KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

PHILHARMONIC
CONCERTS
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor
Carnegie Hall, To-morrow (Sun.) Aft. at 3
Beethoven—Tchaikovsky—Wagner
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leitels, Mgr.

OPERA TICKETS PHONE 4100 GREELEY
SUBSCRIPTIONS ACCEPTED. SOLD OR EXCHANGED FOR SEASON. ALTERNATE OR SINGLE PERFORMANCES. JACOBS' TICKET OFFICE, Normandie Hotel, B'way, 38th.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Today, 2, La Juive. Pons, Botto (debut); Gellh, Caruso, Rothier, Harrold (debut). Cond., Bodanzky.
Tonight at 8 ($1 to $2.50), Travelers: Music, Gordon (debut); Kingston, Amato. Cond., Papi.
Sun. Eve. (50c to $2), Verdi-Puccini Concert, Rosaline Sundelius, Heale, Gordon, Hackett, Diaz, Sanelli, Montesanto. Orch. Cond., Sametinski.
Mat. Mon. at 2, Boris Godunow, Rosamond; Didur, Harrold, Rothier, Addis, reprise. Cond., Papi.
Wed. at 8:15 (Double Bill), L'Oracolo, Easton, Ongis; Harrold, Scotti, Didur; Pavlo in "Pagliacci," Music: Caruso, Amato. Cond., Moranzoni.
Thanksg. Day Mat. at 2, Carmen, Farrar, Sundelius, Galli; Martinelli, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Wolff.
Thurs. at 8, Barbiere, Garrison, Bori; Hackett, De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8, Forza del Destino, Ponselle, Delaunois, Galli; Caruso, Amato. Cond., Papi.
Sat. at 2, Madame Butterfly, Farrar, Ingram (debut); Martinelli, Scotti. Cond., Moranzoni.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA COURSE
A study of the Works of the Season. Hotel Plaza, Tuesday, 8:30 or 2:30. Thur. evening, Oct. 30, 8:30. THE JEWESS, M. Terrelberry, Sec., 78 West 55th. Circle 457.

AEOLIAN HALL, TODAY, AT 3 P. M.
GEORGE MEADER
INTERPRETER OF SONGS
Tickets Now on Sale at Box Office.
Mgt. Jules Daiber. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Twice Daily. Fun Frisco AL BERNES and His Beauty Show.

Before and after the Horse Show, Have a Wonderful Table d'Hote Dinner
Served in the New Grill—Broadway Entrance
TO-DAY Jamaica wants to see you
At Broadway and 30th Street
Formerly the famous Rafraw
Superior Luncheon—Excellent Chicken Dinner.
MUSIC—DANCING 7 P. M. to Closing—Prizes Nightly.

"Bellak" SYSTEM OF SELECT HOTELS
Special Rates Now
RESIDENCE for WOMEN
Rooms and meals, $16 weekly up. Rooms with bath and meals, $25 weekly up.
HOTEL RUTLEDGE
Lexington Av. at 30th St.
Also desirable accommodations of rooms without meals $1.50 day up.
MODERN—HOMELIKE—ACCESSIBLE.

Magnificent View of Central Park. Newly decorated and furnished, 1, 2, 3 rooms & bath, $50 per room up. HOTEL ASHTON
Madison Av. at 93d
Surface cars at door, convenient to Park and subway.
We cater to a discriminate clientele only. Large, light, outside rooms.

NOTED FOR SUNSHINE
Two and three rooms and bath. Newly and beautifully furnished and decorated. $ to $8 weekly. HOTEL NOBLETON
126 West 73d Street
$125 monthly, $32 weekly.
Restaurant a la Carte.
Near all Cars, Express "Subs," "L," and "Bus" Lines.

Tea Rooms.
THE MARGUERITE 49 West 38th Street. HOME COOKING. Closed Sundays. Wednesday, Baked Chicken Pie. Friday, Chicken a la Maryland. Luncheon, 60c. Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 75-$1.
Dorothy Louise 1 WEST 38TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor) Luncheon, 60c. Afternoon Tea. Dinner, $1.25. CHICKEN DINNER TUES. AND SAT.
THE GREEN WITCH 49 East 34th Street. Closed Sundays. Luncheon, 60c; Dinner, 75c. CHICKEN DINNER Mon., Wed. and Fri.
ORANGE AND BLACK INN, 47 West 46 St. "THE HOME OF REAL FOOD." Closed Sundays. Tea Bar. Home-Made Dinner, $1.00—5-8 P. M.
RUSSIAN INN Table d'Hote. 61 W. 37TH ST. A la Carte & Afternoon Tea. Luncheon and Dinner. LINNEA TEA ROOM, 25 East 37th St. LUNCHEON 40c; DINNER

33 WEST POINTERS KILLED IN THE WAR

List Announced Includes Three Colonels and Five Lieutenant Colonels.

TEN OF 1918 CLASS LOST

Fifteen Classes Represented Among Officers Killed or Dead from Wounds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Thirty-three graduates of West Point were killed in action or died of wounds received in action during the World War, according to information obtained from the official records of the War Department today.

These officers belonged to fifteen graduating classes. The classes of 1917 and 1918 sustained the heaviest losses, six officers of the class of 1917 having lost their lives and ten of the class of 1918, which was graduated on Aug. 20, 1917.

No West Pointer of higher rank than Colonel lost his life in the war, but the majority of these from West Point killed in action were of grades ranging from Captain up to Colonel, only eight being of as low rank as Lieutenants. One of the officers, Second Lieutenant Albert F. Ward, was killed in action at Vladivostok, and all of the other thirty-two were killed in France.

The complete official list of the West Pointers killed in action, or who died of wounds received in action, with the dates of their deaths, follows:

EARLIER CLASSES.

Class of 1884—Colonel Bertram T. Clayton, G. S., killed in action, May 30, 1918.

1885—Colonel William D. Davis, Inf., killed in action, Nov. 1, 1918.

1887—Colonel Hamilton A. Smith, Inf., killed in action, July 28, 1918.

1891—Lieut. Col. Robert J. Maxey, Inf., died of wounds, May 28, 1918.

1897—Lieut. Col. Emory J. Fitz, Cav., killed in action, Sept. 26, 1918.

1898—Lieut. Col. Jesse A. Shannon, Cav., died of wounds, Oct. 2, 1918.

1905—Lieut. Col. James H. Dickey, Inf., died of wounds, Sept. 27, 1918.

1906—Major Fred A. Cook, Inf., killed in action, Oct. 7, 1918.

1908—Major Arthur E. Deuton, Inf., killed in action, July 15, 1918.

1914—Lieut. Col. Roy M. Smyth, Inf., killed in action, Oct. 18, 1918.

CLASS OF 1915.

Major J. H. Rainey, Inf., killed in action, July 18, 1918.

Major Harry A. Harvey, F. A., killed in action, Sept. 12, 1918.

Major Edwin N. Kimble, C. of E., died of wounds, April 9, 1918.

CLASS OF 1916.

Major John H. Wills, C. of E., killed in action, July 28, 1918.

Major Alfred L. King, T. A., killed in action, Nov. 9, 1918.

Major John A. Street, Inf., killed in action, Oct. 4, 1918.

CLASS OF 1917.

Captain Francis H. Dougherty, Inf., killed in action Oct. 18, 1918.

Captain Thayer Rossell, Inf., died of wounds Oct. 15, 1918.

Captain Stewart W. Hoover, Inf., killed in action March 1, 1918.

Captain George W. Sackett, Inf., killed in action Oct. 15, 1918.

Captain Henry H. Chapman, Inf., killed in action Sept. 29, 1918.

Captain Edward W. Leonard, Inf., killed in action Oct. 14, 1918.

CLASS OF 1918.

Captain Charles D. Harris, Corps of Eng., killed in action Oct. 20, 1918.

Captain Thurston E. Wood, F. A., killed in action July 21, 1918.

Captain Robert S. Symmonds, Cav., died of wounds Oct. 12, 1918.

First Lieutenant Edward J. Wolff, Jr., F. A., killed in action Aug. 16, 1918.

First Lieutenant Kenneth F. Murray, Inf., died of wounds July 1, 1919.

First Lieutenant Louis A. Freeman, Inf., died of wounds Aug. 18, 1918.

First Lieutenant Theodore D. Schmidt, Inf., died of wounds Sept. 7, 1918.

First Lieutenant Josephus B. Wilson, Inf., killed in action Oct. 15, 1918.

First Lieutenant Frank S. Long, Inf., killed in action July 18, 1918.

First Lieutenant Earle A. Billings, Inf., killed in action July 18, 1918.

CLASS OF 1919.

Second Lieutenant Albert F. Ward, Inf., killed in action June 22, 1919.

San Francisco Shipyards to Reopen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 21.—The shipyards of the San Francisco Bay region will reopen on Monday, Nov. 24, after having been closed since Oct. 1 by strike conditions, the California Metal Trades Association, the organization of shipyard operators, announced here today.

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK
OFFICE OF
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
Albany, November 12th, 1919.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS:

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol at Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Tuesday, December 16th, 1919, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for the construction of Barge canal terminals pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 446 of the Laws of 1911, and of the acts amendatory thereof, as follows:

[illegible] TERMINAL CONTRACT NO. 228.

For constructing a frame freighthouse and placing and compacting gravel surfacing on the terminal site at Rochester.

Contract plans, sheets 1 to 2 inclusive.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, showing the quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract and bonds required and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per (90 per cent.) of the value of work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in the city of Albany or New York, issued by a national or state bank, or trust company in good credit within the state and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon approval of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of said check will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The bond for the faithful performance of each contract shall be in such sum as shall be fixed by the Superintendent of Public Works, which sum shall not be less than twenty per centum (20 per cent.) of the estimated cost of the work, according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds, co-insurance will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be endorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the state for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to be made in formal contracts. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the state will be enhanced thereby.

EDWARD A. WALSH,
Superintendent of Public Works.

COMMODITIES PRICES

Rises in Spring Patent Flour and Fancy Eggs Were Shown.

Another sharp rise in Spring patent flour, which went up 75 cents a barrel, to $12.25, featured the fluctuations shown this week in Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices. Second in interest was the rise of the price of fancy nearby eggs to the highest point on record. The general trend of the list was upward, although it was not so marked as was the case last week. Then there were forty-eight advances in a total of seventy-three revisions as against forty-two "ups" now in seventy-two changes.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, cooking, bbl.	$3.00	$3.50	$5.00
Beans, marrow, bu.	11.00	11.50	12.00
Beef, corned, lb.	.23	.24	.27
Butter, St. Paul, lb.	.54	.53	.44
Cabbage, per 100 head	3.00	3.00	3.00
Cheese, W. n. y., lb.	.25½	.25½	.23
Codfish, Cd. Bks, 100 lbs.	13.00	13.00	11.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	1.16	1.17	..
Coffee, Santos, No. 4, lb.	.24½	.19½	..
Eggs, nearby, fancy, doz.	.60	.70	.60
Eggs, West, fair, doz.	.70	.65	.64
Flour, best, 196 lbs.	12.25	12.00	10.75
Onions, bag	2.00	2.00	1.25
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	8.75	8.75	10.50
Potatoes, bbl.	5.25	5.00	4.50
Rice, fancy, head, lb.	.13½	.13½	.10½
Sugar, fine gran., 100 lbs	9.00	9.00	9.00
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.23	.22	.32½
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.48
Bacon, 14/20 Iowa, lb.	.23½	.23½	.25½
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	8.50	8.75	9.75
Hams, big, in tcs, lb.	.35	.35	.32
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	13.75	14.00	17.00
Lard, Mid. West, 100 lbs.	24.50	24.40	27.10
Pork, mess, bbl.	43.00	44.25	43.50
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	9.75	9.75	8.00
Barley, malting, bu.	1.80	1.30	1.16
Corn, No. 2 yel., bu.	1.88½	1.71½	1.65½
Hay, prime timo, 100 lbs.	1.75	1.75	1.80
Oats, No. 2 white, bu.	.52½	.52	.54
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.54½	1.40	1.70
Wheat, No. 2 red, bush.	*2.26½	*2.26½	*2.26½
Aluminum, lb.	.33	.33	.33
Copper, electro., lb.	.19¾	.21¼	.20
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton	36.10	36.10	40.10
Lead, lb.	.065	.06¾	.06
Spelter, lb.	.06¾	.065	.064
Steel billets, Bes., ton	42.00	42.00	42.00
Tin, lb.	.53	.54½	.72½
Brown sheet, ann., yd.	.25	.25	.30
Cloths, 54-60, yd.	.18	.19½	.16½
Hides, plain, lb.	.47	.45	.39
Hides, cow, heavy, lb.	.46	.47	.37
Leather, sole, lb.	.53	.55	.75
Leather, n. y., lb.	.54	1.00	.75
Rubber, Up-Riv., fine, lb.	.52	.52	.60
Silk, China, ex. fil. 1st, lb.	12.25	12.25	7.75
Silk, Japan, fil., No. 1, Grashi, lb.	11.85	11.85	..

*Government minimum. †Nominal.

Not only did Spring patent flour go up sharply in the local market, but there was also a rise of 10 cents a barrel in the price of Winter straights. For the first time in quite a while, however, there were no changes in either hams or bacon here. In the Chicago market for provisions live sheep did not change. Meat pork advanced, but declines were recorded by live beef and hogs and by Middle Western lard and short ribs.

No price changes were shown in the cheese quotations in the dairy products portion of the list, but the best grades of butter each advanced 2 cents a pound to levels well above those current at this time last year. The same thing was true of nearby fancy and the best Western eggs, which showed advances for the week of 5 and 4 cents a dozen, respectively. The nearby fancy eggs reached a new high record mark. The only change in the fresh fruits in the list was a break of 50 cents a barrel in common apples. A rise in evaporated apples supplied the only change in the dried fruits. The only listed change in vegetables was in potatoes, which moved up 25 cents a barrel to a point 75 cents a barrel above last year's comparative price. In the other items there was a decline in No. 7 Rio coffee but No. 4 Santos did not change. The spices contributed a rise in cloves and declines in mace and white pepper. The list for grains showed a decline in corn and advances in oats, rye, and malting barley. Both the hides and leathers were bare of advances this week, and both showed several declines. In the lower leather prices quoted were some covering shoe stock. Light belting butts also went down. Five of the ten listed items in hides went down, not including calfskins. The combined sheets for paints, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils contained ten advances and five declines, the feature being the rise of menthol to $12 a case.

The continuance of the steel strike was evident in the slightness of changes that were again asked for, practically all varieties of pig iron. Refined iron bars were also quoted higher at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. The rises in the minor metals took place in antimony and lead, with the declines confined to tin plate and electrolytic copper, spelter and tin. Tobacco prices at Louisville moved up in a body. Common Hudson River brick was higher. In the naval stores there was a drop in resin, but kiln-burned tar and turpentine were higher. English vermilion paint went up again, and newsprint paper advanced to $77 a hundred pounds. Both Japanese and Chinese raw silks advanced also.

The week dealt unkindly with the textile markets, chiefly with the burlaps and the unfinished cotton goods. Continued quiet resulted in some easing off in the former, in spite of a slight strengthening in heavy goods at the beginning of the week as a result of a demand for export to south America. Weakness on the part of second hands brought down prices on several constructions of printcloths and sheetings in the gray.

Studying Store Wages.

Following a questionnaire sent to the members of the National Retail Dry Goods Association for the purpose of finding the number of stores using bonus or commission systems in paying their employes, a second questionnaire has been prepared to obtain more comprehensive data on the subject. The first circular brought 670 replies from the 1,100 members of the organization, and disclosed that 452 stores have bonus or commission systems. There were 218 that have never adopted such a system, and 49 that once used such payments but have abandoned them. Out of the 458 employing bonuses or commissions 215 stores have used them more than three years and 91 more than five years. In 206 stores bonuses are provided for non-selling help, 307 report bonuses for buyers, and 160 for other executives.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 21.—Forty-eight new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,018,000, were chartered today. They include:

Crane Dress Co., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Rosen, M. Sinna, M. Cohen, 301 Hooper St., Brooklyn.

Keystone Tire and Rubber Co., No. 170, Manhattan, $5,000; J. Jacobs, S. Bernheim, W. Lowenthal, 1,477 Broadway.

Hebron Motor Car Corp., of Brooklyn, $25,000; J. H. Carroll, A. Devine, T. M. Simonton, 8 West 40th St.

Grossman-Shafran Co., Brooklyn, ladies' garments, $10,000; W. and H. Shafran, F. Grossman, 1,124 21st St., Brooklyn.

Marcus & Sons, Brooklyn, realty, $3,000; A. M., and S. Marcus, 1,770 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Seaboard Salvage Co., Manhattan, drugs, chemicals, and foodstuffs, $5,000; C. C. Probst, C. S. Talbot, A. H. Merry, 1,149 East 19th St., Brooklyn.

Price-Kushin, Manhattan, ladies' apparel, $40,000; A. Malbaum, A. Kushin, S. E. Price, 735 East 1824 St., Bronx.

Kronish, Miller & Goldblatt, Manhattan, clothing and clothes, $20,000; M. Kronish, J. Goldblatt, 300 St. Ann's Av., Bronx.

Homestead Dress Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Goldberg, M. Burnstein, M. Lieberman, 56 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

Ebert & Brown, Inc., Manhattan, cigars, $5,000; B. Ebert, S. Hinkes, A. Bromberg, 145 East 17th St.

Middle Knitting Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $200,000; P. and I. and B. Madigson, 76 East 160th St.

Benson Gure Co., Manhattan, tobacconists, $50,000; R. D. and H. Gerlitzer, A. Binkelstein, 1,000 Southern Boulevard.

D. Horowitz & Co., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; D. Horowitz, H. Richman, Klarfeld, 302 East 3d St.

Rosenblatt & Bennett, Inc., Manhattan, wholesale muslin and children's clothing, $10,000; A. and N. Rosenblatt, J. J. Benner, 207 East Broadway.

Edgewood Hotel Co., Queens, $10,000; S. Lombardi, H. Shields, F. Druss, 171 East 4th St., Brooklyn.

M. Bernhard Corp., Rochester, paper boxes, $10,000; M. and E. Bernhard, L. Brown, Rochester.

National Fire Escape Corp., Rochester, $250,000; W. E. Turner, J. G. Ideman, W. G. Ball, Rochester.

The Eagle Shoe Co., Brooklyn, $16,000; M. Smolensky, A. Turlatsky, I. Stoff, 53 Varet St., Brooklyn.

Hotte Mfg. Co., Buffalo, autos, $18,000; G. Hotte, E. Dunston, R. E. Jacobs, Buffalo.

Sixty-second Street Realty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; W. Bielenberg, A. B. Wallace, C. Halls, 69 William St.

Kapian-Snyder Co., Manhattan, women's and infants' wear, $21,000; H. Weichsler, J. B. Snyder, N. Kaplan, 1,501 Hoe Av.

J. Fraser Soap and Perfume Corp., Manhattan, $200,000; R. Wallace, L. W. Romaine, A. M. Cutler, 489 5th Av.

Ampre Export Co., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Singer, W. A. Leonard, E. Celler, 51 Chambers St.

Friedwin Realty Corp., Manhattan, $6,000; E. Friedrich, M. and F. Wiener, 85 West 116th St.

Kroner, Hyman & Co., Manhattan, jewelry, $6,000; G. Harnischer, A. Kroner, J. Hyman, 70 Nassau St.

Universal Willow and Reed Ware Co., Manhattan, $50,000; K. Balutowski, A. Shott, M. Macuch, 320 East 56th St.

Klearfield Realty Co., Manhattan, 120 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $12,000; T. H. Mulkey, W. McMullen, D. Kaufman, 500 East 170th St.

Walker Art Co., East Aurora, Erie County, 90 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 200 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $10,000; A. V. Ingham, M. H. Roehle, G. E. Merrill, East Aurora.

C. H. B. Holding Corp., Queens, stocks, bonds and securities, 2,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $10,000; D. C. Higgs, J. H. Fraser, F. T. Harbach, 1,681 Broadway.

Heaman & Bowerman, Inc., Lewy, Onondaga County, hardware, leather goods and general merchandise, $30,000; G. A. and I. L. Heaman, A. E. Bowerman, Lewy.

Prince & Mulberry Garage Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; W. and B. Schmuel, N. Nemanoff, 30 East 1st St.

Atlantic Play Exchange, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; L. Mints, M. Beck, M. H. Singer, 1,564 Broadway.

Universal Investing Co., Manhattan, realty $5,000; I. B., N. and P. Geller, 29 West 111th St.

Fashion Craft Cloak Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. J. Saltzman, B. Jaffe, 526 Claremont Av., Bronx.

Lewis-Wise Co., Manhattan, bath robes and smoking jackets, $30,000; J. M. Wise, E. Lewis, J. Schafran, 1,500 West 112th St.

S. Kaye Corp., Manhattan, flat, hosp. and pots, $100,000; B. and E. Roth, S. Stern, 225 5th Av.

Whitpoint Realty Co., Manhattan, $60,000; G. Weiss, B. Leavy, H. Glazer, 291 Broadway.

J. H. & G. Cleak and Suit Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Ginsberg, S. Harriman, M. Jacobs, 1,000 Southern Boulevard.

Keystone Woolen Co., Manhattan, $10,000; B. Amerling, E. Hays, W. Abramson, 640 West 160th St.

Bellmont Properties Corp., Manhattan, conduct merchandise stores, $5,000; W. Chalaire, R. S. Crippell, L. A. Crosby, 634 West 135th St.

Wm. P. Products Co., Manhattan, motors, automatics, and aeroplanes, $25,000; A. W. Hewitt, F. A. Jadson, T. Pomeroy, 8 East 35th St.

William Rollins & Co., Manhattan, wool, cotton and silk, $500,000; A. D. Jaretski, Jr., A. R. Hollins, B. W. Peck, 45 East 17th St.

Western States Realty Corp., Manhattan, 250 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $10,000; C. H. Bahn, D. T. Connet, C. M. McKeever, 120 Broadway.

Gramercy Picture Frame House, Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; H. C. Rehman, O. Fleck, J. F. Neubert, 1,003 Broadway.

The Seven Operating Corp., Niagara Falls, hotels, restaurants, and theatres, 2,500 share preferred stock, $100 each; 2,500 share common stock, no par value; active capital, $287,500; I. J. Kelly, G. G. Shepard, R. J. Kelly, 1 Niagara Falls.

Dittmer Gear and Mfg. Corp., Lockport, 600 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,150 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $115,000; E. Dittmer, and A. H. Dittmer, C. W. Riley, Lockport.

Gery-Goepfert Mfg. Co., Buffalo, soap and cleaning compounds, 2,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $262,500; E. Cory, E. Goepfert, W. W. Saperston, Buffalo.

I. S. and I. Berman, Inc., Jamaica, milk business, $5,000; S. and I. and I. Berman, Jamaica.

The General Tire Co., Manhattan, $10,000; R. J. Hegerty, T. A. McCole, J. F. Fearn, 170 Broadway.

Chain Lunch and Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $25,000; S. and H. and L. Sperber, 256 West 38th St.

Henry B. Pruser, Mt. Vernon, coal, wood, and ice, $50,000; W. H. Hussey, H. B. and L. M. Pruser, Mt. Vernon.

Ladies' Hand-Bag Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; B. Weisner, M. Fisher, D. Levy, 547 West 180th St.

Tracy Steamship Co., Manhattan, $500,000; M. H. Tracy, R. Strange, V. M. Cronin, corp. address given.

Rees Mills Const. Co., Manhattan, $6,000; C. R. and J. H. Rees, L. Orgel, 261 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Queen Quality Silk Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $30,000.

Manhattan Rim and Tire Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $250,000.

Van Wagoner-Linn Corset Co., Manhattan, $30,000 to $50,000.

G. and B. Realty Co., Manhattan, $600 to $50,000.

Brunswick Silk Works, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Leo Cohen Co., Manhattan, $3,000 to $50,000.

Alice Woolen Mills, Rochester, $100,000 to $200,000.

Lincoln Mfg. Co., Rochester, $50,000 to $150,000.

Fisher & Thompson, Inc., Walden, $25,000 to $100,000.

Lighi and Power Meter Corp., Manhattan, $500 to $5,000.

The Mason Tire and Rubber Co. of New York, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.

Salem Iller & Clay, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

French Trading Co., Manhattan, $150,000 to $250,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

S. R. Scott Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $5,000.

CHANGE OF NAMES.

The Burdick Raydiere Electric Co., Buffalo, to Burdick Electric Co.

Becker, Schillan & Co., Manhattan, to British Merchants, Inc.

Cur-Over-Make Petticoat Co., Manhattan, to Brown & Singerman, Inc.

Mahlstedt Sales Corp., New Rochelle, to G. M. C. Truck Sales Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Taylor Motors Corp., Manhattan.

Durring Bros., Inc., Brooklyn.

Lois Realty Corp., Highlands.

The Moroseo Wagner Co., Manhattan.

Ullman Wistel Co., Manhattan.

O'Brien Trading Corp., Manhattan.

Sheepsey Country Club Realty Corp., Mt. Vernon.

Pierce Avenue Realty, Manhattan.

L. H. Harr Corp., Manhattan.

Hughes-Hamilton Motors, Inc., Cohoes.

Powell Muffler and Timer Co., Utica.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 21.—Charters filed: Mutual Trading and Industries Corp., $5,000,000; A. W. Walton, A. B. Howard, George J. Reilly, all of New York.

Murray Motor Car Co., $2,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, M. M. Nichols, of Wilmington.

Apollo Oil Co., $2,000,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George C. Steigler, J. H. Dowell, of Wilmington.

Exceptional Pictures Corp., $1,200,000; T. L. Tyler, K. B. Drew, H. E. King, of Wilmington.

Certified Products Co., $700,000; H. C. Samuels, F. C. Voorhis, E. H. Brown, all of Minneapolis.

Hudson Petroleum Co., $500,000; David H. Hirsch, Douglaston, N. Y.; Walter M. Yeager, New York; Robert A. Van Voorhis, Jersey City, N. J.

Carson Oil and Gas Co., $500,000; Samuel C. Wood, Chicago; L. B. Phillips, M. S. Anderson, of Dover.

Rock Creek Corp., $400,000; T. L. Croxton, F. H. Drew, H. E. Knox, of Wilmington.

American Land and Security Co., $250,000; M. D. Horry, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, of Wilmington.

Cleveland Air Compressor Co., $300,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George C. Steigler, J. H. Dowell, of Wilmington.

Old Hillside Oil Co., $200,000; William F. O'Keefe, George C. Steigler, J. H. Dowell, of Wilmington.

Chain and Sprocket Service Co., $110,000; R. H. Sadler, E. W. Teeter, L. B. Davenport, of Wilmington.

Tripoli Barbers Supply Co., $100,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey of Wilmington.

Pittsburgh Eyes Mfg. Co., $100,000; A. F. Daum, Robert H. Mollenesaux, E. M. Ryan, all of Pittsburgh.

Bahleman-MacArthur Co., $100,000; Robert S. Bahle, Arthur Britton, George V. Reilly, all of New York.

Engineering Service Corp., $100,000; Charles F. Helles, Seryl Herbert, Vivian P. Herbe, all of Asheville, N. C.

United States Railway Supply Co., $100,000; J. M. Walsh, V. P. McVey, George L. Kilmer, all of Mobile, Ala.; George L. Kerton, Atlanta, Ga.

C. C. Cuff Co., Philadelphia, $50,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm of Philadelphia.

Colonial Chemical Corp., $30,000; M. L. Rogers, T. A. Irwin, M. M. Nichols of Wilmington.

Inter-City Radio Corp. of Delaware, $25,000; Cornelius Cole, Harrisonack, N. J.; Robert A. Van Voorhis, Jersey City; William E. Schmitz, Jr., Brooklyn, N. Y.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Blue Bird Mfg. Co., St. Louis, from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

F. F. Proctor, Newark Realty Corp., New York, from $200,000 to $600,000.

CHANGES OF NAME.

Atlantic Fertilizer Corp. to National Farming Corp., New York.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 21.—New charters:

Halsey Realty Co., Newark, deal in real estate, $125,000; F. T. McCrie and F. T. McCrie, Jr., East Orange; A. L. Rice of Newark.

Elizabeth Building Company, Elizabeth, deal in real estate, $25,000; Max Joffe, Harry Rosenberg, and Joseph Ovelew, all of Elizabeth.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ....5½ per cent. for the best names.
Thursday ....5½ per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Boys' Union Suits Scarce.

A canvass of the underwear market has failed to reward one buyer's effort to find boys' union suits. Such goods are wanted in large quantities, especially this season, owing to the exceptional progress made in building up a strictly boys' wear business in all parts of the country. The largest houses are understood to be without the merchandise desired, and in view of this fact that the supply referred to represents the large jobbing house it is believed that the smaller merchants will have an even more difficult time in obtaining their customary supplies.

Plaids and Cream Goods Wanted.

Secondary distributers of dress goods here report the present outstanding feature of business to be the demand for cotton-warp and all-wool plaids, as well as for various kinds of cream-colored fabrics. In the plaids the best business is being done in 39 and 40-inch all-wool goods, which job, respectively, at $2.35 and $2.50 a yard. But there is also a good call for 42-inch cotton-warp plaids to wholesale at $1.85 a yard. Bright patterns are favored. All of the goods mentioned are wanted for immediate delivery, and are not easy to obtain in quantity. Even manner for prompt shipment are plain cream-colored serges, batistes, cassimeres, &c.

Can't Get Mocha Gloves.

Attempts made by some retailers of furnishing goods to locate supplies of mocha gloves have met with little success lately. The market seems cleaned out of all desirable makes. Buyers do not wish to change from trade-marked lines owing to the fact that the guarantees accompanying these purchases cannot be found in other quarters. Even when returns of imperfect merchandise are made now the manufacturers will not replace the goods, but offer credit slips instead. Any exchanges made are on the basis of new prices. A method employed by one retailer to get replacements made instead of credit slips is to return the imperfect gloves, a pair at a time.

Prorating Woolens Again.

Although rosy promises were held forth by the mills that the opening of the heavyweight season for 1920 would see a readjustment of conditions to their normal state, there is talk in the market now that the allotment system will be carried over to next year. Some of the largest factors in the market are understood to be preparing schedules on which the purchases of their customers will be based. These cover the years from 1913 on, and will furnish the basis for prorating merchandise to the clothiers. The heavy demand that marked the opening of Spring clothing lines is believed to have influenced the mills to continue the allotment system.

Gray Goods Again Quiet.

Gray goods continued more or less quiet in the local market yesterday, with the bulk of the business done by second hands. Printcloths got most of the attention of buyers, and the deliveries bought included both this and next year. Among the sales made were 39-inch 68-72s at 27 cents for delivery during the remainder of this and next month, and similar deliveries of 38½-inch 64-60s at 13½ cents. January-March lots of 38½-inch 64-60s brought 17½ cents, and some business was done in the same goods for March-April shipment, at 17½ cents. February-March deliveries of 38½-inch 60-48s were sold at 15¾ cents. Sheetings and fine-yarn cloths were inactive, but sateens and twills had a pretty fair day. Sales of January-March 64-100s 4.30-yard sateens were made at 30 cents.

Linen Demand is Steady.

Not a great deal of change has taken place here in the demand for linens in the last week. The general run of this merchandise is seasonably active, in spite of the increased prices asked for the goods and the difficulty of obtaining adequate deliveries. Large shipments were received in this country recently, some estimates putting the total amount higher than that received in any other month since the war began, but it was said here yesterday that these goods supplied only a small part of the quantity needed to fill the demand for linens in this country. Sales of British airplane linens are proceeding satisfactorily, and only 2,000,000 to 4,000,000 yards are yet to be disposed of. Of these about 2,000,000 yards are in the allotment to the United States. At the office of the American selling agent, the Hunter Manufacturing and Commission Company, it was said yesterday that this country's share would not exceed 4,000,000 yards in the aggregate, although the original allotment for distribution here was set at 8,000,000 yards.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

SATEL & KATZ—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham Satel and Benjamin Katz, individually and as copartners, trading as Satel & Katz, dealers, at 125 East Houston St., by Celia Comewitz, a creditor for $651.

McNULTY BROS., INC., plasterers, at 240 West 52d St., and branches in Washington and Philadelphia, have filed schedules in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $187,971, represented by taxes due, $440; wages, $408; secured creditors, $39,275; unsecured creditors, $120,807, and notes and bills, &c., $27,047, and assets of $126,760, consisting of cash on hand, $1,170; bills, promissory notes, &c., $14,597; machinery, tools, &c., $34,463; office furniture, $700; accounts due, $62,874; stocks, bonds, &c., $332, and unliquidated claims, $25. Gotham Manual Bank is a secured creditor, for $34,000, and among other creditors are: Hudson Cement Supply Co., $11,096; M. S. Gypsum Co., $26,867; William P. Kimber, $2,000, and Gotham Manual Bank, $37,000.

BRADFORD TEXTILE CO.—George E. Doubs, doing business as the Bradford Textile Co. at 21 Allen St. and Woonsocket, R. I., has filed schedules in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $30,414, of which $22,817 are secured claims, and assets of $4,400, consisting of machinery, situated in Rhode Island store, with fixtures and stock. James Taylor, Inc., is a secured creditor for $22,317. Among others, who are unsecured, are Lamport Mfg. Supply Co., $6,084, and Wellington A. Francis, New Bedford, Mass., $1,020.

NORTH AMERICAN LEATHER GOODS COMPANY—David H. Zell, doing business as North American Leather Goods Company at 251 E. Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $7,000 and no assets. Among the creditors are William Herzfeld, claim for damages for breach of contract, $5,000; O'Connor Corporation, $5,000, and Columbia Kid Hair Cutting Company, $1,051.

ABRAHAM PASTANOFF, dealing in dairy products at 204 East 102d Street, has assigned to Jacob Levine.

JACK VALANCY, grocer, at 96 Stanton Street, has assigned to Barclay Ball.

SILVER & RABINOWITZ—Judge Hand has discharged from bankruptcy here Harry Silver and Ely Rabinowitz, jobbers in silks and dress goods, under the name of "The Golden Star" at 146 Hudson Street. They filed a petition on April 22, 1918.

Weekly Failures.

Bradstreet's reports 111 failures for the week against 119 for last week, and 123, 238, 202, 235 for the corresponding weeks, 1918 to 1915.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

American Gas Machine Co.—L. Rubin, costs $121.80
Asch Wm. M., and Samuel Gloss—Fashman Machine Co. 109.40
Anchelevitz, Jacob—B. Palowsky 445.70
Belotto, Francesco G.—S. Lofaro 459.80
Bup er, Benjamin W.—J. M. Ortega Martinez 540.20
Breyer, Ernest—Steinhm Electric Supply Co. 259.35
Bayles, Thomas F. and Pratt Gridley—Conklin Co.—W. E. Wilson 226.40
Cleveno, Abraham—E. Neuwirth 800.30
Cameron, Everett, and Samuel J. Seigel—People, &c. 500.00
Cutler, Samuel, Philip C. and Paul—(Cutler Bros.)—Columbia Smelting & Refining Works 2,248.35
Carlisle, Albert H., and Paul Friedman—(Carlisle, &c.)—F. J. Smith 120.62
Domestic Coal & Silt Co.—S. Feldman 369.17
Director, Harris—A. V. Victorious A. Co. 248.56
Eisenberg, Rubin, and Max—E. Weisberg 240.23
Forlenza, Giuseppe—I. Goldstein 192.65
Fisk, Oliver—Paul Weinbaum, Inc. 169.20
Garson, Jr.—Carp Exchange Bank 344.70
Gale, William—Jos. Gans Co. 113.74
Goodman, Lyman H.—M. Hein 388.74
Hornbeck, J. Irving—F. F. Skinner 233.01
Ryland Bros. Co.—J. Chopak 303.60
Hilton, Inc.—Realty Co. 1,248.30
Jedges, Job E., receiver—G. L. Martin 371.12
Jotel des Artists, Inc.—G. M. Pellard 1,248.30
Harris, William, and William Maloney—People, &c. 500.00
Jaffe, Jacob—V. Lowenstein Gambrinus Brewery Co. 276.18
Kelsch, Jacob—Oneida Motor Truck Co. of N. Y., Inc. 144.20
Kersey, John T.—Nolan House Co. 121.80
Rose, Lee—Eliseo S. Co. 196.21
Kane, Mary, and National Surety Co.—People, &c. 500.00
Kirk, John—P. Cramer 248.01
Littman, Morris—Westfire Contains Co. 2,178.68
Levy, David—B. J. Conroy 1,248.83
Levy, Ike—M. Joseph 214.41
Liabaly, Juan O.—Yricena & Co. 4,106.55
Moreman, Sam—Ruff & Hoffman Co. 400.00
Mayer, Edward J.—L. D. Meyer 320.35
Newman, Ida—B. Talot 239.02
New Century Co.—Wheat Export Co. 116.20
Occidental Construction Co.—A. Wakefield 48,172.00
Pratt, Grigsby, Conklin Co., Inc., and Thomas F. Bayles—W.

White Coal

The Trade Name for Water Power

The cost of hydro-electric operation is not affected by coal strikes. The power flows on and on, the same yesterday, today and to-morrow.

You use heat, light and power—by owning public utility securities you pay yourself dividends while availing yourself of the necessary comforts of life.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Copper Stocks Decline, Leading a Late Reaction—Great October Trade Figures.

With the volume of business considerably reduced, dealings in stocks yesterday brought irregular movements which left the lineup of prices in a confused state at the close. During the morning the preceding session's rising tendency was continued, a number of industrial stocks moving forward from 2 to 10 points. The quality of this progress was hardly convincing of improved conditions for bullish speculation, however, for the issues of most resiliency were those which had been beaten down the furthest in last week's decline and their upturn was therefore credited mainly to the covering of short sales. Railroad shares were unsteady, and copper stocks developed weakness after the publication of quarterly statements by so-called "porphyry" companies which disclosed poor earnings. Evidence continues to appear from time to time that the copper trade has not yet received anything in the way of a revival of buying, and, in consequence, the metal has declined from 22 to 19¾ cents per pound in the last three weeks. The sagging course of copper shares in the early afternoon worked to unsettle others, and business came to an end in the midst of a rather general reaction. Viewed broadly, the day's trading showed a complete lack of desire on the part of speculators to acquire new lines of stocks in the face of the adverse attitude of money lenders toward another expansion of credit absorption in the stock market.

As far as money rates went, the Street had little to complain about. The renewal rate was 8 per cent., a lower figure than had been seen on any preceding day of the month, except Nov. 14, and offerings were large enough to cause a decline to 6 per cent. after the noon hour. It is not the position of current call loan rates which impresses the stock market so much as the thought of what may happen if headlong speculation for the rise breaks out. The belief is well grounded that the credit structure has been measurably improved this week, both through the liquidation of securities and by the release of funds tied up previously in merchandise for export. This is by no means half of the situation, however. The improvement of the loan account is something the bankers and Federal Reserve officials desire to carry much further, and with little thought uppermost in the banking mind it is not difficult for even the most reckless traders to realize that a sudden growth of speculative buying might quickly result in a sharp advance of money quotations.

The foreign exchange market went further with the upturn begun the day before. Sterling drafts rose 1½ cents to the pound, to 4.04½, a full 5 cents higher than the minimum quotation of Thursday morning. France and lire gained ground, but the Scandinavian rates continued unsteady. The exhibit of foreign commerce figures for October showed that it is too early yet to visualize a contraction of our trade balance because of unfavorable exchange rates. The value of our exports reached the great total of $623,000,000, an increase of $56,000,000 over the September aggregate, and the largest month in our history, excepting June and April of this year. In October, last year, the outflow was $148,000,000 less. Imports, on the other hand, were $19,000,000 less than in September, but they exceeded October, 1918, by $160,000,000, and came second only to September as a record month's total of receipts. Inasmuch as harbor strikes and other labor difficulties retarded delivery of goods in October, the figures are nothing short of striking.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

FRIDAY, NOV. 21.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
8	6	8	6

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4%

Time Loans

MIXED COLLAT. | ALL "INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days.....6% | Sixty days.....7½
Ninety days.....6% | Ninety days.....7½
Four months.....6% | Four months.....7½
Five months.....6% | Five months.....7½
Six months.....6% | Six months.....7½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
15 days, 4%; 16 to 90 days, 4%
Government paper—
15 days, 4%; 16 to 90 days, 4½
Trade and bankers' acceptances, 60 days, 4%

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4%@4½
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6 @6½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.....5¾
4 to 6 months.....5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.04½	$4.03½	$4.04½	+.01½
Cables	4.05¾	4.04½	4.05¾	+.01½
France—				
Demand	9.67	9.70	9.67	+.04
Cables	9.65	9.68	9.65	+.04

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close on Demand	on Checks.	Cables.
4.8662 London	$4.04½	$4.04¼	$4.05¼
5.1813 Paris	9.67	9.62	9.67
5.1813 Belgium	8.97	8.95	8.97
China—			
Hongkong	102.50	102.60	
Shanghai	140.50	140.75	
Peking	150.00	150.50	
40.20 Holland	37.25	37.375	
19.30 Greece	17.75	18.00	
5.1913 Italy	12.14	12.12	
32.44 India—			
Bombay	42.25	42.50	
Calcutta	42.25	42.50	
2.46 Japan—			
Kobe	50.50	50.75	
Yokohama	50.50	50.75	
19.30 Spain	19.80	19.82	
50.00 Philippine Islands—			
Manila	48.75	49.00	
26.80 Scandinavia—			
Stockholm	22.30	22.45	
Christiania	21.65	21.80	
Copenhagen	20.65	20.60	
5.183 Switzerland	5.52	5.50	
South America—			
42.44 Buenos Aires	42.05	42.15	
32.44 Rio	27.50	27.625	
32.54 Russia (currency)	Bid.	Asked.	
100 rubles	4.25	4.50	
500 rubles	3.90	4.00	

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market.

	Cents Per Kronen. Checks.	Cables.
22.89 Germany	2.15	2.25
26.81 Poland	1.80	1.90
20.21 Austria	.97	1.00
20.28 Jugoslavia	1.20	1.30
20.26 Czechoslovakia	3.50	3.60
19.30 Bulgaria	1.60	2.00
19.30 Finland	13.50	3.60
19.30 Rumania	13.45	2.55

*Cents per mark. †Florins. ‡Lei. §Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

	Bankers. 60 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
Prime	4.06¾	4.06¼	4.06
Nominal	4.08¾		4.06¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $988,041,840; balances, $75,508,701; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $548,475; Federal Reserve credit balance, $70,726,503.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York of domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@75c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.625.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 73¼d.; in New York, $1.36; Mexican dollars, $1.03½; $31.07½.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

(Special to The New York Times.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Revenue receipts

	This month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$17,894,427	$108,497,028
Internal revenue:		
Income and excess profits taxes	12,247,760	1,036,707,324
Miscellaneous	61,000,042	348,160,[illegible]
Misc. revenue	40,936,029	268,306,004
Total receipts	$134,078,237	$2,049,670,174
Excess of disb. over receipts applied to principal of public debt	186,144,848	1,259,801,254
Expenditures	$313,008,342	2,907,260,568

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, NOV. 21, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,046,574	649,040	502,834
Year to date	283,076,266	127,911,008	169,427,228

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
40	40½	600	Advance Rumely	40½	40½	40½	40½	+½
70½	71	100	Advance Rumely pf	70½	70½	70½	70½	+½
84½	86	800	Ajax Rubber	85½	86½	85	85	-1½
2¼	2⅝	700	Alaska Gold Mines	2½	2⅝	2½	2½	-⅛
...	...	10,100	Alaska Juneau	2½	2¾	2½	2¾	+⅛
43	43¼	1,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	43½	44	43½	43¾	-¼
91½	92	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	92½	92½	92½	92½	+½
93	95	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	94	94	94	94	-2½
94	95	3,600	Am. Beet Sugar	94½	96	94	96	+3½
124	126½	1,200	Am. Bosch Magneto	123½	129	124½	124½	-½
86	93	200	Am. Brake S. & F.	85	85	85	85	-4½
53½	54	5,800	Am. Can	53½	54½	53½	54½	+⅝
101½	102	300	Am. Can pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	+½
134½	135½	3,200	Am. Car & Fdry	134½	137½	134½	135½	+1
51½	52	600	Am. Cotton Oil	51½	52	51½	51½	+⅝
10½	10¾	800	Am. Druggists	10½	11	10½	11	+⅝
88	90	400	Am. Express	85½	88	85½	88	+6½
32	32½	1,400	Am. H. & Leather	32½	32½	32	32	-⅝
123	123½	1,850	Am. H. & L. pf	122	123½	122	123	+½
44	45	300	Am. Ice	44	44½	44	44½	+½
112½	112¾	13,900	Am. International	114	114½	112½	112¾	-⅝
70½	72	2,200	Am. Linseed	70½	72½	70½	72½	+5
94½	94½	8,200	Am. Locomotive	94½	96½	94½	94½	+½
50½	51½	100	Am. Malt & Grain	51½	51½	51½	51½	+1½
30½	31¼	40,100	Am. Ship & Com.	29½	31½	29½	30½	-½
95½	96	13,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	95½	96½	95	95½	-½
96½	99	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	96½	96½	96½	96½	+½
115	120	100	Am. Snuff	119½	119½	119½	119½	+6½
41	41½	2,500	Am. Steel Fdries	41	42½	41	41½	+1½
138½	139½	3,900	Am. Sugar Ref	138½	140½	137½	138	...
88	88½	5,500	Am. Sumatra Tob	87½	92½	87½	88	-3½
100	100½	1,200	Am. Tel. & Tel	100½	100½	100	100	-½
251½	253	400	Am. Tobacco	255	255	251½	253½	-1½
99	99½	300	Am. Tob. pf. new	99	99½	99	99½	-½
121½	123	8,800	Am. Woolen	124½	126½	121½	121½	-3
102	103	300	Am. Woolen pf	103½	103½	103	103	-¼
58½	58½	500	Am. Writing P. pf	59	59	59	59	+1
17¼	18	600	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	17½	17¾	17¼	17¼	-¼
11	13	100	Ann Arbor	12	12	12	12	+1
63	63½	7,000	Anaconda Copper	64½	64½	62¾	63	-1½
5	5½	700	Assets Realization	5	5½	5	5½	-⅝
51½	52	400	Asso. Dry Goods	51½	52	51½	52	+½
88¾	89	1,700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	88½	89½	88½	89¼	+⅝
79	79½	1,100	Atch. T. & S. F. pf	79½	79½	79	79	+½
94	96	200	Atlantic Coast Line	94½	94½	94½	94½	...
165	166	2,500	At., Gulf & West I.	165	169½	165	165	-½
103½	106	52,400	Baldwin Loco.	100½	109½	105½	105½	-⅞
38¼	38½	2,400	Baltimore & Ohio	38½	38½	38½	38½	-⅝
50	50½	1,400	Do pf	50	50	50	50	...
121	122	400	Barrett Co	122	122½	120	122	+1
113	114	100	Barrett Co. pf	114	114	114	114	...
1¼	1⅝	200	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	...
30½	32	3,000	Bethlehem Motors	32	32½	30½	30½	-½
90	92	400	Bethlehem Steel	92	93½	92	93½	+2½
93½	93¾	18,200	Beth. Steel, Class B	94½	95	93½	93½	-2½
14½	15	600	Booth Fisheries	14½	15	14½	14½	...
18½	19	300	Brook. Rapid Tran	19½	19½	19½	19½	+⅛
58	61	100	Brook. Union Gas	60	60	60	60	-2
107	108	400	Brown Shoe	107	108	107	107	-3
98½	99½	100	Brown Shoe pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	+1½
96	97	1,000	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S	97	98	97	97	+4
50	54½	100	Buffalo & Susq. pf	54½	54½	54½	54½	-2½
122	127	200	Burns Brothers	124	124	123½	124	+1
27½	29	600	Butterick Co.	27½	28	27½	28	+1½
9⅝	10	2,300	Butte Cop. & Zinc	10	10	9⅝	9⅝	...
21½	22	500	Butte & Superior	21½	21¾	21½	21¾	+⅝
27½	28	600	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	28½	28½	28	28	-½
76	76½	400	Cal. Packing	77½	77½	77	77	-1½
44	44½	3,400	Cal. Petroleum	44	45½	44	44½	+½
145	145½	1,400	Canadian Pacific	145½	145½	144½	145½	+¾
99	100	54	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	96½	96½	96½	96½	...
96	96½	4,900	Central Leather Co	97½	98½	96	96	-1½
58½	59	4,300	Cerro de P. Cop. x d.	60½	60½	58½	58½	-1½
114½	115½	2,700	Chandler Motor	116	118½	116	116	-½
57½	58	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	58½	58½	57½	57½	-½
94	94	100	Chi. Great Western	94	94	94	94	-2½
23	26½	400	Chi. G. West. pf	26	26	25½	25½	+½
42½	42½	1,700	Chi., M. & St. Paul	42½	42½	42	42½	+½
62½	63	400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	62½	62½	62½	62½	+⅝
91½	93	400	Chi. & Northwest	92½	93	92	92	-1
122	125	500	Chi. & Northw. pf	121½	122	121½	122	+3½
27½	27½	1,100	Chi. R. I. & Pac	27½	29	27½	27½	-1
74	75	200	C., R. I. & P., 7% pf	75	75	75	75	...
63	64	300	C., R. I. & P., 6% pf	63½	63½	63½	63½	+½
98	100	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf	98	98	98	98	-1
20½	20½	2,000	Chile Copper	20½	20½	20½	20½	-⅝
39½	39½	1,700	Chino Copper	39½	40	39½	39½	...
45	49	100	C., C., C. & St. L.	45	45	45	45	+1½
88	92	200	Cluett, Peabody	91	91	91	91	+7
40½	41½	1,400	Coca-Cola	41	41½	41	41	...
42	42½	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	42	43	42	42	-1
63½	64	1,500	Columbia Gas & El.	64½	65	63½	64	+1½
63	63½	13,400	Columbia Graph.	63½	65½	62	62	-1½
54½	57	100	Comput. Tab. Rec.	55	55	55	55	+1½
63½	64	100	Consol. Cigar	63½	63½	63½	63½	+½
32½	35	2,300	Consol. Textile	33½	35	33½	35	+2
90½	91	900	Consolidated Gas	91½	91¾	90½	91½	+½
16½	17½	1,000	Con. Interst. Cal. M	18	18	16½	16½	-1
88	90	200	Continental Can	88	88½	88	88½	+½
12½	13	1,200	Continental Motors	12½	13	12½	12½	...
83½	83½	18,000	Corn Products Ref.	83½	85½	83	83½	+⅝
207	208	27,400	Crucible Steel	200	214	198	207	+8½
99½	100	200	Crucible Steel pf	100	100	100	100	...
46½	48½	16,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	46½	47½	46½	46½	+½
82½	83½	900	Cuba Cane S. pf	82½	83½	83	83	-⅝
103	104	100	Delaware & Hudson	104	104	104	104	-3½
102	104	100	Del., Lack. & West	107½	107½	107½	107½	-2½
8½	9	200	Denver & Rio Gr.	8½	8½	8½	8½	-½
16½	16	1,200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	16½	16½	15½	15½	-½
13½	13½	100	Dome Mines	13½	13½	13½	13½	+½
32½	33½	400	Elk Horn Coal	33	34	33	34	+1
133½	134½	8,500	Endicott Johnson	133	135½	133	134	+1½
15½	15½	700	Erie	15½	15½	15½	15½	+½
24½	25	500	Erie 1st pf	25	25	24½	24½	+½
17	18	200	Erie 2d pf	17½	17½	17½	17½	+½
83	87	100	Fairbanks Co	86	86	86	86	+12
92	92½	3,000	Famous Players	93½	94	92	92	-1
⅝	¾	2,400	Do rights	¾	⅞	⅝	⅝	-⅛
9	11	200	Fed. Min. & Smelt	10	10	10	10	-1
30	30½	100	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf	30	30	30	30	-⅝
41½	41½	8,000	Fisk Rubber	42	42	41½	41½	-⅝
40	41	1,400	Freeport, Texas	41½	41½	40	40	-1
21	21½	300	Gast., Wm. & Wig.	22	22	21½	22	+⅛
73	73½	200	General Cigar	74	74	73	73	...
94	95	200	General Cigar deb	94½	95	94½	95	-½
169½	171	200	General Electric	169½	170	169½	170	+1½
327	327½	27,100	General Motors	329	330½	326	327½	-1½
90	90½	300	General Motors pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	+1
88½	89½	5,200	General Motors deb	87	89½	86½	89½	+2½
80½	80½	2,100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	81½	82	80½	80½	-1½
84½	84½	2,900	Great Northern pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	+⅝
46	46½	2,400	Gt. N. ctfs., ore props	40	40½	40	40½	-½
30½	30½	200	Greene-Can. Cop	30½	30½	30½	30½	-½
63½	64½	700	Gulf States Steel	64½	65	64½	64½	+1
59	60	300	Haskell & Barker	58½	60	58½	60	-2½
91½	92½	400	Illinois Central	91½	92	91½	91½	-1½
55½	56	2,500	Inspiration Copper	56	56	55½	56	-⅝
5¼	5¾	600	Interboro Con	5¼	5¾	5¼	5¾	...
16½	17	200	Interboro Con. pf	16½	16½	16½	16½	+½
82	84	100	Int. Agricultural pf	83	83	83	83	...
52½	52½	11,500	Int. Mer. Marine	53	53½	51½	52	-½
105	105½	6,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf	106½	106½	105½	105½	+½
23	24½	1,400	Int. Nickel	24½	25½	24½	25	...
70	71	5,800	Int. Paper	70½	72	70	70	-1
76	79	100	Int. Paper pf., sta.	77½	77½	77½	77½	+2½
36½	39½	500	Iron Products	36	37	36	36½	...
18	18½	100	Kansas City South.	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
134½	135	1,700	Kelly Spring Tire	134½	137½	134	134½	-2½
84	90	100	Kelsey Wheel	86	86	84	84	+2
30½	30½	7,000	Kennecott Copper	30½	30½	30½	30½	-⅝
47½	48	10,000	Keystone Tire & R.	50	51½	47½	47½	-2½
86	86½	6,000	Lackawanna Steel	86½	88½	86	86	-½
34	34½	1,100	Lee Rubber & Tire	34½	35	34½	34½	-⅝
...	...	1,700	Do rights	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞	+⅛
44½	45½	1,100	Lehigh Valley	45½	45½	44½	44½	-⅝
108	115	300	Lig. & M. pf. x 30	108	108	108	108	...
70	71	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	70	70	70	70	+2
175	185	500	Lorillard (P.) Co.	182½	182½	179	179	+4
64	64½	600	Mackay Cos. pf	64	64	64	64	...
52	53	400	Manhattan Elev'd	52	52½	52	52½	-2½
65	69	300	Marlin-Rockwell	69½	69½	68	68	-6
27	27	300	Martin-Parry	27	27	26½	26½	-¾
40½	41	2,100	Maxwell Motors	40½	41	40	40	...
68	68	100	Do 1st pf	68	68½	68	68	...
84	84½	600	Do 2d pf	84	84½	84	84½	+4½
34	34	100	Do 2d pf, tr. ctfs	34	34	34	34	+1
120	120	100	May Dept. Stores	120	120	120	120	-4½
203	208½	200	Mexican Petroleum	203	208½	196	199½	-2
24½	24½	300	Miami Copper	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
60	62½	500	Middle States Oil	60	62½	60	61½	+1½
51½	52	300	Midvale Steel	51½	52	51½	51½	+½
84	84	100	Min., St. P. & S. S. M.	84	84	84	84	-1½
11½	11½	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	11½	11½	11½	11½	-½
28	28	200	Missouri Pacific	28	28	27½	27½	-⅝
46¾	46¾	400	Mojave	46¾	46¾	46½	46½	-1½
60	60	200	Montana Power	60	60	60	60	-½
36	36	1,400	National Acme	36	36	35½	35½	-½
67	67	100	Nat. Aniline & Ch.	67	67	64	64	-2
12½	12½	400	Nat. Conduit & C.	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
77	77	1,000	Nat. Enam. & Stpg.	77	77	77	77	...
102	102	200	Do pf	102	102	102	102	+1
81	83½	900	National Lead	81	83½	81	83½	+1½
106½	106½	100	Do pf. x d.	106½	106½	106½	106½	...
7	7	100	Nat. R. of M. 2d pf	7	7	7	7	+¼
16	16	1,000	Nev. Con. Copper	16	16	15½	15½	-½
118	123	100	N. Y. Air Brake	118	123	118	121½	+4½
14½	14½	43,700	New York Central	14½	14½	13	13	-½
48½	51	400	N. Y. Dock	48½	51	48½	51	+3½
60½	60½	300	N. Y. Dock pf	60½	60½	60½	60½	-½
32½	32½	300	N. Y., N. H. & H.	32½	32½	32	32	-½
100	100	900	Norfolk & Western	100	100	99½	100	+½
60½	60½	400	Norfolk & West. pf	60½	60½	60½	60½	-½
84	84½	1,600	Northern Pacific	84	84½	83½	83½	-½
71	71½	400	Nova Scotia S. & C.	71	71½	69	69	-2½
50½	50½	4,000	Ohio Cities Gas	50½	50½	50	50½	...
9½	9½	2,500	Ohio Prod. & Ref.	9½	9½	9	9½	-⅝
11	11	100	Ontario Mining	11	11	10½	10½	-½
140	140	100	Otis Elevator	140	140	140	140	-4½
34½	37½	300	Otis Steel	34½	37½	36½	36½	...
61	62	400	Owens Bottle	61	62	61	62	...
70	70	100	Pacific Develop	70	70	70	70	+1
61	61	200	Pacific Gas	61	61	61	61	+3
37½	37½	300	Pacific Mail	37½	37½	37½	37½	-1½
107½	109	19,800	Pan-Am. P. & T.	107½	109	106	106½	+½
½	⅝	8,500	Do, rights	½	1	½	⅝	...
36	36	300	Penn. Seab. Steel	36	36	35½	35½	-½
42½	42½	2,100	Penn. R. R.	42½	42½	42½	42½	-⅝
39	39½	200	People's Gas, Chi.	40	40	39	39	...
24	24½	1,100	Pere Marquette	24½	24½	24	24	-½
63	64½	300	Pere Marq. prior pf	64	64½	64	64½	+⅝
67	67½	2,500	Pierce-Arrow	68½	70½	66½	67	-1½
19½	19½	1,200	Pierce Oil	18½	19½	18½	19½	+⅝
103	106	100	Pierce Oil pf	104	104	104	104	+1
67	70	300	Pittsburgh Coal	68	68	68	68	-1½
61	62½	500	Pittsburgh Coal pf	62½	62½	61½	61½	-⅝
30½	30½	100	Pitts. & West. Va.	30½	30½	30½	30½	...
77½	78	70	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	77	77	77	77	...
22½	23	900	Pond Creek Coal	23½	23½	23	23	-1½
100½	100½	3,000	Pressed Steel Car	101½	102	100½	100½	-⅝
121	122½	900	Pullman Co.	122	122½	121½	121½	-½
83½	88½	12,300	Punta Alegre Sugar	86	89	83½	85½	-2
97	97½	100	Railway Steel Sp.	97½	98	97½	97½	-1½
21½	21½	1,000	Ray Con. Copper	21½	21½	21½	21½	-½
79½	79½	2,700	Reading	80½	80½	78½	79½	-½
36½	36	100	Reading 2d pf	36½	36½	36½	36½	-½
82	83	1,300	Remington Typew.	84½	87½	82½	82½	-1½
100	...	100	Rem. Typew. 2d pf	101	101	101	101	...
104½	104½	35,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	107	108½	104½	104½	-1½
106	107	300	Rep. Iron & S. pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	+½
52½	53	1,100	Rep. Motor Truck	54	56	52½	53½	+1½
100	100½	23,900	Royal D. N. Y. shs	102½	102½	100	100½	-2½
17½	18	900	St. Louis-San Fran.	17½	18½	17½	17½	-⅞
14½	16½	2,700	Saxon Motor	15½	16	14½	15½	-⅞
...	...	50	Saxon Motor rights	1	1	1	1	...

Continued at bottom of Columns Six and Seven.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Credit Situation.

The pronounced easing in call money the last day or two seems

COTTON PRICES FALL AND EXPORTS GROW

Market Fails to Respond to Improvement in Money and Foreign Exchange.

119,588 BALES LEAVE PORTS

Total Outgo for Month is 556,466 Bales—Trade Watches for Effect of Large Shipments.

Yesterday's cotton market was a disappointing affair to the extent that it failed dismally to respond to the improvement shown both in money and in foreign exchange conditions. There was an early decline of 15 to 20 points, due mainly to the failure of the Liverpool cables to equal expectations, and this was followed by a rise which regained all of the initial losses and carried the market up 12 to 35 points net. But after that time the market became heavy and despite occasional rallies, tended downward during the rest of the session. In the middle of the afternoon the market went to its extreme low points for the day which were 70 to 95 points under the closing figures of Thursday. In the last hour it rallied about 10 points.

Easily the outstanding feature of yesterday's cotton situation was the tremendous volume of export clearances reported. This volume totalled 119,588 bales, and, naturally, the movement was well distributed among the ports. Over 50,000 bales went out of Savannah, nearly 19,000 were exported from Charleston, about 17,000 went out of Wilmington, while New York forwarded 12,279 bales. This huge volume brought the total for the full week up to 246,055 bales, a new high record for any week of the current year, displacing the previous record of last week which was 206,146 bales. For the month to date, with another full week to go, the exports have amounted to 556,466 bales, against 352,281 bales exported in all of October and 220,094 bales sent out in September.

At the present rate of outgo, the month is likely to show around 800,000 bales moved, and this total, if realized, will be far in excess of any month known. The largest total in recent years was the 796,388 bales exported in October, 1916, and this month may easily beat that mark.

Just what reaction this will have on the price of the staple cannot, of course, be accurately figured just now. Without credits, European buyers will have to pay through the foreign exchange market, and by so doing will force exchange rates still lower than they are now. This, more or less automatically, should check their buying, which, in turn, would have an adverse influence on market prices for cotton. However, it is understood that a good part of the cotton now going to Europe is already sold for, and if this is the case it appears to be reasonably certain that the big movements across the water will have a most bullish influence as soon as their significance is grasped.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Dec.	33.40	33.78	33.00	33.60@35.62	34.45
Jan.	34.55	35.10	34.15	34.34@34.35	34.85
March	32.85	33.23	32.50	32.40@32.50	33.00
May	31.75	32.15	31.40	31.50@31.65	31.90
July	30.60	31.10	30.10	30.10@30.15	30.56
Sept.	28.75	....	....	....	29.30

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, off 85 points to 35.40c for middling upland; sales none.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 40c; New Orleans, 38.75c; Savannah, 37.50c; Augusta, 37.50c; Memphis, 40c; Houston, 39.50c; Little Rock, 39c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	65,395	58,440	17,716
Exports	119,588	70,525	15,926
Exports, season	556,466	1,186,587	1,135,517
N. Y. stocks	82,037	91,871	139,786
Port stocks	1,652,437	1,631,792	1,403,199
N. Y. arrivals	1,000	7,690	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quieter at 23.75d. for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, including 3,000 American. Imports, 13,000 of which 12,000 American. Futures opened quiet 17 to 23 points up and closed steady, 8 down to 21 points upon the day. Prices: Nov. 28.28d., Dec. 22.76d., Jan. 22.79d., March 21.19d. Manchester: Yarns more firm and cloths were active.

Calls for National Bank Conditions.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Controller of the Currency today issued a call for the condition of all National banks at the close of business on Monday, Nov. 17.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
December	1.42⅝	1.42	1.42	1.33⅝	1.27
January	1.37	1.36	1.36	1.34¼	1.28⅝
May	....	....	....	1.35⅝	..
July	....	....	....	1.33⅝	..

OATS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
December	72¼	71⅝	71⅝	72⅛	73⅝
May	75⅝	75	75⅝	75⅝	..
July	72	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	..

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1, 73c; No. 2, 83½c; No. 3, 82c; No. 4, 80½@81½c.

RYE.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
December	1.42¼	1.40¼	1.40¼	1.40¼	3.09⅛
May	1.50¼	1.48	1.48¼	1.48¼	..

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	22.55	22.00	22.00	....	....
January	22.85	22.30	22.17	22.35	25.90
May	23.07	22.65	22.67	22.75	25.80
Ribs—					
January	18.77	18.28	18.67	18.92	24.37
May	18.85	18.30	18.33	18.32	..
Pork—					
January	....	....	....	34.05	45.88

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close. Bid.
November	20.60	20.65	20.60	20.70
December	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.10
January	21.60	21.40	21.40	21.40
February	....	....	....	21.30
March	21.70	21.50	21.50	21.40
April	21.45	21.45	21.45	21.40
May	21.75	21.50	21.45	21.50
June	....	....	....	21.60

COFFEE.

Range of prices.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	15.05	14.75	15.00	15.25
March	15.50	15.30	15.40	15.20
May	15.55	15.34	15.50	15.60
July	15.50	15.40	15.50	15.45

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Baltimore & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.90	5.60
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'22	4½@4¾	5.87	5.48
Can. Northern	1919-'20	4½@5½	5.35	5.00
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.10	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.95	5.62
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'22	4½	5.75	5.36
C. R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
C. St. P., M. & O.	1919-'22	5	6.35	5.85
Chicago Rel.	1919-'21	6	....	5.50
C. C. C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.00	5.70
Del. & Hudson	1919	4½	5.87	5.60
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.75	6.00
Illinois Central	1919-'27	4½@5	5.70	5.60
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.60	5.30
Mich. Central	1919-'23	5	5.87	5.65
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.75	6.00
Mo.-Kan. & Tex.	1919-'24	5	7.00	6.00
Mo. Pacific	1919-'24	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'22	4½@5	5.87	5.75
N. Y. Cen. Lines	1919-'23	4½@5	5.90	5.65
N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	1919-'22	5	6.50	6.00
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.75	5.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'29	4½@5½	6.50	6.00
Penn. Gen. Firs.	1919-'23	4 6/4	5.70	5.50
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	5.75	5.65
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.75	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.00
Southern Pacific	1919-'24	5½	5.87	5.50
Southern Ry.	1919-'27	4½@5	5.85	5.75
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.00	5.60

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	89.07	86.64	88.57	—.39
25 industrials	121.59	117.72	119.47	—.34
50 stocks	90.89	88.68	89.99	—.36

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Nov. 20	89.58	87.73	88.75	+1.72
Nov. 19	88.75	86.93	87.53	—1.22
Nov. 18	91.40	88.42	88.95	—2.03
Nov. 17	91.90	89.64	90.97	—.61
Nov. 15	91.95	90.57	91.58	—.40
Nov. 14	92.74	89.99	91.98	+.95
Nov. 13	91.48	88.50	90.83	+3.13

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Nov.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	99.58	Nov. 5	85.80	Nov. 19	89.99
1918	93.10	Nov. 12	71.96	Nov. 26	73.90
1917	88.16	Nov. 22	80.47	Nov. 6	84.02
1916	101.51	Nov. 29	91.77	Nov. 1	97.53
1915	98.15	Nov. 1	85.76	Nov. 18	90.89

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1919	99.58	Nov. 5	80.73	Jan. 24	88.99
†1918	93.10	Nov. 12	71.45	Jan. 16	74.94
Full Years.					
1918	93.10	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.38
1917	99.46	Jan. 4	87.48	Dec. 20	85.83
1916	101.53	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.25
1915	94.15	Oct. 23	58.99	Feb. 24	81.86

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	72.45	—.05	+3.22	+7.97

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Nov. 20	72.50	—.12	Nov. 12	72.47	—.20
Nov. 19	72.62	—.32	Nov. 17	72.47	—.28
Nov. 18	72.83	—.04	Nov. 15	72.39	—.10
Nov. 17	72.97	—.07	Nov. 6	72.39	—.01
Nov. 15	74.04	+.09	Nov. 7	74.40	+.10
Nov. 14	72.96	+.15	Nov. 6	72.90	—.06
Nov. 13	72.89	—.07	Nov. 8	72.35	—.36

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.03	June 2	72.45	Nov. 21	72.45
†1918	82.80	Nov. 13	70.05	Sep. 27	81.82
Full Years.					
1918	82.80	Nov. 12	75.05	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	88.48	Jan. 26	76.24	Dec. 20	74.53
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	83.19	Apr. 29	88.04

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

COPPER CO. EARNINGS DROP.

Utah and Chino Firms' Reports Show Decreased Revenue.

A continuation of the same disappointing earnings which have characterized the reports of nearly all copper companies this year is shown in the statement for the third quarter by two of the leading porphyry companies, the Utah Copper Company and the Chino Copper Company. The earnings of the Utah Company were $2,419,612 or the equivalent of $1.46 a share as compared with $2,652,103 or $1.62 a share in the preceding quarter. After payment of dividends there was a deficit of $17,223. For the nine months of this year the Utah earnings have amounted to $8,552,929 or $3.31 a share, as compared with $15,614,052 or $9.61 a share in the corresponding period of last year. The production of copper in the third quarter was 24,774,761 pounds or more than 4,000,000 less than in the second quarter of the year.

In the case of Chino the earnings applicable to dividends were $762,354 or 30 cents a share. The preceding quarter showed earnings of $876,415 or 42 cents a share. During the third quarter of 1918 the earnings were $1,035,749, the equivalent of $1.19 a share. For the nine months of this year the earnings aggregate $899,338 or $1.03 a share, as compared with $4,076,516 in the corresponding period of 1918. The third quarter production of copper amounted to 16,427,395 pounds.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Guaranty Trust Company has announced that, beginning next Monday, it will exchange in its trust department, outstanding temporary Central of Georgia Railway Company ten-year 6 per cent. gold notes, due June 1, 1929, for definitive notes of the issue bearing coupons due Dec. 1. The company has also been appointed trustee of the Lamont Mill and Land Company, to secure an issue of $350,000 par value Series "A" 7 per cent. convertible gold debentures due Oct. 1, 1924.

A certificate amending the charter of the Radio Corporation of America has been filed in Delaware by the Corporation Trust Company of America whereby the first concern's capital is increased to $25,000,000 preferred stock, divided into 5,000,000 shares, par value $5, and 5,000,000 shares of common stock without par value. This is the concern which will take over the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America.

The Bankers Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for capital preferred and common stock of the F. H. Hayes Knitting Company, and registrar for capital stock of the International Cement Corporation.

H. L. Crane, formerly with the National City Company, will become associated after Dec. 1 with Bonbright & Co., Inc., as manager of the New York sales department.

The Empire Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent and registrar for capital stock of the Smith Springfield Body Corporation, and trustee for an issue of $500,000 6-year 7 per cent. gold notes of that corporation dated Nov. 1, 1919 and maturing Nov. 1, 1925.

STANDARD OIL TO BE LISTED.

Companies to Begin New Policy with Exchange Offerings.

Plans are nearing completion for the listing of one of the so-called Standard Oil stocks on the New York Stock Exchange. The Atlantic Refining Company has sent a notice to its shareholders asking them to exchange their present common stock certificates for new certificates preparatory to listing the shares on the Exchange.

In the past the Standard Oil Companies have kept very much to themselves. Some little trading has been negotiated on the Curb, but the big volume of business has been done over the counter with such houses as are known as specialists in Standard Oil securities.

The first announcement that a change in policy would be established came from the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey a short time ago in connection with the offering of a big block of preferred stock. It was stated then that the shares would be listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Apparently the Atlantic Refining Company has brought its plans nearer to completion than the Standard Company of New Jersey. The Stock Exchange would not state yesterday whether or not the application to list had already been received from Atlantic Refining.

At the present time this company's stock is selling at about $1,500 a share. It is the belief in Wall Street that the proposal to list will be followed by some sort of subdivision of the shares, although there is no official announcement concerning this. There is no stock on the big board which is selling at such a high figure as Atlantic Refining.

The company's capital consists of $5,000,000, all of which is outstanding, and there is no bonded indebtedness. The profit and loss surplus in the last annual report stood at $50,932,881, or ten times the capitalization.

The net income applicable to dividends in the 1918 report was $7,400,491. Present dividends are at the rate of 20 per cent.

FORM HYDRAULIC STEEL CO.

Ohio Organization Arranged to Absorb Four Concerns.

The Hydraulic Steel Company has been organized in Ohio to take over the assets and liabilities of the Hydraulic Pressed Steel Company, the Cleveland Welding Manufacturing Company, the Hydraulic Steel Craft Company, and the Canton Sheet Steel Company. The plan has been arranged to take care of the increased business of the companies and is subject to the approval of the stockholders. Under the arrangement, holders of the common stock of the Hydraulic Pressed Steel Company will receive three shares of common stock of no par value in exchange for each share of common stock now held. The new company will call for redemption $3,500,000 of short term notes, and the outstanding preferred stock of the Hydraulic Pressed Steel Company and the Canton Sheet Steel Company.

To provide for this it is proposed to issue $6,000,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative convertible preferred stock of the new company and 200,000 shares of common stock of no par value. Proceeds from the sale of these stocks will be sufficient to retire the notes and the preferred issues and give the company $1,500,000 additional working capital. A banking syndicate headed by Montgomery & Co. of New York and Field, Richards & Co. of Cleveland has purchased the entire issue.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

The trade reviews of the week, while agreeing that uncertain labor, stock market, and coal mining developments were outstanding features, they did not apparently decrease the large volume of domestic business. Had such elements not been present it was presupposed that the volume of domestic buying would have been even greater, according to Dun's Review, while Bradstreet's says that this had but little effect.

Dun's Review says:

Impediments to a full measure of economic progress still appear in the widespread labor troubles, in the further fall of foreign exchange rates to new low records, and in the delay in the settlement of international political problems, and entire uniformity in business is reported lacking. While both domestic and foreign commerce remain notably active in many instances, yet transactions would be of even greater magnitude if fewer retarding elements were present.

In spite of a declining tendency at some points, bank clearings, stimulated by speculative activity, high commodity prices, and a large volume of business in most sections, remain the heaviest ever recorded for this period, the total this week at twenty leading cities in the United States amounting to $9,000,097,166, an increase of 37.7 per cent. over this week last year and of 42.9 per cent. compared with the same week in 1917.

Bradstreet's says:

Distributive trade continues at a swift pace, with demand still apparently outstripping supply, despite a number of seriously disturbing elements. Indeed, the ruling complaint might well be summed up in the word scarcity, which still seems to dominate all lines from the mine or mill to the ultimate consumer. Hardening money rates, unsettled stock markets, advancing prices for many staple commodities, insufficient supplies of soft coal in large areas of the West, demoralized exchange markets, high-priced and inefficient labor, and retarded export trade, all operative as they are, from time to time as important check to domestic buying, which continues eager for current account and confident for Spring and the further future.

CRUCIBLE MAY CONSOLIDATE

Chairman Wilkinson Makes Statement on Steel Company's Plans.

Plans for a consolidation of the Crucible Steel Company and its subsidiaries is under consideration and will be carried through if it is found that the plan best conserves the interests of the stockholders. This statement was made by Horace Wilkinson, Chairman of the Crucible Steel Company, at the annual meeting yesterday.

Mr. Wilkinson discussed at length the underpayment of Federal taxes which has been charged against the old management of the company. These difficulties, he explained, have been satisfactorily arranged. The company, he said, was now in the best position that it had been for the past two or three years. The extra tax has now been paid out of tax reserves which were sufficient to cover such an expenditure and which had been set aside in previous years.

It was stated that the company would be in a position to produce pig iron at a low cost and that there was a fifty-year coal supply and large iron ore reserves.

Bankers to Honor Richard S. Hawes

The Forum Section of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking will hold its annual dinner at the Hotel Astor tonight in honor of Richard S. Hawes of St. Louis, newly elected President of the American Bankers' Association. W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, Mr. Hawes and R. A. Philbot, Chairman of the American Banking Institute Section of the American Bankers' Association, will speak.

Colorado Fuel & Iron Co.'s Surplus.

The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company for the nine months ended Sept. 30, 1919, reports a surplus of $1,473,637, or $4.24 a share. This compares with $4,823,624, or $12.48 a share, in the corresponding period of last year. The gross receipts were $28,576,372, a decrease of about $6,500,000 from the receipts for the first nine months of last year.

Central Teresa Sugar Co.

CAPITALIZATION $8,500,000

OUTSTANDING
$1,750,000 8% Pfd. Par $10
$1,750,000 Common, Par $10

Old, well-established sugar producing company

Controls 23,416 acres of land in richest sugar district of Cuba.

Earnings running about 25% on common stock and steadily increasing. Sponsored by large New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore banking houses.

Progressive management composed of well-known executives.

Actively traded in on New York Curb

Circular on request.

M. S. WOLFE & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1906
41 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
Phone—Broad 25

Sugar Stocks

Central Aguirre, Fajardo, Federal, Godchaux, Guantanamo, Holly, Manati, National, New Niquero, Savannah, Central, Cardenas-Am.

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Chase Nat'l Bank
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All denominations bought for cash
Based on the closing we pay:
$99.31 for a $50—3½% Bond, 32 Coupons
$17.54 for a $100—3d 4% Bond, No Coupons
$47.00 for a $100—2d 4¼% Bond, 1 Coupon
$46.00 for a $100—4th 4¼% Bond, 2 Coupons
$50.33 for a $50—4th 4¼% Victory Loan
PURDY & CO.,
Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

Investors read The Wall Street Journal

W. Cameron Forbes
Charles E. Perkins
John F. Perkins

Announce the formation of

FORBES-PERKINS COMPANY

by agreement dated October 8, 1919, with a subscribed capital of $1,500,000, for the purpose of engaging in foreign trade.

Forbes-Perkins Company has opened an office at 120 Liberty Street, New York City, under the management of Mr. Rodney D. Chipp, now General Manager of the Vulcan Trading Companies, and who, at an early date, will resign from his present position and devote his entire services to the business of Forbes-Perkins Company. It also has representatives now in Brazil, and is prepared to act as general and financial agents and forwarders, to execute orders on commission, to accept consignments, and generally handle commercial transactions, between the United States and Brazil.

Mr. William T. Nolting, who has held many important and responsible positions in the Philippine Islands and who until recently was General Manager in Brazil under the Receivership of the Brazil Railway Company, is the general Representative of Forbes-Perkins Company.

The home office of the Company is at

84 State Street, Boston
Massachusetts

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
London Paris
Foreign Exchange
Administrator Guardian
Member Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House

Chase National Bank
Stock & Rights

SMITH & GALLATIN
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway New York City

Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban Railroad Company First Consolidated Mortgage Five Percent Gold Bonds

To the Holders of
Bonds secured by the First Consolidated Mortgage of the Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban Railroad Company.

Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban Railroad Company's properties being in the hands of a Receiver, and default having been made in the payment of the interest upon the above mentioned bonds falling due November 1st, 1919, the undersigned have consented to act as a Committee for the protection of the interest of all of the Bondholders. A Deposit Agreement is in course of preparation and when completed will be filed with the Brooklyn Trust Company, No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, and No. 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, where copies can be obtained upon application. Bondholders are requested to send to the Secretary of the Committee, No. 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, their names and addresses and the number and description of the bonds held by them.

HALEY FISKE
ELON R. BROWN
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW
WILLIAM K. DICK
WILLIS McDONALD
Committee

New York, November 20, 1919.

AUSTIN W. PENCHOEN, Secretary,
177 Montague Street,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

CARTER, LEDYARD & MILBURN, Counsel,
54 Wall Street,
New York City.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, Depository,
2 Wall Street, N. Y. C.,
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Short Talks to Investors III.

Supervision

DID it ever occur to you that if your investment holdings were periodically analyzed or audited by experts, you would avoid many of the dangers in risking your capital? Investments made today may need revision next year, just as investment lists of five years ago have since required revision.

OUR established organization of investment experts is today supervising the investment lists of many thousand clients, thus enabling them to avoid countless losses, and to keep their funds most profitably invested in live and growing enterprises.

SEND for full details regarding the work we perform. It will pay you to do so.

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Mexican Eagle Oil

SUTRO BROS. & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, New York 37 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal

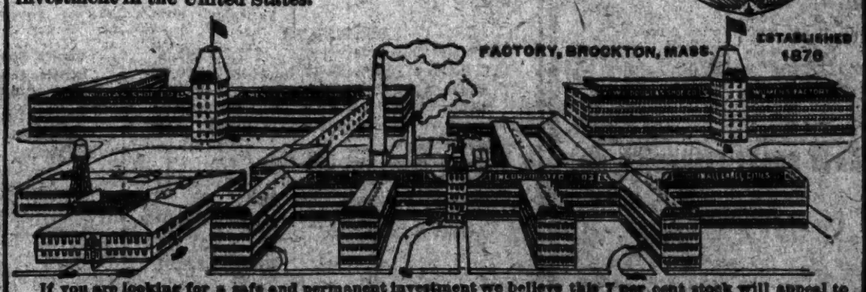
New issue Exempt from Normal Federal Tax

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO
(MASSACHUSETTS CORPORATION)
OFFERS $3,000,000
7% PREFERRED STOCK
PREFERRED AS TO DIVIDENDS AND ASSETS
PAR VALUE $100.00, NON-ASSESSABLE.

CAPITALIZATION

	AUTHORIZED	OUTSTANDING
7 Per Cent Preferred Stock	$5,500,000	$2,500,000
Common Stock	1,000,000	1,000,000

Dividends have been paid regularly for the past seventeen years. Payable January 1st and July 1st. There is no better 7 per cent investment in the United States.



If you are looking for a safe and permanent investment we believe this 7 per cent stock will appeal to you. It is an old established business. The net earnings available for dividends after the Federal tax and all other taxes were paid during the past four years have averaged nearly four times the dividends on the preferred stock outstanding. W. L. Douglas name is known throughout the world. The trade mark is a very valuable asset worth millions of dollars, and is the property of the stockholders. It is one of the most valuable trade marks in the United States.

You would make no mistake to order at once as many shares of this stock as you can afford to buy, price $100.00 per share. If you care for more particulars fill out the coupon and mail at once. Application will be made to have this stock listed upon the stock exchange.

This company owns and operates 105 W. L. Douglas shoe stores located in the large cities. W. L. Douglas shoes are also sold by over 9,000 shoe dealers in the United States.

The past few years our shoes have been more extensively advertised than ever before. Stamping W. L. Douglas name and the retail price on the bottom of the shoes before they leave the factory has saved the wearers millions of dollars, and guarantees them the best shoes in style, comfort and service that can be produced for the price.

A great demand for W. L. Douglas shoes has sprung up in leading countries in Europe and Asia. Our domestic business has increased so that our sales have actually doubled in four years. In 1915 the sales were $8,029,038.21 and in 1918 $16,890,343.46. The past six months' business was at the rate of over $20,000,000 per year.

In common with other great businesses we need additional capital to meet the urgent requirements of increasing domestic and foreign trade. The new conditions of business also demand more capital. The cost of labor and material has nearly doubled so that twice the amount of capital necessary under the old business conditions is now required.

Send certified check, cashier's check, Post Office Money Order or Express Order to W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

COUPON
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.:
Please send prospectus of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company and special option certificate entitling me to purchase within thirty days..... shares of the 7 per cent preferred stock of the company. It is understood that this request incurs no obligation on my part, unless after investigation I subscribe for the stock.
Name.....
Street address.....
City or Town.....
State.....

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-French 5s	96⅛	97
Argentine 5s	76	77
Dom. Canada 5s, 1921	97⅝	97⅞
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	92⅝	93⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	89⅝	90⅝
Chinese Government 5s	57	57½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	92	92½
Republic of Cuba, ext. 5s, 1949	84⅝	85
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	77½	78
Dominican Republic 5s	....	97
City of Bordeaux 5s	92⅝	92⅞
City of Lyons 5s	92⅝	92⅞
City of Marseilles 5s	92⅝	92⅞
City of Paris 5s	95	95½
Japanese 4½s	80	81
Japanese 4½s, second series	84⅝	85
Japanese 5s	60	60½
City of Tokio 5s	60	60
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	97⅞	98
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1923	96⅝	96⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97½	97½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	90	90½
United States of Mexico 5s	....	43½
United States of Mexico 4s	42	40½

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	100	100⅝	Pan 2s, c. 1938	90½	..
2s, c. 1930	100	..	Pan 2s, r. 1961	88	91
4s, r. 1925	104	105⅝	Pan 2s, c. 1961	89	91
4s, c. 1925	104	105⅝	P I 4s, r. 22	92	98
Pan 2s, r. 1936	90½	..	P I 4s, c. 22	92	98
Pan 2s, c. 1936	90½	..	P I 4s, r. 32	92	98
Pan 2s, r. 1938	90½	..	P I 4s, c. 32	92	98
			Dist of Col 2-25s	97	..

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	93	98	Burns Bros		
Alb. & Sus.	....	160	pf	110	115
Am Ag Ch pf	94½	96½	Bush Ter.	85	100
Am B & S	....	....	Cal Pet. pf	120	..
Am Can pf	116	200	Cal Pet pf	67	73
Am C & F pf	115½	116	Cal & Ariz	83	85
Am Cit pf	2½	4½	Can Sou	43	50
Am Ice pf	68½	69	Cent L pf	108½	110½
Am Lin pf	92	95	C N R of C	7	8
Am Lo pf	107	107½	C N J	175	225
Am Ship	....	130	C & S A	114	116
Am Sm pf	....	....	C'tain-teed pf	51	53
Am Sug	80	84	Do 1st pf	84	90
Am Sn pf	90	96	Do 2d pf	71	..
Am Tob pf	91	94½	Chi & Alt	7	11
Am T & C	65	67	Do pf	12½	15½
Am T & T	93	97½	C & E Ill	....	7
Ann A pf	22	22½	Chi Pneu T	106	107
Asso D G	....	....	Chi. Rt. P.	....	....
1st pf	71	72	M & Om	62	64
Do 2d pf	69½	70	C C, C & St L	68	70
Assoc Oil	100	120	Cit-Tel	90	95
Auto Sales	10½	16	Col G & E	83	84
Do pf	37	51	Col Gas	53	54½
A S & R	8½	9	Col & So.	52	54½
A G & W	....	....	Do 1st pf	80	84
I pf	60	70	Do 2d pf	40	43
Bald L pf	104	108	Con Cig pf	104	30
Bar Leath	90	95	Cont Ins	82	88
Do pf	92	94	Corn P Mat	....	....
Beth S	78	80	pf	107	110
Do pf	100	102½	Crex Carp	52	62
Do 8% pf	113	118½	Cuban Sug	370	400
Buff & S	70	75	Do pf	107½	..
B'klyn Ed	84	87	D & Co pf	100	102
B R T	80	81	Det Ed	110	117
B & P	....	20	Det U Ry	....	103
Bost & Me	....	....	Dia Match	113	....
pf	100	102½	Dom Sug	46	47
Do 8% pf	113	118½	Do pf	99	99½
Buff & L	10	15	Do pf	9	10
B'klyn Ed	84	87	Dom Stores	30	32
B R & P	....	20	Do pf	85	95

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Elec S B	138	145	N Y, L & West	....	90½
Elk H Coal pf	40	42	N Y O & W	....	....
End-J pf	105½	106½	West	18½	19
Erie & P	....	70	Norf So	13	15½
Fairbanks pf	98½	....	North Am	56	57
Fisher B	125	135	Ohio C Sf	49½	51½
Do pf	105	106½	Otis E pf	83	84
Gen Chem	190	200	Otis S pf	100	..
Do pf	100	103	Owen B pf	100	100½
Gen Cig pf	95½	100	Pac Coast	33	50
G'drich pf	104½	104½	Do 1st pf	100	103
Greilby C	68	69	Do 2d pf	45	60
G M & N	9½	10	P-Am P & Tr pf	175	200
Do pf	34	35½	Penn Ar	15	16
G S S 1st pf	93	96	Penn M pf	47	48
Harbman	85½	90	Pitt-Mull	39	45
Homestake	67	77	Do 1st pf	92	102
Int Agric	21½	22	Phila Co	32½	33½
Int Harv	131½

FOREIGN DELEGATES PLEAD FOR CREDITS

Representatives of European Allies Tell Merchants of Need for Money to Start Anew.

ECONOMIC CRISIS DISCUSSED

Lower Rate of Exchange Profitable in the Long Run to America, Spokesmen Say.

The four industrial missions sent here by Great Britain, France, Italy and Belgium to attend the Industrial Trade Conference in Atlantic City and to make a study of American industries, began yesterday a five days' series of conferences, luncheons, and visits to industrial plants in this city. Mayor Hylan welcomed the foreign business men at City Hall yesterday morning, and yesterday noon they were the guests of the Merchants' Association at a luncheon at the Hotel Pennsylvania, at which spokesmen of the different missions told of after-the-war economic difficulties which the allied nations are facing.

The proposal for a deferred credit system which the missions have put forth to prominent American business men was discussed by several speakers at the luncheon. It was urged that a lower rate of exchange was profitable not only to the European countries, but, ultimately, to the United States.

Eugene Schneider, head of the French mission and inventor of the French .75 gun, said that the nations of Europe were as ready to help us as they were to ask us to help them. "We can help you," he said, "because we still believe that Europe will be one of the greatest markets for your exportations, and we are ready to help you in that way. But for that purpose we are waiting for your help in our financial employment. As long as the rate of exchange is kept so high it will be very difficult for us to secure goods in this country and supply our countries with the raw material and foodstuffs so that they can come and buy these goods here. We have to pay high prices, as you do yourselves here, as we do throughout the world. We have tremendous shipping freights to pay, and then as our power of export is temporarily incapacitated because our power of production is used in our own countries for the reconstruction of our devastated areas, we cannot pay with goods, we have to pay with dollars, and when we have to buy dollars we buy them at the present time at about double their pre-war value.

"We have been confronted by great difficulties and we had great efforts to realize during this period of the war. We had great efforts and great sufferings. France has been the battlefield of the world during five years and about one-tenth part of her territory is now devastated and thoroughly destroyed by the enemy. We have a great effort of reconstruction and we are quite willing and quite ready to do it, and I am glad to tell you that the greatest part of our railways and canal systems are already restored. That we have rebuilt almost half of the buildings and homes that had been thoroughly destroyed by the enemy in the space of a very few months, and in perhaps one or two years we will be quite ready to have our production brought to its normal rate as before the war. We are bound to recover, and France has come out of this struggle and she has neither broken down nor is weaker than before.

"New France, Italy, Great Britain, Belgium, Europe, America, the whole world are waiting eagerly for the settlement of the world and the world's affairs. We know where the settlement of the world may be brought to a decision and to a solution. It is here, gentlemen. It is in America, and we believe that throughout America, it may be in New York, if you will follow us and help us."

Italy's industries are strong and sound, Giorgio Mylius of the Italian Mission told those who attended yesterday's luncheon; "we are capable of producing almost all we require, provided we can be furnished with raw material. However, at the present rate of national money, there is a tremendous waste in the exchange which does not profit anybody. But for us it further implies a heavy increase in the cost of living and therefore a longer extension of time before conditions can return to the normal. That is why we are asking you for deferred credits. In doing this, we do not ask you for charity, but only to give us time to pay you when our currency will have a more fair course. This is bound to happen, perhaps in a shorter time than you may think."

Speaking for Great Britain, Marshall Stevens, M. P., said that no one was asking for philanthropy.

"Next March," he said, "we shall be owed by our allies $8,705,000,000, which is more than twice the amount we owe you. You are capable of doing much more than that, and now you have the opportunity of doing it upon a sound financial basis."

Joseph M. De Frees of Chicago said that a committee was now working on a plan for deferred payments. "These nations must have long time credits here," he said. "This task can only be accomplished by the support of the public. Long time securities are not the securities which commercial banks desire to hold. Long time securities are not the securities which the investment banks can continue unless capital can be adjusted for that purpose. They must be passed on to the investment public, the gentlemen interested in foreign trade."

Chairman William E. Breed presided at the luncheon. Afterward the foreign delegates were taken down town for a transcontinental telephone talk. Many of them visited industrial plants in this city. Tomorrow there will be an executive conference of the missions, after which they will go to West Point to attend a review of the cadets and a football game. There are eighty-five delegates and the party totals 150.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.10	Con. Virginia	4.05
Andes	.20	Gould & Curry	.12
Best & Belcher	.25	Hale & Norcross	.20
Bullion	.10	Jacket	.10
Caledonia	.15	Mexican	.38
Challenge Con	.30	Ophir	1.30
Chollar	.16	Potosi	.14
Concordia	.13	Savage	.08
Confidence	.85	Sierra Nevada	.15
Con. Imperial	.15	Union Con	.10

TONOPAH.		Mohawk	.08
Belmont	3.00	Myra	.17
Cash Boy	.05	Nevada	.03
Great Western	.02	North Divide	.03
Halifax	.08	Northwest	.08
Jim Butler	.20	Operator	0.00
MacNamara Cres	.30	Pay	.74
Midway	.15	Reno	.06
Mizpah	.05	Revert	.40
Monarch	.08	Rosetta	.12
Montana	.15	Royal	.03
North Star	.05	Silver	.18
Rescue	.17	Silver King	.14
Tonopah Ext	2.50	Smuggler	.10
Tonopah, '76	.06	Sunbeam	.03
West End	1.85	Syndicate	.06
West Tonopah	.09	Thomson	.17
DIVIDE.		Toggery	.25
Allied	.05	Tribby	.02
Alta	.15	Verdi	.25
Annex	.04	Victory	.25
Apex	.08	West	.05
Belcher	.36	Western	.08
Belcher Ext	.39	Wilson	.01
Ben-Hur	.23	Wonder	.54
Ben-Hur Ext	.04	Zone	.40
Bevis	.05	GOLDFIELD.	
Brougher	.57	Atlanta	.02
Butte	.15	Booth	.03
Calumet	.02	C. O. D.	.03
Chariot	.07	Consolidated	.17
Consolidated	.12	Crackerjack	.06
Divide City	.12	Daisy	.02
Divide Ext	1.65	Development	.10
Divide Tonopah	5.30	Florence	.35
Dividend	.48	Fraction	.04
East Divide	.06	Grandma	.02
East Divide Ext	.03	Great Bend	.05
Eureka	.03	Jumbo Ext	.07
Florence	.08	Kewanas	.02
Giant	.07	Lone Star	.04
Gold Reef	.23	Merger	.03
Gold Wedge	.04	Red Hills	.04
Grimes	.13	Silver Pick	.05
Harmill	.03	Spearhead	.05
Hasbrouck	.34	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Hennessey	.06	Arrowhead	.53
Hercules	.06	Carrie	.20
High Divide	.08	Eureka Croesus	1.95
High Divide Ext	.02	Eureka Holly	.80
Hogsteak	.10	Manhattan Con	.02
Horse Shoe	.13	Mayflower	.02
Hull City	.09	Nevada Hills	.03
Jim	.08	Rochester	.21
Junior	.06	Round Mountain	.53
Kernick	.13	Fairview Mount	.50
Keystone	.06	Simon	1.85
Knox	.16	Simon Ext	.04
Liberty	.03	White Caps	.11
Midway	.16		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Crescon	2	2¼	Isabella	3¾	4¼
Dr. Spot	2¾	4	Mary McK.	4	5
Elkton	3¾	4	Portland	80	95
Golden Cr.	139½	140	U. Gold M.	12	14½
El Paso	15	17	Vindicator	23	28
Granite	10	12	Rose Nicol.	5	10

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bohemia	1¼	1⅝	Majestic	20	24
East Mon.	69	71	Mex. Met.		8
Butte Lon.	12	16	Mojave T.	9	10
Calaveras	1¼		Monarch	.07	1¼
Champion	1	3	Nat L. & Z.	4	8
Chief Con.	4½	4¾	New Dour.	12	16
Cons Cop.	5¼	5⅝	New Baltic	2½	3
Crown R.	30	40	Nipsn	16	18
Crystal, R.	50	54	Onondaga	18	20
Denbigh	20	21	Pioneer	95	1
Eagle B B.	2¼	2¾	Ringer P.	1¾	2
Fortuna	2	4	Refuler	1¼	1¾
Gadsden	1¾	2	Seven Mot.	25	29
Homs	20	21	S W M. P.	4½	5
Houghton	½	1⅛	Texana	45	50
Iron Blos.	30	40	U V Ext.	30	35½
Iron Cap.	8	10	Victoria		1¼
La Rose	25	40	Tu'on	1¼	1¾

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 6,817 packages. Good demand for finer grades of fresh table butter, and with a short supply of these prices are again higher and firm. There is also a stronger market for the top qualities of held, but the medium grades of both fresh and held are ruling quiet, though held steady. Renovated, ladles, and packing stock somewhat stronger, with supply very moderate. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 73½@74c; extras, 92 score, 72½@73c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 67@71½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 63@66½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 57@61c; lower grades, 55@56c; held, higher than extras, 68@70c; extras, 68 @69½c; firsts, 66@67c; seconds, 64@65c; unsalted, higher than extras, 73@75c; extras, 73@73½c; firsts, 66@72c; seconds, 59@63c; State dairy tubs, finest, 70@71c; good to prime, 65@68c; seconds, 60 fair, 58@62c; renovated, extras, 53½@59½c; firsts, 56@57c; imitation creamery, firsts, 55@56c; ladles, current make, firsts, 55½@56c; seconds, 52c; lower grades, 50@51½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 51@51½c; No. 2, 50@50½c; lower grades, 47@49½c.

EGGS—9,959 cases. New-laid eggs continue scarce, and the few lots of fresh gathered that contain a fair to large proportion of such hold firm, with a prompt outlet. Medium qualities meet a fair demand at proportionate prices. More seriously defective stocks are quiet and irregular. Storage eggs are not moving freely in relation to the quantity on hand, and the tone of the market is somewhat irregular. Very fancy goods are generally held with some confidence. Average prime and lower grades are very freely offered. Nearby white eggs in light supply, and there are very few of uniformly large sizes and fancy quality. These sell promptly, but when mixed with smaller or shrunken eggs, stock moves slowly at a wide range of prices. No fresh arrivals from California. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 70@80c; extra firsts, 76@78c; firsts, 71@75c; seconds, 64@70c; under grades, 49@62c; dirties, No. 1, 53@55c; No. 2 and poorer, 46@52c; checks, good to choice, dry, 44@47c; under grades, 38@43c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 54@55c; firsts, 52@53c; seconds, 47@51c; under grades, 39@46c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 80@81; fair to prime, 70@81c; gathered whites, common to prime, 70@80c; pullets, 70@80c; Pacific Coast, whites, express, fancy, $1; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 70@90c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, fancy, 83@86c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded, fancy, 70@80c; fair to prime, 68@75c.

THE PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER.

Characteristic photograph of Miss Margaret Wilson in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER CO.
Montreal, Canada

PURCHASE OF BONDS FOR SINKING FUND

The Shawinigan Water & Power Company will receive tenders for the sale to the Company of a maximum of Eighty-six thousand dollars ($86,000) par value of the Company's issue of FIVE PER CENT. THIRTY-YEAR CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, due 1934.

OFFERINGS SHOULD BE MADE for delivery on or before December 31st, 1919.

THE SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER CO.
W. S. HART, Treasurer.
Montreal, October 23, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

WAYLAND OIL & GAS COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Wayland Oil & Gas Company, held at the office of the company, Bankers Trust Building, New York City, on November 21, 1919, the Directors declared a dividend of three per cent. (3%) on the Common Capital Stock of the company, payable December 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 1st, 1919.

ROLAND ENIFFLER, Secretary.

U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of $2 a share for the fourth quarter of the year 1919 on the common capital stock of the Company, payable December 15th, 1919, to common stockholders of record December 1st, 1919. A. G. ROBINSON, Treasurer.
Dated November 20, 1919.

Foreign Exchange — Commercial Credits

Transfer Agent of the State of New York Since 1818
Member of the Federal Reserve System

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

120 YEARS AT 40 WALL STREET

Quarterly Report to Superintendent of Banks Nov. 12, 1919

Resources

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$8,050,139.83
Private securities		4,809,012.57
Real estate owned		1,155,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		30,594,011.02
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		30,353,684.05
Overdrafts		5,708.28
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item		3,831,045.53
Specie		165,032.50
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States		2,115,751.80
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$81,158,591.77	
Other cash items	12,209,364.00	93,367,955.77
Due from The Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		13,101,543.14
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		5,778,107.14
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		179,000.00
		$193,505,991.63

Liabilities

Capital stock		$2,500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$7,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	1,260,053.62	8,260,053.62
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Banks	5,085,591.85	
Deposits by the State of New York	1,000,015.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	15,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,579,086.74	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	74,698,799.24	
Demand certificates of deposit	40,137.63	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	2,847,736.64	
Certified checks	73,610,145.10	
Unpaid dividends	16,993.77	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	17,272,972.51	
Extend total deposits		176,157,478.48
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit	$7,543,954.76	
Less our acceptances owned	1,743,765.30	5,800,189.46
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, etc.	$493,979.02	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	38,791.87	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	56,136.68	
Estimated unearned discounts	199,362.50	788,270.07
Total		$193,505,991.63

MAIN OFFICE: 40 WALL STREET NEW YORK CITY

UPTOWN OFFICE: 31 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK CITY

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
at the close of business on the 12th day of November, 1919:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$19,430,698.00	
Private securities	27,882,138.38	
Real estate owned	3,420,014.38	
Mortgages owned	1,410,860.00	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		396,422.67
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		79,904,318.72
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		99,866,789.02
Overdrafts		14,672.02
Due from approved reserve depositaries less amount of offsets	$17,084,627.17	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding items	16,219,235.12	33,303,862.29
Specie		84,097.72
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		2,771,515.84
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$370,298.12	
Other cash items	25,678.12	395,976.24
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		23,149,765.07
Customers' liability on acceptances, less antiquated		20,680,650.61
Other assets, viz.:		
Foreign branches (per contra)	$31,605,297.20	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	806,901.85	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	222,885.00	
Foreign exchange	22,573,534.30	
Sundry debtors	214,549.30	55,821,227.64
Total		$206,005,654.17
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$6,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$12,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	3,040,435.01	15,040,435.01
Deposits—Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$2,379,464.58	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	18,925.70	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	27,707,690.84	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	423.83	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	2,358,394.98	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	113,615,210.23	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	7,278,903.12	
Demand certificates of deposit	226,395.27	
Other certificates of deposit	64,162.15	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	1,481.71	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	925.00	
Certified checks	12,062,854.76	
Unpaid dividends	4,720.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	36,069,897.48	
Foreign branches	31,893,257.30	
Total deposits		234,016,518.05
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		1,000,000.00
Rediscounts		10,808,518.64
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		17,938,822.03
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$613,394.64	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	230,122.10	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	141,530.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	217,542.77	1,192,589.51
Total		$286,005,654.17

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK
of the City of New York, at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business Nov. 17, 1919:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$110,773,094.86
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		10,000,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged		8,836,800.00
Bonds and securities (other than U. S.) to secure U. S. deposits		1,920,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.		7,619,873.89
Banking house		4,750,000.00
Due from banks and bankers		5,701,589.22
Checks and other cash items		1,142,945.45
Exchanges for Clearing House		37,748,001.40
Specie—Gold		4,182,000.00
Other cash in vault		1,383,484.15
Due from Federal Reserve Bank		24,814,052.68
Redemption fund and due from U. S. Treasurer		5,000.00
Customers' liability (acceptances executed under letters of credit)		783,778.80
Interest accrued		961,834.79
		$240,130,459.75
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$6,000,000.00
Surplus fund		14,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$5,122,468.89	
Discount received but not earned	460,520.48	
		5,582,989.37
Reserved for interest accrued		21,937.44
Reserved for taxes		1,001,903.57
National bank notes outstanding		100,000.00
Due to banks and bankers	$102,609,184.08	
Individual deposits subject to check	60,418,105.65	
Dividends unpaid	6,988.00	
Demand certificates of deposit	10,142.74	
Certified checks	$7,329,022.85	
Cashier's checks outstanding	9,024,875.50	
U. S. deposits	5,907,752.50	
		215,371,581.47
Letters of credit and travelers' checks		220,168.50
Letters of credit (acceptances executed thereunder)		783,778.80
		$240,130,459.75

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, Wm. E. Cable, Jr., Cashier of The Hanover National Bank of the City of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. E. CABLE, JR., Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 21st day of November, 1919.
W. I. THOMAS, Notary Public, New York County.
Correct—Attest:
E. HAYWARD FERRY,
SAML. T. PETERS,
JOHN F. STEVENS,
Directors.

DISSOLUTION.

As of November 2, 1919, the partnership heretofore existing between Kolman Rosenberg, Herman Gottfried, Frank Bernstein and Max Ferber, trading as The National Hat & Fur Company and doing business at No. 48 North 9th St., Philadelphia, has been dissolved. All debts and claims due the old partnership are payable only to said Kolman Rosenberg, who will pay all the debts of the old business and partnership as and when due.
KOLMAN ROSENBERG,
HERMAN GOTTFRIED,
FRANK BORNSTEIN,
MAX FERBER.

THE RENOWN.

Photograph of the British battle cruiser, the residence of the Prince of Wales while in New York, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST CO.
at the close of business on the 12th day of November, 1919:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$15,[illegible]
Private securities		[illegible]
Real estate owned		[illegible]
Mortgages owned		[illegible]
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		[illegible]
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		27,[illegible]
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		14,[illegible]
Overdrafts		[illegible]
Due from approved reserve depositaries less amount of offsets	[illegible]	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	1,661,189.61	[illegible]
Specie		[illegible]
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		[illegible]
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$2,[illegible]	
Other cash items	[illegible]	[illegible]
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		[illegible]
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		[illegible]
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$186,[illegible]	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	[illegible]	
Advances to trusts	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		[illegible]
Surplus		[illegible]
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$462,[illegible]	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	672.00	
Other deposits as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	[illegible]	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	[illegible]	
Deposits by other offices preferred, if any	[illegible]	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	[illegible]	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	[illegible]	
Demand certificates of deposit	[illegible]	
Other certificates of deposit	[illegible]	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	[illegible]	
Certified checks	[illegible]	
Unpaid dividends	[illegible]	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	[illegible]	
Total deposits		[illegible]
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		[illegible]
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		[illegible]
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgage trust bonds	[illegible]	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	[illegible]	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	[illegible]	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	[illegible]	
Earned but not earned discounts	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
YORKVILLE BANK,
at the close of business on the 12th day of November, 1919:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		[illegible]
Private securities		[illegible]
Real estate owned and safe deposit vault		[illegible]
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		[illegible]
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		[illegible]
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		[illegible]
Overdrafts		[illegible]
Due from approved reserve depositaries less amount of offsets	[illegible]	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	1,[illegible]	[illegible]
Specie		[illegible]
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		[illegible]
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$[illegible]	
Other cash items	[illegible]	[illegible]
Due from The Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		[illegible]
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	[illegible]	
Internal Revenue and War Savings Stamps	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		[illegible]
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	[illegible]	
Undivided profits	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$[illegible]	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	[illegible]	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	[illegible]	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	[illegible]	
Demand certificates of deposit	[illegible]	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	[illegible]	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	[illegible]	
Certified checks	[illegible]	
Unpaid dividends	[illegible]	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	[illegible]	
Total deposits		[illegible]
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		[illegible]
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, etc.	[illegible]	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	[illegible]	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	[illegible]	
Earned but not earned discounts	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE STATE BANK,
NEW YORK
at the close of business on the 12th day of November, 1919.

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$12,045,548.00
Private securities		7,212,023.61
Real estate owned, including banking houses		1,120,440.02
Mortgages owned		1,658,310.80
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		56,234.81
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		12,350,594.34
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		27,120,411.82
Overdrafts		9,879.96
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		$2,758,720.60
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item		1,654,061.11
Specie		4,413,821.74
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,439,604.22
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$2,457,247.90	
Other cash items	1,297,175.75	3,754,423.65
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		886,083.22
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		653,254.42
Other assets, viz.:		
Certificates of indebtedness sold with agreement to repurchase	$1,500,000.00	
Furniture and fixtures	46,384.96	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$11,890.39	
U. S. War Stamps and Thrift Stamps	1,876.21	1,560,121.55
Total		$76,515,023.81
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$3,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$750,000.00	
Undivided profits	665,478.83	1,415,478.83
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Deposits by the State of New York	$100,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	5,254.18	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,091,296.30	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	27,114,806.89	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	23,580,870.79	
Demand certificates of deposit	101,540.06	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	10,216,559.41	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	1,461,166.12	
Certified checks	680,519.34	
Unpaid dividends	32.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	237,803.46	
Total deposits		64,448,559.50
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		8,200,000.00
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		653,254.42
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Certificates of indebtedness sold with agreement to repurchase	$1,500,000.00	
Mortgages on real estate owned	161,844.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	35,769.56	
Estimated unearned discounts	168,125.00	1,798,738.56
Total		$76,515,023.81

OFFICERS:
HAROLD C. RICHARD, President.
ALBERT L. VOORHIS, Vice President. WALTER L. BURGHART, Vice President.
JOHN KNEISEL, Cashier. CHARLES A. SMITH, Assistant Cashier.
FRANK A. PAPPI, Assistant Cashier. CHESTER WOODWORTH, Auditor.

DIVIDENDS.

Wire Wheel Corporation of America

New York, November 21st, 1919.
The Board of Directors of the WIRE WHEEL CORPORATION OF AMERICA have declared a dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the 8% Preferred Stock of the Corporation. The dividend is payable December 10th to stockholders of record December 1st, 1919.
JAMES McEVOY, Secretary.

ELK HORN COAL CORPORATION.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Elk Horn Coal Corporation, held at the office of the corporation, Bankers Trust Building, New York City, on November 21st, 1919, the directors declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% or 15c a share, on the Preferred Capital Stock of the corporation payable December 10, 1919, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on December 1st, 1919.

On account of loss of tonnage caused by strikes and present unsettled labor conditions at the mines the directors decided to postpone action relative to dividend on the common stock until the first week in January. J. W. M. STEWART, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company at a meeting held on the 12th day of November, 1919, declared the regular quarterly dividend of three per cent. (3%), payable on the first day of January, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 6th day of December, 1919. The transfer books of the Company will not be closed.
McKINLEY-DARRAGH-SAVAGE MINES OF COBALT, LIMITED.
HARPER SHELLEY, Treasurer.
Dated at Toronto, Ont., November 12th, 1919.

EAST COAST FISHERIES CO.
7 Wall Street, New York
November 18, 1919.
DIVIDEND No. 1
The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. on the Common Stock, payable January 1st, to stockholders of record December 27, 1919.
MARK W. NORMAN, Treasurer.

EAST COAST FISHERIES CO.
7 Wall Street, New York
November 18, 1919.
DIVIDEND No. 8
The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the Preferred Stock, payable January 1, 1920, to stockholders of record December 27th, 1919.
MARK W. NORMAN, Treasurer.

Lathem Manufacturing Associates, Boston, Mass.
DIVIDENDS NOS. 96 AND 97.
A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared payable on December 1, 1919, to shareholders of record November 1, 1919.
MALCOLM E. STONE, Treasurer.

OTTO EISENLOHR & BROS. INC.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 14, 1919.
The directors have declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent. on the outstanding preferred stock of the corporation, payable January 1, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business, December 20, 1919.
HARRY DIETSCH, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK of NEW YORK
At the close of business November 17, 1919.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$77,891,540.01	Capital Stock	$5,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds to Secure Circulation	2,000,000.00	Surplus Fund	5,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	1,287,970.65	Undivided Profits	2,680,200.88
Other Bonds, Securities, etc.	19,597,723.08	Reserve for Taxes, etc.	902,857.68
Due from Banks	3,685,815.26	Circulation	1,882,250.00
Cash, Exchanges and Due from Federal Reserve Bank	83,529,087.99	Deposits	111,775,283.53
Customers' Liability—		Unearned Discount	201,574.95
Account of Acceptances	2,658,113.92	Domestic and Foreign Acceptances	2,658,113.92
Letters of Credit	98,570.00	Due to Federal Reserve Bank	10,600,000.00
		Letters of Credit	98,570.00
	$140,198,820.91		$140,198,820.91

OFFICERS
HARVEY D. GIBSON, President

DANIEL G. REID	Vice President	MAURICE F. BAYARD	Vice President
ALEXANDER V. OSTROM	" "	FREDERICK W. WALZ	Cashier
CHARLES W. RIECKS	" "	FREDERICK P. M'GLYNN	Assistant Cashier
ERNEST STAUFFEN, JR.	" "	THEODORE C

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
Redemption of Bonds of the Dominican Republic, Issue of 1918.

As required by law and in accordance with Decree No. 193, dated August 2, 1918, notice is hereby given that on this date there was held the drawing required as of November 1, 1919, to determine the numbers of the bonds of the Dominican Republic, issue of 1918, to be redeemed on January 1, 1920, and it hereby declares that said bonds, of series D, denominations of one hundred dollars ($100.00), numbers one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (1,876) to three thousand four hundred sixty-seven (3,467) inclusive, were designated for redemption January 1, 1920.

All interest upon said bonds of series D, denomination one hundred dollars ($100.00), numbers one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (1,876) to three thousand four hundred sixty-seven (3,467) inclusive, shall cease from and after January 1, 1920, the date designated for their redemption.

Both the principal and interest of said bonds will be paid either in Santo Domingo City, at the principal office of the International Banking Corporation of New York, Incorporated, in the City of the Dominican Republic, or at any of its branch offices in the Dominican Republic, or at its office in the City of New York.

Santo Domingo, R. D., November 4, 1919.

J. H. EDWARDS,
Contador General de Hacienda.

IN THE MATTER OF THE CONFIRMATION OF THE ACCOUNTS OF THE RECEIVER OF

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company,
New York Municipal Railway Corporation
AND
New York Consolidated Railroad Company.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the accounts of Lindley M. Garrison as Receiver of Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, New York Municipal Railway Corporation and New York Consolidated Railroad Company for the six months' period from January 1, 1919, to July 31, 1919, inclusive, are on file with E. Henry Lacombe, Special Master, at his office, No. 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and that a hearing upon the confirmation of said accounts will be held before said Special Master on the 1st day of December, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time all persons interested and desiring to oppose the confirmation of said accounts may appear and be heard.

Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., November 11, 1919.

LINDLEY M. GARRISON, Receiver,
Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn,
City and State of New York.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Nov. 21, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR TRUCK CORPORATION.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

To the Stockholders of International Motor Truck Corporation:

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of International Motor Truck Corporation, a Corporation of the State of New York, will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 253 West Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 6th day of December, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of voting upon the following propositions:

(1) To increase the number of shares of Common Stock which the Corporation is issue by 27,262 shares, from 52,638 shares, without nominal or par value, to 80,840 shares of Common Stock, without nominal or par value; to increase the number of shares of Second Preferred Stock which the Corporation may issue by 26,248 shares, from 27,230 shares of the par value of $100 each, to 53,478 shares of Second Preferred Stock of the par value of $100 each; to increase the number of shares of First Preferred Stock which the corporation may issue by 4,903 shares, from 48,510 shares of the par value of $100 each, to 105,210 shares of First Preferred Stock of the par value of $100 each; so that the total number of shares which the Corporation may issue will be increased by 58,413 shares, from 128,378 shares; to increase the amount of the stated capital of the Corporation by $6,301,410 from $7,272,790 to $13,574,200; and to amend the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation accordingly.

(2) To amend the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation so that it will provide that the ratio from which dividends on the First Preferred and Second Preferred Stock of the Corporation accumulate shall be September 1, 1919.

(3) To increase the number of directors of the Corporation from seven to nine.

And to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, New York, N. Y., November 21, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. J. BROSSEAU,
President.
C. W. HASELTINE,
Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of the JOHN C. DOLPH COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, Room 1306, No. 27 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 9th day of December, 1919, at two o'clock P. M. for the purpose of fixing the number of directors for ensuing year and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting; also to formulate such plans and initiate such steps as may be proper, necessary and advisable to dissolve the corporation and reorganize a new corporation under the laws of the State of New Jersey, and to pass such resolutions as may be necessary to effect the sale and transfer of the property of the company to the new corporation and to determine the proper division of the shares of stock of this corporation in the new corporation; also for the transaction of such business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open until five P. M. Transfer books will be closed from December 6th to December 9th, inclusive.

Dated New York, November 15th, 1919.

FREDERIC M. P. PEARSE, Secretary.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The annual election of Directors of The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States will be held at the office of the Society, Room 317, Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on Wednesday, the 3d day of December, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M. The polls will be opened at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and will remain open until 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the day, at which time they will be closed. Such other business will be transacted as may properly be brought before the meeting.

New York, November 15, 1919.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Colored Orphan Asylum will be held at 140 East 81st St., New York City, on Monday, December 8th, 1919, at 3 P. M.

RUTH MURRY, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CERTIFICATE OF CONTINUATION OF COPARTNERSHIP NAME.

NIELSEN AND LUNDBECK.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

Whereas, SOPHUS NIELSEN has withdrawn from partnership conducted by said SOPHUS NIELSEN and C. HILMER LUNDBECK, under the firm name and style of NIELSEN & LUNDBECK, with its principal office and place of business at No. 24 State Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York; and Whereas said firm of Nielsen & Lundbeck has extensive business relations with foreign countries and has transacted business in this State in private business, as commission agents, as brokers and otherwise, for more than three years last past, and said business continues to be conducted by one of the partners therein, to wit, C. Hilmer Lundbeck:

Now, therefore, the undersigned, the said C. Hilmer Lundbeck, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, does hereby certify that he is the successor in the interest to the partner retiring from said firm to carry on, conduct or transact business, and that the true or real full name of the person conducting or transacting such business under said name of Nielsen & Lundbeck, with the Post Office address of such person, is as follows:

C. HILMER LUNDBECK,
343 Sterling Place,
Borough of Brooklyn,
City of New York.

Dated New York, October 27th, 1919.

C. HILMER LUNDBECK.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 7th day of October, 1919, before me personally appeared C. HILMER LUNDBECK, to me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

FRANK C. WELLES,
Notary Public, Westchester County; New York Co. No. 336, Reg's No. 10861; [Seal.] Kings Co. No. 2, Reg. No. 256. Term expires March 30, 1921.

I, JOHN A. McKELVEY, residing at No. 146 Hewson Street, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, hereby certify that I intend from the date of this certificate to continue the use of the name of ATTERBURY & McKELVEY in connection with the paper and paper material business heretofore carried on at No. 146 Hewson Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, by JOHN A. McKELVEY and ISABEL N. ATTERBURY under the partnership name of ATTERBURY & McKELVEY; that the said business will be continued at No. 146 Hewson Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York; I further certify that the said partnership business of ATTERBURY & McKELVEY has and has had business relations with foreign countries and that the said ISABEL N. ATTERBURY withdrew from said business on the 30th day of October, 1919, and assigned all her interest therein to me, together with the right to continue said business in said name of ATTERBURY & McKELVEY.

Witness my hand and seal this 29th day of October, 1919.

JOHN A. McKELVEY.

State of New York, County of Kings, ss.:

On this 29th day of October, 1919, before me personally came JOHN A. McKELVEY to me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

MAXIMILIAN MOHS,
Notary Public, Bronx Co. Clerk's No. 41, Reg. No. 3171. N. Y. Co. Clerk's No. 431, Reg. No. 4171. Kings Co. Clerk's No. 27, Reg. No. 1214. Kings Co. Clerk's No. 27, Reg. No. 1214.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day Bid.	Thurs-day Ask.			Yester-day Bid.	Thurs-day Ask.
4½s July, 1967	101	101¼	101	3½s Nov., 1965	83	84
4½s June, 1965	101	101¼	101	3½s Nov., 1964	83	84
4½s Mar., 1963	101	101¼	101	3½s May, 1904	83	84
4½s Nov., 1957	101	101¼	101	4½s 1924-1934	97½	98
4½s Mar., 1957	101	101¼	101	4½s 1919-1923	99¾	99¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s Mar., 1966	97¼	97¾	97¼	4½s 1924-1951	4.35	4.37	4.33
4½s Sept., 1960	97¼	97¾	97¼	4½s 1920-1928	4.35	4.37	4.33
4½s Mar., 1960-80	97¼	97¾	97¼	4½s 1948-1958	4.39	4.40	4.37
4s May, 1959	92½	92¾	92½	3½s 1920-1930	4.40	4.40	4.40
4s Nov., 1958	92½	92¾	92½	3½s 1923-1929	4.40	4.40	4.40
4s May, 1957	92½	92¾	92½	3½s 1919-1921	4.40	4.40	4.40
4s Nov., 1956	92	93	92	3s 1940-1958	4.40	4.40	4.40
4s Nov., 1955	92	93	92	3s 1919-1923	4.70	4.40	4.70
4s Nov., 1936	94	95	94	3s 1926-1930	4.40	4.40	4.40

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
350	Cities Service	4.70	4.70	4.65	4.70
$500	Cities Service pf	76½	76	76½	76¾
5,072	Cities Service bk. shares	44½	43	43½	44
7,000	Cities Service pf. B	7¾	7½	7½	7¾
$51,000	Cities Service deb. C	102	100	100	100

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	14	15	Federal Lt & Trac pf	43	45%
Adiron Elec Power pf	76	78	Galveston-Houston	11	15
Am Gas & Electric	120	125	Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65
Am Gas & Electric pf	39¾	41	Miss River Power	10	12
Am Light & Traction	210	212	Miss River Power pf	49½	52½
Am Light & Trac pf	83½	85	Northern Ohio Electric		20
Am Power & Light	57	59	Northern Ohio Elec pf	60	63
Am Power & Light pf	71	73½	Northern States Power	63	64
Am Public Utilities	9	11	North States Power pf	90	92
Am Public Utilities pf	23	25	Northern States Elec	60	
Am W W & Electric	5	8	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	74
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	50	54	Pacific Gas & Elec	81	83
Am W W & Elec partic	9	12	Puget Sd Tres, Lt & P	8	11
Appalachian Power	4	6¼	Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P pf	52	56
Appalachian Power pf	21	26	Ry & Light Secur pf	78	82
Carolina Pow & Light	35	38	Republic Ry & Light	14	16
Colorado Power	14	18	Republic Ry & Lt pf	50	53
Colorado Power pf	63	67	South Cal Edison	89½	90
Columbus Elec pf	70	74	South Cal Edison pf	102½	104½
Com Power, Ry & Lt	22	24	Standard Gas & Elec	30	32
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	45	49	Standard Gas & E pf	42	44
Cons Power pf	104½	105	Tampa Electric	105	110
Consumers' Power pf	81	86	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	3	4
Eastern Texas Electric	50	54	Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	8	17
Eastern Texas Elec pf	77	81	United Light & Rys	41	42
El Paso Electric	145	147	United Light & Rys pf	68	71
Electric B & S pf	92	95	West, Church & Kerr	50	60
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	West, Church & K pf	80	
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	33	35	Western Power	21	24
Federal Light & Trac	7½	10	Western Power pf	70	72

Bonds.

Appalach Power 1st 5s	68	70	Midwest Util 6s '23	91	93½
Ark Val 7s '29	92	60½	Miss River Pow 1st 5s	78	79
Cit Gas & Elec 5s '56	89	93	Nor States Pow 6s '26	89	92
Cities Ser deb D	189		Nor States Pow 5s '41	84½	86
Col G & E deb 5s '27	73	84	Om & C Bl Ry 5s '28	72	81
Col Power 5s '53	82	84	Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	83	84
Con Power 5s '43	85	90	Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s	97½	98½
Dallas Elec 5s '52	100		Un L & R 1st 5s '52	78	82
East Tex Elec 5s '42	80	85	Un L & H deb 6s '28	78	82
Empire Gas & Fuel 7s '21	89½	100	Utah Securities 5s	67	88½
El Paso Elec 1st 5s	86	89	West Ky S & E 5s '41	84	86½
Empire Gas & E 6s '24	94	96			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Atlantic Pet	3¼	3¼	3¼	315	Davis Coal	23¼	22	23
10	Bon Secours	53	53	53	25	Elkhorn	33	33	33
22	Con Power	103	103	103	250	Mt Vernon	50	50	50
25	Cosden	10¼	10¼	10¼	25	Monon Val pf	16	16	16
175	Do pf	49	49	49	30	Pa Water P	80¼	80¼	80¼
240	Cont'l Sugar	10¼	10¼	10¼	10	U S Fidelity	160	160	160
633	Celestine	4.15	4.00	4.00	695	Wayland	4¾	4¾	4¾

Bonds.

$12,000	Cosden 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾	$1,000	Elkhorn 6s	97	97	97
1,000	ConPow 4½s	82	82	82	5,000	PaCTrac 5s	88	88	88
8,000	ConSs(C&O)	84	84	84	2,000	Md Elec 5s	87	87	87
3,000	City 3 ½s	92½	92½	92½	3,000	SeatDALG	63	63	63

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
610	Am Zinc	17¼	17¼	17¼	192	Mayflower	3	3	3
50	Adventure				75	Miami	24½	24½	24½
5	Ahmeek	72	72	72	30	Mohawk	61½	61	61
235	Alaska Gold	2¾	2¾	2¾	25	N Arcadian	3	3	3
10	Allouez	35	35	35	345	N Cornelia	20¾	20¼	20¾
3	Aniacanda	63	63	63	80	Nipissing	11¼	11¼	11¼
10	Big Heart	64	64	64	125	North Butte	16¼	16	16¼
150	Bingham	6¾	6¾	6¾	60	Osceola	53	52	52
325	Calu & Ariz	64½	64½	64½	10	Pond Creek	23	23	23
9	Cal & Hecla	391	390	390	10	Quincy	63	60	60
1,050	Carson	25½	25	25½	475	Shannon	2½	2	2
150	Coppr Range	47½	45½	45½	2,830	Sup & Bost	5	5	5
620	Davis-Daly	12	10½	11	300	Tuolumne	1½	1¼	1½
125	East Butte	15	14½	15	545	U S Smelt	76½	75	75½
51	Franklin	4½	4	4	50	Do pf	49½	49½	49½
155	Island Crk	47	46	47	33	Utah Con	5	5	5
20	Isle Royale	33	33	33	1,575	Utah Metals	3	3	3
130	Kerr Lake	5¾	5¾	5¾					

Railroads.

105	B & Albany	125	124½	125	25	Mass Elec	4½	4½	4½
20	Boston Elev	66	65½	65½	4	Do Mass Central	42	42	42
10	Do pf	53	53	53	28	N Y N H & H	37½	37	37½
10	Boston & Me	36½	35½	35½	7	Old Colony	86	86	86
300	B & Sub El	35	35	35	99	West End	42	42	42
58	Pittsburg pf	50½	50	50	45	Do pf	50	50	50

Miscellaneous.

99	Am Agr C	94½	93½	94½	41	Do pf	62½	62	62
310	Am C & Fn	65	64	64	25	Merg'thaler	153	153	153
675	Amoskeag	153	149	149	153	Mex Dev	3½	3	3½
10	Do pf	83	82½	82½	435	Nat Leather	18¾	18½	18½
15	Am Sugar	138¾	138¾	138¾	105	N E Tel	89	87½	89
2	Do pf	117	116½	116½	935	Parish & H	27	26	26½
350	Am T & T	100¾	100¾	100¾	6	Pac Mills	197	193	197
87	Am Wool pf	105¾	105¾	105¾	115	Punta Sugar	85½	85½	85½
125	Anglo-Am C 20	19¾	19¾	19¾	015	Root	54½	53	54
1,975	Bos Mex Pet	3¾	3¾	3¾	390	Stewart	19½	19	19½
50	Cont Steel	8	8	8	235	Swift	135	134	134
510	Cuban Portl	13¾	13½	13½	155	Do Int	57	56½	56½
180	Eastern S S	18¾	17¾	17¾	275	Simms Mag	24	23½	23½
215	Do pf	70	70	70	48	Uni Drug	142½	142	142
110	Edison	149	147	149	105	Do 1st pf	82½	82½	82½
1,810	Elec Bond	23	23¾	24½	325	Uni Fruit	205	197	201
5	Fairbanks	83	83	83	112	Uni Shoe	50	49¾	49¾
65	Gen Elec	166	165	166	100	Do pf	26	26	26
4,095	Gray	50¼	48½	49½	60	U S Steel	106	105	106
10	Gt Northern pf	73	73	73	510	Ventura	17¾	17¼	17¼
283	Int Cot M	63	62	62½	1,075	Waldorf	17¼	17	17¼
180	Int Prod	47¼	46½	47	150	Walworth	21	21	21
90	Island Oil	7	6¾	6¾	5	War 1st pf	67	67	67
60	Mass Gas	70	68	70					

Bonds.

$1,000	Am T&T 5s	84½	84½	84½	$2,000	Chi Jct 5s	85	85	85
1,000	A G W I 5s	83½	83½	83½	5,000	N E Tel 5s	87	87	87
18,000	Cuban 7s	101¼	100	100¾					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Am Ship	119	119	119	15	Fub Service	80	80	80
375	Armour pf	103¼	103	103	6	Do pf	93	93	93
135	Binks	62	61	62	25	Quaker Oats	250	250	250
250	C C & C pf	10	10	10	100	Do pf	96	96	96
60	Cudahy	109	107	109	270	Rec Motor	31½	30¾	31
435	Com Edison	110	110	110	170	Rep Truck	35	34	34
795	Cont Motors	12¼	11¾	12¼	330	Root & Van	54½	54	54½
20	Deere pf	101	101	101	20	Sears, Roeb	218	217¼	218
20	Gt L D & D	68	68	68	145	Shaw	245	245	245
70	Hart, Schaff & M	77½	77½	77½	825	Stand O I E	29½	29¼	29
745	Hupp	13¼	12¾	13¼	75	Do pf	97	97	97
10	Hartman	88	88	88	210	Stewart Mfg	51	50	51
85	Ill Brick	77	75	75	325	Do rights	¼	¼	¼
100	J I Case	22	22	22	600	Stew Warn	160	157	157
10	Do 1st pf	97	97	97	10	Do pf	80	80	80
2,800	Libby	30½	29	30	950	Swift Inter	57	56	56
10	Lindsay Lt	6	6	6	800	Swift & Co	135¼	134½	135¼
300	Do pf	8½	8½	8½	50	Thompson	42¾	42¾	42¾
113	M Ward pf	112¾	112	112	1,850	Un Carbide	78	77¼	78
20	Mid Util	23	23	23	225	Wahl	51	49¾	49¾
27	Do pf	49½	49½	49½	20	Wilson pf	100	100	100
2,300	Nat Leather	16¾	16¾	16¾	160	Wrigley	63	63	63

Bonds.

$1,000	Morris 1st 4½s				82½	82½	82½

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am W G M	126¼	126	126¼	220	Ohio Fuel O	82	82	82
20	Do pf	94	94	94	185	Ohio Fuel S	51	51	51
105	Arkansas	350	350	350	120	Ohio Gas	48½	48½	48½
720	Barnhart Cp	45	44½	44½	25	Okla F & R	9	9	9
1,325	Carbo-Hydro	4	3¾	3¾	4,700	Pitts-Mt S	60c	58c	60c
1,420	Do pf	4¾	4¾	4¾	515	Pitts O & G	16	15¾	16
244	Cat Pet	10	10	10	2,300	Sam Tyn	9c	9c	9c
130	Col Gas & E	64½	64¼	64¾	25	StandMfgpf	105	105	105
50	Ind Brew pf	10	10	10	278	Un Nat Gas	123¾	122	123
8,295	Guffey-Gil	35	33½	34½	30	U S Glass	58	56	56
6,677	Marland Roy	8	6¾	6¾	845	West Air B	119½	116	118¾
800	Mer E & H	62¾	62½	62½	175	West Elec	54½	53½	53½
140	Nat Fireprfg	9¾	9¾	9¾					

Bonds.

$18,000	Pitts Junc 1st 6s					100½	100½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Am Gas	52	51	51	518	Pa R R	45	42¾	42¾
950	Am Stores	41½	41	41½	812	Phil R T tr c	27¾	27	27½
50	Am Ship Com	22¾	22¾	22¾	288	Phila Elec	25	24¾	24¾
10	Brill	55	55	55	25	Pa Salt Mfg	94½	94½	94½
10	E'dwinLo pf	106	106	106	225	Tono Belm't	3	2¾	3
1,655	Elec Stor	143	138¾	138¾	500	Tono Mining	2¾	2¾	2¾
760	Gen Asphalt	124½	124½	124½	127	Union Trac	38	38	38
675	J G Brill Corp	22	21¾	21¾	143	UnGasImp	54¾	54¾	54¾
806	Leh Val Nav	64	63¾	64	360	U S Steel	105	104½	104½
100	Lv Trans pf	22	22	22	20	Transcont Oil	54¾	54¾	54¾
267	L V R R	45¾	45	45					

Bonds.

$1,000	AlleghenyVa	86	86	86	$1,000	PhilEl 1st 5s	91¾	91¾	91¾
2,000	Am G&E 5s	85½	85½	85½	1,000	PhilaRead's ext imp 4s	64	64	64
6,000	B'wnList 5s	100¾	100¾	100¾	9,000	Read's gen 4s	81¾	81½	81½
2,000	ElkPas Tr 6s	94	94	94	1,000	Spanish-Am Iron 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000	LehighValley con 6s, reg	100¾	100¾	100¾	7,000	UnRys stmpd	50	50	50
1,000	Phila Co 1st 5s, stpd	99¾	99¾	99¾					

DETROIT.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
650	Chevrolet	4¾	4¾	4¾	45	Packard	270	268	268
100	Do pf	67	67	67	25	Do pf	94¾	94¾	94¾
20	Cont'l Motor	19¾	19¾	19¾	100	Paige Det	45	42	42
500	Cent Motor	12¾	12¾	12¾	400	Reo	21¾	21	21
40	Mich Sugar	13¾	13¾	13¾					

MISCELLANEOUS EXCHANGES

	Yester-day Bid.	Thurs-day Ask.	Bid.		Yester-day Bid.	Thurs-day Ask.	Bid.
Ash Grass	227	233	227	Gillette Safety Raz	185	190	185
Atlas Powder	152	158	146	Hercules	225	235	222
Do pf	90	92	90	Do pf	107	115	107
Babcock & Wilcox	120	122	120	Ingersoll-Rand Co	175	180	175
Borden & Co	106	108	106	Do pf	100	103	100
Do pf	97	99	97	Merrimac Chem	92	94	92
Bliss	420	445	420	New Jersey Zinc	248	249	248
Do pf	95	98	95	Miles-Ben'n-Pond	112	117	112
Childs Co	83	93	83	Do pf	98	100	98
Do pf	98	98	98	Royal Baking Pow	140	150	140
Crocker-Wheeler	92	97	92	Scovill Mfg	416	430	415
Do pf	97	97	97	Simmons Mfg	187	192	175
Draper Corp	147	149	147	Stand Screw Co	300	370	300
Du Pont	385	400	385	Tex & Pac O & G	1725	1775	1725
Do pf	92½	93½	92	Do new	175		175
Eastman Kodak	160	165	160	Valvoline Oil pf	107	107	107
Federal Rub 1st pf	98	101	98	Yale & Towne	268	278	268
Fisk Rub 1st pf	98	101	98				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Heavy selling of the copper shares during the early afternoon, after first checking the upward swing of prices, later affected the entire list, causing net declines in a majority of instances, despite the wide pre-noon advances which had been recorded on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday. Mexican Petroleum was offered down 8 from its early high. Republic Steel fell back 8¾, Bethlehem Steel 8 2¼, Crucible 5, U. S. Steel common 1⅝, Baldwin Locomotive 5⅝, and American Locomotive 2⅝. American Sumatra fell back 4⅝. Studebaker receded 2¼ and Pierce-Arrow 3. Retail Stores moved down 2¼ and U. S. Rubber 4⅛. Utah Copper was offered down 2⅝, Anaconda 2¼, and American Smelting and Refining 4¼.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
130	Allis Chalm.	43¾	43¾	43¾	1,470	Mex Pet	88¾	200	203½
680	Am B Sugar	36	35½	36½	500	Midvale St	52¾	51¾	51¾
720	Am Can	54¾	53¾	53¾	380	Mo Pacific	28¾	27½	28¾
710	Am C & F	137¾	135	135¾	120	Nat Aniline	66¾	66½	66¾
140	Am Cot Oil	52¾	52¾	52¾	110	Nat C & C	15	15	15
1,465	Am Int Cor	114¾	112¾	112¾	340	NY NH & H	32¾	32	32
790	Am Locomo	94¾	94	94	190	Nor Pacific	95	95¾	95¾
1,140	Am S & C	33	31	31¼	610	Ohio C Gas	50¾	50¾	50¾
1,980	Am Smelt	85¾	85¾	85¾	100	Okla Cot	39	39	39
400	Am Steel F	42	41	42	150	Ont Sil M	10¾	10¾	10¾
120	Am Sugar	138¾	138¾	138¾	760	Pan Am Pet	106¾	107¼	106¾
600	Am Sumat	92¾	87¾	88¾	100	Pennsylvania	42¾	42¾	42¾
120	Am Zinc	17¾	17¾	17¾	2,600	Pierce-A	70	68	67¾
1,180	Anaconda	64¾	62¾	63¾	270	Pierce Oil	18¾	18¾	18¾
100	Atchison	89	89	89	110	Pitts Coal	82¾	82¾	82¾
9,240	Bald Loco	109¾	105¾	106¾	200	Pond Cre A	23¾	23¾	23¾
410	Balt & Ohio	35¾	34¾	35¾	150	Pressed S S	90¾	89¾	90¾
825	Beth Steel	52¾	50¾	51	230	Ry Con C	21¾	21¼	21¾
2,095	Butte & S	36	33½	34	200	Reading	80	79¾	79¾
370	Bklyn R T	19¾	19¾	19¾	2,060	Rep I & S	100	104¾	105¾
165	Butte C &

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The George W. Goethals Company, General George W. Goethals, President, bought the four-story marble front bank building, on a plot 50 by 96 feet, at 31 and 33 Pine Street, yesterday, occupied for the last fourteen years by Redmond & Co. The buyers will add five stories to the present building for their own occupancy. The improvement is estimated at $500,000, by Cross & Cross, architects. The whole transaction will involve about $1,500,000.

Sale of Stanford White Home.

The long-time home of the late Stanford White, at the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Twenty-first Street, later the home of the Princeton Club, and the adjoining house at 119 East Twenty-first Street, are soon to give way to an important improvement. Contracts for the sale of the property have been drawn, and it is understood they will be signed today. Title to the property is held by Henry A. Taylor and is assessed for taxation purposes at $224,000. The old Stanford White residence has undergone alterations several times since it was looked upon as one of the finest examples of dwelling construction in the Gramercy Park section. Adjoining it on the street is a four-story dwelling. The two properties form a plot fronting 131.8 on Lexington Avenue and 56 feet on the street.

S. E. Heyman & Co. Buy 214 Front Street.

Charles F. Noyes Company sold 214 Front Street for James F. Farrell to S. E. Heyman, President of S. E. Heyman & Co., exporters, now located at 111 Broad Street. Mr. Hyman states that the company of which he is President will occupy the property, which is 25 by 75, and improved with a five-story and basement building.

Ways to Improve in Tobacco District.

Ogden & Clarkson Corporation sold for Virginia H. Field, Catherine H. Hinckley, and Louis Gordon Hainesley 107 and 109 William Street, the southwest corner of John Street, a five-story building on a plot 27.2 by 73.6 feet, to Robert E. Lane, a cigar importer. At the expiration of present leases the buyer will improve the site with a modern business building.

Waterfront Loft Bought by Tenant.

The Markham Realty Corporation resold to Charles Pape the five-story loft at 164 and 166 West Street. D. J. Lahr was the broker.

Quick Resale on the East Side.

Maurice Wertheim sold for Mrs. Margaret A. Lehman 235 East Forty-fourth Street, on lot 20 by 100, between Second and Third Avenues. The lot is covered with a two-story brick structure on the front and a four-story tenement on the rear of the lot. The purchaser is Mrs. Cora A. Ferguson. The same broker has resold the property to William Prosnitz, who will occupy it for business purposes after making extensive improvements.

Other Loft Sales.

The Hanover Building, a seven-story structure on a plot 56.1 by 111 feet, at 130 and 132 Read Street, was sold by the Bertfield Realty Company.

The estate of Alfred G. Vanderbilt has sold the three five-story loft buildings at 153, 154, and 155 South Street, and the abutting four-story buildings at 245 and 247 Front Street. The buyer is an operator.

Apartment House Deals.

Charles Wynne and Louis H. Low sold to an investor the five-story apartment at 9 East 117th Street, on lot 25 by 100. The property rents for $5,500 and was held at $36,000. Isaac Handler and I. Rosenthal were the brokers.

Millard Veit sold for the Weisgreen Realty Company, 130 Wadsworth Avenue, the southeast corner of 160th Street, a six-story apartment on a plot 75 by 100 feet, renting for $27,600 and held at $200,000.

E. Sharum bought from the Dormond Realty Company the Farnon House at 551 West 170th Street, northwest corner of Audubon Avenue, a six-story elevator apartment, 100 by 100, renting for $30,000 and held at $200,000. A. Rosenthal and C. F. Y. Johanning were the brokers.

The Tremax Realty Corporation bought from Briancis Cohen the five-story apartment on a plot 44 by 100 feet, at 747 and 749 West 160th Street, held at $60,000.

The five-story apartment house, 75 by 107, at 511 West 180th Street, has been resold by Frederick Brown to Mary Thompson.

The Alfredo, a six-story apartment on a lot 100 by 100 feet at the southwest corner of Broadway and 163d Street, was sold yesterday to Isadore Zimmer and Samuel Resnick. The property is held at $275,000, and rents for $35,000. W. S. Baker was the broker.

Sharp & Co. have sold for Oscar Ising the six-story elevator apartment building known as the Esperanto, 100 by 100 feet, at 237 to 239 West 105th Street. The property is 63 feet east of the corner of Broadway. It is arranged for thirty-six apartments. The property was held at $300,000, and rents for $35,000.

Dwelling Sales.

L. J. Phillips & Co. sold the dwelling on a lot 20 by 102.2 feet at 61 West Seventieth Street, near Columbus Avenue, also for the estate of Helen Hubbard, W. C. Hubbard, executor, the dwelling on a lot 20 by 102.2 feet at 136 West Seventy-fourth Street, between Amsterdam and Columbus Avenues.

Shaw & Co. sold for the Mutual Life Insurance Company to James L. Van Saunt 105 West 119th Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 16.8 by 100.11.

Cruikshank Company sold for Giraud Foster to a client for investment 33 West Thirty-seventh Street, a five-story and basement brick dwelling on lot 20 by 98.9 feet.

George W. Mercer & Son sold for the Empire State Holding Company the three-story and basement dwelling, 25 by 100, at 338 West Twenty-second Street.

Irving Walsh sold for a client of Palmer & Series the five-story house on a lot 25 by 75 at the southwest corner of First Avenue and Fortieth Street, known as 590 First Avenue.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for S. L. Palmer 60 West Ninety-second Street a dwelling, 20 by 56 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

Moore & Wyckoff sold for the estate of Asa Hull to a client for investment the three-story building on lot 17 by 90 at 311 Eighth Avenue.

Pease & Elliman sold for Mrs. S. S. Graham the dwelling on a lot 16.10 by 102.2 feet at 153 East Seventy-first Street, held at $49,000.

Samuel Krulewitch bought from Rose Kablauger and Julia Mandelbaum the dwelling on a lot 17.6 by 100 feet at 130 West 111th Street; held at $151,000.

The Rande Realty Corporation sold to Mrs. Nell Fountaine 16 East Seventy-eighth Street, a four-story and basement private dwelling on a plot 17.6 by 100.

Flat and Tenement Sales.

John R. Davidson sold for Anna Schwarz the five-story flat at 122 West 103d Street, on a lot 25 by 100, to M. K. Laing.

Shaw & Co. resold for R. Frucht to Jacob Goodman 22 East 120th Street, a five-story flat, size 36 by 100, renting for $6,500, held for $46,000.

Cruikshank Company sold for Percy M. Burrill to a client for investment the property at 31 Washington Street, a five-story brick store and tenement, on a lot 24 by 77 feet.

The Seven Market.

Wilbur L. Carlan and Martin M. Green sold to Alfred J. Becker three dwellings at 4,003 to 4,009 Matilda Avenue.

Eugene J. Busher sold for the Robert Realty Company to Aaron Futterman the flat on a lot 99 by 100 at 997 Tinton Avenue, held for $40,000 and renting for $9,000.

Mann & Pittman have sold to George Kean the apartment at 2,016 Prospect Avenue, on lot 40 by 75. F. William Sohns was the broker in the transaction.

Schwab & Co. sold for John F. Binsen and others a two-family dwelling at 3,184 Perry Avenue to a client for cash, size 20 by 100.

Julius Bachrach sold for the Edcole Realty Co. to the 49 West Houston Street Realty Co. the five-story apartment, on a lot 38 by 120, at 418 and 420 Prospect Avenue, renting for $2,000 and held for $60,000.

The Benenson Realty Co. purchased from the Allesot Corporation "Tiffany Arms," a six-story apartment house at the southeast corner of Tiffany Street and 163d Street, on a plot 100 by 100; it returns a rental of about $31,000 and was held at $400,000. The Benenson Realty Co. also purchased from the Allesot Corporation the two five-story apartment houses at 30-38 Vermilyea Avenue, on a plot 100 by 168, held at $180,000 and renting for $28,000. Greenfield & Saffir were the brokers.

Hubberth & Huberth sold for Mrs. Jeanie L. Ford the four-story apartment, on a lot 40 by 100, at 812 East 178th Street to Moses Kinsler.

Bartels & Waxman sold for Hiller & Sussman to an investor the five-story apartment at 2,158 Crotona Avenue, and for A. Grumbacher the two-family and store building at the corner of 179th Street and Crotona Avenue.

Meister Builders, Inc., purchased the five-story apartment house at 786 St. Ann's Avenue, the corner at St. Mary's Park, on a plot 81.9 by 100.

Nicholas O'Leonard sold for Philip H. Hoffman, the three-story three-family brick house at 2,114 Jackson Avenue, to I. D. Korodsky, for Mrs. Barbara Strouse the two-family brick house at 905 Jackson Avenue, to Hermine Levy, same for a home, and for Mrs. Gertrude Thorner the two-family frame house, at 3,437 Park Avenue, near 166th Street, to Theodore Egay and brothers, same for a home.

Crausman & Posner bought through Meehan & Steinman the five six-story apartments on the west side of Prospect Avenue, between 166th and 167th Streets, 200 by 100, held at $570,000 and renting for $90,000; also bought through D. Farber 275 East 199th Street, a five-story apartment, 62 by 100, held at $90,000 and renting for $13,300; also bought 665-675 Beck Street, three four-story flats, 100 by 120, held at $85,000, and resold them to investors; also bought and resold 504-506 Eagle Avenue, two five-story houses, 100 by 120, held at $150,000.

The same firm resold to investors, through Selkin & Mints, the six five-story apartments at 1,164-1,174 West Farms Road, and 1,167-1,165 Longfellow Avenue, 200 by 100, held at $90,000; also sold to David Silverman, 922 Barretto Street, corner of Southern Boulevard, a five-story apartment, held at $125,000; also sold to A. Bloom, 856 East 178th Street, at Southern Boulevard and Marmion Avenue, a six-story apartment, 36 by 174, held at $170,000; also, through J. Stallbaum, to an investor 845-853 East 176th Street, two five-story apartments, 100 by 100, held at $225,000.

J. Clarence Davies sold for Sadie Goldbaum, 2,310 Crotona Avenue, north of 183d Street, a four-story flat, on a plot 37.6 by 90.

Isadore Zimmer and Samuel Resnick resold five five-story apartments, each on plots 38.8 by 100 feet, on College Avenue, to Hyman Levine and B. Reedman, 1,134 and 1,140; to Joseph Rosenbloom, 1,124 and 1,130, and to George Diamond and Joseph Lewis, 1,110. The properties rent for $6,000, and were held at $35,000 each. Morris Logan was the broker.

Angelo L. Frumento sold for Anna C. Fanning and Agnes Cook a dwelling at 38 West 163d Street to Benjamin Rechson.

Brooklyn.

O. E. Allard and J. J. Levey sold the four-story apartment at 606 East Fifteenth Street, between Newkirk and Foster Avenues, Flatbush.

The McInerney Klinck Realty Company sold for J. Henry Witt the three-story store and apartment building at 1,004 Flatbush Avenue.

Bulkley & Horton sold for S. J. Harding five two-family dwellings at 187 to 187 Fifty-seventh Street, between First and Second Avenues.

M. J. Sferra sold for a client to Alessandro Conti, for occupancy, the cottage, on a plot 20 by 100, at 1,940 Seventy-ninth Street.

Long Island Estate Sold.

The Valley Land Company has sold to Mrs. Frederick C. Havemeyer, twenty-two acres of land, mostly weeds, near Brookville.

Westchester.

Mrs. Maria Martin, bought through George Howe from Mrs. Juliette Meeks a one-hundred-and-twenty-acre farm on the Post Road, near Cold Spring-on-the-Hudson. The same broker sold to Clara Ludwig for Jessie B. Milne a dwelling and two acres of land on North Broadway, White Plains, and with Robert E. Farley to Harold K. Weed a house in Philipse Manor.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Westchester Syndicate to John Berger several building plots in Battle Hill Park, White Plains.

Commercial Leases.

John Gallagher leased for a long term of years a modern garage building at 308 East Fifty-fifth Street, through S. Osgood Pell & Co., to the Red Arrow.

The Lerner Blouse Shops Company leased from the Hygrade Wine Company the entire building at 765 Sixth Avenue for a term of ten years, at an aggregate rental of $100,000. Upon completion of alterations they will open a branch store. Lewis L. Rosenthal Company were the brokers.

Spear & Co. leased the entire building at 100 Prince Street to the Triangle Trunk Company for a term of years, and the store and basement at 6 West Twenty-second Street to Milas Levine.

Century Theatre Sold at Auction.

E. A. Petter of the Guaranty Trust Company bought the Century Theatre at auction yesterday, sold by Henry Brady for the Equitable Trust Company. The successful bid was $800,000.

Suburban Auction Today.

Arthur C. Sheridan will sell at auction today on the premises, at 8 P. M., the 650-acre estate of George R. Monie at Gladstone, N. J. The property includes a large dwelling and fifteen outbuildings.

Realty Notes.

Lamar Hardy is the buyer of the dwelling 113 West Seventy-seventh Street.

Anna Sonnenblick is the buyer of the Colonial apartment house at 1400 University Avenue, corner of Merriam Avenue.

The I. W. Holding Company is the buyer of the five-story building at 14 East 114th Street.

J. Romaine Brown denies that he has sold Pinsoneo Court at the northeast corner of Broadway and 164th Street, as reported. Negotiations, however, are pending.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

Central Park West, w s, block front between 62d and 63d Sts, 200.10x100; irreg., three-story beaty Theatre; Equit Trust Co. against Sidney Cohen et al.; Murray, F. & H., attorneys; due, $1,811,186.25; taxes, etc., $147.15; to E. A. Potter for $800,000.

121st St, 338 West, s s, 100 ft e of 12th Av, 25x100, four-story stable; voluntary sale; to Joseph Tire, the tenant, for $30,000.

2d St, 417 East, n s, 237 ft e of 1st Av, 23.6x43.4, four-story stable; voluntary sale; to Joseph Tire for $9,900.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Eastern Boulevard, n s, 73 feet w Edison Av, two-story frame dwelling, 22x19; John Pfeiffer, owner; Chas. Z. Lansing, 1,109 Bathgate Avenue, architect; cost, $1,000.

Fort Schuyler Road, e s, 74.40 ft s of Mayer St, 2-story frame store and dwelling, 24x48; John Murphy, to premises, owner; Chas. Z. Baxter, 1,105 Middletown Road, architect; cost, $1,200.

Brook Av, 1,310, four-story brick tenement, 50x74.6; Jos. Weschler, 275 Bedford, Brooklyn, owner; Philip Marguiette, 6,391 Wayne Av, architect; cost, $1,000.

202, s e corner Bogart Av, 2½-story bollowtile dwelling, 22.6x57; Joseph Levy, 1,106 Gerard Av, owner; Geary, Greene & Wilkes, at Union Square, architects; cost, $16,000.

University Av, e s, 175.29 ft s of Tremont Av, two-story frame dwelling, 34x40; Wm. J. Pilliam, 2,045 River Av, owner; Moore & Landsdell, 36 Av and 149th St, architects; cost, $18,000.

Beaumont Av, w s, 73.02 ft n of 186th St, one-story hollow tile dwelling, 18x24; Mrs. H. Luhrs, 40 East 131st St, owner; Wm. Hopkins, 7,000 Decatur Av, architect; cost, $2,000.

Fordham Road, s w corner Creston Av, one-story brick stores and loft, 117x91.9; Wm. Hagedorn, 1,399 1st Av, owner; Chas. Schaefer, Jr., 3,586 2d Av, architect; cost, $65,000.

Alterations.

Broadway, n w corner of Columbus Circle, to a 3-story offices; Eno estate, 48 Wall St, owner; Sommerfield & Steckler, architects; cost, $8,000.

4th Av, 69 to 73, to a 5-story loft; J. G. Tomlist, 10 Astor Pl, owner; J. M. Baker, Long Island City, architect; cost, $6,000.

17th St, 127 to 133 West, to a 5-story store and loft; Baxter Realty Co., 123 Nassau St, owner; Rusling Co., 89 Centre St, architects; cost, $4,000.

26th St, 124 and 126 West, to a 7-story store and loft; 134-6 West 26th St; West 25th St. Building Corp., premises, owner; Rusling Co., architect; cost, $4,500.

Madison Av, 256, to a 5-story dwelling; A. Weber, 14 Wall St, owner; Cross & Cross, 681 5th Av, architect; cost, $7,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, NOV. 21.

With name and address of purchaser and after the word "when" the attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 70th St, 100.5x100; E. C. Baron to Magonico Realty Co., mtg $600,000, Oct. 1, 1909; attorneys, Kelley & Co., 37 William St; $100

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of Morton St, 50 x irreg; Wm. Wise to Jos. Wise, 200 West 80th St; mtg $12,000, Nov. 19; attorney, M. McBennett to Luke Higgins, 240 West 130th St, Nov. 19; attorney, M. J. Horan, 256 Broadway; $100

BEDFORD AV, s s e corner of Barrow St, 25.2x41.4; Greenwich Savings Bank to Harry Swanson, 224 West 98th St; attorneys, Lachman & Co., 35 Nassau St; $100

BROADWAY, n w corner of 67th St, 54.8x 82x75.10x131.8; Gesetwise Warehouse, Inc., to Charles L. Bernheimer, 18 East 41st St, mtg $245,000, All liens, Nov. 19; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; $100

CANAL ST, n w s Thompson St, 79.12x irregular; Geo. R. Batterlee, individual and ex, to Jane R. Gehweiler, 422 Franklin St, Elizabethport, N. J, Oct. 16; attorney, L. T. & T. Co., 160 Broadway; $4,000

SAME PROPERTY; Constance S. Chinlander, individual and extrx, to same, Oct. 16; attorneys, same; $4,000

SAME PROPERTY; Mary L. Catlin to same; ¼ part s. t., Nov. 19; attorney, same;

CANAL ST, n w corner Thompson St, run n 19.1x w 14.9x s 38.2 and 42.2 to street x s 25 ft to beginning; Leontine L. W. Batterlee, individ. and exec., extrx, to Anna R. Gehweiler, 422 Franklin St, Elizabethport, N. J.; attorney, L. T. & T. Co., 160 Broadway; $4,000

CANAL ST, 250, s s, 51.3 ft n of Church St, 25.7x57.9x25x62.6; Louis Surut to Isaac Hagedorn, 1,399 1st Av, owner; Chas. Schaefer, Jr., 3,586 2d Av, architect; cost, $65,000.

Alterations.

Broadway, n w corner of Columbus Circle, to a 3-story offices; Eno estate, 48 Wall St, owner; Sommerfield & Steckler, architects; cost, $8,000.

4th Av, 69 to 73, to a 5-story loft; J. G. Tomlist, 10 Astor Pl, owner; J. M. Baker, Long Island City, architect; cost, $6,000.

17th St, 127 to 133 West, to a 5-story store and loft; Baxter Realty Co., 123 Nassau St, owner; Rusling Co., 89 Centre St, architects; cost, $4,000.

26th St, 124 and 126 West, to a 7-story store and loft; 134-6 West 26th St; West 25th St. Building Corp., premises, owner; Rusling Co., architect; cost, $4,500.

Madison Av, 256, to a 5-story dwelling; A. Weber, 14 Wall St, owner; Cross & Cross, 681 5th Av, architect; cost, $7,000.

Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States to Ella Archer, 144 East 138th St, 24x74; Jacob C. Cohen, 31 Attorney, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway; $1

141ST ST, s s, 107 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; Gustavus L. Lawrence to Marie Lewis, 3 West 135th St, mtg $12,000, all liens, Nov. 13; attorney, John H. O'Brien, 51 Chambers St; $100

144TH ST, 421 West, n s, 20x99.11; Bronx National Realty Corp. to Charles J. Ryder, 625 West 34th St, mtg $10,000, all liens, Nov. 19; attorney, L. T. & T. Co., 160 Broadway; $1

17TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100; Abr. Zemkeer, Inc., to Joseph Rubin, 1,408 Crotona Park East et al, mtg $40,000, all liens; attorneys, Goldfein & Co., 350 Broadway; $100

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, e s, 23 ft s of 136th St, 23x84.3; Thos. F. McLaughlin and one to Margaret M. McDermott, 188 Alexander Av, mtg $4,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; $1,000

BAINBRIDGE AV, w s, 130.11 ft s of 184th St, 27x71.8x27x70.2; Walter Hedley to Maximilian Koehlenberg, 1,040 Bryant Av, mtg $3,000, Nov. 20; attorney, M. M. Alpert, 302 Broadway; $100

BAINBRIDGE AV, 2,942, e s, 24.2x118; Robert Classins to Samuel R. Wechtel, 2,600 Review Place, mtg $4,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

BEACH AV, 1,249; Garvey Bros. Co. to Jos. Kristan, 67 Charlton St, mtg $8,000, Nov. 20; attorney, C. H. Boechler, 1,136 East Tremont Av; other considerations and $100

BOLTON AV, s s, 100 ft n of 163d St, 25x 93.5x29.4x73; Rosa Freisen to Dora Frank, 1 East 120th St, Nov. 20; attorney, F. Lovison, 250 East 138th St; $1

BASFORD AV, 1,342, e s, 17.6x75.1x17.8x 74.11; Hannah Rothschild to Jennie Tockman, 355 East 135th St, mtg $3,500, Nov. 19; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,310 3d Av; other considerations and $100

BRIGGS AV, 3,984, e s, 25x110; Mathew F. Byanes to Patrick J. Joyce, 1,948 Stebbins Av, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

BRIGGS AV, 3,984, e s, 25x110; Patrick J. Joyce to Matthew F. Byrnes, 1,984 Briggs Av, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

BRYANT AV, w s, 100 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100; Harry Aronov and another to Samuel Andrus, 1,441 Bryant Av, prior mtg $6,000, Nov. 19; attorney, S. Z. Ettinger, 1,776 Bryant Av; other considerations and $100

CHOTONA AV, e s, 324 ft n of 161st St, 34 8x77.11x28x78.27; also interior plot; beginning; Frederick L. Siedenberg to Mary Bellnelf, 2,150 Lafontaine Av, mtg $4,250, Nov. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

CROTONA AV, e s, 202 ft n of 181st St, 25x84.3; Thos. F. McLaughlin and one to Margaret M. McDermott, 188 Alexander Av, mtg $4,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; $1,000

BAINBRIDGE AV, w s, 130.11 ft n of 184th St, 27x71.8x27x70.2; Walter Hedley to Maximilian Koehlenberg, 1,040 Bryant Av, mtg $3,000, Nov. 20; attorney, M. M. Alpert, 302 Broadway; $100

BAINBRIDGE AV, 2,942, e s, 24.2x118; Robert Classins to Samuel R. Wechtel, 2,600 Review Place, mtg $4,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; $100

BEACH AV, 1,249; Garvey Bros. Co. to Jos. Kristan, 67 Charlton St, mtg $8,000, Nov. 20; attorney, C. H. Boechler, 1,136 East Tremont Av; other considerations and $100

BOLTON AV, s s, 100 ft n of 163d St, 25x 93.5x29.4x73; Rosa Freisen to Dora Frank, 1 East 120th St, Nov. 20; attorney, F. Lovison, 250 East 138th St; $1

BASFORD AV, 1,342, e s, 17.6x75.1x17.8x 74.11; Hannah Rothschild to Jennie Tockman, 355 East 135th St, mtg $3,500, Nov. 19; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,310 3d Av; other considerations and $100

BRIGGS AV, 3,984, e s, 25x110; Mathew F. Byanes to Patrick J. Joyce, 1,948 Stebbins Av, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

BRIGGS AV, 3,984, e s, 25x110; Patrick J. Joyce to Matthew F. Byrnes, 1,984 Briggs Av, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

BRYANT AV, w s, 100 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100; Harry Aronov and another to Samuel Andrus, 1,441 Bryant Av, prior mtg $6,000, Nov. 19; attorney, S. Z. Ettinger, 1,776 Bryant Av; other considerations and $100

CHOTONA AV, e s, 324 ft n of 161st St, 34 8x77.11x28x78.27; also interior plot; beginning; Frederick L. Siedenberg to Mary Bellnelf, 2,150 Lafontaine Av, mtg $4,250, Nov. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

CROTONA AV, e s, 202 ft n of 181st St, 25x84.3; Thos. F. McLaughlin and one to Margaret M. McDermott, 188 Alexander Av, mtg $4,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; $1,000

CROTONA AV, e s, 234.7 ft n of 181st St, 34x77.11 x irreg x 28 x irreg; Mary Delbert to Sidney L. Lewis, 2,146 Crotona Av, mtg $3,000, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

DALY AV, 1,836, e s, 18.11x40.11; John R. Peterson to Madge B. Ullrich, 1,836 Daly Av, mtg $4,000, Nov. 18; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

DAVIDSON AV, n w corner of North St, 97.6x100; George H. Lorry to Independent Realty Co., 350 East 138th St, mtg $20,000, Nov. 21; attorneys, Price Bros., 371 Broadway; $1

EAGLE AV, w s, 25 ft s of 161st St, 25x 100; Anton Reubler to Philip Shapiro, 1,123 Kelly St, mtg $6,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; $1

ELLIOTT AV, e s, 81.8 w corner of Lot 27, Map 3, Olinville, 25x100; Wm. Wise to same x n 97.6 to beginning, part of Lot 37; Frederick Hochdoerfer to Joseph, Mary, Elizabeth, and Dana Colasurdo, 728 Barthold St, mtg $6,000, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

FAILE ST, 630, s s, 20.10x100; Harry Cohen et al. to Aron Teplitsky, 854 Manida St, mtg $10,500, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; $1

SAME PROPERTY; Aron Teplitsky to Wolf Lipman, 865 Fox St, mtg $6,000, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; $1

FOREST AV, w s, 144.3 ft s of 165th St, 21x 91; Katharine Framsak to Felix Kuharski, 814 Courtlandt Av, mtg $7,000, Nov. 17; attorney, J. L. Levison, 149 Fulton St; $1

FULTON ST, w s, Lot 85, Jacksonville property, 80x100; Sarah J. Catterson to Catherine A. Donohue, 1,341 Richardson Av, mtg $3,000, Nov. 19; attorney, H. H. Freeman, 3,904 3d Av; other considerations and $100

GERARD AV, e s, at s w s of 158th St, s e 170.6 to Walton Av x s w to point 25.10 ft n w from 158th St x n e 25.10 ft x n w 11.2x n w 178.3 to Gerard Av x n e 100 to beginning; Chas. H. O'Keefe, referee, to Walton-Gerard Corporation, 18 Exchange Place, Nov. 20; attorney, G. H. Carter, 52 Wall St; $22,000

GRAND AV, 2,490, e s, 64x103.11x36.1x100; Muller Cousin, to Annie B. Smith, 952 West 144th St, mtg $25,000, Nov. 20; attorney, E. J. Flynn, 320 Courtlandt Av; other considerations and $100

HOE AV, w s, 97.4 ft s of Home St, 22x100; K Charina M. Ball to A. Fleishman, 74 Suffolk St, mtg $5,000, Nov. 19; attorney, Phillips, J. & J, 1,170 Broadway; other considerations and $100

TOLLAND AV, 1,529, w s, 25x100; Therese Wachtel to Bernard J. Brady, 1,529 St. Ann's Av, mtg $3,000, Nov. 21; attorney, L. S. Marx, 116 Nassau St, e c, and $100

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,144, e s, 20x112.8x21.6x 135.8; Anna Hoffman and Mary Gold to Gold, 237 Livingston St, mtg $5,250, Nov. 20; attorney, J. T. Goldberg, 277 Broadway; other considerations and $100

LOT 63, map 338 lots of Riverside and Moshulu; Harry P. Bartlett to Warren S. Bartlett, 507 Madison Av, Oct. 29; attorney, A. E. Greene, 3 West 44th St; $1

SAME PROPERTY; Warren S. Bartlett to A. Lyman Greene, 3 West 44th St, Nov. 20; attorney, same; $1,400

LOT 174, map of Monatiquat Real Estate Co.; Patrick Kiernan to Dora Frank, 9 East 120th St, Nov. 18; attorney, I. Levison, 256 East 138th St; $100

MAPES AV, 2,143, n w s, 25x150; Annie M. Metzig to James Bonne, 237 Flatbush Av, Brooklyn, Nov. 20; attorney, James Bonne, 2,148 Mapes Av; other considerations and $100

MORRIS AV, 2,906, e s, 18x117.6; Cornelia H. Hughes to John D. Kroog, 1,408 Vyse Av, mtg $4,000, Nov. 20; attorney, Hess & Broadway; $100

RAILROAD AV, e s, 566.2 ft s of 144th St, 22x235.8 to Mott Haven Canal; Irving P. Fox to Jacob Ruppert, 1,372 Madison Av, 406 West 55th St, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; $5,000

SHERMAN AV, 947, w s, 20.10x100; Edw. M. Schlatt to Edw. Davis, 628 East 153d St, mtg $6,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guar. Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 62.7 ft n of Fordham Av, 25x65.9x35.2x40.1; Classon Realty Co. to Philips Dietrick, Inc., on Sound View Av, Nov. 18; attorneys, A. & C. E. Halley, 3,089 Westchester Av; other considerations and $100

TELLER AV, 1,380, e s, 16.9x88.5x16.8x82.7; Regina Wunderman to Mabel V. Sexton, 1,130 Colgate Av, mtg $4,000, Nov. 19; attorney, William A. Bennet, 220 Broadway; $1

TIMPSON PLACE, 436, e s, 16.8x95.9x17.5x 90.8; Beka Rybakoff et al. to Dora Butman, 165 Stuyvesant Av, Brooklyn, mtg $2,000, Nov. 17; attorney, William Wise, 320 Broadway; $1

TINTON AV, w s, 175 ft s of 163d St, 25x100; Raphael Realty Co. to Abr. Greenberg, 304 South 8th St, Brooklyn, mtg $35,000, Nov. 15; attorney, Ira L. Rosenson, 256 Broadway; $1

TRANSVERSE ROAD, at 200th St, 221 East, n s x s w 100 to beginning, 100x100; Wm. J. Little, Columbus Dr., to Mary C. Schnee, dec., 589 East 164th St, mtg $3,000, Nov. 18; attorney, J. C. Hanemann, 5 Beekman St; other considerations and $100

WEBSTER AV, 251.11 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 25x100; Dominick Romano to Wolf Adler, 482 East 179d St, mtg $6,000, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

WEBSTER AV, n s, 25 ft s of 209th St, 25x 100; Elizabeth M., wife of Harry B. Moeller, to Edw. O'Brien, 3,068 Webster Av, mtg $6,000, Nov. 17; attorneys, Martin & Jr., 100 Broadway; $1

3D AV, n s w s, 25.3 ft s e of 140th St, 25.6x100; West Mercer Corp. to Benjamin Farber, 1,631 St. Ann's Av, mtg $9,000, Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

4TH AV, e s, 42.3 ft s of 138th St, 22x100; Otto Ostertag to Angelina Rossi, 511 East 176th St, mtg $5,000, Nov. 11; attorney, O. Kaufman, 366 East 149th St; other considerations and $100

165D ST, 748 East, s s, 25x70; Edward Lefferovitz to Vincenzo Triolo, 748 East 165d St, mtg $1,500, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; other considerations and $100

215TH ST, 703 East, s s, 25x125; Wm. H. Weygandt to Philip Rossoff, 3,728 Willett Av, Nov. 20; attorney, Samuel Frank, 302 Broadway; $1

217TH ST, 151 East, n s, 25.4x114; Liborio Durante to Anthony L. Durante, 757 East 217th St, mtg $2,500, April 17; attorneys, Hilliard & Hilliard, 391 East 149th St, other considerations and $100

221ST ST, 6,874, n s, 99x114; Florence V. Frazee to Harry and Henry Oberwager, 421 West 124th St, mtg $5,000, Nov. 20; attorneys, Graner, T. & B., 140 Nassau St, e c, and $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CANAL ST, s w corner of Thompson St, 79.12x irregular, P. M., Nov. 20; Anna R. Gehweiler to Mary L. Catlin, 55 East 84th St, et al., executors, &c., 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; $11,000

HOUSTON ST, 49-51 West, s s, 100x100; Nathan Charap and another to Adelaide R. Read, 38 East 80th St, et al., trustees, 3 years; attorneys, Montgomery, B. & G., 2 West St; $50,000

MADISON AV, 1,128, e s, 25.4x84.10x irregular, P. M., Nov. 19; Daniel F. Farrell to E. A. Greene, 30 Lectia St, Philadelphia, Pa., and another, trustees, 3 years, 6½ p. c.; attorney, Stewart, C. & T., 37 West St; $32,000

WADSWORTH AV, s s, 99.8 ft e of 186th St, 30.5x100, P. M., Nov. 6; Mate B. Smith to Peter Alexander, Glen Spey, Sullivan County, N. Y., due Nov. 20, 1924, 6½ p. c., prior mtg $50,000; address, 93 William St; $13,000

WADSWORTH AV, s s, corner of 186th St, 42x100, P. M., Nov. 6; same to same, due Nov. 20, 1924, 6½ p. c., prior mtg $53,000; address, same; $13,500

4TH AV, 296, e s, 12.5 ft s of 26th St, 25x 74, P. M., Nov. 19; Samuel Blank to Charles Kalb, 413 Ashford St, Brooklyn, and another, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Schwartz & K., 320 Broadway; $7,500

14TH ST, 247-249 West, n s, 50x103.1, building 101.10x96.8x irr; Jos. Jaffe to Sigmund Lelle et al., trustees, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. M. Freer, 176 Rivington St; $1,400

FULTON ST, w s, lot 85, map Jacksonville property, 80x100; Catharine A. Donohue to New York & Suburban Co., operating B. & L. Association, 147 East 149th St, mtg $3,000, Nov. 19; attorney, R. H. Bertman, 2,904 3d Av; $6,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Sarah J. Catterson, 4,314 Vyse Av, prior mtg $6,000, Nov. 19; attorney, R. H. Bertman; $1

W. Bonney, 71 Broadway; $800

GRAND AV, 2,420, e s, 84.1x103.11x38.1x 100; Annie B. Smith to George Mueller, 300 West 49 St, 3d and another, mtg $25,000, Nov. 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, D. Mathewson, 35 Liberty St; $4,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Lucy Felustead, 57 Meadowlane, New Rochelle, N. Y., mtg $20,000, Nov. 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same; $6,000

GRAND AV, e s corner of 183d St, 100x50.4; Valentina L. Camarra to Emil Philipsborg, 1,128 Gerard St, prior mtg $6,000, Nov. 19, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Chas. S. M. First, 27 Cedar St; $1,500

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, s e corner 183d St, 50x54; Berkeley Realty Co., to Greenwood Cemetery, 170 Broadway, Nov. 19, 6 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guar. & T. Co., 176 Broadway; $10,000

HIGH AV, w s, 106ft n of

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Two-family frame house, latest improvements, 60 feet by 70 deep, garage for two cars, at 1,837 Waterloo Place, Bronx, near Crotona Park North. Particulars, apply owner, premises.

Elegantly equipped two-family house, four-story, in Harlem; steam heated, electricity, parquet floors; immediate occupancy; reasonable price. W 851 Times Harlem.

16-family brick house in the heart of Manhattan. For particulars see J. Diamond, 112 West 124th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORIES, 30,000 SQ. FT. AND 20,000 SQ. FT., FOR SALE OR LET; NEW ONE-STORY MODERN BRICK BUILDING; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; AT LABOR MARKET; FINE SHIPPING FACILITIES; 100% LIGHT; ALL IMPROVEMENTS. NOAH GLASS, INC., 287 MANHATTAN AV., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

If you are interested in some exceptional values in property, get in touch with me; am also interested in buying New York or suburban properties. Phone East New York 8218 or write Box B. G., 307 Times Square.

For sale, two two-family brick houses, finest section in Flatbush; steam heat, electric and all improvements; lot 80x100, corner; price for the two $20,000. Berlin, 32 East 115th St.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Will exchange fine building lot on Staten Island for Ford touring car, any model. F 823 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BALDWIN AND FREEPORT.

FINE COTTAGE, all improvements, six rooms; large plot; convenient to depot; bargain $5,200
COTTAGE, 7 rooms; large plot, with garage $4,200
BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE in Wantagh, 7 rooms, hot water heat; garage; ¼ acre; bargain in every particular; must see to appreciate $5,000
COTTAGE, 7 ROOMS, all improvements; convenient to depot; large plot; garage; all improvements $5,400
NEW BUNGALOW, 6 rooms, hot water heat, all improvements; 5 minutes depot; garage $5,450
BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE, 7 rooms, all improvements; large plot 75x225; 5 minutes depot, schools and churches; near Merrick Road; $1,000, balance easy $6,500
SPLENDID HOME, select section, 8 rooms; hardwood trim; garage 3 cars; convenient to depot; all improvements; terms $8,000
MAGNIFICENT RESIDENCE, select section, 10 rooms, 2 open fireplaces; all improvements; complete tennis court; near depot; 2acrES $12,000
FINE OLD STATELY MANSION, select section; large garage; all improvements; near depot; 2½ acres ground; large orchard; terms $12,000
LUERSSEN, 143 Milburn Av., Baldwin, L. I. Phone Freeport 1043.

Will sell my six furnished bungalows and nine lots, directly on ocean front, at Arverne; one block from Station Av. station, 10 minutes from Broadway for the more longsighted on property. Price $35,000; Big, steady rental returns. Samuel Freedman, Room 868, 1,545 Broadway.

Modern stucco semi-bungalow; six fine rooms and bath; all improvements; hot water heat, 90 feet frontage, garage; rare bargain at $7,000; cash needed $2,500. Geo. S. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., Freeport, N. Y. Phone 428, opposite depot.

New Semi-Bungalow, Modern and close to depot; six and bath, $6,500; seven and bath, $7,000; steam heat, all improvements, one plot 50x150; terms easy. Geo. E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., opposi e depot, Freeport, L. I. Phone 428.

Freeport bargain; finest street; eight and bath; all improvements; plot 63x150; to quick buyer, $8,000; cash needed, $2,000. Geo. E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., opposite depot, Freeport, L. I. Phone 428.

Freeport Village Farm—Eight rooms and bath; modern; heat, all improvements; plot 200x300; garage, fruit, chicken house; sacrifice at $10,000; easy terms. Geo. E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., opposite depot, Freeport, L. I. Phone 428.

Attractive new house, 6 rooms, bath; steam heat, gas, electric lights, &c.; garage; 10 miles from city; $6,000, $1,500 cash, balance easy terms. Edwin N. Rowley, 47 West 34th St., New York.

Property near water; stucco, six rooms and bath; steam heat, all improvements; $5,000. Geo. E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., opposite depot, Freeport, L. I. Phone 428.

Flushing house, centre hall, Dutch Colonial, 8 rooms and bath; $10,500. F. J. Bachmann, 2365 Fort Washington Av., St. Nicholas 4120.

Fort Washington house, overlooking Manhasset Bay, price $15,000; immediate possession. Frank M. Burgin, 540 Riverside Drive.

Garden City Estates—Stucco house and garage, attractive grounds; immediate possession. Frank M. Burgin, 540 Riverside Drive.

Forest Hills Gardens—Semi-detached seven-room house; no agents. Phone 6216W Forest Hills.

Flushing building plot, sewer, paved street, beautiful shade trees, &c., $2,000, part cash. R. L. Davis, 143 West 36th St., N. Y.

New York Seaboard—For Sale or To Let.

Any one wishing to purchase or rent property in the Adirondacks write Wm. H. Montgomery, Chestertown, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Bay Side—Fine estate, large house, garage, barn, chicken house, &c.; 17½ acres, including 2 acres woodland and brook; fertile soil, fine shrubbery, shade and fruit trees, one mile from Toms River; two hours' run from Ridgewood station; 46 minutes to New York. Apply Frank L. Bedell, 30 West Broadway, New York. Phone Barclay 8645, or 77 Washington Place, Ridgewood.

MAPHOKINE HILLS, NEW JERSEY.—New 7-room Craftsman house; sleeping porch; 2 acres; lands, tile bath, open fireplace, parquet floors, steam heat; gas, electricity; all improvements; superior neighborhood; near station, schools, churches; 28 minutes to City; 80 commutation; $1,000 cash; balance on terms. John A. Baldwin, 30 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5647. John 1599.

Brick Factory—Property 12,000 square feet; 1,000 square feet separate, 1,000 square feet equipped with 225 horse-power boilers; elevator and steam throughout; well located on Passaic Creek, Secaucus, N. J.; suitable for heavy manufacturing or dye works. Inquire by mail only. Louis Stern, 140 Claremont Av., N. Y. C.

Gentleman's country place, all year or Summer, beautiful water front on North Shrewsbury, 24 acres, pier, garden, fruit, 11-room house; furniture if desired, all good condition; immediately or January occupancy; easy terms; bargain $27,000. Owner, Room 26, 116 Broad St., New York City.

For sale or lease at Hoboken, N. J.; four-story and basement, modern factory building, 25x145 feet. For particulars and appointment to inspect apply D. Hugh Greene, 25 Ward St., Paterson, N. J. Phone Paterson 3715.

A VILLAGE FARM.

Three acres; modern 9 room house; barn, hen house, shade trees, small brook; horse, 2 cows, 300 chickens; automobile; tools, implements. S. S. Walstrum, Ridgewood, N. J.

TO RENT—East Orange, immediate possession, apartment 6 rooms; $120 per month; apply Hamilton & Co., 96 Broadway, and Orange, N. J.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

AN OLD, IMPROVED PLANTATION OF 100,000 ACRES, ON RIVER IN SOUTHERN CHIHUAHUA, MEXICO; PART UNDER IRRIGATION; NATIONAL RAILROAD THROUGH PROPERTY, WHICH JOINS TOWN OF 9,000; HEALTHFUL CLIMATE; TITLE PERFECT; CAN BE PURCHASED AT SACRIFICE PRICE. SUCH OPPORTUNITIES ARE FAST PASSING. WRITE LAWSON, BOX 1094, EL PASO, TEXAS.

Beautiful 10-room double house; improvements; $35; Keyport. Salkind, Melrose 4106.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

Four-story brownstone house; very select neighborhood; rental $2,300; immediate possession given. Barnett Co., 11 East 126th St.

Bronx.

Two family brick, 26x100, tastefully renovated; electricity, steam; possession $2,000 needed; price right; see 1,838 Longfellow Av. (1724).

Brooklyn.

RARE BARGAIN—FLATBUSH.

Fine brick, tiled roof, 27 room, 4 baths; 2 car garage with living quarters, large plot; Colonial style; all modern improvements; $42,000; worth $60,000. Apply EVANS & EVANS, Attorneys-at-Law, 8 Beekman St., N. Y. City. Phone Cort. 4951, or Flatbush 8619.

Hotel-room two-family tapestry brick house, two sun parlors, hot water heat, parquet floor; gas and electricity; $12,500; $6,000 cash; can be seen Saturday afternoon and Sunday. Bedras, 120 Sunnyside Av., Brooklyn.

OCEAN PARKWAY—11-room house, double heated garage, 125x100; $9,000 cash; price, $40,000; immediate possession; will decorate; must be seen. Schnitzer, 742 East 9th St., Flatbush. Phone Kensington 5082.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Queens.

A very good friend of mine owns a beautiful home in Queens, 8 rooms, bath and sleeping porch; exceptionally fine grounds, 60x100; the owner has accepted a position that takes him out of the State for five years; he has placed this property with me to sell. Price $10,000, and I honestly believe it is the best value in the county today. Excellent neighborhood, 6 minutes' walk to station; 35 minutes Penn. Station. Investigate this. No brokers or letters. Telephone 2255-J Jamaica.

New house, 7 large rooms, improvements, hardwood floors, steam heat; 4 lots; good section; 5 minutes' walk to Holliday, Hinsdale Av., Floral Park, N. Y.

Widow must sell fine two-family brick in good section, near station; $2,000 cash, balance on terms. Bond, 108 East 86th St.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

Out-of-town owner must sacrifice modern former home; in beautiful Wykagyl Park, New Rochelle, adjoining famous Wykagyl golf course; English stucco house, substantially built by owner for his own occupancy; contains 12,000 square feet, consisting of eight rooms and two baths; plot, 75x170; garage, North Av. trolley within 300 feet; five minutes walk to Wykagyl Station; all-night service; a genuine bargain for any one seeking a real home in Westchester; price $17,500. T. B., 210 Times.

For Sale—High-class all-year residence; 12 rooms, 3 baths; garage; large corner plot; Greystone-on-Hudson; 35 minutes Grand Central Depot; convenient country and best clubs; ideal surroundings; best proposition on Hudson shore. Write Harrington, 38 Old Broadway. Phone Morningside 5482.

Nice, six-room frame house on a hilltop, Hastings-on-Hudson; price $3,200, $1,000 down, balance easy terms; possession, any time. Rose, 1 West 45th St., New York. Tel. Bryant 2728.

I have several comfortably furnished houses to rent from now until June 1 from $100 to $150 a month. Address Chas. S. Faulkner, opposite Rye railroad station, Rye, N. Y., or telephone Rye 123.

At Mount Vernon—12-room house, modern improvements, partly furnished; convenient to trains and subway; reasonable rental. L 236 Times.

For Rent—Reasonable, until Spring, small furnished house, New Rochelle; walking distance station; immediate possession. Phone 2871J.

At Larchmont, new Colonial, 7 rooms, 2 baths; plot 115x100, $5. S. Keller, 121 W. 89th St. Phone 1351 Bryant.

Nine-room house, two-car garage; $50 per month. 124 Hassen Av., Port Chester. Tel. 902. Possession Dec. 1.

For Sale—Eleven-room country house with all improvements at Arlsley, N. Y. Particulars A. Knapp, Palisade, N. J.

Special Offer—Sale house, Chester Hill, 5ox 112; $10,000. Mt. Vernon 661-J.

Long Island.

EDGEMERE.

To close estate. Two beautiful stucco houses; 8 rooms and 2 baths each. Beamed ceilings; open fireplaces; wide concrete porches; French doors; large foyer halls; Colonial stairways. Completely furnished. Best section of Edgemere, one block from ocean.

$7,750 each—no commissions.

Phone Gramercy 2016 or write

AUDIT COMPANY OF AMERICA,
One Madison Avenue, New York.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME IN ROCKVILLE CENTRE.

Plot 4½ acres, 1½ miles from station; 8-room house, bath; large barn, chicken runs; 200 fruit trees; hot air heat, own gas plant; electric wires run to house; telephone service; one acre woodland, and beautiful shade, on main road. This would make an ideal home for retired business man; occupied by owner and can be delivered on April 15. This is worth inspection. Price $15,000; mortgage $4,000; cash $8,000.

DE MOTT ESTATES, INC.,
53 Front Street, opposite depot,
Rockville Centre, L. I.
Tel. 297-J.

Homes on the north shore of Long Island offered for sale by C. E. Tuxill, 47 West 34th Street; telephone Greeley 6296.

$14,500 for seven-room house, Port Washington, immediate possession.

$15,000 for eight-room house, Port Washington.

$25,000 for nine-room house, Port Washington.

$9,750 for seven-room house, Bayside, possession in thirty days.

$9,000 for house at Broadway, Flushing, possession in thirty days.

$3,400 buys an exceptional plot, Port Washington.

JUST THE RIGHT SIZE.

Built of tapestry brick, six rooms, tiled bath, hot-water heat, gas, electricity, sewer, garage. An ideal all-year home; quaint Colonial finish throughout; double oak floors; two minutes from Ditmars Avenue subway station, fifteen minutes from 42d Street (Grand Central). Better see it now. Take subway to 42d Street and transfer to Ditmars Avenue train on new Queensborough subway; a 5-cent fare all the way. Houses are one block from station in direction of the park. Local office, Rickert-Brown Realty Co., Ditmars Av. Tel Astoria 8796.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

Modern colonial home, seven rooms, bath, sun and dining porch; house finished throughout in excellent taste; grounds attractively landscaped; restricted section; good school and store facilities; seven minutes' walk to station; less than half-hour from New York; full particulars, plan and photograph; telephone or write, J. Withers, 52 Vanderbilt Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 7561.

FLORAL PARK, NASSAU COUNTY.

30 minutes by electric trains; just outside city line; attractive home town; low taxes; six attractive rooms, sleeping porch, and tile bath, with shower; parquet floors; grained chestnut and birch trims; all improvements, including gas range; perfect condition; garage; 4 blocks to station; $7,000. A. H. Goldsmith, Phone 239 Floral Park, L. I.

Flushing, Queensboro Hill—Beautiful grounds and views; 8 rooms; stone foundation, first floor brick, hardwood floors, lot 40x100; screened porch and windows, storm windows; good condition; $7,500. Owner, Phone Flushing 2469R, or Bayview 2211.

At Bayside, L. I., attractive 7-room house, ready to move in, with garage; 8 minutes from station, one block to trolley; beautiful plot 50x100; price $8,800; must be sold quickly. Pepper, 50 Northern Av., N. Y. C.

For Sale—English style new house, 8 rooms, 3 complete bathrooms; electricity; gas; garage; can be seen any time before 8 P. M. Shelter Lodge, Bayside, L. I. Telephone Bayside 523M. N 790 Times Downtown.

Gentleman's Country Estate—Half-hour from New York, 14-room house, garage, 100x200; every modern improvement; $22,000. Aldrich & Seyman, 8 Snyder Av., Bklyn.

Rosedale—Five rooms, bath, electricity, stoves; beautifully furnished; $65. Telephone Bryant 9253.

For Rockaway—To let until May 31, house, partly furnished, steam heat, 10 rooms. Telephone 1099 For Rockaway.

For Sale—Modern home, half-hour from New York. Phone Springfield 1876.

New Jersey.

FOR SALE,
ON WEST ATTRACTIVE TERMS,
NEW SUBURBAN HOMES
WITHIN EASY COMMUTING DISTANCE VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD; EXCELLENT TRAIN SERVICE; 4, 5, AND 6 ROOMS AND BATH; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; PRICES RANGE FROM $2,885 TO $4,900; TERMS, 10 PER CENT DOWN, 1 PER CENT MONTHLY ON BALANCE, WHICH COVERS INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL. U. S. HOUSING CORPORATION, JERSEY AND MITCHELL AVS., NEW BRUNSWICK, NEW JERSEY. H. C. HINCK, SELLING REPRESENTATIVE.

Bungalow now ready, white stucco; 5 rooms, bath; chestnut trim; bookcases, beam ceiling, paneled dining room, double floors, steam heat; $6,800, with garage; 20 minutes Fort Lee ferry, 424 St. Ferry. Capstaff, Lincoln Av., West Grantwood.

Ten houses, all improvements, near railroad and trolley stations, thirty-five minutes to New York; good location, fine neighborhood. Price from $5,500 to $7,500. Thos. Hill, Agent, Ridgefield, N. J.

New seven-room house; large reception hall; all latest improvements; hot-water heating; two blocks from trolley and station; lot 65x75; $5,000; immediate possession. Louis Horsch, Englewood, N. J.

Private house restricted section Weehawken Heights, New Jersey; opposite park; 8 rooms, bath; all improvements; 20 minutes ferry; tube; immediate possession. Telephone Riverside 5992.

Modern nine-room house, fully furnished, including coal; all improvements; garage; large grounds, good neighborhood; rent, $100; sale, $12,500. Phone 874, 768-M. E. S. Sheridan, Englewood, N. J.

Miscellaneous.

Beautiful 10-room double house, improvements; bargain; Keyport. Inquire Salkind, Melrose 4106.

Country Houses Wanted.

WANT SMALL HOUSE FOR MYSELF AND WIFE WITHIN THIRTY MINUTES NEW YORK, LONG ISLAND OR WESTCHESTER; WILL BUY OR RENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. PLEASE SEND FULL PARTICULARS AND TERMS. K 870 TIMES.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SEMI-FIREPROOF BUILDING,
containing about 12,000 square feet;
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION;
3,000-pound elevator; floor-carrying capacity about 200 pounds per square foot; excellent proposition for warehouse; low insurance. Reply W 864 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY STORE FOR RENT.

Most desirable location west side Broadway, below 116th St. Ladies' wear. Rare opportunity. Further particulars. Address R. M. 125 Times.

BROKERS.
5,000 Square Feet.

East 118th St., opposite church; alterations to suit; principal. G 581 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
OFFICE OR DESK SPACE IN FAVORABLE LOCALITY. CALL BETWEEN 12 NOON AND 5 P. M., THIRD FLOOR, 1,679 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 52D AND 53D STS.

Approximately 4,000 square feet for offices, showrooms, salesroom, or executive offices; no manufacturing; on 8th Av., between 23d and 24th Sts.; possession May 1; no brokers; principles only. D 138 Times.

Southwest corner 40th St. and 8th Av., three upper floors for rent. Particulars Silver & German 220 5th Av. Phone Madison Square 4717.

Desk room at 377 Broadway, corner Chambers St., very desirable. Apply Room 301, 377 Broadway.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Office, two rooms, furnished; 3d floor; large window facing Broadway at 42d St.; $185; immediate possession. W 371 Times.

Parlor floor in private house; suitable for doctor, dentist, &c. Call 10:30, 5:30, 224 West 20th St.

Desk room, with stenographic service, in refined law office. Call Room 604, 1,547 Broadway.

Desk room, furnished; light office; stenographer service. Apply 805, 100 Broad St.

Office Space in up-to-date building. Apply Room 1001, 32 Union Square.

Desk room or part office; desirable; reasonable. 847 5th Av., Room 605.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

FACTORY BUILDING,
about 25x100, with elevator, containing 12,000 to 16,000 square feet.
WILL LEASE OR BUY.
Possession on or before Feb. 1. Owners or agents please reply, giving full particulars. W 565 Times Downtown.

Factory building, 75,000 to 100,000 square feet, in Brooklyn or Manhattan; will lease or buy; full particulars wanted. Principal, Box 25, 1,619, St. James Bldg.

Long established printing and binding concern requires about 30,000 square feet, Greater New York or vicinity; owners, also agents, please answer. B 174 Times.

Wanted—In a modern building, 2 to 4 connecting offices, or 1,000 sq. ft. left space that can be partitioned for offices; location, Battery to 72d St. Pendleton, Box 268, 56 West 59th St.

Wanted to lease or sublease approximately 1,200 square feet in financial district; will purchase office equipment if desired. O 974 Times Downtown.

Garage wanted for motor trucks, 5,000-8,000 sq. ft.; Manhattan or Long Island City. Room 1014, 51 Chambers St.

Office wanted, between 23d and 59th Sts., quiet; best references; give details and price. L 187 Times.

Wanted—Office space, one or two rooms, by responsible party; any part lower downtown. O 566 Times Downtown.

400 to 600 sq. feet, from 23d to 40th St., publication office. Lehman, Madison Square 426.

Office-space or private office in law suite, Times Square section, desired by attorney. P 615 Times Downtown.

Exporter desires about 500 feet modern building from Dec. 1; give full particulars. Call Circle 2061.

Desk room, furnished; light office; stenographer service. Apply 805, 100 Broad St.

Office space wanted; woolen jobber; location 20th-23d. Phone Madison Square 1520.

Business Property for Sale.

Fireproof factory, 18,000 feet, new, gas, water, electricity, heat; large plot land, siding in; price $15,000; fine building; bargain. Ludden, 372 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

18TH, 307 EAST—Living room, bedroom and bath, gentleman; seen 4 to 9. McGuire, Gramercy 7007.

30TH, (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 bedrooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

32D ST., 24 EAST—Attention! Apartments, furnished, 2 and 3 rooms and bath; $20 weekly up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Leon.

54TH, 155 EAST—Two rooms and bath, partly furnished; $75; reference. Supt.

58TH ST., 35 EAST (Near Park Av.)—Two rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; excellent restaurant service; references.

41ST, NEAR 5TH AV.—Fine large room, two large closets, fireplace, hot water, electric light, linens; sub-lease ten months; $70. D 157 Times.

44TH ST., EAST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; southern exposure. Seen between 1 and 7. Vanderbilt 7469. Scudder.

45TH, 3 EAST — Bachelor apartment, beautifully furnished, maid service; $150 monthly, ten months' lease.

40TH, 21 EAST—My private apartment, balance of lease to October; attractive price for responsible tenant. Apply Superintendent.

49TH, 21 EAST—Two rooms; furniture for sale; lease at cost.

50TH, EAST—3 rooms, including kitchen, $200 monthly until Oct. 1. Telephone Plaza 4280 or inquire Janitor, 16 Sutton Place.

53D, 11 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $150 month, two months only; seen between 6 and 6. Kerman.

56TH, 114 EAST—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; on lease $200. Evans.

57TH ST., between Madison and Park Avs.—For rent, furnished; front apartment, two rooms, tiled bath, kitchenette, desired; rent including heat, light and maid service; $165 per month. Apply Collins, 749 5th Av. Plaza 6195.

68TH ST., 64 EAST—Very attractive apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid service if desired. Superintendent. Rhinelander 5588.

93D, 136 EAST—Sublet for two or three months, apartment, parlor, bedroom and bath, complete; $75 a month; references. Telephone 7351 Lenox. Hanson.

APARTMENTS—FURNISHED.

Choice localities; long, short leases.
East and west sides.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
347 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1465.

GRAMERCY PARK, 20.—Two rooms and bath, attractively furnished; all hotel service; $60, with meals for 2 persons per week and upward. Hotel Irving.

MADISON AV. (Opposite Morgan House)—Artistic apartment to refined people; two room apartment, from one to three years' lease; call inspect from 4 to 8 P. M. Carter, 2-8.

PARK AV., 196—Sunny, comfortable four rooms, bath and kitchenette; elegantly furnished by leading decorator; year's lease. Phone Murray Hill 7450.

TO SUBLET.

East 63d St., near Madison Av.
Will sublet apartment, two rooms and bath, well furnished for Winter, season or by year. Call Rhinelander, 3862.

Furnished—West Side.

23D, 9 WEST—Two rooms, bath, period furniture, phone, steam, service, $125 month. Pease & Elliman, 240 Madison.

43D ST., 229 WEST, luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week up; full hotel service.

45TH, 26 WEST—Two rooms, bath; southern exposure.

45TH, 241 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unusual; 1-3-4 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references. $60-$125 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 9360.

47TH ST., 113 WEST.
For musician, five-room housekeeping apartment, real kitchen, extension music room. Bryant 8515.

505, Near 5th Av.—Apartment two rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; $140 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

67TH, 44 WEST—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette. Telephone Murray Hill 286.

68TH ST. (cor. 7th Av.)—The Regal, a modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; hotel service; 3 rooms and bath; $120 up; references required.

70TH, 308 WEST (Hotel Thorndyke)—Two rooms and bath; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

87TH, 240 WEST, (The Clintonia)—Modern elevator apartment; newly furnished; hotel service; 2-3 rooms, bath; $90 per room up; restaurant. Tel. Columbus 134.

91ST, 40 WEST, corner Broadway, Hotel Pasadena—To lease, beautifully furnished two or six rooms, with kitchens or kitchenettes, $125 to $300 monthly.

97TH, 3 WEST—Elegantly furnished 3-room apartment; suitable for couple; $90. Col. 1276.

97TH, 40 WEST—ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR, THREE ROOMS, BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY, KITCHENETTE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; LINEN, SILVER, DISHES; $200 MONTHLY.

106—2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, apt.; beautifully furnished; elevator; $100. Col. 1276.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

TWO—LIVING ROOM, TWO BEDROOMS, real kitchenette, exceptional. Columbus 5670.

71ST, 55 WEST—Suites de luxe, two large rooms, excellent service, all home comforts; suitable for bachelor; $300 per month. Phone Columbus 9060.

72D, 53 WEST—Small apartment, bachelor or couple; nicely furnished; elevator, fireproof; $100; sublet to October. Call for Boyer, Apt. 6A.

72D, WEST.—Apartment (floor) three rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; $170. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, 244 WEST—Five rooms, elegantly furnished; grand piano; $300. Apt. 12.

73D ST. (2,103 Broadway)—Two enormous rooms; ten windows, southern, sunny, facing park; bath, shower, kitchenette, elevator, maid; restaurant; $250 a month. Columbus 5264. Richards.

73D ST., 128 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautifully furnished 2-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates; suites $125 monthly and up.

74TH ST., WEST, near the park—A sumptuously furnished 5-story American basement dwelling, 17 rooms, 8 baths; electric, elevator; rental $1,200 per month. This is an opportunity seldom offered and with apologies to the most discriminating. To one seeking a real home for the Winter we urge an immediate inspection. Apply L. J. Phillips & Company, Columbus 1835.

74TH, 131 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, bath, elevator apartment; maid service; $150. Marks.

77TH ST., 50 WEST—Hotel suites; parlor, 2 bedrooms, foyer, bath, and shower; sublet $166.67 month. Apply Room Clerk.

80TH, 307 WEST—Eight sunny outside rooms, 2 baths, grand piano; $275. Schuyler 1791, 2 to 5 P. M.

80TH, 307 WEST (Apt. 7 West)—Eight sunny rooms, two baths; new furniture, baby grand; reasonable. Schuyler 1585.

306—SIX ROOMS, TWO BATHS.
Short lease. Columbus 6246.

82D, 55 WEST—Large, light, furnished 2-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; $100. 10:30 to 2. Lieberknecht.

83D, 41 WEST—Five light, attractive rooms; ninth floor; $230 month. Babcock.

85TH, 124 WEST—Entire floor, consisting two exceptionally large, well-furnished rooms, bath, kitchenette; rent $250.

86TH, 10 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
Handsomely furnished. Particulars Phone Vanderbilt 1450.

90S, West End—7 rooms, 3 baths; handsomely furnished; $320. Phone Col. 1377.

7-ED, 234 WEST—Barely attractive seven-room apartment, exceptionally handsome furnishings, well worth seeing; season or October.

93D, (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartment hotel, new corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

94TH ST., 201 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, six, all outside rooms, two flights; telephone, electric light; three to nine months; immediate possession. Apartment 4A.

95TH, 134 WEST.—Four rooms, bath, and kitchen; $200 monthly.

97TH, 3 WEST, (1A)—Unusual bargain, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, expensively furnished; linen, silver; lease 6 months or more; $200.

102D, WEST (858 West End Av.)—Newly decorated two master bedrooms (twin beds), living room, bath, kitchenette; 8th floor; corner; absolutely first class; $250 monthly.

100TH, 255 WEST (West End Av.)—Charming one-room apartment; bath and large kitchenette; high class; lease $100; furnished, unfurnished. Telephone Riverside 7427.

115TH ST., 405 WEST—Immaculately clean, attractively furnished three-room apartment; kitchen.

119TH, 210 WEST (Hotel Cecil)—Just vacated, desirable two-room suite with private bath; full hotel service.

127TH ST., 609 WEST, Apartment 3F—Lady has living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath to share with refined young lady; $10 weekly. Call Sunday.

174TH, 590 WEST (Corner St. Nicholas)—The completely furnished front room, kitchenette; 19 months' lease; references; elevator. Superintendent.

APARTMENT SPECIALIST—($175 upward). Wickliffe Gray, 269 West 72d St. Columbus 3074.

Beautiful 4-room apt. on Washington Heights, 163d St. station; will rent for 3 to 6 months, $95 month; going to California. Col. 1277.

Bachelor suite, furnished; private house; near Columbia; $80. Phone Cathedral 6189.

BROADWAY, 2,860 (112th St.), Apartment 20—Spacious apartment, four master bedrooms, two baths; exceptionally well furnished; immediate possession.

BUSINESS LADY will share attractive two-room apartment with refined lady, 70s, west side, $50. W 387 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (corner 81st)—Two large rooms and bath, ground floor, facing park, beautifully furnished, exclusive family hotel, sub-lease to October. Call or phone Schuyler 9240, apartment 5.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
S. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

CHOICE furnished apartments, better class. Walters, 5 Columbus Circle.

CONSULT US. QUICK RESULTS.
F. R. Wood & Co., 123 West 72d.

DELIGHTFUL SMALL APARTMENT, $150 a month. Columbus 6246.

EXCLUSIVE.
Four extra large rooms, all overlooking Central Park; extra maids' rooms; $1,600 month. Phone Cortland 5535.

FOUR-ROOM furnished apartment from December to May, $250 month; West 10th St. Telephone for appointment. Stuyvesant 2174.

Furnished apartments (three rooms, no kitchenette) to respectable parties; rent $80 month. Apply office, 110 West 39th St.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—2-room apartment; quaint, comfortably furnished; bath, electricity, fireplace; $85. 11 to 3, 61 Barrow St.

GREENWICH VILLAGE — Part of private house; six bright rooms and bath; old mahogany, linen, silver, piano, electricity; references. 136½ West 15th St.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS in the Hobby Lobby for lease. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

LARGE APT., 4 OR 5 MASTER BEDROOMS, Moder Bldg. Columbus 5670.

MOST attractive rates in New York for two in a room; running water; telephone, hotel service, bath adjacent. Hotel Endicott, 81st St. and Columbus Av. Elevated station at door.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 274—Gentleman will share 4-room, beautifully furnished apt. with responsible gentleman or couple, or will sublet; all improvements; references. Box after 8. Audubon 4326.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 250—Furnished apartment, 4 rooms, $325 month from Dec. 1 to September next.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Will share beautifully furnished apartment, or let room, kitchen privileges, to refined woman. L 259 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740—Six rooms, two baths; beautifully furnished; grand piano; six months. Audubon 4570. Apt. 4.

TWO rooms, entrance hall, bath, two large closets, 12th floor, directly on Riverside, subway station, windows west, north, and east, newly furnished; lease leaving city; $165. Phone Columbus 1568.

WEST END AV. (90th)—Couple offer beautiful front bachelor suite, 2 or 3 large outside rooms; maid service; breakfast; permanent; references. Phone 7110 Riverside.

2 rooms, bath and kitchenette to sublet; excellent location; rent $1,300. Apply McSorley, 20 West 91st St.

4 ROOMS, seen by appointment, near 125th, West, with one-year lease. F 114 Times.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

Upper part 2-family house, 7 all-light rooms, heat, and garage, $90; Christian people. 647 79th St., Brooklyn; Tel. Bay Ridge 7794.

Furnished—Long Island.

Two-room and bath furnished suite, $65 month; single room, near bath, $20; beautiful suburb, 49 minutes from city. South Shore Hotel, Freeport, L. I. Phone 279 Freeport.

At Elmhurst—8 rooms, furnished apartment, spacious, modern, complete, steam, hot water, electricity; $125; housekeeping; 2 blocks subway station. Newtown 2107.

Unfurnished—East Side.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—18 new apartments. Collins Mesch, 4,198 Vanderbilt.

138 EAST 60TH ST.,
Southwest corner Lexington Av.
Apartments of 2 and 3 rooms with every modern improvement; all bright and cheerful; parquet flooring, electric side lights; tinted walls $60-$100. Inquire at premises or phone Lenox 165.

60TH, 42 EAST—Studio, bachelor's apartment; parlor floor, basement. Phone Plaza 2014.

72D ST., 162 EAST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; $1,100 to $1,500; possession at once. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Murray Hill 5600.

82D, 11 EAST (6TH).
New apartment offering; modern American light stone building; door and maid service; 2, 3, 4, with baths, kitchenettes; decorated to suit; fireplaces; $115 to $250, lease; immediate occupancy unfurnished or furnished; entrance floor, suitable physicians. $65-$300. Lenox 5817.

90TH, 16 EAST—Entire floors; private mansion; baths; housekeeping. Apply on premises.

93D ST., corner Madison Av.—Apartment hotel, new corner suite, 2 rooms and bath; $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,378—3 ROOMS, BATH, IN NEW BUILDING, ALL IMPROVEMENTS.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,041—3 large rooms, 6 large closets, kitchenette, brd, $100.

MADISON AV., 1,015—2 very large rooms, modern, bath and kitchenette; 1-3 room apartment, bath and kitchenette, best part of Madison Av, 70th St. Telephone Vanderbilt 7358. Ellis M. O'Kane.

MADISON AV., 771—9th Floor, east apartment, 12 rooms, 4 baths, immediate occupancy; rental $7,100; full particulars. Douglas L. Ellinman & Co., 414 Madison Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

88 WEST 72D ST.
FIREPROOF ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, ONE 4-ROOM, 7TH FLOOR, LARGE LIVING ROOM, 16x23, DRESSING ROOM, KITCHENETTE AND BATH; ALSO ONE 3-ROOM APARTMENT, KITCHENETTE AND BATH. READY FOR OCCUPANCY. APPLY ON PREMISES.

70TH ST., 154 WEST—One apartment of 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $1,300; ready for immediate occupancy. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

75TH, 226 WEST—One, two large, sunny, bachelor apartments; well furnish; fine studios; shown 3 to 6. Hale.

75TH ST., 216 WEST.—Unfurnished drawing room floor, overlooking Hudson River.

75TH ST., 116 WEST—Two rooms, bath, open fireplaces; last minute improvements; just completed; leases; $1,240-$1,400; references.

110TH ST., 314 WEST—Five-room front apartment, possession Dec. 15; rental $1,600. Apply Mark Rafalsky & Co., 21 East 40th St.

161ST ST., 674 WEST—3 rooms, rent $125. Apply at Hudson View Constructions Co., 800 Riverside Drive,

HELP WANTED—Female.

CLERKS.

THE NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY DESIRES TO ENGAGE A NUMBER OF YOUNG LADIES FROM 17 TO 20 YEARS OF AGE FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS IN ITS ACCOUNTING OFFICES.

EXPERIENCE IS NOT NECESSARY, AS THE WORK IS EASILY LEARNED AND ALL NEW EMPLOYES ARE GIVEN THOROUGH INSTRUCTIONS BY WOMEN SUPERVISORS.

THE HOURS ARE FROM 9 TO 5, WITH ONE HOUR FOR LUNCH, AND HALF DAYS ON SATURDAYS

THE WORKING CONDITIONS AND SURROUNDINGS ARE EXCELLENT—LIGHT, WELL-VENTILATED OFFICES, SANITARY LUNCH ROOMS, COMFORTABLE REST ROOMS, &c.

THE SALARY OF $11 PER WEEK FOR BEGINNERS IS INCREASED AT THE END OF THE SECOND MONTH, AND INCREASES ARE GIVEN AT FREQUENT INTERVALS THEREAFTER.

THE OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT TO HIGHER PAID POSITIONS ARE UNLIMITED.

APPLICATIONS FOR THESE POSITIONS MAY BE MADE, EITHER IN PERSON OR BY LETTER, TO MISS M. A. KERWIN, ROOM 502, 25 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

CLERKS

GENERAL CLERICAL WORKERS

NEEDED IN OUR

AUDITING

BILLING

FILING

AND GENERAL CLERICAL

DEPARTMENTS.

EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNERS

ACCEPTED.

THOSE EMPLOYED NOW

MAY PARTICIPATE IN

A XMAS BONUS.

CALL AT ONCE,

THE

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 WASHINGTON ST.,

BROOKLYN,

N. Y.

CLERKS

Young girl, over 16, to assemble forms and assist in mailing department of our 5th Av. branch; no experience necessary. Apply for personal interview

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

CUTTER, experienced bathrobes; steady; good pay; bonus. Jonas Brudage, 200 6th Av.

DENTAL HEGIENIST for select practice; state religion and salary expected. L 154 Times.

DESIGNER wanted by one of the largest houses, experienced on blanket, cordroy and eiderdown robes; steady position and good pay; all communications kept confidential. L 195 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

Experienced, well educated young woman for our 5th Av. branch; good salary. Apply for personal interview.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR FOR WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE. LERN & FINK, 100 WILLIAM ST.

DINING ROOM WORK.

OPENINGS FOR GIRLS OR YOUNG MARRIED WOMEN, FOR PART TIME WAITRESS AND SIDE WORK, WITH INSTITUTION SERVING LUNCH TO EMPLOYES; GOOD PAY; NO SUN. DAYS OR HOLIDAYS.

O 564 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAPERS AND FINISHERS WANTED; OPPORTUNITY. RICA COSTA, INC., 82 WEST 37TH ST.

FILING CLERK wanted by publishing house to follow up advertising salesmen's reports and checking on one of the advertisements, operate Addressograph machine; state age, experience, education, and salary wanted. L 256 Times.

FILE CLERK.

Young lady with special aptitude for detail to take charge of photograph files. Apply Room 8, ninth floor, Times Annex, West 43d St.

FILE CLERK and statistician; state age, references, salary to start, and qualifications. H 175 Times.

FILE CLERK—Young girl to learn filing. Fermouth Co., 440 4th Av.

FORELADY, experienced in handling help and in factory routine; new department being established; forty-four hour week; $25 per week; in answering state fully past experience; personal interview desirable. Glenn Spinners Corporation, Milltown, N. J.

GIRLS

WOMEN

ORDER PICKERS

PACKERS

STOCK CLERK

EXPERIENCE

NOT

NECESSARY.

MINIMUM PAY $12.

THOSE EMPLOYED NOW

MAY PARTICIPATE IN

A XMAS BONUS.

CALL AT ONCE,

THE

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 WASHINGTON ST.,

BROOKLYN,

NEW YORK.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS

FOR CLEAN FACTORY WORK; GOOD PAY.

DICTAGRAPH PRODUCTS CORP., ROCKAWAY ROAD AND BEAUFORT ST., JAMAICA, L. I.

GIRL for clerical work in office of publisher; opportunity in congenial surroundings and with favorable hours; salary to start $12. F 319 Times.

GIRLS, bright, willing, 16-17 years, for light, clean work; permanent position; opportunity to learn good paying trade. Home Pattern Co., 114 5th Av.

GIRLS, artistically inclined, to learn hand coloring on pictures; $12 paid while learning; rapid advancement. The Rotograph Co., 512 West 41st St.

GIRLS, 16, learn care department stocks. Yankee Notion House, Box 298, 1,819 St. James Bldg.

GIRLS wanted to sew on lamp shades and pillows. Apply C. Dodds, 28 East 22d.

GIRL, 17-18, for clerical work; experienced filing. Apply Smith-Greyl, 729 Broadway.

GOVERNESS—A very well educated French governess to care for two school girls, aged 6 and 8 years; private residence, West 70th St.; long personal references required; state references and wages. D 268 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS—Wanted, an educated English woman, young, who speaks good French, to take charge of a little girl of 4. Telephone Plaza 7813.

HOUSEWORKER, young lady to assist in household of small family; no washing; good treatment assured; nice home for good reliable girl that wishes good home; salary $60 monthly. Apply to Mr. J. C. Swartz, 1,382 East 17th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn. Call all week or write.

HOUSEKEEPER—Highly respectable woman for few hours daily. Call after 3 P. M. 422 West 30th St.

HOUSEWORKER—Wages $25; good home. Telephone Rhinelander 90. 300 Park Av.

JANITRESS (white), 2-family house, steam heat and hot water; 2 rooms and bath in basement and $20 per month. Call 12 to 3 P. M. Huberth & Huberth, 54 Lenox Av.

LADY WITH WIDE BRITISH CONNECTIONS TO ASSIST IN DISTRIBUTING AUTHORIZED SCULPTURED PORTRAIT OF HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES; REFERENCES; SALARY OR COMMISSION. CALL 111 WEST 57TH ST.

LADY of refinement to represent a high-grade industrial investment that pays 7½ per cent. dividends semi-annually; commission basis. Patten Typewriter Corporation, 83 West 125th St.

MILLINERS

To learn silk lamp shades; all-year position, good wages, light sanitary workroom. Waldo Co., 45 East 20th.

MODELS—ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON SIZE 16 JUNIOR ALBERMISCO COATS, IN SHOWROOM; PERMANENT POSITIONS. APPLY ALL WEEK. A. PORTFOLIO & CO., 1,363 BROADWAY.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Competent white girl, light housework, care children; good wages. Nagle, 274 West 94th St., Riverside 9873J.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted; refined, active; light duties; state salary expected. Write Box 71, Huguenot Park, S. I.

MOTHER'S HELP wanted. Apply S. Limpert, 822 West 180th St., City.

NEEDLEWOMEN, expert, for exclusive lace shop; excellent wages. S. B. Maurer, 38 Madison Av.

NURSE GIRL, sleep home; $40 per month, little housework, cook for 2 children; no Saturdays or Sundays; uniform on duty, from 7 to 4. Call 2600 Melrose.

NURSE MAID, experienced, to assist with baby girl 16 months old and do light chamberwork. Tel. Lenox 2943; Apt. 9B, 103 East 84th St., near Park Av.

NURSEMAID wanted, young woman to assist with two girls, 9 and 12; two other maids kept. Apply Sunday, 249 West 84th St.

NURSE, undergraduate, for immediate duty in small hospital; $40 monthly, room and board. Call 233 East 57th.

NURSE, night, home for invalids; some experience. 574 Palisade Av., Yonkers 5642.

OFFICE ASSISTANT of intelligence for congenial work in bright sunshiny office of publishing business; permanent position with advancement; no experience necessary; salary $15 per week. L 234 Times.

OFFICE GIRL, 14 to 16, large insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325 City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE GIRL, good opportunity in advertising agency. Phone Greeley 4766.

OPERATORS,

experienced on the very highest class women's dresses and waists.

Good Wages.

Ideal Working Conditions.

Splendid Living Conditions.

This is the ideal job you have been looking for. The plant is located but a short ride from New York.

Here we have a group of happy, well cared for, contented girls and women, each sharing in the earnings of the company.

Well equipped dormitories, giving room and board at cost, are provided for women without families. Wholesome amusement arranged after hours by the welfare department, without, however, any restrictions on the personal freedom of action of the employes.

Apply personally or by mail.

MISS HOOVER,
112 West 46th St.,

Saturday 9 to 12.

SALESWOMEN.

BEST & CO.
5TH AV. & 35TH ST.

TEMPORARY POSITIONS

Now open in many of our departments for

Junior saleswomen; $14 and Commission.

Saleswomen; $15 and up, with Commission.

TOYS,
BAGS,
SHOES,
GLOVES,
NECKWEAR,
SHIRTWAISTS,
JUVENILE BOOKS.

Apply daily by letter or in person at office of employment manager, 7 West 30th St.

SALESLADIES, experienced, for retail furniture; good salary; steady position required. Call Day Brothers, 404 5th Av.

SALESLADIES, extra, Saturday, $3; experience unnecessary. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be able to operate switchboard; must have good appearance. Apply in person between 9-12. Securities Trading Co., Room 306, 1,141 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping, contractor's office, Harlem; permanent position for right girl; salary moderate to start. K 1023 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced and accurate; state past experience and salary expected. O 558 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST—Must be good typist and have fair knowledge of stenography. Call 463 Water St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER (male or female); big Island City manufacturers; we will pay big salary if you can deliver the goods; state full particulars. Box 3, 1,819 St. James Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, with knowledge general office work; must know English; accurate translations; good composition both languages. Write O 576 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for brokerage office; must be competent, and will receive advancement as soon as capability is proven; good salary. Apply 76 Broad St., Room 537.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be competent; salary $15 to $20 a week. Apply between 1 and 3, Saturday, Room 730, 41 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER with not less than 3 years' experience; also knowledge of office routine; Griffenhagen Bros. Co., 247 10th Av.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, importer's and exporter's office; please state experience, references, salary expected. O 576 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Large motion picture corporation requires service of smart young girl; salary $18 week to start; good chance for advancement. L 202 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, high school graduate; state qualifications and salary desired. M 707 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER who has had experience in an engineering office; salary $20 per week. Apply Room 311, 1140 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER in lithograph office; Oliver machine; salary $18. Address, stating age and experience, K 816 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted; excellent opportunity. Call 3 East 43d St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wanted, experienced young lady, for permanent position. J. J. Wyl & Bros., Inc., 18 Vest 27th.

TEACHER Isaac Pitman's shorthand; capable and experienced. Call immediately, Alpha School, 2 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR in law office; write, giving reference, age, education; salary expected. O 570 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and typist for silk importer. K 659 Times Downtown.

TRANSLATOR for bank doing international business; must be fluent in French, Spanish, Italian; thoroughly familiar with commercial phraseology; give details as to experience, references when replying. M 727 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS,

EXPERIENCED

OR

BEGINNERS.

WE HAVE OPENINGS FOR

TYPISTS

WHO ARE SEEKING POSITIONS

WITH OPPORTUNITIES

FOR

ADVANCEMENT.

THE WORK IS OF SUCH A NATURE THAT WE CAN USE

THOSE WITH

EXPERIENCE

AS WELL AS

BEGINNERS.

CALL AT ONCE,

THE

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 WASHINGTON ST.,

BROOKLYN,

N. Y.

TYPIST wanted, by Christian firm; experienced, large corporation; pleasant surroundings; Remington machine; half day Saturday all year. Call 130 Washington Place, near 6th Av.

TYPIST—Experienced, capable of replying to letters without dictation; also to assist in general clerical work (for a Christian firm); give phone number when replying and state salary desired. Address L 162 Times.

TYPIST—Bank wants young woman to operate typewriter; stenography unnecessary, but desirable; also knowledge of Russian and Polish languages; give experience, age, and present salary. K 610 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced; must be good mathematician. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, reference, and salary expected. L 204 Times.

TYPIST, experienced in addressing. $8.00 per day. Call, M. A. Ward, 159 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN as examiners and finishers on the very highest class women's dresses and waists; good wages, ideal working conditions in a plant run on a profit-sharing basis.

Apply in person to

MISS HOOVER,
112 West 46th St.

Saturday 9 to 12.

YOUNG LADY Wanted as assistant to answer telephone calls and do filing; experience not necessary. Dissemar Agency of New York, Inc., 505 West 55th St., New York City.

YOUNG LADY in office of large daily newspaper; prefer one having high school education and knowledge of typewriting and near will over the telephone; salary, $15; hours, 10 to 6:30. Write giving particulars as to age, religion, references, and telephone number, Z 360 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, FOR CLERICAL WORK; KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING NOT NECESSARY; GOOD SALARY. APPLY Q. R. S. MUSIC ROLL CO., 816 WEST 35TH ST.

YOUNG LADY, stenographer and typist in publicity department of large publishing corporation; pleasant surroundings and fine chance for advancement; salary $20 per week. Write F 139 Times.

YOUNG LADIES to look after stocks in high-class retail fur store; neat appearance; good salary and chance for advancement. Call 384 5th Av., New York.

YOUNG WOMEN, not under 18 years, filing and clerical work; competent to be advanced to higher positions. Address P. O. Box 325 City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted as waitress 5 hours a day, 6 days a week; good home pay; written application only. Driscoll, 136 East 62d St.

YOUNG WOMAN in drafting room, must be good letterer; state experience and salary. C 686 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, high school graduate, wanted for clerical work. Otto Altenberg, 213 East 14th.

YOUNG WOMAN for advertising agency to audit bills; quick, accurate, and reliable; typist preferred. F 211 Times.

YOU.

If you are in doubt about just what occupation you should enter, just consider this fact:

Within the past nine months over 2,000 young women have been added to New York City's force of telephone operators.

And then consider this fact:

The increased demands for telephone service in New York City are such that between now and next Spring we shall be able to provide places in this worth-while occupation for 1,000 other young women. WHY NOT BE ONE OF THEM?

Apply at
1,156 Broadway, corner 27th St., Manhattan,
or telephone Madison Sq Official.
The Employment Office is open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

BRANCH OFFICES:
BRONX,
489 E. Tremont Av., 12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN,
35 Willoughby St., 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
1,326 Broadway, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
New York Telephone Company.

Instructions.

ATTENTION, GIRLS, LADIES! FILING COURSE, $15.

Learn telephone switchboard, typewriting, stenography, operating, stenography. Dept. 2 Brien, 112 East 19th.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. "BATT SCHOOL," 54 WEST 40TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, switchboard, clerks; $15-$25. Horrigan Agency, 38 Park Row.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT wanted, capable of taking full charge cost and general accounting for company in Middle West manufacturing nationally known product and offering exceptional opportunity; answer briefly age, experience, present salary and phone number, as appointment can be made Monday. L 208 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, between 30 and 40 years of age for temporary out-of-town engagement; state salary, age, references, and experience. O 544 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, classified experience, large salary for experienced man; one with following; write only. William Cleek 1,182 Broadway.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted for monthly magazine of quality circulation; splendid opportunity for one who has had experience in trade magazine field; salary not to exceed $40; state age, experience and telephone number (if any.) D 816 Times Annex.

APPRAISER OF BUILDINGS.

Appraiser acquainted with building costs; able to draw bills of materials and plans. Room 2202 Park Row Building.

ARTIST—A designer, good pen and ink man for cover and label work; only man with photo-engraving house experience need apply. Scientific Engraving Co., 440 West 31st.

ARTIST—First-class mechanical detacher; permanent position. M. E. Robertson, 34 Stone, St., N. Y.

ASSEMBLERS on small telephone work; good pay. Dictograph Products Co., Rockaway Road and Beaufort St., Jamaica, L. I.

ASSISTANT to bookkeeper, 18 to 20 years, wanted in large mercantile house. Address in own handwriting, stating experience, salary expected, &c. K 800 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY—Capable of independent work; state age, experience and nationality. M 871 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK.

ACCURATE AT FIGURES. NEW FEYMAN, CONSUMERS BISCUIT MFG., CLINTON AND PARK AVS., BROOKLYN.

BANK TELLER wanted; experienced bank receiving teller; give age, religion, and present salary. K 668 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK—Operate machine, also understands taking charge front caller. Box 288, 1,819 St. James Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, in wholesale importing house; one familiar with typewriter; $18 to start. E. Wolff & Co., 38 East 20th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPERS and ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS, thoroughly experienced, for permanent work in a prominent financial institution; must be accurate, neat penman, and have best of references; write fully, stating age, experience, salary required, and references. M 774 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT in wholesale house; must be accurate and experienced; salary $17. Write, giving full details. K 663 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER IN MEAT MARKET; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN THAT LINE; PERMANENT POSITION. CALL M. BUCKSBAUM & SONS, 792 COLUMBUS AV.

BOYS—BOYS—BOYS.

Several bright, active boys for office and messenger service inside plant; good chance to learn trade.

APPLY R. HOE & CO.,
2 SHERIFF ST., CORNER GRAND.

BOY—A concern of the highest grade wishes to engage the services of a young man to act at first as office boy; the salary offered to start is only nominal but the opportunity of advancement and of forming a permanent connection which will ultimately bring its own reward is practically assured to a young man of the right type; please give telephone number and full particulars of parentality and education in reply. K 603 Times Downtown.

BOYS.

A large wholesale house is looking for some boys, to polite, ambitious boys who want to learn our business we offer steady positions with good prospects; no experience necessary. See Mr. Schmidt, Jaburg Bros., 10-14 Leonard St.

BOY, around 16, for clerical work in a business where there is excellent opportunity for advancement; good pay, short hours, and clean work; this is an extraordinary opening for an energetic young man. P. O. Box 468, City Hall Station.

BOY, 14-16 YEARS, IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE MANUFACTURING AND IMPORT HOUSE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY AND TRAINING; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. ADDRESS T. A. W., P. O. BOX 760, CITY HALL STATION.

BOY wanted in office of large paper and twine jobber; excellent opportunity for bright boy willing to learn business; salary to start $10 to $12; give age, education, reference and full particulars. M 794 Times Downtown.

BOYS—Large corporation, located in Woolworth Building, wants two intelligent boys, about 16-17 years; must be of good appearance, write neat and have common school education; good chance for the right kind. P 801 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in advertising agency to make himself generally useful; salary $12 per week; good chance for advancement. Apply, 9 A. M., Room 1,403, 50 Union Square, cor. 17th St. and 4th Av.

BOY wanted in office of large chemical house; good opportunity. Address in own handwriting, stating age, salary expected, &c. K 649 Times Downtown.

BOYS wanted by New York Stock Exchange house; experience not necessary; must have good reference; salary to start $12. K 661 Times Downtown.

BOYS FOR STOCK DEPARTMENT OF LARGE LACE HOUSE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. CALL FRED'K HACKER CO., 31 WEST 21ST.

BOY, for office work; what we want is a fellow who is willing to work and advance himself. Call 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted for general office work; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Andrew Jergens Co., 599 Broadway.

BOY wanted by Christian firm for general office work. Apply Room 2660, Woolworth Bldg.

BOYS (17), excellent opportunity as assistants around delivery department, mercantile house. Box 392, 1,819 St. James Bldg.

BOY wanted, export concern; good opportunity and pay; chance for advancement. William J. Farrell, 89 Water St.

BOY wanted by large import and export house; good salary, with advancement. L 245 Times.

BOY for general office work, linen importer's office. M 757 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, strong; references required. The Elite Cloak and Suit Co., 226 6th Av.

BRIGHT BOYS

wanted for general office work by prominent import-export house; prefer boys just graduated public school. Apply Room 524, Equitable Building.

CABINETMAKERS AND BENCH HANDS wanted; several months' steady work assured; piece shop; rate 80c. per hour. George Mertz's Sons, Port Chester, N. Y.

CABINET POLISHER wanted; man with experience on pianos or phonographs preferred. L 211 Times.

CHEMICAL, MECHANICAL, AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS FOR LABORATORY, COMBUSTION, AND GENERAL TESTING WORK; MUST HAVE TWO OR THREE YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE; LOCATION ELIZABETH, N. J.; SALARY $125 TO $150 PER MONTH, DEPENDING ON EXPERIENCE, STATE AGE, TRAINING, EXPERIENCE, MINIMUM SALARY, AND WHEN YOU CAN REPORT TO A. B. C., BOX 24, ELIZABETH, N. J.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, to take charge of salad dressing factory; must be able to handle help and well conversant with machinery; good remuneration and splendid opportunity for experienced man of good, clean habits. Z 308 Times Annex.

CHEMIST AND SUPERINTENDENT; only those having had practical experience manufacturing soap need apply. Harral Soap Co., 133 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn.

CHEMIST, in Bronxe plant, for organic research work; state variety of experience, age, salary. K 662 Times Downtown.

CHIEF ENGINEER.

Chief operating engineer, 2000 H. P. vertical engine, plant with elevator, refrigerating plant and air compressors; must have 1st class licenses; unusual opportunity for progressive man; large N. Y. City concern of long standing, wants a good man for a permanent place. C. E., 233 Times.

CLERK, Spanish, South American import and export house; bookkeeping, correspondence; bonuses; salary advancement after trial if satisfactory. G 815 Times Downtown.

CLUB STEWARD, EXPERIENCED IN CLUBS; STATE FULLY WHAT CLUBS AND HOW LONG IN EACH; SALARY DESIRED; ANSWERS TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY; REFERENCES RETURNED. D 142 TIMES.

CREDIT MAN, high-class, can earn extra money by giving a few hours weekly of his spare time; for a concern that is desirous of extending operations; one with intimate knowledge of the Western Hemisphere preferred. O 576 Times Downtown.

CREDIT CLERK—25-30 years; assist retail credit manager large musical instrument concern; excellent opportunity, advancement; state age, experience, if any, and salary expected. Box 2, 1,819 St. James Bldg.

CUSTOMS DRAWBACK CLERK wanted by large pharmaceutical house; must be familiar with drawback requirements, preliminary and final entries; salary $30 per week. Davis & Lawrence, 16 Christopher St.

CUTTERS AND BUTCHERS, SKILLED SEMI-SKILLED; RATES RANGING FROM 50 CENTS TO 62½ CENTS PER HOUR; CARRIERS, 50 TO 62½ CENTS PER HOUR; BOXMEN, 62 CENTS PER HOUR; LADDERS, 62 TO 68 CENTS PER HOUR; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; ONLY AMERICAN CITIZENS SHOULD APPLY. NEW YORK BUTCHERS DRESSED MEAT CO., 37TH STREET AND 11TH AV. ASK AT THE EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT.

CUTTER

on highest class women's dresses and suits; chance for good man to locate in ideal, permanent job; plant is located but a short ride from New York; employes share in profits; splendid living conditions; exceptional working conditions. See

MISS HOOVER,
112 WEST 46TH ST.,
SATURDAY 9 TO 12.

CUTTER, expert and grader, to take full charge of cutting department of large dress house. Jesse Shulman & Co., 44 East 23d St.

DIE CUTTERS, experienced on dies for ornamental silverware; positions open in Detroit; good pay; car fare paid. Write at once to C. B. Shepard, care Manhattan Hotel, New York.

DIE MAKERS—TEN FIRST-CLASS DIE MAKERS; APPLY SATURDAY A. M. BETWEEN 8-9. PREMIER SPECIAL MACHINE CORP., 431 CANAL.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED.

DETAIL DRAFTSMAN; MUST BE DEPENDABLE AND EXPERIENCED ON MACHINE PARTS; REQUIRED TO COMMENCE WORK MONDAY NEXT. APPLY 9 A. M. SHARP TODAY AT 3463 WOOLWORTH BLDG.

DRAFTSMAN, JUNIOR,

some experience in structural or miscellaneous iron work. Apply Irving Iron Works Co., 36 and Creek Sts., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMAN—Junior position open to inexperienced man in structural iron work and lighting fixtures; experience in freehand drawing useful; rapid advancement, as fast as you develop. Reply by letter only, stating full age, full particulars. Kantack, Heath & Warman, Inc., 480 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMAN—Man with thorough knowledge of design and manufacture of small motors, generators, and mechanical appliances, with past experience on factory methods of manufacture and detail drafting. Apply, Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN, MECHANICAL, WITH EXPERIENCE JIG FIXTURES AND GENERAL MACHINE DESIGN; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. WRITE BOX 701, 1,717 BROADWAY.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced on small electrical starting motor designing and layout work. Apply Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN

for detailing and tracing work. Apply BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15th St. and Garden St., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN, with a few years' experience; good opportunity for bright young men. Elevator Supply Co., Inc., 15th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN—Expert structural beam detailers; steady position for rapid and efficient workers; salaries $40-$45. F 54 Times.

ELEVATOR RUNNERS.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GOOD SALARY. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, A. A. VANTINE & CO., 30TH ST. AND 6TH AV.

ENTRY CLERK—Understands entering charges from caller; permanent job. Box 291, 1,819 St. James Bldg.

ESTIMATOR.

Capable and experienced estimator on large alteration work wanted by general contractor; a worth-while job with an assured future to the man possessing proper qualifications; chronic job seekers not wanted; state full details in reply. M 110 Times Downtown.

FITTER, inside, on chandelier work; good wages, steady work. Apply after 10 o'clock. Dales Lighting Fixture Co., 147 West 13th.

FOREMAN

PEARL BUTTON WORKER

GENERAL FOREMAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF FACTORY; REPLY WILL BE HELD IN CONFIDENCE. STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED.

F 128 TIMES.

FOREMAN wanted; a man with experience on small armature and field coil winding to act as foreman; must be familiar with manufacturing starting apparatus and generators for automobile; in reply state age, experience, married or single, and salary desired. Box N 209 Cable Building.

GENTLEMAN WITH BRITISH CONNECTION TO ASSIST IN DISTRIBUTING AUTHORIZED SCULPTURED PORTRAIT HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES. REFERENCES; SALARY OR COMMISSION. CALL 117 WEST 57TH ST.

GENTLEMAN of refinement to handle high-grade industrial investment that pays 7½ per cent. semi-annual dividends; commission basis. Patten Typewriter Corporation, 83 West 125th St.

GRINDERS.

Cutter and production grinders on internal and external work; steady position, with the highest prevailing rates of wages. Apply in person after 8:30 A. M.

EISEMANN MAGNETO CORP., 68 358 St., 4th Floor, Brooklyn.

ICE SKATING INSTRUCTORS. Iceland Rink, Broadway, at 52d St.

INSPECTOR.

BREWSTER & COMPANY, BRIDGE PLAZA, LONG ISLAND CITY, HAVE OPENING FOR MECHANICAL INSPECTOR WITH KNOWLEDGE OF AUTOMOBILE PARTS AND EXPERIENCED IN INSPECTION OF WORK IN PROCESS.

JEWELRY DESIGNER Wanted—Must be capable of planning, designing and supervising the making of a sample line of high and medium grade men's goods; give past experience and all details in first letter; we will make no inquiries without your consent; an opportunity is here for an ambitious man with ability to make a permanent connection with a big New England manufacturer. Address P. O. Box 737, Providence.

KNITTER WANTED—EXPERIENCED ON LARGE CYLINDER SPRING NEEDLE, COARSE GAUGE WOOLEN YARN; MUST BE THOROUGHLY CAPABLE OF HANDLING HELP; IMPORTANT CHARACTER, LOYALTY, AND EFFICIENCY OF THE HIGHEST STANDARD; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN; STATE WHAT EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED TO START; ALL COMMUNICATIONS WELD CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 308, NORWICH, CONN.

LABORERS.

WE HAVE A JOB FOR EVERY

LABORER,

WILLING TO WORK AT

45C. AND 60C. PER HOUR,

WHO WILL APPLY TO US TODAY.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,

46TH ST. AND

BROADWAY.

MAN—GOOD ALL-AROUND DRY GOODS MAN, ONE WHO CAN APPROACH AND TAKE CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT; GOOD PROPOSITION FOR THE RIGHT MAN; CLOSED EVENINGS EXCEPT SATURDAYS. PLAUT DEPARTMENT STORE, 375-385 FULTON ST., JAMAICA, L. I.

MAN WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN A MUSLIN UNDERWEAR FACTORY, AND WHO IS ABLE TO TAKE CARE OF ONE; MUST KNOW HOW TO CUT PATTERNS. H. K., 200 CABLE BUILDING.

MAN wanted, experienced in adjusting all kinds of claims; reply in full, stating age, experience, and salary desired. Z 311 Times Annex.

MAN wanted to run small passenger elevator; duties light. Callophone Co. of N. Y., 151 Grand St.

MAN wanted to do watchmaking and engraving. Write or phone at once to T. A. James, jeweler, Petersburg, Va.

MECHANIC—Experienced, familiar with Edison phonograph motors preferred. L 218 Times.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—A position offering good salary and every chance for advancement is open to a live young man who has had experience on a A & B machine. Apply in person to J. A. Kavanaugh, Chevrolet Motor Co., Broadway and 57th St.

NIGHT PORTER wanted, one of experience; window cleaning, &c.; steady position. Callophone Co. of N. Y., 151 Grand St.

OFFICE BOY WANTED

by wholesale dry goods house, Christian firm, about 16 years of age. Address W. E. E., P. O. Box 43, Madison Square Station.

OFFICE BOY who would like to get in an office where his work will be appreciated and where his opportunities for advancement will be unlimited; Christian firm. Phone Bryant 2123.

OFFICE MANAGER; must be experienced in detail entry, bookkeeper and understand controlling accounts; one accustomed to installment business preferred. Write W. B., 61 2d St., Hoboken.

OFFICE BOY WANTED BY COTTON GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. F 586 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young, in a manufacturer's office. Address, stating age, references, salary expected. F 946 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, 14 to 17 years old, in commercial house. Apply 68 Wall St., Room 401.

OFFICE BOY wanted for law office; salary $12. F. H. Peage, Room 2832, 120 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY for silk importer; good chance to learn business; age about 15. K 638 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY—Bright, industrious young fellow for steamship office; $40 month to start. Apply 14th floor, 111 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY—Good opportunity in advertising agency. Phone Greeley 4766.

PACKER—Wholesale hardware; must have experience with packages and cases; $20; state experience and references. F 21, 407 Times Downtown.

PACKER—Experienced man to pack holiday merchandise; steady job. Box 380, 1,819 St. James Bldg.

PATTERN MAKERS.

WOOD, IN MARINE YARD.

WAGES IN ACCORDANCE WITH BUILDING TRADES LABOR ADJUSTING BOARD AWARD.

PLENTY OF OVERTIME.

BRING TOOLS READY FOR WORK.

JAMES SHEWAN & SON, INC., FOOT OF 17TH ST., BROOKLYN.

PORTERS.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GOOD SALARY. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, A. A. VANTINE & CO., 30TH ST. AND 6TH AV.

PORTERS—Men for day work in morning newspaper office. Apply Kennedy, 4th floor, Times Annex, 229 West 43d St.

PRESSMEN, cylinder, non-union, suburban plant; steady work, good wages; ideal conditions; references required. Apply Store, 42 East 23d.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PRESSMEN—Five web pressmen the new press in Chicago; must be thoroughly experienced and competent on half tone work; permanent position; unusually good working conditions; can earn $60 per week; fifty hours; non union. Apply Saturday afternoon or Sunday, fifth floor, 221 Fulton St. F 635 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, SENIOR, HAS FINE OPPORTUNITY WITH C. P. A. WHO IS OPENING A NEW OFFICE; HE WILL BE GETTING IN ON GROUND FLOOR; JUNIOR IS ALSO NEEDED. K 110 TIMES.

REPRESENTATIVES, with a following among men's wear and department stores, to carry one of the most well known brands of overalls on the market; commission basis; several desirable territories open. Z 457 Times Annex.

SALESMEN WANTED.

This advertisement is directed to those keen, alert, aggressive, intelligent salesmen who are up against a stone wall in their present business connection and feel that they haven't room to move; men who are convinced that a bigger opportunity lies in another field.

A financial institution finds a larger selling organization necessary because of rapidly expanding business; several good positions are open for men with selling aptitude and experience to sell a service on a salary basis.

The men should be between 30 and 50 years of age, should have active minds, good health, plenty of energy, initiative, tact, enthusiasm, and good command of English.

Experience in financial business not necessary.

When writing, be sure to give details as to:

(a) Age.
(b) Education.
(c) Religion.
(d) Selling experience.
(e) Nature of former positions held.
(f) Present position and salary.

Also state whether you think you will succeed best as face-to-face salesman, telephone salesman, or correspondent, and WHY.

The position calls for residence in one of our branch office cities.

Your letter will be treated confidentially. Address R 37 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.

If you have in your possession evidence of the strong convincing character that you are of the bullet down, jammed over type salesman—

Willing to travel—only limited by the United States boundary—

Willing to work the only one way the real salesman will work, "commission basis."

Write us just how much notes you can make in the selling world!

If we are further interested, we will have you call at this office and we will spread before you the King of road propositions.

This we back up with bullet down, jammed over evidence.

THE ATLANTIC PAINT COMPANY, 125 MADISON AV., N. Y. C.

SALESMEN.

Are YOU QUALIFIED to earn $10,000 or more per year?

We are expanding our business throughout the United States and Canada and need fifty or more capable men to represent us as branch managers in charge of sales offices. These men will draw large salaries, plus a bonus commission. Their work will be of the pleasantest character, but they MUST be WORKERS. Your WORK is our WORK and your SUCCESS our SUCCESS. If you are

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC, TYPE 57, VICTORIA COUPE.
CADILLAC, TYPE 57, TOWN LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC, TYPE 57, SPORT MODEL.
CADILLAC, TYPE 55, SEDAN.
CADILLAC, TYPE 55, TOWN LANDAULET.
FRANKLIN 1917 SEDAN.
PACKARD 1917 FLEETWOOD TOURING.
PEERLESS 1919 SEDAN.
PIERCE, SERIES 3, LIMOUSINE, "32."
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
19 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CRANE SIMPLEX 1919 touring.
ROLLS ROYCE English brougham.
CADILLAC 1919 4-pass., wire wheels.
CADILLAC 1919 sedan; like new.
CADILLAC 1919 Anesbury suburban.
PACKARD 2-35, tour.; also 2-35 sedan.
PIERCE ARROW 5-48, 7-passenger.
PEERLESS 1919 sedan; elegant condition.
MARMON brougham limousine.
MERCER 1919 brand new.
HYDE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
802-806 7th Av., Cor. 52d. Tel. Circle 1964.

CADILLAC, TYPE 57, VICTORIA.
CADILLAC, TYPE 57, 4-PASS.
CADILLAC, TYPE 57, TOURING.
PACKARD 1919 FRENCH BROUGHAM.
FRANKLIN 1919 SEDAN AND LIMOUSINE.
CHALMERS 1919 SEDAN AND COUPE.
NASH 1916 SEDAN.
MERCER 1916 LIMOUSINE.
(50 OTHER MAKES).
LOBELL AIRORN, 289 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC 1919 LANDAULET, repainted, fine wire wheels; will stand inspection of any mechanic; price $4,700. Phone for appointment. Kingsbridge 159, or residence, Tibbetts Av. and 244th St., City.

CADILLACS.
TYPE 51 "LL" VICTORIA.
TYPE 57 SEDAN.
TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
TYPE 57 TOWN CAR.
TYPE 57 TOURING.
TYPE 57 FOUR PASSENGER.
TYPE 57 LANDAULET.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC Victoria, 57, new 1919; also 1918, Owner O. M. Times, Dextertown.

CADILLAC Victoria Coupe; practically new. J. H. Lake, 157 West 81st.

CADILLAC 1918 victoria coupe; practically new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918 sedan; excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1919 town car; practically new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CHALMERS Dandy 4, coupe; looks like new; will accept offer; see Wisconin Car Garage, 418 East 54th.

CHANDLER SEDAN, 1918.
Beautiful 7-passenger; can't be told from new; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mr. Hyman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

CHANDLER, 1920 model, 7-passenger touring; driven 5,000 miles; two new tires; car in excellent condition; price reasonable. Gramatan National Bank, Bronxville, N. Y.

CHANDLER 1919 (outing, like new; used only four months and in perfect condition throughout; cheap. Studebaker Corp., 1,751 Broadway.

CHEVROLET Baby Grand sedan, 1919 model; used only 22 days; perfect condition; can save over $500 if you act immediately. Residence, Audubon 5600. Apt. 4C; office, Barclay 4507.

CHEVROLET 1919 Sedan; new car; run 7,000 miles; mechanically perfect. Mann, 409 W. 118th St.

COLE, sedan, 1919; run 3,000 miles. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Schuyler 3521. Open evenings and Sunday.

COLE Aero eight, 7-passenger; new current model; sacrifice. Telephone Cliffside 7110M.

DAVIS, 6-35—Beautiful eight-cylinder, seven-passenger sedan; in perfect mechanical condition; very reasonable. Studebaker Corporation, Broadway at 56th St.

DODGE BROS.
USED CARS.
DODGE BROS. SEDAN.
DODGE BROS. WINTER TOURING.
DODGE BROS. TOURING.
DODGE BROS. RUNABOUT.
DODGE BROS. COMMERCIAL.
These cars have all been thoroughly overhauled in our repair shop and are in best mechanical condition; the sedan cars have been finished in special colors; time payments can be considered. Bishop, McCormick & Bishop, Inc., Used Car Department, 1,249 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4100.

DODGE BROTHERS' roadsters (two) excellent condition; demonstrate. Elsey Motor Co., Concourse, at 188th St., Fordham 4900. (Dodge Brothers dealers.)

DODGE 1919, seven-passenger, beautiful sedan, perfect condition; cord tires and spare; complete equipment; $2,000. Phone Decatur 1987.

DODGE 1917 touring, excellent condition; privately cared for; fully equipped; $675; no dealers. Phone Fordham 1219.

DODGE Sedan, 1918; excellent every respect. Smith, 334 West 124th, Morningside 151.

DODGE sedan, 1918; excellent condition. Phone 1123W, Richmond Hill.

DODGE Sedan, 1918; reasonable. 216 West 88th St., near Broadway. Circle 1417.

DODGE Sedan, late 1918; no dealers. 236 West 50th St. 3274, Circle.

FORD Touring Cars, thoroughly overhauled motors, with new batteries, guaranteed to look like new; close out at $375 each. White Bros., Inc., 561 East Fordham Road. Tel. Fordham 11.

FORD CARS ON EASY TERMS.
$175 down, balance $10 weekly.
Immediate delivery. A. 1201 Times Bronx.

FORDS—Touring, roadsters, suburban coupe, commercial. 20th Century Auto, 350 West 54th.

FORD trucks, new; immediate delivery; time payments. Telephone Crosby, 5494 Wadsworth.

FORD Coupe, 1917; condition A1. 216 West 88th St., near Broadway. Circle 1417.

FRANKLIN limousine, latest model; perfect condition; fine upholstered, refinished. Runabout, 1917 model, 2-passenger, in good condition.

TOURING, 1918; newly painted and has winter top attached; slip covers; new cord tires.

TWO PASSENGER Runabout, series 3; in perfect shape.

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,418 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

FRANKLIN sedan, excellent condition, close-coupled latest type V front; recently refinished like new; new set 5 oversize 32x4½ Silvertown cords; complete 3 dome lights, card, cigarette cases, umbrella holder, speedometer, clock, etc.; market value $3,000; immediate delivery $2,450. Laurel Corp., 250 West 54th. Circle 812.

HUDSON SUBURBAN SEDAN, 1919.
Has 4,700 miles; practically new; Royal cords; demonstration by appointment; $3,000. Rippath, Seconds Apartments, 1,730 Broadway. Circle 2131.

HUDSON, 6-40 Sedan, newly painted, wire wheels, cord tires, fine condition. Dieffenbach, 642 97th St., Woodhaven. L. I. Telephone Richmond Hill 2212.

HUDSON 1919 Sedan, guaranteed as new; owner sacrifices. 1,028 Broadway, Room 406.

HUDSON Coupe, Sport Model, 1918, in excellent condition will sell at reasonable offer; no dealers. 212 Times.

HUDSON 1916 and 1917 sedan, 1918 cabriolet, 1918 limousine, and touring. 216 West 88th, near Broadway. Circle 1417.

HUDSON, 1918 touring; mileage 8,000; sacrifice. Dunsain, 60 West 74th. Schuyler 8080.

HUDSON 1919 limousine; overhauled and repainted. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Schuyler 8481. Open evenings and Sunday.

HUDSON 1918 brougham landaulet; like new. Garage, 333 West 70th. Columbus 7664.

HUDSON 1918 sedan; practically new; will guarantee. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

HUDSON 1919 SEDAN.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE, late model, fully equipped; all new shoes; perfect motor; extra shoe, rim, full set of tools; will demonstrate; bargain. 228 Hart St., near Sumner Av. Brooklyn.

HUPMOBILE, 1917; 5-passenger; good condition; new tires; slip covers, $750. Long Island Soap Co., 57 Bridgewater St., Brooklyn. Phone 4937 Greenpoint.

LEXINGTON 1919 four passenger speedster; used very little; wire wheels, bumper, motor-meter, minrrors, etc.; will sacrifice. Studebaker Corp., Broadway and 56th St.

LOCOMOBILE 1918 48 limousine; completely refinished, like brand new; an exceptional opportunity to purchase same model being sold today for list price. 23 West 62d. Mr. Stark. Col. 2066.

LOCOMOBILE landaulette, 1917; Westinghouse absorbers; excellent condition. Bacon Garage, 60 East 88th.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918, limousine; practically new; make offer. Seen 123 W. 64th. Meyer.

LOZIER limousine, late model, 6-cylinder; excellent condition; price reasonable. Lozier Motor Co., 601 West 47th St. Phone Longacre 1170.

LOZIER touring, late model, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger; price reasonable. Lozier Motor Co., 601 West 47th. Phone Longacre 1170.

McFARLAN 1918 touring; wonderful condition; will guarantee. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

McFARLAN 1918 4 PASSENGER.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

MARMON town car landaulet; owner going abroad; will sacrifice for immediate sale. Harris, 1,700 Broadway; Circle 1362.

MARMON 1916 "34" CHUMMY.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

MARMON 1916 "34" CHUMMY.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, like new; any demonstration. Mr. Wilson, 150 West 58th.

MERCER, 1917, series 22-72, four-passenger sport model; driven 9,000 miles; cord tires; finest condition. Smith, Morning, 151.

MERCER 1916-1918 sporting, 4 passenger.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

NATIONAL touring 1917, twin six; perfect mechanical condition; tires practically brand new; $800. Thomas, 93 East 12th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

NATIONAL sedan, 1919, 6 cylinder, like new. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway. Schuyler 8521. Open evenings and Sunday.

NATIONAL 1915 Cabriolet; excellent throughout. Can be seen at Belmont Garage, 115 East 84th.

OLDSMOBILE roadster, like new; auxiliary seats; bargain. 2,142 113th St., Richmond Hill.

OVERLAND, Model 81 roadster; lights, starter; good condition; seen Saturday; bargain, $285. 24 East 81st St., Hobart.

OVERLAND 1916 seven-passenger, six-cylinder; a bargain for $450. Stearns Company, 415 West 55th St., Columbus 2600.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.
Reconditioned; all models. Open evenings. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

OWEN MAGNETIC 4-passenger sport model; excellent condition; 4 brand-new cord tires, wire wheel equipment. A good buy. Franklin Co., 28 Branford Place, Newark, N. J. Market 411.

PACKARD 3-35 Twin-Six touring.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin-Six Fleetwood cabriolet.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin-Six Fleetwood touring.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin-Six limousine Brougham (Kimball body).
PACKARD 3-25 Twin-Six Fleetwood runabout.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin-Six Judkins convertible sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin-Six salon touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin-Six touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin-Six Judkins coupe.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin-Six Judkins sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin-Six Fleetwood cabriolet.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin-Six Fleetwood runabout.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin-Six touring.
PACKARD 1-25 Twin-Six salon phaeton.
PACKARD 1-25 Twin-Six phaeton.
PACKARD 1-25 Twin-Six touring.
ESSEX 1918 touring.
MERCER 1918 touring.
HUDSON 1917 landaulet.
MARMON 1919 sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1917 touring with extra limousine body.
Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y.,
1,261 Broadway.

PACKARD 3-22 touring car; very late, like new.
1918 CADILLAC roadster, like new.
1918 PEERLESS chummy, 4 passen.
1919 PAGE 4 passenger sport.
1919 CHANDLER sedan, 7 passen.
1919 MAXWELL coupe, nearly new.
1918 MARMON chummy, like new.
1918 NATIONAL chummy, like new.
1918 BUICK 7 passenger touring.
1918 HUDSON landau limousine.
1919 ESSEX touring car.
1918 DODGE coupe, like new.
BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,071 to 1,083 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1-35, seven-passenger touring; $1,750; in fine condition. Telephone East 1,2100, or write for Mr. Steinert.

PACKARD 1915 3-38 landaulet car; genuine eye-shape body; good condition; sacrifice. Hahl & Jaffe, 172 East 72d St.

PACKARD 1917 landaulet car, genuine 3-35; finest condition; bargain. Interstate Coach Works, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD Twin-Six, 2-35, touring; 8,000 miles. Magnificent. 257 East 56th.

PAUKARD 1919 five-passenger touring; Packard guarantee. Barclay 7446.

PARGE—Late 1919, seven-passenger touring. Just overhauled and repainted and ready for service, $780. Studebaker Corp., Broadway at 56th St.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, 38 h. p., town land.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, 48 h. p., 7-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, 48 suburban.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, 48 h. p., lim. land.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, 48 h. p., 7-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 38 h. p., lim.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 38 h. p., lans.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 38, brougham.
PIERCE-ARROW, Ser. 3, 48 h. p., lim.
PIERCE-ARROW, Ser. 3, 48 h. p., 5-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Ser. 3, 48 h. p., 7-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE,
BROADWAY, COL. 57TH ST. CIRCLE 167.

PIERCE-ARROW touring car; by gentleman leaving the city; car can be seen 1 Mount Morris Park West. Nov. 24, from 10 to 4.

PIERCE-ARROW and De Dion limousine, completely rebuilt and repainted; look like new. Zenith Garage, 808 7th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW, limousine, 1913, 6-48; open Sunday. Moody, 254 West 54th. Tel. Circle 6440.

PULLMAN light delivery wagon, 4-cylinder; bargain. Lozier Motor Co., 601 West 47th St. Phone Longacre 1170.

RENAULT—Beautiful, newly painted touring; latest style; $400. Belmont, 113 East 84th.

REO 6-cylinder 7-passenger touring, 1915; A1 condition; all new cord tires; $900. Mr. Noble, Fordham 4302.

REO sedan, late 1919, in perfect condition. Phone 8 to 9 for particulars.

STEARNS-KNIGHT 1915 four-cylinder, five-passenger touring, in fine condition; newly painted; extra tire; a real bargain at $575. Stearns Company, 415 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1917 four-cylinder, seven-passenger landaulet; five good tires; price right. Stearns Company, 415 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS-KNIGHT 1920 four-cylinder, five-passenger, slightly used; extra tire; new car guarantee; price right. Stearns Company, 415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT LANDAULET.
Must sacrifice my beautifully appointed late 1917 Stearns Knight landaulet car; in excellent mechanical and running condition, and equipped with many extras, including shoes, 2 spare, all in good condition; demonstration cheerfully given by chauffeur; only cash buyer and no dealers need apply. Address Arnold Sanchez, 229 West 43d St., Bryant 1009.

STEARNS-KNIGHT limousine. Fleetwood custom body; driven 1,000 miles; used three series; artillery wheels; ornaments, carpet hall runner. Coolland, 35 West 90th.

Bureau, silver, infant's wash stand, handsome ornaments, pictures, paintings, &c. Call Saturday, 2-3, 45 West 88th.

Reed willow furniture, November Sale; beautiful designs for all homes. Long Beach Willow Furniture Co., 233 East 41st.

Tables, chairs, counters, dishes. Brown, 200 West 124th St.

Purchase and Exchange.

WANTED,
a good second-hand snow plow for electric railway operation.
Address all particulars to
ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY,
Kennebunk, Me.

All makes typewriters, multigraph, dictaphone, mimeograph; adding machines; furniture bought, sold. Eagle Company, 419 Broadway. Phone Canal 3880.

Wanted—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3792.

Highest cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Paulan, 157 East 47th. Tel. Stuyvesant 5577.

Remington Typewriter No. 10, equipped with bill of lading type; excellent condition; cheap. Room 9, 401 Broadway.

Spot cash for household furniture. Bonparth, 185 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 1200.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Corporation wants man capable of superintending manufacturing of sheet metal specialties; also experienced salesman; $5,000 to $5,000 required; good income assured. Q 138 Times.

Have transportation proposition requiring an initial investment of $100,000; principals only. A 327 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

NORWAY
I want to take over agencies or sole agencies for Norway in articles of consumption; finest connections all over the country; first class bank references. Please write to: "Norway G. 1919," care Ohme's Bureau, Christiania, Norway.

Mail order article having natural market; manufacturer offers full partnership in first letter. Perle, 251 Linden St., Brooklyn.

AGENCIES wanted in all kind of American products. R. N. Gundersen, Asker, pr. Christiania, Norway.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brick manufacturing plant on Hudson River; in successful operation for over 30 years; abundance A1 material; easy distance New York City; an unusual opportunity; immediate possession; principals only. K 416 Times Downtown.

Cafe and restaurant, established 35 years, in the heart of the city; yearly receipts over $60,000; the owner wishes to retire; will make good terms to the right party. For particulars address or call 17 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

Give bubble party for youngsters; fun for grownups as well as children; full instructions, including bubble formulae. Write for particulars. Puckram Agency, Brocton, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Several tracts of long leaf yellow pine timber land in heavily timbered bargain for quick sale. D. S. Ruda, Laurinburg, N. C.

Three apartments, furnished, lease-d, rent $220, income $423. Address, P. M., 2,528 Broadway.

For Sale—Sacrifice, rooming house business. Write for details. 108 West 76th.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Money loaned on outstanding accounts, trade acceptances, notes, and commercial collateral by responsible firm at very low rates. R. K., 241 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Write for catalogue on hardy nursery stock; get your plans made for the Spring. Brown Brothers' Nursery, Rochester, N. Y.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OPERA SEATS.
For sale, two opera seats for season. Alternate Thursdays, beginning November 27. Excellent location, orchestra, on aisle. Z 350 Times Annex.

JOE—HOTEL AND BONDING COMPANY will accept $5,000 in full settlement amount due them by you; impossible to make any other agreement or offer any assurances. Write me. Dick.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I WILL not be responsible for any debts unless contracted by myself. Frank C. Kolb, 13th and Spruce Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles for Rent.

LANDAULET CAR for hire by month; owner drives. E. Sherman, 245 East 79th St.

CADILLAC, beautiful landaulet; Westinghouse springs; like new. Edward Boyle, Circle 4187.

CADILLAC cars for hire by hour, day, week, month. Phone Columbus 7834.

FIAT—Beautiful limousine to hire, monthly, or $6 hour. Phone Plaza 5254.

LOAD TO SYRACUSE wanted, thereabouts; padded motor van. B 227 Times.

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d. Phones 4210-5530 Bryant.

PACKARD twin-six limousine for rent monthly, weekly; owner drives. Harlem 2285.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILE department of Charles Shongood, 589-541 Broadway, New York, buys cars outright or advances 80 per cent. of the appraised value; the balance, less commission, upon the prompt sale of cars; investigate our facilities. Telephone Spring 4508-4507.

SEDAN wanted, either Oldsmobile or Buick; 6 cylinder, 1919 or 1918; first class condition only; state full particulars, with cash price, first letter. P. O. Box 83, Cacawanan-on-Hudson, N. Y.

1,000 AUTOMOBILES.
Highest prices paid. Telephone or write Root, 2,405 Grand Av., 3186 Fordham.

Automobile Bodies.

WANTED—Van body, 14x6½. Write Moe Greenberg, 367 Fox St., Bronx.

Automobile Repairing.

We make a specialty of overhauling and repairing Cadillac cars; painting and trimming by first-class workmen. E. Adanis Co., 304 West 49th St.

Automobile Storage.

DEAD STORAGE.
Heart of city, 77th St., corner Broadway.
$7.00 MONTH up.
BEHRMAN AUTO STORAGE,
2,180 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3521.
Open evenings and Sunday.

AUTOMOBILE dead storage, $5 a month up. West Side Storage, Inc., 310 West 143d St. Phone 3570 Audubon.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE
is a valuable asset to your earnings. Learn at New York's most complete school. Mechanical courses, $45; with Driving, $65. Write for catalogue 1, or phone 5270 Circle.
STEWART'S AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; school classes.

AUTO SCHOOL, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $80.00.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1,121 BEDFORD AV., BKLYN. DEPT C.

FOR SALE.

PAINTINGS.
Collection of old masters for sale privately direct to connoisseur; dealer. 66 West 84th St. 4-6 P. M. Phone Riverside 5000.

TWO Cincinnati heavy duty planers, 2 speeds, 4 heads, size 36x36 in x 12 ft., equipped for motor drive; Nos. 2 and 3 Cincinnati Universal milling machines, &c. Noble Mach inery Company, 180 Greenwich St., New York City.

Office partitions, desks, counters, show-cases, work and cutting tables, Bell motor power tables, &c.; quick action; eighth floor, 352 4th Av., Madison Square 3222.

1,500 A1 PILING, FORTY TO EIGHTY FEET, TEN TO EIGHTEEN INCH BUTT. WRITE OR WIRE MAX LEVINSON, NEWPORT NEWS, VA.

Bohn refrigerator, white enamel, nickel trimmed; practically new; $125, store price $190. 1 West 82d St.-Bk. Wright.

TIN CANISTERS OR CONTAINERS, large quantity; 22 inches long by 10 diameter, with covers. Phone Murray Hill 7450.

Boxes, 22 inches long by 14x14; large quantity; will sell cheap. Phone Murray Hill 1450.

Dictaphone, excellent condition; bargain, quick sale. Grant Sales, 15 Park Row.

Furniture, Carpets, &c.

SEVEN MAGNIFICENT PAINTINGS BY RECOGNIZED ARTISTS; MUST BE SACRIFICED AT ONCE TO CLOSE ESTATE; ALSO METAL HALL PICTURES. ADMINISTRATOR, 6 EAST 82D ST.

Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,239 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3565.

Beautiful carved hall chair, silk velour draperies, artistic lamps, gasolier, ornaments, carpet hall runner. Coolland, 35 West 90th.

Bureau, silver, infant's wash stand, handsome ornaments, pictures, paintings, &c. Call Saturday, 2-3, 45 West 88th.

Reed willow furniture, November Sale; beautiful designs for all homes. Long Beach Willow Furniture Co., 233 East 41st.

Tables, chairs, counters, dishes. Brown, 200 West 124th St.

Purchase and Exchange.

WANTED,
a good second-hand snow plow for electric railway operation.
Address all particulars to
ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY,
Kennebunk, Me.

All makes typewriters, multigraph, dictaphone, mimeograph, adding machines, furniture bought, sold. Eagle Company, 419 Broadway. Phone Canal 3880.

Wanted—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3792.

Highest cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Paulan, 157 East 47th. Tel. Stuyvesant 5577.

Remington Typewriter No. 10, equipped with bill of lading type; excellent condition; cheap. Room 9, 401 Broadway.

Spot cash for household furniture. Bonparth, 185 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 1200.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Corporation wants man capable of superintending manufacturing of sheet metal specialties; also experienced salesman; $5,000 to $5,000 required; good income assured. Q 138 Times.

Have transportation proposition requiring an initial investment of $100,000; principals only. A 327 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

NORWAY
I want to take over agencies or sole agencies for Norway in articles of consumption; finest connections all over the country; first class bank references. Please write to: "Norway G. 1919," care Ohme's Bureau, Christiania, Norway.

Mail order article having natural market; manufacturer offers full partnership in first letter. Perle, 251 Linden St., Brooklyn.

AGENCIES wanted in all kind of American products. R. N. Gundersen, Asker, pr. Christiania, Norway.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brick manufacturing plant on Hudson River; in successful operation for over 30 years; abundance A1 material; easy distance New York City; an unusual opportunity; immediate possession; principals only. K 416 Times Downtown.

Cafe and restaurant, established 35 years, in the heart of the city; yearly receipts over $60,000; the owner wishes to retire; will make good terms to the right party. For particulars address or call 17 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

Give bubble party for youngsters; fun for grownups as well as children; full instructions, including bubble formulae. Write for particulars. Puckram Agency, Brocton, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Several tracts of long leaf yellow pine timber land in heavily timbered bargain for quick sale. D. S. Ruda, Laurinburg, N. C.

Three apartments, furnished, lease-d, rent $220, income $423. Address, P. M., 2,528 Broadway.

For Sale—Sacrifice, rooming house business. Write for details. 108 West 76th.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Money loaned on outstanding accounts, trade acceptances, notes, and commercial collateral by responsible firm at very low rates. R. K., 241 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Write for catalogue on hardy nursery stock; get your plans made for the Spring. Brown Brothers' Nursery, Rochester, N. Y.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
E. E. Corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11.—"THE THANKFUL HEART."
8.—"FORGETTING GOD'S GOODNESS." An Evangelistic Sermon.
BAPTISM AT NIGHT.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 6 West 46th Street.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN at 11 and 4:30.
4:30.—"Foundations of World Peace."
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.; Men's Class, 9:40; Leader, Mr. J. H. Ardry. Women's Class, 9:45; Leader, Mrs. H. M. Bremer. Afternoon Service, 4:30; Young People's, 6.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR, L. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Where can we find God and where can God find us?"
8 P. M.—"THE GREAT PRINCE WHO IS COMING? THE WONDERFUL RECEPTION HE WILL HOLD, AND THE MARVELOUS THINGS HE WILL DO IN THE DAY OF HIS CORONATION. HAVE YOU ACCEPTED HIS INVITATION TO THE RECEPTION?"
Dr. Haldeman will sweep the whole course of the divine story from Bethlehem to the Coming Glory. Those who love a loving Lord and are waiting for His Second Coming, cordially invited.
Friday Night, November 28, 8 o'clock, "Babylonish Garment and Wedge of Gold."

JUDSON MEMORIAL—Washington Sq. Rev. James Bruce preaches at 11.
Rev. Cesidio R. Simbol at 8.

MADISON AV. BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
Rev. GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D.D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Our National Symphony."
8 P. M.—Ruben's "Descent from the Cross, Christ the Sufferer."
10 A.M.—MEN'S CLASS, Leader A. T. Brooks

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av. between 126th and 127th Sts.,
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL,
11 A. M.—"The Supreme Need of the Hour."
8 P. M.—"The Centering of James Russell Lowell."

NORTH BAPTIST CHURCH,
222 West 11th St.
Rev. ROBT. F. Y. PIERCE, D. D.
10 A. M.—Sunday School Service.
11 A. M.—Special Thanksgiving Service.
8 P. M.—The Nation's Gratitude.
Naval Masonic Lodges and visiting Masons escorted by Palestine Commandery, K. T., in attendance.

SHOULD CHRISTIANS ATTEND THE MODERN THEATRE?
Should they encourage with their presence and support with their money notorious immorality and deliberate Sabbath violation? Which will finally dominate the moral ideals of New York—the church or the theater? Shall a theatre trust, composed entirely of foreigners, longer control the main recreation of American city dwellers?
These questions will be considered in a sermon
Tomorrow Morning at 10:30 o'clock at
"CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,"
57th St., Bet. Seventh and 7th Avs.,
By the Pastor,
REV. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
Dr. Straton's evening subject will be "THE SERPENT'S POISON AND HOW TO HEAL ITS STING."
The ordinance of baptism by immersion will be administered at the evening service.
WE HAVE RENTED PEWS, EVERY SEAT FREE! EVERYBODY WELCOME!

WADSWORTH AVE. BAPTIST CHURCH,
170th-190th Sts., Wadsworth Ave.
Rev. H. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor
11 A.M.—"Bruised, Broken, but Hopeful Still"
8 P. M.—"The Master Builder."
SUNDAY SCHOOL, including Bible Classes for men and women, 9:30 A. M.

WASHINGTON HTS. BAPTIST CHURCH,
165th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. HARRY P. PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Stout Shoes for Rough Roads."
8 P. M.—"Who Won the War?"

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.:
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—123d St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Audubon C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,084 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.
Seventh Church—200 W. 52d St., 11 A. M. only.
Eighth Church—32 E. 78th St.
Ninth Church—Holland House, 5th Av. & 30th.
Tenth Church—West End Av. & 76th St.
Bedford Park Society—2,062 Briggs Av., 11 A. M. only.
FREE READING ROOM, 33 W. 42d St.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURES will be delivered as follows:
Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St., by Judge Samuel W. Greene, C. S., Dec. 4, at 8 P. M.
Fourth Church, 178th St. and Fort Washington Av., by Professor Herman S. Hering, C. S. B., at 3:30 P. M. Nov. 30, and 8 P. M. Dec. 1.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. Dr. Frida Idlenan, Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. Rev. Col. Coulter, Hutton, Picture Lecture, 8 P. M.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th Street.
Pastor, Dr. JEFFERSON preaches 11 & 8 P. M.
"WORK AND MONEY"
Thursday, 11 A. M.—Thanksgiving Service and Sermon by the Pastor.

MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St., 11 A. M.
Dean Charles R. Brown of Yale.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE.
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Services Sunday at 11 A. M.
Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Subject: "The Servant in the House."
The Bible Class meets at 9:45 A. M.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 64TH ST.
Sunday morning, Nov. 23, at 11 o'clock.
Speaker: Dr. FELIX ADLER.
Subject: SHALL TEACHERS AFFILIATE WITH LABOR UNIONS?
The Public Are Invited.
Sunday School opens at 9:30 A. M. Children of non-members as well as members are welcome.

Interdenominational

NEW YORK CITY TABERNACLE,
8th Av. and 14th St.
G. R. Meinard, Supt.
Sunday, 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., Evangelist
J. C. O'HAIR,
Chicago, Ill.
Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri., 7:45 P. M., DR. CHAS. INGLIS,
London, Eng.
Thanksgiving Service, Thursday, 10 A. M.
EVERYBODY WELCOME. SEATS FREE.

THANKSGIVING
at the
BOWERY MISSION,
227 Bowery,
THURSDAY, NOV. 27TH, 1919,
8 P. M.
Home Gathering of Bowery Men.
Dinners to Four Hundred.

THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Northeast Corner 104th St. and Broadway.
Rev. WILLIAM ALLAN, Pastor.
11, "What God Can Do With An Obscure Life; "8, "The Jew at the Head of the Best Civilization the World Has Ever Seen." Special music at evening service.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Very Rev. HOWARD CHANDLER ROBBINS, D. D., Dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Jewish

FREE SYNAGOGUE, CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY MORNING, 10:45.
DR. WISE,
"THE MESSAGE OF THE PROPHETS TO 1919."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANUEL,
5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M.—Dr. Enelow on "Need Jews Become Christian?"
Sunday, 11:15 A. M.—Dr. Silverman on "Marriage As It Ought to Be."
Monday, 11 A. M.—Dr. Enelow on "The Bible and the New Ethics."
Daily Noon Service, 12:30.
All Are Welcome.

Lutheran

THE CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway at 93d St.
Rev. Augustus Stadig, D. D., Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th Street and Central Park West.
Dr. Charles J. Smith will preach at 11 A. M.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d St. Dr. Romenzyder at 11.

Methodist Episcopal

BEEKMAN HILL, 50th St., east of 2d Av., 11 and 8, Rev. GEORGE ADAMS, D. D.

GRACE, WEST 104TH ST.
TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY LATING OF CORNERSTONE; FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF ORGANIZATION.
11.—Rev. Earl Sequier Tipple, D. D.; 7:45 Rev. C. F. Heisner, D. D., Billy Sunday Choir, with Tali Esen Morgan. Tuesday, Nov. 25, "Old Home Night." Former members especially invited.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH,
44 John St.
Methodism's Mother Church in America. Ardent Shrine attracts worldwide visitors. Rev. L. R. STREETER, D. D., 11 and 7:30.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Dr. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Pastor.
11.—"Reservation in Religion."
8.—"Credit." The choir will sing selections from Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise."
6.—Social Tea and Epworth League.
Union Thanksgiving Service at Central Presbyterian Church, 10 A. M. Dr

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—A small single-clasp purse, on Lexington Av. subway, from 59th to Wassaic; with some small change and two gold pins, the pins being keepsakes for a child, one an oakleaf, the other a pond lily design; owner values same dearly; reward. Mrs. Hawkins, care The Bronx, 604 Lexington Av., New York City.

LOST—Diamond and platinum earrings, large centre stone with about eight small stones each side, on Broadway car, Astor Hotel, Playhouse Theatre or street; very liberal reward. Communicate 19 West 50th St., Apt. 9C. Telephone Columbus 8280.

LOST—Black seal ring, Thursday morning, ladies' room, lobby floor, Hotel Pennsylvania; long, pear-shaped stone, twisted gold setting. Liberal reward. M. Hamilton, Secretary, 1704, 527 4th Av. Phone Gramercy 4800.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 18, gold mesh pocketbook with small chain pocketbook, pencil, and vanity case, initials engraved on rim A. C. M. L., between 106th and 116th Sts. on Riverside Drive. Liberal reward. 234 West 109th St., Apt. 3-12. Riverside 1088.

LOST—On Thursday, lady's Waltham gold watch between Times Square and Brooklyn; monogram "L. E. S.," with gold fob on black ribbon; reward. L. E. Vyne, 228 West 30th St., N. Y. Phone 3400 Bryant.

LOST—Thursday, gold pin with black enamel design, on subway from Brooklyn to Wall St.; sentimental worth; owner values because of age; reward. Miss Umland, Room 802, 25 Broad St. Tel. Broad 3733.

LOST—Certificate A-25167 in the name of Margaret E. Geal for two (2) shares of the common stock of the United States Rubber Company. Address M. L. G., 926 Madison Av., Albany, N. Y.

LOST—Dress suit case bearing the initials "M. A. C.," containing wearing apparel and private papers, Monday, at Pennsylvania Station. Suitable reward for return to Diego Jiminez, Motel Ansonia.

LOST—Black wallet containing a quantity of diamonds, corner John and Nassau Sts.; need of finder as check and notes inside; liberal reward offered. Flaksr Bros., 74 Nassau.

LOST—Between Playhouse Theatre and 50th St. subway station, in Interborough subway, or between subway and foot of Liberty; platinum diamond bar pin; substantial reward. K 548 Times Downtown.

LOST—From 42 East 49th St., a black and white wire-haired fox terrier; license tag on his collar; boy's pet; please return to above address; will get $25 reward.

LOST—Brown skunk fackpiece, near Times Square, Brooklyn express, Wednesday, 6 P. M.; liberal reward. Miss Smith, Hotel Albert, 11th St. and University Place.

LOST—Small black purse, containing between $50 and $60, somewhere between Schraft's and Broad St. and 61 Broadway. Finder return to 2,018, 61 Broadway; reward.

LOST—A large diamond horseshoe, Friday evening, outside Ritz-Carlton Hotel or 59th St. and 5th Av.; reward. F 149 Times.

LOST—On way from Flatbush to Bronx, grip with painter's tools; important. Please notify Plaza 3289 before 1; after 1, Fordham 2810. Reward.

LOST—Between 44th St., Pennsylvania Terminal, lady's small wrist watch, initials E. Stitgraves; reward. Address Mrs. Stitgraves, Easton, Pa.

LOST—On Friday afternoon, Nov. 21, diamond bar pin, 2 inches long, small diamond in centre. Reward, no questions asked. If returned to Cartier, 653 5th Av., New York.

LOST—Lady's sealskin coat between Staten Island Ferry and Fox Hills Army Hospital. Liberal reward if returned. Nils Fogelgren, 176 East 71st St.

LOST—Irving Place, between 19th and 20th Sts., lady's gold ring, aquamarine stone; reward. J. Ferber, 26 Gramercy Park, Gramercy 6398.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire bracelet Thursday evening, between Ritz-Carlton and Metropolitan Opera House; reward. Cyril P. Pelz, 665 5th Av.

LOST—$25 reward, small diamond pendant, Wednesday evening, from Biltmore Hotel to Ritz-Carlton. Return cashier Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Thursday evening, from 10th to 20th St., lady's gold watch, 2 diamond pin; reward. Morgan, 44 West 10th St.

LOST—On H. M. S. Renown, Thursday afternoon, gold lipstick and powder box; reward. F 151 Times.

LOST—Boston shopping bag containing valuables; Monday, between 9:30 and 10 A. M.; reward if found. L 192 Times.

LOST—Bag with books and notes of no importance to other than owner; reward $10. 83 West 55th.

LOST—Sable neck piece on subway, East 125th St. Reward, no questions asked. Finder return. L 237 Times.

LOST—Beaded pocketbook, Friday, southbound Lexington local; reward. Meagher, 145 East 82d.

LOST—Black fox scarf, around Broadway and 125th St.; return for reward. Apartment 20, 2117 Broadway.

LOST—Gold bracelet wrist watch, 6th Av., 58th; reward. D 183 Times.

LOST—Black caracul muff, in Riverside bus; reward. B. Goldenberg, 866 West End Av.

FOUND—Wednesday, gold scarfpin, on Flushing, L. I., train. F 150 Times.

STOLEN—Two $100 bonds, Victory 4¾, B2220563-4. Notify L. 839 Times.

PLATINUM WEDDING RING and platinum engagement ring lost in ladies' room of Florence Inn at Tarrytown. Finder please phone 5716 Melrose; liberal reward offered.

REWARD offered for return of gold mesh bag lost early Thursday morning between Hotel Knickerbocker and Hotel Robert Fulton. L 208 Times Annex.

$50 REWARD—Lost, Nov. 19, 1919, in or near Wanamaker's or the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, solitaire diamond surrounded with black enamel hanging from bar of three small diamonds, with small platinum neck-chain. Return to Edward H. Tatum, 20 Broad St., New York City. No questions asked.

$25.00 REWARD

for return of amethyst and pearl memorial ring, inscribed "To Aline, in Memory of Harry." Left in ladies' dressing room, Plaza Hotel, Nov. 18. Peter Henderson, Hotel Majestic, 76 Centralpark St.

$50 REWARD

No questions asked, return gold and black enamel vanity case, monogram M. L., lost Oct. 29. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$100 REWARD for platinum and diamond bar pin, lost about Nov. 17, between Broadway, 42d St. and 125th St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$500 REWARD for return of pearl necklace, diamond platinum catch, lost last Sunday. Return to Cashier, Biltmore Hotel.

FOUND—Beaded bag in taxi Tuesday night. GOLDEN PHEASANT RESTAURANT, 30 West 34th St.

FOUND—On Broadway, 1.45 Monday afternoon, feather. Call Audubon 3868R.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—Pekinese dog, reddish brown color, white chest and paws, large lumps on stomach; name Pookie; not a valuable dog to any one but owner. Substantial reward for return or for any information. A. C. Laidlum, 530 West End Av. Schuyler 9706.

LOST—Boston bull; color, brindle; long linked tail; collar marked "Billy." H. W. G. Thomas, Cedar Vale, N. J.; reward. Telephone Riverside 9480.

LOST—Near 93d St. and Central Park West, black bulldog; answers to name Bettie. Return to William Turney, 132 West 94th. Liberal reward.

LOST—Small white puppy, 86th St. and West End Av.; reward. 336 West 80th. Tel. Schuyler 9667.

BERT H. SATZ

DIAMONDS
WATCHES & JEWELRY

1604 BROADWAY
AT 49TH ST.
Removes to 1612 Broadway, Nov. 20

COURT FINDS B. R. T. NEEDS 8-CENT FARE

Judge Mayer Gives Out Stone & Webster's Report, Showing System Near Disintegration.

ALL LINES FACE DEFICITS

Surface Lines Need Millions for Restoration—Hardship for Outlying Sections Predicted.

The report of Stone & Webster on the financial condition of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was made public yesterday by Federal Judge Mayer, who filed a memorandum with it saying in effect that continued operation of the surface and rapid transit lines of the company was necessary for the public welfare, and suggesting that a solution of the transit problem, fair to all, should not be difficult to find.

The gist of the report is that the B. R. T. system cannot survive without an 8-cent fare on all lines and the continuation of the 2-cent transfer charge on the surface lines. Unless this increase is brought about, it is said, the operation of many of the surface lines must be discontinued. Concerning the rapid transit lines the report says:

"It will take an 8-cent fare to cover the company's preferential and provide a substantial return upon the city's investment (including cost of completion) of more than $150,000,000, although a 7-cent fare will yield a surplus above the company's preferential and a somewhat larger surplus above its fixed charges."

The total amount of outstanding securities is given as $231,896,745, and the earnings of the entire system on this amount for the current fiscal year, above operating expenses and taxes, is given as $3,870,000. It is pointed out that this represents about 2½ per cent. on the outstanding obligations, and about 1¾ per cent. on the outstanding securities.

"The decrease in earnings due to the war," the report says, "is shown by the fact that in 1917 the system earned, according to the company's report, above operating expenses and taxes, $10,839,312. Those earnings, after providing for all fixed charges, left a surplus for the stock of the B. R. T. Company of $7,193,258."

According to the figures presented, the continuation of a 5-cent fare on the rapid transit lines would result in the company earning $2,349,000 less than its preferential, with nothing earned on the city's preferential. On the other hand, the report says, a 7 or 8-cent fare would result in the company earning its preferential besides earning for the city $3,061,000 or $5,951,000, depending upon whether the fare was 7 or 8 cents. Under a 5, 7, or 8-cent fare the deficits in the city's preferential on June 30, 1922, would amount to $10,679,000, or $8,919,000, or $729,000. The figures show that even an 8-cent fare would not be sufficient to provide in full for the city's preferential.

Big Surface Line Deficit.

Behind the rapid transit lines stands the city, a partner in them, and they are therefore sure of remaining in operation; but the surface lines stand alone, and in dealing with them the report displays more discouraging features. It says that during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1919, the net earnings of these lines were insufficient to pay more than about 40 per cent. of the fixed charges, and continuing, reads:

"We estimate that during the current fiscal year these properties as a whole, at the present rate of fares, and disregarding the effect on earnings of the partial disintegration which has occurred, will fall by over $1,000,000 to earn their operating expenses and taxes."

Figures presented show that the combined earnings of all of the surface lines in 1917 and 1918 left balances of $1,088,000 and $185,000, respectively, and a deficit of $2,778,000 in 1919, and will leave an estimated deficit of $6,765,000 for the next fiscal year. In a comment on the situation the report says there appears no prospect of improvement for several years, and that the normal increase in traffic will be offset by the competition of rapid transit lines.

"The report states that some parts of the surface lines have seriously deteriorated, and that it would require an expenditure of $1,000,000 a year for several years to make up deferred maintenance amounts needed to bring the lines up to standard. It is also said that the disintegration of the system which began with the separation of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, is bound to continue unless the fare is increased, with the result that the whole surface system will be broken up.

"The people of Brooklyn," the report says, "can never have satisfactory service from the surface lines until they are reassembled into a single system, and that can only be accomplished through an increased fare."

Figures Open for Examination.

In his memorandum Judge Mayer refers to the many offers of service which he has received in the work of finding a way out of the financial labyrinth in which the B. R. T. Company has fallen. He says that full and detailed reports have been submitted to Receiver Garrison and that these reports are open to examination and inspection. Attention is called to the opportunity given to the public to investigate the situation from these documents, and the memorandum says that therefore there should be no difficulty in removing from controversy any question as to the situation. The estimates contained in the reports, it is pointed out, are a matter of opinion, but the estimates for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, are not a matter of opinion, because of the 25 per cent. increased wage cost since Aug. 10, 1919, and the increase in the cost of materials are definite factors.

"It is plain," said Judge Mayer, "that the receipts for the current fiscal year will not be sufficient to pay operating expenses and taxes on the surface lines and will fall far short of paying the preferential either to the city or the investors in the B. R. T. Company."

The separation of the Brooklyn City Company from the B. R. T. system, with the result of increased fares, was referred to, and then the memorandum reads:

"A settlement of the transit situation fair to the municipality, the traveling public, and the investors continues to press for solution."

Damage to Outlying Sections.

Judge Mayer says the disintegration of the system will injure those living along separated lines and that disintegration is bound to follow when there is not enough money to support a unified system. In relation to outlying sections, he said:

"The crowded condition of the city makes it desirable for every reason that the outlying districts should be made attractive to as much of the population as possible. If any of these districts are discriminated against, as they must be, if disintegration takes place and the roads are operated separately with a fare to be paid on each, the outlying districts are rendered distant, and development of the city is retarded, all of which would be avoided if there were a unified system operated with a just fare which would not discriminate against any of the outlying sections of the various boroughs."

The memorandum refers to claims against the B. R. T. Company by those suffering through accidents. He said that all of these persons displayed a disposition to co-operate with the court in working out a way for procuring an appropriate provision for them and that funds for the purpose could not be obtained until "the problem emerges from its greatest chaotic condition."

INTERBOROUGH GETS BUSES

Says It Can Supply All the Service the City Needs.

The Fifth Avenue Coach Company, which is controlled by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, issued a finely illustrated booklet yesterday, which contained the announcement that the company was ready to supply all the motor bus service the city needs. It also said it had applications before the city authorities for permits to place new lines in immediate operation.

There are numerous sections of the city, the company says, where there are no adequate facilities and where street cars, subways, or elevated roads cannot be provided.

The announcement was accepted to mean that the company was ready to operate buses in any city thoroughfares where there would be no competition with the lines of the Interborough Company except for short distances.

Church Notices on Page Twenty-seven.

"THE RIVOLI"
A VELOUR HAT—rich and lustrous—with an air of style, refinement and individuality.
$8
LONGS HATS
Main Store: Broadway at 34 St
Others conveniently located.

LADY ASTOR'S CAMPAIGN.

Sketches showing Lady Astor's popularity in Plymouth, England, which she has been contesting for a seat in Parliament, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times, tomorrow.—Adv.

WELCOME

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This week a special showing of woolens from "Merry England," tweeds from "Bonnie Scotland" and homespuns from dear ol' Ireland.

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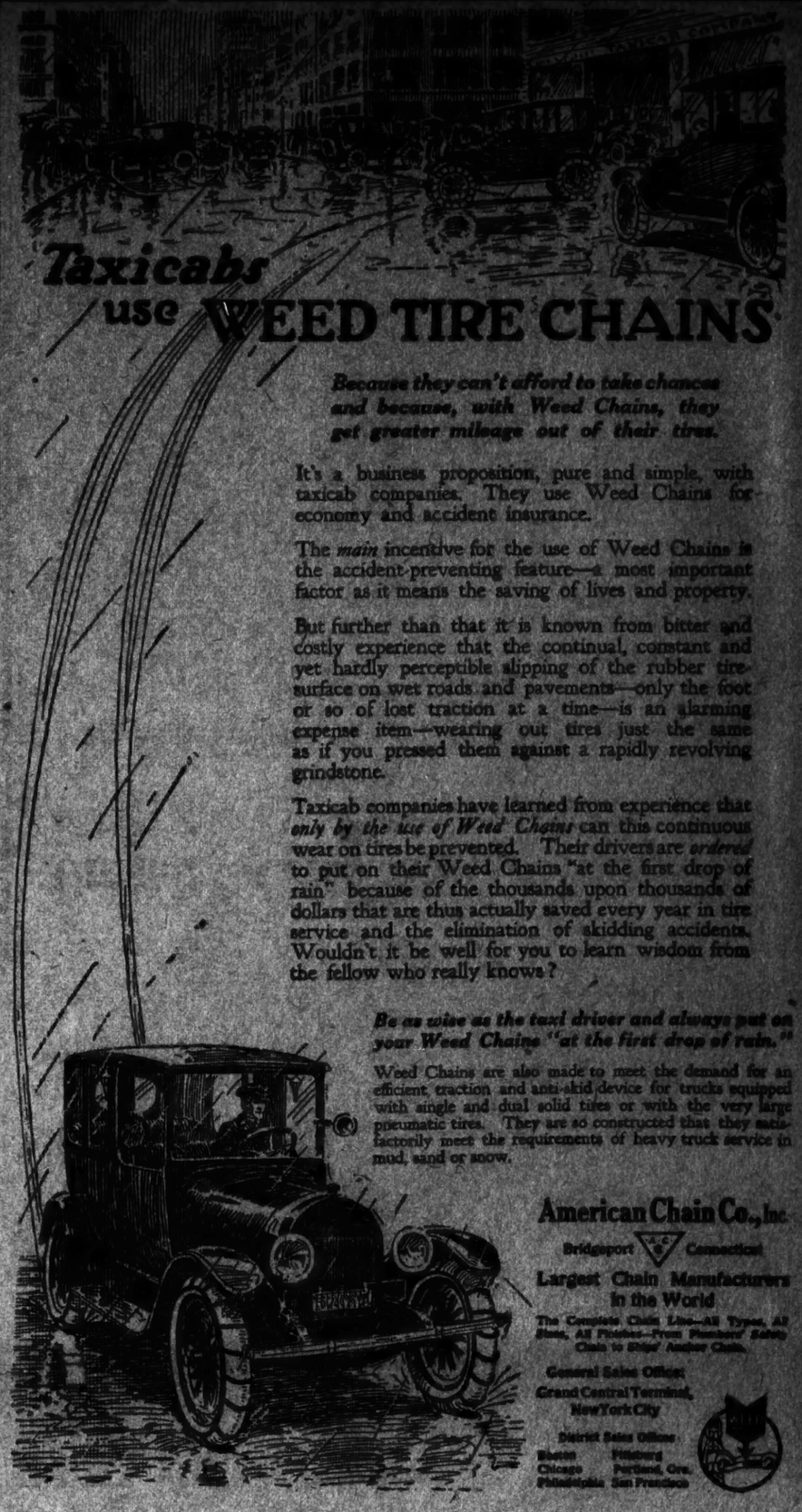
P. S. *They that govern most make least noise.*

Arnheim Thoughts



Because they can't afford to take chances and because, with Weed Chains, they get greater mileage out of their tires.

It's a business proposition, pure and simple, with taxicab companies. They use Weed Chains for economy and accident insurance.

The *main* incentive for the use of Weed Chains is the accident-preventing feature—a most important factor as it means the saving of lives and property.

But further than that it is known from bitter and costly experience that the continual, constant and yet hardly perceptible slipping of the rubber tire-surface on wet roads and pavements—only the foot or so of lost traction at a time—is an alarming expense item—wearing out tires just the same as if you pressed them against a rapidly revolving grindstone.

Taxicab companies have learned from experience that *only by the use of Weed Chains* can this continuous wear on tires be prevented. Their drivers are *ordered* to put on their Weed Chains "at the first drop of rain" because of the thousands upon thousands of dollars that are thus actually saved every year in tire service and the elimination of skidding accidents. Wouldn't it be well for you to learn wisdom from the fellow who really knows?

Be as wise as the taxi driver and always put on your Weed Chains "at the first drop of rain."

Weed Chains are also made to meet the demand for an efficient traction and anti-skid device for trucks equipped with single and dual solid tires or with the very large pneumatic tires. They are so constructed that they satisfactorily meet the requirements of heavy truck service in mud, sand or snow.

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